Regulations Tell of Men Drawn Who Will Receive Exemption In Draft

and a company our company

Rules Laid Down by President Give Local Boards Exact Instructions to Follow In **Every** Case

*********** THESE CLASSES EXEMPTI STATUS MUST BE PROVED

These classes are exempt from draft upon proof of their status: Men indispensable to industries necessary to the maintenance of the military establishment or the national interest.

Men with wives, children, parents, brothers or sisters dependent solely upon them for support. Members of recognized religious sects whose creed forbids bearing arms, students of divinity, ordained or regular ministers. Legislative, judicial and executive officers of the United States or the states of the Union.

Men in the army or navy of the United States

Germans and al'ens who have not taken out first citizenship papers.

Workmen in the armories, arsenals and navy yards of the United States and men engaged in the transmission of the United States mails.

Pilots and mariners in the merchant marine of the United States. Criminals convicted of felonies. * * * * * * * * * * * * *

THE regulations which will guide the local boards in deciding who

will be exempt and who will not after the names have been drawn for the draft have been very comprehensively laid down by President Wilson. Only 625,000 men are to be called-an army of 500,000 and 125,000 reservesbut army officers argue that the additional men should know in advance of the likelihood of summons to service. After the selection has been made the men will probably be called to the colors Sept. 1.

The regulations issued prescribe more speedy work than had been expected. Three days are allowed to the local boards to make up their lists, ten days for physical examinations and ten days for hearing claims to exemption.

Call Not by Alphabet.

Those on the registration lists are not to be called alphabetically, but serially. The cards turned over to the local boards are numbered consecutively as received. Within three days after this has been done notices are to be nieu to the first third of the list requiring them to report for physical ex- tions declare, and when the cause

0...... supporting affidavits from heads of families living in the local area and belonging to the minister's church, sect

Men Who Have Dependents,

Office Holders, Munition and

Mail Workers Are Some

Who Will Be Out of It

or organization. "A duly ordained minister of religion," the regulations say, "is a person who has been ordained in accordance with the ceremonial, ritual or discipline of a church, religious sect or organization established on the basis of a community of faith and belief, doctrines and practices of a religious character, to preach and to teach the doctrines of such church, sect or organization and to administer the rites and ceremonies thereof in public worship, and who as his regular and customary vocation preaches and teaches the principles of religion and administers the ordinances of public worship as embodied in the creed or principles of such church, sect or organization."

Preachers Not Ordained.

A regular minister is one who "as his customary vocation preaches and teaches the principles of religion of a church, sect or organization of which he is a member without having been duly ordained as a minister of religion and who is recognized by such church. sect or organization as a regular minister." Neither of these classes include those who "irregularly or incidentally preach and teach." Students of divinity to claim exemption must have been enrolled in a recognized theological or divinity school on May 18 last and must present supporting affidavits by the president, dean or head of the school.

"Persons in the military or naval service of the United States" embraces those within the classes defined at the time of the registration. Germans and "all other resident aliens who have not taken out their first papers" come within the mandatory rules of exemption. As to the former it is added:

"No subject of Germany residing in the United States, whether he has taken out his first papers or not, will be accepted for service. When in the opinion of a local board sny person called for service is a subject of Germany, whether he has or has not de clared his intention to become a citizen of the United States or whether he or some other person in respect of him has or has not filed a claim of exemption, he shall be exempted and a certificate of exemption issued to him. Not all exemptions allowed by the local boards will be absolute. "No exemption shall continue when a cause therefor no longer exists," the regula amination on the morning of the fifth | ceases the certificate is to be revoked day following, for the second third to The provost marshal general is em powered to name representatives, who may take appeals from the local boards to the district boards, which are to slt number of men who will appear in in New York city and in each federa judicial district. Appeals from dis-York, for example, one examining trict boards may be taken to the pres ident, and individuals have the same right of appeal that the provost marshal general has.

by the wife, in which she sets forth "the approximate amount of her separate income and the independent income of their child or children during the last preceding year, exclusive of any sums received from her husband and exclusive of any gifts to her or her child or children, the same being merely the income derived from the separate

or independent income property of, or property held in trust for, her, the child or children."

When a wife files a supporting affidavit it must be upheld by an affidavit from a head of a family residing in the local area. When a wife does not support, but herself makes application for a husband's discharge she must cover the same ground and have two supporting affidavits from heads of families residing in the local area, unless the wife lives outside this area, in which case the affidavits may come from the area in which she lives.

When neither the wife nor the husband makes the application it may be made by some one "personally well acquainted with such husband and his wife, child or children," who has "personally made an investigation of the sources of income of the wife." The person filing such an application must present therewith the marriage certificate or a certified copy of it, or submit the affidavits of two persons who were present when the marriage took place. Similar procedure must be followed in the case of "any son of a widow dependent upon his labor for support," and in the case of the "son of aged or infirm parent or parents dependent upon his labor for support," for the "father of a motherless child or children under sixteen years of age dependent upon his labor for support" and for the "brother of a child or children under sixteen years of age who bas (have) neither father nor mother and is (are) dependent upon his labor."

What Labor Is.

"Labor" is defined in this way:

"For the purpose of these rules and regulations 'labor' shall be construed to mean bodily or mental exertion. It may be either physical or intellectual; it may be pro"essional, mechanical, commercial, clerical or agricultural, and each of these forms of labor may exist under modifications or in combination with each other. The means for the support of the dependent or dependents must be produced by this labor, whatever its character. It need not be wholly produced from it, but it must be mainly so. A dependent receiving support from a person whose income is derived from dividends or rents cannot be said to be dependent upon his labor, but if that income were entirely the fruit of professional or physical toil then such person would be dependent upon his labor.

"For the purpose of these rules and regulations," it is added, "by the term 'aged or infirm' parent or parents is meant those persons who from old age and infirmity are disabled from earning the means of supporting themselves and who by reason of such age or infirmity have become dependent for the means of support upon the person in respect of whom the claim is made. "If any person claiming exemption or discharge shall file affidavits in support thereof, one such affidavit should con-

local board by which he was called and

notify it whenever the conditions enti-

tling him to exemption or discharge

Conscientious objectors must, within

ten days after filing their claims, pre-

That the applicant "is a member in

good faith and in good standing of a

well recognized religious sect or organ-

ization (giving the name thereof) or-

ganized and existing May 18, 1917, and

whose then existing creed or principles

forbid its members to participate in

war in any form, and that the religious

convictions are against war or particl-

pation therein, in accordance with the

Must Support Contention.

This must be supported by an affida-

vit from the clerk or minister of the

organization, and "in case any such

person substantiates in the opinion of

the local board his claim, such local

board shall issue a certificate stating

that such person shall not be required

or compelled to serve in any capacity

except in some capacity declared by the

"Those found to be morally deficient"

are to be discharged "upon presenta-

tion by any person to the local board

a certificate of the clerk of any court

closures that such person was at a time

stated convicted of felony and sen-

The district boards provided for are

inal authority in the matter of "all

questions or claims for including or

excluding or discharging persons aris

ing under the following provisions of

the act of congress authorizing the

president to exclude or discharge 'per-

sons engaged in industries, including

agriculture, found to be necessary te

All claims of this sort must be sup-

ported by affidavits setting forth that

the applicant "is actually engaged in

a particular, designated industrial eu-

terprise necessary to (any of the three

things stated in the act); that his con-

tinuance therein is necessary to the

maintenance thereof and that he can-

not be replaced by another person

without direct substantial material loss

and detriment to the adequate and ef-

fective operation of the enterprise in

which he is engaged."

tenced in such court."

gency.""

of record in the United States show-

president to be noncombatant."

principles of said organization."

sent affidavits setting forth:

cease to exist."



THE REVIEW: REIDSVILLE, N. C.

Physical Requirements Are Extremely Rigid, However, and None but Physically Perfect Are Accepted-All May Not Get a Chance to Fly, but Those Who Make Good Will Get It.

For the man who desires to learn aviation the war offers opportunities that never before existed and may never again. There is no one branch of the service for aviation, but there are several sections for fliers under the signal corps in the army and five branches in the navy.

Three opportunities to learn to fly are enumerated in the Directory of Service, This is the section addressed to those with ambitions to soar:

"They can enlist in the aviation sec tion of the signal enlisted reserve corps of the army, which is operating schools at Mineola, N. Y.; at Washington, Chicago, San Antonio, Tex., and San Diego, Cal. But there are already 8,000 upon the waiting list at Mineola, headquarters for this district, so that practically the only opening for aspirants at present is in the navy.

"Men can join either the aviation section of the naval militia or one of the units of the national aerial coast patrol. The navy itself has no organization for aviation as yet, and the naval militia's aviation section is nearly full. The national aerial coast patrol is the best field at present for learning aviation. There are already formed six units-at Harvard, Columbia, Yale, etc,-and more are being formed daily.

Physical Requirements Rigid.

"Physical requirements for any aviation division are extremely rigid. An applicant must have perfect sight and hearing, sound'lungs, a first class heart (the slightest weakness disqualifies) and must be absolutely immune to seasickness. No applicant need consider the aviation service unless he is in the prime of health and athletic condition.

"Men enlisted in the signal corps of the army may serve as nonfliers in the aviation section. "Requirements: Applicants must be

between eighteen and thirty-five, unmarried, citizens and able to pass a physical examination. "A certain number of the enlisted

men of the aviation section of the signal corps may be examined for the rating of aviation mechanic.

"There is especial need for men qualified as avlators or balloonists and for mechanicians who have had experience in connection with the construction and repair of airplanes or internal

Mary Jones' House Party By RICHARD MARKLEY

One morning when I had been to the store and was returning to the farm I met Mary Jones. "Howdy, Helen," she said. "I've got

an idea. I don't see why we country people shouldn't have house parties as well as city folk." "What's a house party?" I asked.

"Why, a lot of people all go to somebody's house and stay there two or er. They play games and dance, and, have a house party. Will you come?"

"I suppose so," "Jim Cunningham will be one of us."

Mary's house party came off, sure enough. We had the house all to ourselves, and there was every reason why we should expect a good time. The first evening we were together we had a candy pulling, and the next morning the auto was brought out, and all went for a ride, except myself. 1 didn't feel well and concluded to stay at home. At least, this is the reason i gave for not going, but the true reason was that Sarah Flint, one of the

girls, had undertaken to appropriate Jim Cunningham to herself, and I didn't like it, because he didn't let her know she couldn't do it.

While they were gone there was a way from Hanover Court House to see went back to my room.

had gone. The auto party didn't come back till evening, and when they did I failed to get an opportunity to tell Mary about her cousin who had been to see her. We had supper and in the evening danced, I playing the piano for the others. I didn't want to dance with Jim, and I didn't want to refuse him. That's the reason I did the playing.

The next morning a change had come over the house party. Something had gone wrong. Then I noticed that the thence Westerly with a line of a lot girls were giving me the cold shoulder. of H. K. Reid, Deceased, 69 feet to Later on I went to Mary and asked a stake; thence Southerly with the her what was the matter. She said line of last named lot 105 feet to a that while they were gone on the ride stake on the North side of said street; the day before somebody had taken thence Easterly with said street 69 things from their rooms. I saw right feet to the beginning, and containing away what it meant. I was the only one left to do the stealing, so I was the thief.

It was very stupid of me not to think of Mary's cousin, but I was so broken up by what had occurred that I was

incapable of anything for awhile. It was plain that Sarah Flint was do of sale conferred upon me as Morting all she could to fix the theft on gagee, in a certain mortgage deed exme. I, supposing that she was turning ecuted by Chas. H. Penn an

NOTICE - TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE LAND

By virtue of the power conveyed in a certain deed of trust dated July 18, 1916, executed to the undersigned Trustee by J. W. Hairston and Leonora Hairston, his wife, and recorded in Book of Mortgages No. 183 at page 300, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Rockingham county, North Carolina .- at the request of the owner of the note secured by said deed of trust, I will sell at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, on Wel-

nesday, the 18th day of July, 1917, at twelve o'clock M., at the Court Hosse door in Wentworth, Rockingham Coultty, North Carolina, the following described property, to wit:

One lot situated just South of the three days or a week or perhaps long. corporation line of the town of Ralisville, North Carolina, beginning at a well, they don't do anything but amuse stake, corner of Stokes and Caswell themselves. Father and mother are streets, running Southerly with Casgoing over to spend a week with Aunt, well street 132 feet to a stake, thence Jane pretty soon, and I'm going to Westerly 150 feet to a stake on an

alley; tence Northerly with said alley Easterly with Stokes Street 152 feet to the beginning, being and containing lots Nos. 7 and 8, plat 3 of "Highlands," the property of the Highlands Realty and Improvement Company, (see plat recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Rockingham county).

Also see Book of Deeds No. 176, page 391.

This June 14, 1917 JAS. S. LANIER. Trustee.

NOTICE OF SALE

Under and by virtue of sale conferred upon me as Trustee, in a cerrap of the knocker on the front door. tain deed of trust executed by Thomas I went there and found a girl who ask- Pannill and his wife, Lucy Pannill, on ed for Mary. I told her that Mary had February 17th, 1915 and duly recorded gone on a ride, and she looked very in Book No. 179 page 335, Register of much disappointed. She said she was Deeds Office of Rockingham County, Mary's cousin and had come all the North Carolina, to scure a certain bond therein described and referred her. I told her to come in and make to, and default having been made in herself at home. She did so, and I the payment of said bond and having been requested to foreclose by the When I went downstairs again she holder thereof, I will on Thursday, the 19th day of July, 1917, at 3 o'clock P. M. in front of the courthouse door in Wentworth, Rockingham County, N.

C., offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate: Beginning at a stake on the North side of Holderby street, in the town of Reidsville, N. C., Robert H. Hall's Southwest corner, thence Northerly with said Hall's line 105 feet to a stake; one-fourth of an acre, more or less. This June 18th, 1917.

R. S. MONTGOMERY, Trustee

NOTICE OF SALE

Under and by virtue of the power

report on the sixth day and for those remaining to report on the seventh day.

To make it possible to examine the such populous communities as New physician in addition to the one who belongs to the local board is to be named if the number to be examined on any one day shall exceed eighty two if the number exceeds 120, with others in like ratio. One member of the board other than the medical member must be present at each examination, and no member or physician may serve where the person to be examined is of nearer kin to him by blood or marriage than second cousin.

A registered man who may be absent from his home area on the day he was notified to appear must make application, "supported by satisfactory proof," for examination before another board. If a registered man is ill he must give proof of this, one affidavit at least coming from a licensed physician, and in such cases the local board may require examination by one of its own physicians. Those who do not furnish such proof within ten days are to "be recorded as physically qualified."

Classes of Exemptions.

The regulations tell the circum stances in which persons may be exempted. The classes include officers of the United States and of the several states, territories and the District of Columbia; ministers of religion, students of divinity, persons in the military or naval service of the United States, subjects of Germany residing in the United States and all other resident aliens who have not taken out their first papers.

Emphasis is laid on the fact that "the statement on the registration of any such person that exemption is claimed shall not be construed or considered as the presentation of a claim for exemption." These claims must be made in the form of ailidavits or such other evidence as may be required by the local boards within tea days after the physical examinations.

Officers who may claim exemption are defined as including "any legislative, executive or judicial officer." These must name and describe the offices they hold, the dates on which they were elected or appointed and when their terms of office expire.

Ministers who may claim exemption must be "duly ordained" or "regular." They must file affidavits "giving the name of church, religious sect or organization" in which they have been ordained or to which they belong, giving the dates of their ordination or the beginning of their ministry. Each affidavit must be accompanied by two

Subject to Discharge.

This right of appeal covers dis charges as well as exemptions. Dis charges must be applied for within seven days after notice to appear for examination has been mailed. The classes who may obtain discharges in clude custom house clerks, persons employed in the transmission of the mails, artificers and workmen employ ed in the armories, arsenals and navy yards of the United States, persons employed in the service of the United States designated by the president to be exempted, pllots, mariners actually employed in the sea service of any citizen or merchant within the country. With the exception of pilots, who must have adidavits from the collector or deputy collector of the port from which they regularly sail-all these persons must submit affidavits from responsible officers that they cannot be "replaced by another terson without substantial material loss of efficiency in operation or administration" of the service in which the applicant may be

employed. The regulations affecting "those in a status with respect to persons dependent upon them for support which renders their exclusion or discharge desirable" require \$,500 words for their setting forth. Applications for discharge under these heads may be made by the man himself, by the dependent, or by some person acting for him. The classes are the following:

"Any married man whose wife o child is dependent upon his labor for support." Such a man must present, within ten days after filing a claim for discharge, an affidavit signed by him, giving his name, age and place of residence; the name and place of residence of his wife; the name(s), age(s) and place of residence of his child or children, if any, and stating that he is a married man, the husband of said wife the father of her child or children; that such wife, child or children is (are) de pendent upon his labor for support as the term "labor" is used in the rules and regulations; that his income from which such wife and child, or children. received such support was mainly the fruit of his mental or physical labor and was not mainly derived from property or other sources independent of his mental or physical labor. A supporting affidavit must be given

tain the statement that he binds him combustion engines. self to report at once in person to the

May Be Promoted to Fliers.

"Enlisted men, in general, are nonfilers and repair the planes and motors, magnetos, carburetors, etc. They may

also be promoted to the flier rank. "The reserve aviation section of the signal corps is divided into two parts -(a) the signal officers' reserve corps, aviation section and (b) the signal enlisted reserve corps, aviation section. "The signal officers' reserve corps, aviation section, contains the military fliers. The signal enlisted reserve corps, aviation section, contains the nonfliers or nonflying personnel, those men who have a knowledge of machines, motors, magnetos, carburetors, etc., and who work on the motors, planes, etc. It also contains those who are learning to fly in order to qualify for commissions in the signal officers reserve corps, aviation section."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine by which he was drawn for service of acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces, expelling the poidon from the blood and healing the diseased ing that the record of such court dis- portions.

After you have taken Hall's Ca tarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's to have reviewing powers for the most Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid part. They will, however, have orig. of catarrh. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

> REMOVAL NOTICE .- S. Heiner & Co., will begin moving his stock of goods into the Harris building on Scales street Monday. In the meantime they are giving extraordinary bargains on all goods now in stock in their West Market street store. Be one of those to profit by this special Bargain Opportunity.

Constipation Causes Serious Ills "Let me see your tongue" is doc tor's first question. When the tongue is coated means sluggish bowels and you invite not only headaches, indi gestion but serious ill-health. Avoid the dangers by taking Dr. Kings New Life Pills. They are sugar coated highly efficient, yet mild and easy in action, pleasant to take by young aged or delicate. Sold for years a' Jall druggist, 25c.

Jim against me, didn't give him a wife, Onie Penn, on February 10th, chance to show his faith in and sym- 1915 and duly recorded in Book No. pathy for me, but just turned away 182, page 125, Register of Deeds Office from him every time he approached of Rockingham County, North Carome. I suppose this made him mad, for lina, to secure a certain bond therein he kept making up to Sarah, and described and referred to, and default when he passed me he held his nose in having been made in the payment of the air.

The evening after the day of the theft I said to Mary:

"I forgot to tell you that your cousin ame to see you all the way from Hanover Court House when you were out motoring."

"My cousin! I haven't any cousin at Hanover Court House."

Then I told her how the girl had gone away without saying that she was going or leaving any message.

"Why didn't you tell me that before?" said Mary. "The girl was the thief, of course.'

"I never thought of that," I replied. and told about the girl who had pre- with the line of the last named int me, all except Sarah Flint, and asked or less. my pardon for suspecting me of theft. though some of them said they hadn't thought I was guilty at all. But I knew

better. Jim watched for his opportunity to speak to me, and I purposely went of North Carolina, Rockinghar County by myself to give him a chance. When In the Superior Court. he came to me he seemed not to know what to say.

"Why have you treated me so shabbily?" he asked.

"I have simply treated you as you deserve. When I was wrongfully accused, instead of standing by me you sided with my bitterest enemy." "I tried to tell you that I believed

you innocent, but you wouldn't give me a chance."

"Not while you were listening to the poison of that snake." "I was trying to get away from her.

but you threw me back to her."

"If I threw you back I certainly went to her of your own accord."

ruefully.

and won't stand by her when she is A. M. at the court house or demur accused-at least till she is proved to the complaint in said action guilty-is no man for me."

He went away very much crestfallen. for the relief demanded in said com-Soon after this interview I saw Sarah plaint. trying to coddle him. He listened to her till she had come to a stopping point, then turned and walked away from her. I noticed that he lidn't join her again while we were at Mary Jones'.

Finally I forgave him.

said bond and having been requested to foreclose by the holder thereof, I will on Thursday, the 19th day of July, 1917, at 3 o'clock, P. M., in front of the courthouse door in Wentworth, Rockingham county, N. C., offer for sale to the highest biddler, for cash, the following described real estate. Beginning at a stake on the North side of Holderby street in town of Reidsville, N. C., Robert H. Hall's Southwest corner thence Northernly with said Hall's line 105 feet to a stake, thence Westernly with the line of a lot of H. K. Reld Decease? Mary went right away to the others 69 feet to a stake; thence Souther's tended to be her cousin and who had 105 feet to a stake on the North size had the run of the house as long as she, of said street; thence Easterly with wanted to. Of course this put a new said street 69 feet to the beginning face on the affair, and they came to and containing one-half and acre more This June 18th, 1917.

W. R. DALTON, Mertgager

NOTICE

SERVICE BY PUBLIC . CON-

NOTICE J. H. Moore and Nat M. Pickett, trading as Madisc / Gro-

cery Co., Mary Ann Smith, WER. B.

Smith, Chas L. Sm' h et al. The defendants, Wm. B Smith. Chas. L. Smith and John S. Smith above named, will take cotice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the superior court of Rockingham County to partition certain real estate described in the petididn't throw you back to her. You tion of plaintiffs in said cause; and the said defendants will further take "And you won't make up?" he said notice that they are required to appear at a court to be held on Monday the "Any man who is engaged to a girl 16th day of July, 1917, at 11 o'clock or the plaintiffs will apply to the court

> This the 16th day of June, 1917. JAS. T. SMITH. Clerk Superior Court

The Review and Bryan's Commoner \$2.00 Ler Sear

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

the maintenance of the military establishment or the effective operation of the military forces or the maintenance of national interest during the emer-