

# The Reidsville Review

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REIDSVILLE, N. C., SEPTEMBER 5, 1913.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

## CROPS ARE INJURED

### Unprecedented Rain Fall and Wind Storm.

There was an unprecedented rainfall Wednesday which was accompanied with much wind, doing great damage to corn and tobacco. The rainfall was the heaviest in the recollection of the oldest inhabitants, and the wind was severe for the time of the year.

Slight damage resulted to some of the buildings in the city, but the losses will not be much to any person or firm as was the losses of a few weeks ago. A few shade trees in the city were blown down, and flowers and shrubs were broken or beat down.

Much corn is regarded as being ruined, and the fodder lost. The tobacco crop, of which a little more than a third had been harvested, was severely injured, the plants being beat down or the leaves bruised.

No deaths have been reported in this immediate section, but two people were killed at Tarboro, and the storm's fury seems to have covered several counties in the State, extending to the East.

In some of the counties bridges were washed away, and in many sections telegraph and telephone lines were lowered, the service in this section being seriously hampered.

It is impossible to estimate the damage done to the growing crops in this section, but it will be considerable, it is thought. However, the crops were unusually fine ones, the prices are good, so it is assured that no actual suffering will result from the visitation of the storm. Considerable tobacco has been harvested, and much more can be saved from the injured plants.

The weather Wednesday reminded one of the approach of fall—the first fall month and the first oyster month.

### NEGRO BOY SERIOUSLY CUT WILL PROBABLY RECOVER.

Sandy Gorrell, aged about 18 years, is apparently making a remarkable recovery at the county home from the effects of serious cuts inflicted by a razor, and Alexander Turner is in jail awaiting the trial for having inflicted the wounds which at first seemed to be necessarily fatal. Dr. S. G. Jett, who dressed the wounds and sewed up the abdomen of the boy, says that it now looks like Gorrell will recover.

The boys lived about seven miles Southwest of Reidsville, and Gorrell had been visiting Turner's sister. The Turner girl took the liberty of slapping him. Gorrell returned the blow and was then ordered away from the Turner's premises. He went back later and took along a razor, the favorite "man of war" amongst colored people when they go in search of human gore, and administered several cuts on the person of the Turner boy. The most serious wound was inflicted across the stomach, and Dr. Jett at first thought it would prove fatal.

After the wounds were given attention, Turner was sent to the county home, and the last news was to the effect that he had a fair chance of recovery.

## WANTS ELECTION CALLED FOR FARM LIFE SCHOOL.

In answer to the request of the county board of education that the executive committee of the Farm Life Association recommend plans for raising funds to build and equip a farm life school in the county of Rockingham the committee met in Wentworth September 1 and adopted the following resolutions:

"We recommend to the county board of education that they ask the county commissioners to call an election to ascertain the will of the voters as to whether or not there shall be levied and collected annually a special tax for a term of five years not to exceed five cents on the hundred dollars valuation of property, and fifteen cents on the poll to build and equip a farm life school in Rockingham county, near the center of the county, either on the county farm or land adjacent.

"We further recommend that the board of education request our representatives in the General Assembly to have the bill for the establishment of a farm life school so amended as to give to the county board of education authority to appoint one man from each township to act as trustee for his township and that these shall co-operate with the county board of education as directors of the farm life school."

## SERGEANT J. A. MOOREFIELD MADE FINE SCORE AT SHOOT.

Sergeant J. A. Moorefield has returned from Camp Perry, O., where he was one of a team of nineteen militiamen from this State to attend the National and International Rifle matches. The North Carolina boys held the same place they secured two years ago. Major R. G. Gladstone, range officer, will return to Reidsville about the 9th. Major Skinner, of Raleigh, also was detailed as range officer from North Carolina. Sergeant Moorefield made the highest score of any one on the North Carolina team, scoring 209, Sergeant Porter, of Charlotte, being second with a score of 207. Capt. J. H. Koon, of Asheville, was third with 205 points. These were made out of a possible score of 250. The shoot was an unusually hard one, and only three seconds was given for a shot.

## MRS. MYRTLE WOOTTON LOSES HOME BY FIRE.

Mrs. Myrtle Wootton's residence on Wentworth street was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. The dwelling was entirely consumed and every article of furniture went up in smoke. Mrs. Wootton and her sister, Miss Josephine Rutledge, spent the night in the residence and had prepared their breakfast and gone to the station to take a train for Winston-Salem. A railroad engine gave the alarm by blowing its whistle. It is said that the residence and furniture were insured for \$2,000, which will not begin to cover the loss. Mrs. Wootton's children are in the Children's Home in Winston-Salem, and she and her sister had started for a visit to them yesterday morning.

Mrs. John York, of Ramseur, has returned home after spending a few days with her parents, Rev. and Mrs. C. E. M. Raper, who have been very sick.

## COMMISSION WANTS MORE RURAL CREDITS

At the annual conference of Governors which took place this year at Colorado Springs there were former and present Executives from twenty-five states in attendance. Chief among the topics discussed at the session was the problem of the extension of rural credits and co-operative farming enterprises, which has been the subject of an extensive European investigation by the American commission on rural credits.

The secretary of the interior, Franklin K. Lane, was present as the personal representative of President Wilson to advise the governors regarding the policies of the federal government.

Secretary Lane outlined the policy of his department toward western land settlement. He said homesteaders were entitled to all possible aid from the government and suggested that the time for paying for water rights ought to be extended.

The secretary said the government already had expended \$80,000,000 in reclamation projects and should spend a like sum in the next ten years.

### Rural Credits Discussed.

The report of the American commission on rural credits was presented to the conference by Gordon Jones of Denver, in the absence of Senator Fletcher of Florida, its chairman. In this the first general report upon the extensive European investigation made by the commission under joint authority of congress the governments of twenty-nine states and the southern commercial congress, Chairman Fletcher recommended increased activity by the states in the extension of rural credits and co-operative farming enterprises. The report was in part as follows:

Agricultural interests of most of the European countries are organized along one or more of the following lines: Credit, production, distribution and social organization for the betterment of country life.

Organizations for the provision of credit facilities for European farmers follow the natural division into short time personal credit and long time land mortgage credit. The organizations for the provision of personal credit facilities are as highly developed as are the systems of commercial banking. The prevailing rate of interest paid by the farmers for short time loans is from 4 to 5 1/2 per cent. The terms offered European farmers are generally better designed to meet the peculiar requirements of agriculturists than are the terms obtainable today by the American farmers.

### Co-operative Societies.

The personal credit organizations have the form of co-operative societies. Often the members of these societies assume unlimited liability for the debts of the society, while in other cases the societies take the form of limited liability. These short time credit societies furnish cheap, safe and elastic credit to their members by reason of their control by farmers and are organizations exclusively in the interest of farmers who operate them at nominal cost and without seeking dividend profit to such societies.

Land mortgage credit has been organized so as to place a collective security back on bonds issued by land mortgage societies in contrast with the system of marketing individual loans upon individual mortgages. These land mortgage institutions bring to European farmers low interest rates, the privileges of repaying loans in small fixed annual installments extending over a term of years—in some cases as long as seventy-five years under the amortization plan, although provision for earlier payment is made if the borrower so desires; protection from advance in interest rates and the practical elimination of commission charges. Many of these personal credit societies and land mortgage associations are fostered by government grants, loans or special provisions of law. Mortgage bonds issued by commercial banks and by private joint stock land mortgage banks sell substantially on the same basis with like securities issued by government favored institutions, and both classes of banks are recognized as needful in the development and conservation of agricultural resources. Experience has demonstrated that such land mortgage bonds are liquid assets.

### Land Title Registrations.

The systems of land title registration in countries possessing such mortgage institutions practically prevent dispute of title upon mortgaged land. Provisions are also generally afforded these mortgage institutions which eliminate undue legal delays in the recovery of loans placed with defaulting borrowers. Savings and trust funds are frequently invested in securities of such mortgage institutions under sanction of law. Loans up to 50 or even 60 per cent are made on lands of dependable value and are considered safe and conservative and compare favorably with provincial and government bonds.

The organizations for production and distribution of farm products follow

co-operative lines. Farm products are sold by the producer at a relatively higher price and are bought by the consumer at a relatively lower price, because the cost of distribution is considerably lowered by co-operative marketing, which results also in improving the quality and uniformity of farm products and in promoting more businesslike methods in farming operations.

It is the opinion of many of the leaders of this movement in Europe that the question of rural credit ought not to be divorced from co-operation for business purposes and the general organization of community life in rural districts. In some European countries visited agriculture and country life interests generally are thoroughly organized and co-ordinated. The studies of the commission emphasize the necessity of defining the functions, on the one hand, of the government, and on the other of voluntary organizations in promoting the development of country life. In some of these countries great emphasis is placed upon the value of voluntary associations and such state aid as involves governmental control over the activities of rural organizations is deprecated as tending to stifle the initiative of the people.

### Conditions Differ Widely.

Rural conditions, environment and temperament in Europe differ widely in the various countries and also differ from rural conditions, environment and temperament in America. Therefore it may be necessary in some cases to modify these European systems if they are to be adapted to meet the needs of American farmers. At the same time co-operative effort among the farmers of America might well be more generally employed, and the facts gathered should be of great value in developing methods suited to the needs of the farmers in the several sections, states and provinces.

To this end the American commission, with a membership in thirty-six states and in four provinces of Canada, has effected an organization with headquarters in Washington and invites the aid and co-operation of farmers and all agricultural organizations and persons concerned in promoting a more prosperous and contented rural life as the enduring basis of our material, social and civil welfare.

The commission desires to call attention to the geographical scope of its inquiries, which were conducted in Italy, Hungary, Austria, Germany, France, England, Ireland and Wales, while subcommittees were sent to Russia, Denmark, Switzerland, Holland, Belgium, Norway, Sweden, Egypt, Spain and Scotland.

### Legislation Needed.

I have contended all along that our present banking and currency system is framed to serve commerce and the industries other than agriculture. For fifty years it has discriminated against agriculture. I am convinced this was not a deliberate blow at agriculture, but arose for the reason that no commercial banking system can be framed so as to adequately serve agriculture. We must have a distinct system to meet the requirements of the farmer.

I would prefer to go on with that subject now while the banking and currency bill is up, but President Wilson is doubtless right in the circumstances in advising that it go over until the regular session next winter.

While I believe wholesome and helpful legislation can be enacted by congress along the lines I have indicated, I beg again to say there is much the states must do if the system is to become the success it should attain in order to be a powerful and effective means toward accomplishing the welfare of the largest producing class of our people and the prosperity of our greatest industry, indeed, the general good.

## TREE IMPORTATIONS HEAVY.

United States Also Imports 15,000 Pounds of Seed.

Nearly 4,000,000 growing trees and more than 15,000 pounds of tree seed were imported into the United States last year, according to figures collected by the federal plant quarantine board of the department of agriculture. France leads the countries from which importations are made, with nearly 2,000,000 trees. Germany comes next and Holland third.

Most of the tree seed imported is for reforesting, though there are many desirable varieties for use on individual estates. Besides the tree seeds, many thousand pounds of seed are imported of flowering and ornamental plants, bulbs and fruit stock.

### School For Suffragists.

A "school for suffrage orators" is to be opened in New York Sept. 15, and women from all parts of the country probably will take the course. The school is to be operated under the direction of Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the International Suffrage alliance, and its aim is to train suffragist speakers and workers to do more effective work.

## WHAT HAS HAPPENED SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE

The Caminetti case will probably be finished today.

North Carolina is the largest mica producing State in America.

The average condition of cotton for the past month shows a decline.

Thirteen families were entombed in Dublin Wednesday when houses collapsed.

Twenty-six persons met death in a rear-end collision on the New Haven road Tuesday.

Winston, Salem won the pennant in the Carolina baseball league. The season closed this week.

A new railroad is now proposed to run from Roanoke to Wilmington, by way of Danville and Raleigh.

Two sailors were drowned Wednesday when a schooner was driven by a gale onto the Virginia coast.

Optimism is felt over the Mexican situation now. Officials in Washington believe Huerta will not be a candidate for President.

"Bill" Miner, notorious train robber and gentleman of fortune, died in jail at Milledgeville, Ga., Tuesday night at the age of 75 years.

The people of Arkansas on Wednesday dropped business and worked roads, and as a result hundreds of miles of that State's highways are in better shape than ever before.

Colonel Samuel Tate, one of the promoters of the Transcontinental Railway, hanged himself Wednesday in his apartments in an Asheville hotel. He had suffered with rheumatism for many years.

The Senate majority swung solidly in line behind their leader Wednesday and defeated the tariff bill designed to regulate trust, thus clearing one of the most formidable obstructions to peaceful passage.

The administration currency bill was under fire at both ends of the capitol Wednesday. The Republican members of the House committee made an ineffectual effort to have new hearings opened there.

Tuesday afternoon an interurban car going into Mt. Holly, N. C., from Gastonia struck a wagon filled with a picnic party from South Point, killing two and injuring four others. The horse and mule driven to the wagon were both killed. The picnic party attempted to cross the track ahead of the car which was going down grade when the car struck the wagon, hurling the occupants into the air, killing Miss Emma Sandford and Isaac Bryner and the team instantly.

Improvements and increased facilities for practically every navy yard along the Atlantic coast were recommended in reports submitted to Secretary Daniels this week by a special board which has just completed an investigation of conditions at all the various plants. Special attention was given to the subject of a great naval station on the gulf of Mexico, necessary on account of the Panama canal, and Pensacola, Fla., was recommended as the best site for such an establishment.

Harry K. Thaw on Wednesday lost his fight to defy deportation by remaining in jail in Canada. The court held, briefly, that Thaw was being confined illegally and that John Boudreau, chief of police of Coaticook, the petitioner, had a right to demand the prisoner's release. Thaw will probably be sent back to Matteawan.

## GLENN WILL NOT RUN

### One Paper Thinks This Way About Ex-Governor.

All the State papers yesterday carried interesting reading under a Washington, D. C., date line about Ex-Governor Glenn. Some of them take the position that the former Governor will not be a candidate for the Senate, others think he will soon make formal announcement, and the Greensboro News correspondent quotes him as saying that no one has been authorized to ask the President for any position for him, and that he has no idea any one has done so.

E. J. Justice, a candidate to succeed Senator Lee S. Overman, R. B. Glenn, a prospective candidate, and Edwin C. Gregory, a son-in-law of Senator Overman, met in the office of Secretary of the Navy Daniels in Washington Wednesday, and informally discussed the Senatorial situation in the State. The Washington correspondent of the Raleigh News and Observer says of the conference: "Neither the meeting nor the discussion is believed to possess any significance, despite the coincidence of the coming together of the four, but it caused talk, and lots of it, among the North Carolinians here."

"An impression gained ground this afternoon that Ex-Governor Glenn will not enter the race; that he realizes the strength of Senator Overman; that he is aware of the nervous strain of a hot campaign, and that he understands what a heavy drain the campaign would be on his resources, accumulated as they have been by strenuous work on the lecture platform. Some observers advance the opinion that even if there were no Federal job in sight he would not make the race. They say that with the prospect of a good place in the administration, he will certainly never enter the contest."

"Governor Glenn is on his way to Atlantic City, where he will rest about three weeks. He has been lecturing for the past ninety days continuously through the middle Western States."

## CAPT. ELLINGTON OPENS HIS NEW WAREHOUSE.

Entirely renovated and with many new improvements Farmers Warehouse will be today thrown open for the sale of loose leaf tobacco with Mr. John D. Lea and Captain A. J. Ellington at the wheel to pilot it through the tobacco season which has just opened.

The warehouse would have been opened on the 15th of last month with the rest of the houses, but it was decided to build 25 new stalls and this work has been rushed and is now completed and ready to take care of the farmers' teams.

The floor space, 250 by 125 feet, is lighted by electricity and gas, part of the floor has been re-laid and new accommodation for the farmers themselves has been built, making the building an up-to-date tobacco market. Captain Ellington, who sold for many years at Acree's Warehouse, will be the auctioneer, and Mr. Lea will be general manager. About \$2,500 in improvements have been made to the building which has remained closed for the past several seasons.—Danville Register, 2nd.

Now is the time to subscribe.

## Young Women

Read what Cardui did for Miss Myria Engler, of Faribault, Minn. She says: "Let me tell you how much good Cardui has done me. As a young girl, I always had to suffer so much with all kind of pain. Sometimes, I was so weak that I could hardly stand on my feet. I got a bottle of Cardui, at the drug store, and as soon as I had taken a few doses, I began to feel better. Today, I feel as well as anyone can."

## TAKE CARDUI The Woman's Tonic

Are you a woman? Then you are subject to a large number of troubles and irregularities, peculiar to women, which, in time, often lead to more serious trouble.

A tonic is needed to help you over the hard places, to relieve weakness, headache, and other unnecessary pains, the signs of weak nerves and over-work.

For a tonic, take Cardui, the woman's tonic. You will never regret it, for it will certainly help you. Ask your druggist about it. He knows. He sells it.

With Dr. Lullier's Advisory Dept., Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn. for Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent free. 718

## Advice to Money Savers

Don't put your money into an enterprise you know nothing about.

Choose the low rate and absolute security, rather than the high rate and a risk.

Keep your savings where you can convert them into cash should an emergency arise.

Open an account with our Savings Department or take out a Certificate of Deposit, bearing four per cent interest.

Protection to depositors is more than One Hundred and Ninety Thousand Dollars.

## CITIZENS BANK,

REIDSVILLE, N. C.