NO. 20.

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-Executed Neatly and Promptly. -

#### WALTER B. BELL, Editor. VOL. IV.

I Remarkable Scene in the Senate at Washington.

MIBAN PATRIOTS CHAMPIONED.

Parestrained Applause From the Galleries When Senator Morgan Said War Was to Be Expected, and Not to Be Shrunk From, if Congrer : Recognized the Betligerency of the Cubaus.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 22.-Cuba and the truggle of her people for independence from ipa n was the subject discussed in the United states Senate, and the indications are that longress is about to take definite action oward accognizing the behitgerency of the asurgent army, and expressing its sympathy with the Curan people in their desire for in. lependence. Beautors Morgan, Lod ;e and meron, of the Foreign Belations Commites, and Senator Call, of Fiorida, always a varm friend of Cuba and her cause, made peoches, all in behalf of the Cuban pairiots, let not all favoring the same sort of legislation to accomplish the end which all hope to

ton to accomplish the end which all hope to bring about.

There are three Cubau resolutions now be-ore the Senate, and the one under discus-tion was that reported by the Committee or foreign Relations on February 5. It is a 'concurrent' resolution and reads as follows: Resolved, By the Senate (the House of Expresentatives concurring), that in the spinion of Consress a condition of public war exists between the Government of Spain and the Government proclaimed and for



He vigorousiy championed the cause of the Cuban patriots.)

iome time maintained by force of arms by he propie of Guba; and that the United states of America should maintain a strict neutrality between the contending Powers, tocording to each all the rights of belinger-ints in the ports and territory of the United

The feeling that this country is approachag a crisis in connection with Guos and spain becams general when Senator Mor-ran, of Alabams, specifically and distinctly teclared the probability of war wit Spain

I have entered into this matter," said "I have entered into this matter," said sender Morgan, "with great reluctance, because I am aware that we must be prepared to draw our sword and lay it upon the table, and say to Spain, 'If you want to take it up, take it up,' I contemplate war at the end of any resolution which we may pass, looking lither to the recognition of the belligerency of the Cuban insurrents or of the indeif the Cuban insurgents or of the inde-endence of Cuba. I have felt that t made no difference what step we took, hat it would ultimately end in war. I believe that Spain will be under obliga-ions to us for giving ker an excuss for year. She cannot, on account of her war. She cannot, on account of her National pride, bear the thought of surren-tering the freedom of Cuba to her rebellious lering the freedom of that to her rosenous subjects, and yet she knows that gha is best-in, and that Cuba is lost to her. She will welcome the opportunity which war would tive her for surrendering to the superior

orge of the United States."

Mr. Call then spoke of the bloody contest tow in progress and the actual condition of var existing. The course of Spain had aused revolt after revolt in Cuba. Beading rom a manifesto issued by the Cuban auhorities, Mr. Call arraigned Spain for improvement of the course of the cuba. esto as read by Mr. Call reflected severely on the official administration of Spain. Mr. ameron followed in favor of the substitute

which he offered.

Mr. Lodge spoke as to the need of action. Its gave a vivid picture of the present war, reforring to the "licing bulletins" of battles soming from Spanish sources. Martinez Dampos, the ablest General of Spain, had seen recalled because he was unable to check he uprising, and had been superseded by a nan whose only reputation before the world was that of cold-blooded brutality. The time had come, declared Mr. Lodge, when it was the duty of the United States to not firmly and fully.

"The island is to-day lost to Spain," said Mr. Lodge. "They may continue to deluge he island with blood, but the island is lest o them.

"The United States has an Armenia at its very door," continued the Senator. "The Inited States can stop the horrible state of hings in Cuba. Let it once se known that he United States intends that the pillage and slaughter shall stop and it will stop." It is sold on that the Senate has heard such rank words as were emitted by these speakof sand they were division with a the enthusiasm of the spaciators found frequent expression a loud and long applicase, which the pre-iding officer sought vainly to check. Fhroughout the debate, lasting three hours, Senor Pastor, of the Spanish Legation, sat a the diplomatic gallery. While Mr. Call a the diplomatic gallery. While Mr. Call was speaking the Spanish Minister and two nembers of his suite exhibited the had taste spenly to sneer and laugh at Mr. Call's

Brothers Shot to Death by Each Other. News was received of a double killing, in which Milford and Felix Fee, brothers, were shot to death by each other on Slater's Fork sear Harian Cor House, Ky., and John Fee, a cousin of the women, was seriously njured white actit in the role of peace-naker. The Fee breakers were under the influence of whisky at the time.

Big Strike in Germany Succeeds Thirty-four thousand strikers at Berlin, Sermany, in the men's clothing trade, have sflected a settlement on an advance of 1215 ser cent. In wages. It is expected that the workers in the women's clothing trades, seamstresses, etc., will make a similar settlement. Popular sympathy has been with the trikers from the first.

While a cage containing eight men was scending a colliery pit at Leigh, Lancahire, Kasland, the catches failed to work to the cage crashed to the bottom of the it. All of the men in the cage were killed.

#### WEDDED TO A PRINCE.

Amelie Rives Chanler, the American Authoress, Married Again. Mrs. Amelie Rives Chanler and Prince

Pierre Troubstzkoy were married a few days ago at the Virginia home of Colonel Alfred Rives, the father of the well-known author-

Rev. Paul N. Monzel, D. D., of Richmond, performed the ceremony, which was wit-



THE PRINCESS TROUBETZEOY

nessed only by members of the family and Miss Julia Magruder, the authoress, and At-len Potts, of Richmond. The couple will take a trip abroad, living a London, at the home of Prince Troubetz-

Mrs. Amelie Bives Chanlet first attained Mrs. Amede Rives Channer first attained reputation about ten years ago through her first novel, called "The Quick or the Dead." In the summer of 1838 she married John Armstrong Channer, and after traveling some time, she studied art in Paris. In October, 1895, she obtained a divorce. She is about thirty-two years old.

#### FORTY BODIES FOUND:

Tarrible Results of the Dynamite Explosion Near Johannesburg.

The explosion of dynamite which occurred at Viedendorp, a suburb of Johannesburg, South African Republic, was more disastrous than was at flut believed. Eight railway than was at first believed. Eight railway cars loaded with dynamite were being switched from one track to another when the explosion took place. At the spot where the dynamite exploded a hole thirty fact deep was made in the ground, and every house within a radius of half a mile was razed to

Forty bodies have been found, and the search is only just beginning. Two hundred injured persons have been taken to the hospitals, where several of them have died. Comparatively few white persons were killed.

ktiled.
As yet nothing is positively known as to what actually caused the explosion. Twenty tons of the dynamite had been exposed to the direct rays of the sun for three days.
The latest estimate places the number of the killed at over one hundred. Many persons are missing, and there is scarcely a doubt that they were blown to pieces. The principal victims were poor Boers, very few foreigners living at Viedendorp.

#### EX-CONSUL WALLER PARDONED.

The Pardon Signed by President Faure and Orders Issued for Waller's Release.

Secretary Olney received the following lespatch from the United States Ambassabor to France, Mr. Eustis:

"The President of France signed Waller's pardon. Orders are being issued for his re-lease." There does not seem to be any jutention on the part of Mr. Waller's counsel or of his friends to take ad-vantage of the offer mede by the United States Ambassador, univer instructions from the State Department to cure suit vantage of the offer mede by the United States Ambassador, under instructions from the State Department, to enter suit for damages in the French courts, with the United States Ambassador providing the requisite security for costs. On the contrary, the Waller family, finding that the United States, on the facts as discussed, decline to make an international affair out of Waller's offence, are contemplating his re-Waller's offence, are contemplating his re-turn to Kansas, from which State he was originally appointed Consul to Tamatave, Madagascar.

#### HANGMAN'S ROPE BROKE.

Shocking Accident at the Execution of Murderer in St. Louis.

James Pitzgerald was hanged at St. Louis, Mo., for the murder of his sweetheart, Annie Naessens, on the night of November 24, 1893. Fitzgerald was taken to the gallows, the trap sprung and the culprit shot down six feet, but not to death. The rope broke, and the victim lay struggling on the ground. The black cap was instantly removed by the doctors, who found Fitzgerald still conscious. Stimulants were given, and he revived and was taken into the moreous a few feet away and further into the morgue a few feet away and further cared for by the doctors. A new rope was sent for at once, and at 11 o'clock the sick and trembling man was again taken to the scaffold, and this time went to death.

#### PROTECT AMERICAN WOMEN.

Foreigners Can't Marry If Such Marriages Are Not Valid at Home.

The United States Senate adopted Mr. Hoar's amendment to the bill regulating marriages in the District of Columbia. The amendment forbids marriages when one of the parties is an alien, unless a minister or

the parties is an alien, unless a minister or consul representing the country of this alien certifies that the marriage is valid according to the laws of that country.

Mr. Hoar said his purpose was to protest American women, attractive by beauty and accomplishments, from the rapacity of foreign adventurers, whether titled or untitled. Amendments making eighteen years the marriageable age for women, and permitting civil as well as religious ceremontes of marriage, were also agreed to.

#### The Katalidin Ready for Action.

The United States harbor defence ram Kutahdin, designed by Admiral Ammen, was put in commission at the Navy Yard, Brook-iyn, N. Y. Her commander is Richard P. Leary, and her crew numbers about fifty. She arries only rapid fire-guna. She is 251 feet long, and has a breadth of forty-three feet five inches.

#### Out of the Common Run.

Massachusetts has no coroners. About one-third of the Trans-Siberian Rail-

Switzerland is to hold a National exhibi-tion at Geneva from May to October next. The anniversary of the Paris Commune will be celebrated by the New York "reds." Chile will pay to German subjects \$72,000 s indemnity for damages during the revo-

The United Order of the Golden Lion, after an existence of ten months at Boston, has been wound up and some \$45,000 have disappeared with it.

#### NORTH STATE CULLINGS.

PINE CHIPS BRIEFLY PUT.

#### Shipment of Cattle.

Governor Care has written a letter to Secretary Morton, of the United States Agricultural Department, on an important subject. The act of Congress regarding the shipment of cattle from the South to the North designates the northern boundary of Virginfa as the quantine line, the safeguard against the dreaded splenetic fever. But where a State adopts good quarantine laws against this disease that State is

exempted from the provisions of the general law. This is the case now as to Virginia, that State's Legislature having recently enacted a quarantine law. This makes the northern boundary of North Carolina the quartine limit. Cattle cannot be shipped north of this limit between February 15th and November 15th in each year, unless they are to be immediately slaugh-tered on arrival at their point of destination. As Richmond, Va., is the chief market for North Carolina cattle it will be seen that this industry is greatly injured unless some relief can be had. Governor Carr therefore urges Secretary Merton to defer the enforcement of the law until the Legislature convenes and enacis a quarantine law against States to the south of this. Several hundred North Carolina cattle are now sent to Richmand daily.

#### To Visit us Again.

Col. A. K. McClure writes the Governor that he will soon make a Southern tour and will be in Raleigh March 13th. Governor Carr invites him to be his guest at the executive mansion. Col. McClure, who is one of the most charming of men, has proved in a great many ways his regard for North Carolina. He writes Governor Carr: "I wish again to visit your State, the most favored of the States for agriculture and immigration. No State in the West can equal it." While in the State Col. McClure will visit the colored normal school at Winston.

Exposition Postponed. Governor Carr is advised of the postponement until May, 1897, of the pening of the Tennessee Exposition. At first it was announced that it would be held the coming May, but the post-ponement was found necessary. Governor Carr will urge the Legislature to make an appropriation for a North Carolina building. North Carolina ought for many reasons to participate. To begin with, as has been stated, all Tennessee was originally one North Carolina county.

#### Rewards Offered.

reward of \$100 is offered for Nathan Jones and Francis Jones, who assaulted, shot twice and fatally wounded Mark Brittain, in Henderson county, near the South Carolina hne. It is thought they are in hiding among their friends on the South Carolina border. A reward, of \$100 is also offered for the capture of W. R. Hampton, colored, who brutally murdered the watchman at the Southern Railway depot at Statesville in December last.

#### Peabody Fund Received.

Mr. Scarborough, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, has received \$4,500 from the Peabody Fund, to be divided as follows: \$2,000 to the State Normal and Industrial School; \$2,100 for the colored State normal schools; \$200 for 'Tom's manual training department at the Durham colored school; \$100 for the Clinton graded

### Requisition Papers.

Governor O'Ferrall, of Virginia, makes requisition on Governor Carr for Charles Jones, alias Charles Cobbs, who is wanted in Halifax county, Va., for house-breaking and jail-breaking. He is nw in jail at Asheville, but his term of imprisonment ends on the 24th inst., and Governor Carr will then turn him over to the Virginia authorities.

### A Humane Engineer. Engineer Harrison stopped the pas-senger train five miles below Winston

and picked up a farmer named Pol-lard, of Friendship, who was lying drunk on the ground nearly frozen. It is thought he would have died if he had remained there a few hours Delegates Appointed.

Governor Carr appointed three of the State guard surgeons, Hubert Hay-wood, Robert S. Young and Julian M. Baker, delegates to represent North Carolina at the National convention of military surgeons at Philadelphia, May 12. At the last of these conventions 27 States were represented.

#### A New Cotton Mill. The Co-operative Cotton Mill Company at Fayetteville has purchassed a

site for its mill. It will manufacture soft yarns. The work of building will begin on March 1. Jude Brown's handsome residence

near Weldon has been destroyed by

A valuable vein of gold has been discovered near Wilkesboro.

What's the Matter with the Empress? The Dowager Empress of China is said to be very much subdued of late. She was formerly an arrogant, aggree-sive woman, who believed that she was the center upon which the universe turned. - Recent events have had a strong influence upon her and she has aged very rapidly. Her domineering ways have disappeared, and she listens humbly to words of advice from people who used to fear to address her.

#### THE FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS. A Synopsis of the Proceedings of Both THE BENATE.

ELKÍN, N. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1896.

THE BENATE.

MONDAY.

In the Senate Monday the senatorial election case from the State of Delaware was reported back from the committee on privilegea and elections by Mr. Mitchell, Republican, of Oregon, its chairman, the report being in favor of the right of Mr. Dupont to the seat. The views of the minority adverse to that proposition are to be minority adverse to that proposition is to be taken up for the action of the Senate as soon'as possible.

Another proposition for a national boilday was presented in the form of a memorial. It is to be the 24th of June, and is to common orate the first sighting of the North Atlantic ceast by John and Sebastian Cabet, in 1497. It was reported to the judiciary committee to which has already been referred Mr. Hill's bill for a "Jackson Day"—the 15th of March. A resolution was offered and agreed to, calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to the amount in the Treasury on March 4, 1889, and March 4, 1893; whether there has been any diminution of revenue; and if so, from what causes.

Mr. Morgan offered resolutions which were agreed to calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for reports of Treasury agents in the year 1894, as to the hunting and destruction of fur seals on the Prybiloff Islands and in Behring Sea.

A message was received from the House of Representatives notifying the Senate that its

and in Behring Sea.

A message was received from the House of Representatives notifying the Senate that its amendment to the House bond bill (the free coinage substitute) had been disagreed to by the House. No suggestion as to a conference was rade.

In the Senate on Tuesday the chairman of the finance committee stated that the com-mittee was waiting for some action on the part of the Pouse on the bond bill amend-

ment.

The Military Academy appropriation bill was then taken up, considered for three hours and passed.

The pension appropriation bill for the coming fiscal year was taken up and passed as quickly as the elerk could read it, in less than eight minutes. Mr. Gorman, in reference to this bill, which carried an appropriation of \$142,000,000, said it was one of those appropriations which added to the great expenditures of the government and hung like a pall over the country. He recalled the prediction that he had beretofore made that the receipts of the government would not meet its expenditures.

its expenditures.

Mr. Call introduced a resolution which went over directing the Secretary of the Treasury to dispose of the lapsed bids in the recent bond sale to "the highest bidder, inclusing in the bids such as have been received that the time of the research of this ed up to the time of the passing of this resolution, when such bids shall be opened by the Secretary of the Treasury."

After a short executive session the Senate

wednesday. In the Senate Wednesday Mr. Wolcott, of Colorado, chairman of the postoffice committee, reported a bill to prevent the sending through the mails by any departmen of the government, of matter weighing more than four pounds, except written or printed matter.

Mr. Carter, of Montana, offered a resolution to recommit to the finance committee the House tariff bill and the committee amendment and gave notice that he would address the Senate upon it next Monday.

A resolution was offered by Mr. Lodge, instructing the dinance committee to investigate and report, generally, on all the important facts and circumstances connected with the issue of United States bonds in 1894, 1895, and as a bow the processed of such and 18%, and as to how the proceeds of such bonds have been disposed of. The resolu-

tien went over.

A joint resolution to revive the grade of was introduced by Mr. Eikins, of West Vir

The diplomatic and consniar appropria-tion bill was then taken up, and passed with-out any material amendments. The conference report on the urgent definciency appropriation was presented and explained by Mr. Hale and was agreed to.

The Senate on Thursday took up the bill to regulate marriage in the District of Co-lumbia. The bill passed with several amend-

The Senate then took up Mr. Morgan's Cuban concurrent resolution declaring that, Caban concurrent resolution declaring that, in the opinion of Congress, a condition of public war exists between the government of Spain and the government proclaimed and for some time mainfained by force of arms by the people of Cuba: and that the United States of America should maintain a strict neutrality between the contending powers, according to each the rights of belligerents in the p-rts and territories of the United States. Mr. Cameron offered a substitute for the concurrent resolution in these for the concurrent resolution in these words: "That the President is hereby required to interpose his friendly offices with the Spanish government for the recognition of the independence of Cuba." Several speeches were made on the resolution but to action, was taken. Mr. Morean was

but no action was taken. Mr. Morgan was speaking when the Senate adjourned. He will continue his argument Monday. The Senate adjourned until Saturday, when President pro tem Frye will read Washington's farewelladdress.

On Saturday the ordinary legislative proceedings were dispensed with in the Senate, and President protein, Frye read Washington's Farewell Address. After the reading, which occupied three-quarters of an hour, the Senate adjourned till Monday.

#### THE HOUSE.

MONDAY.

In the House on Monday the Appropriations committee reported the urgent deficiency bill with the amendments made by the Senate, recommen ing concurrence in a few of the amendments and non-concurrence in of the amendments and non-concurrence in the remainder. The report was agreed to, and a motion to sak a conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two houses passed. The committee on ways and means, re-ported a substitute for the resolution refer-red to that committee, calling upon the Sec-retary of the Treasury for information in detail as to the proceeds of the sales of bonds-under the resumption act of 1875, of the re-demution of greenbacks, national bank notes demption of greenbacks, national bank notes and Treasury notes since July 1, 1879; the movement of legal tenders in bank reserves, and in the Treasury; what became of the proceeds of the bond sales, and from what source the Treasury derived the money to meet the excess of government expenditures over receipts. The resolution as reported by the committee was adopted.

The House then went into the committee of the whole to consider the agricultural appropriation bill under the five minute rule.

In the House on Tuesday under requests for mannimous consent several bills and resolutions were passed, among them the resolution directing the committee on ways and means to inquire into the effect of the difference of the exchange between countries having the gold and silver standard of value upon American industries, and to report by bill or otherwise. or otherwise.

Mr. Sherman, of New York, reported the Indian appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1897.

And Mr. Cannon was given leave to file the legislative and judiciary appropriation bill with the clerk. Mr. Bingham from the committee on ap-

Mr. Bingham from the committee on appropriations, reported to the House the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill for the coming fiscal year. The bill carried an appropriation of \$21,444,195, which is \$925,855 below the estimates submitted and \$925,855 below the estimates submitted and \$925,855 below the estimates submitted and \$925,852 less than the appropriation for the current fiscal year.

The House in committee of the whole again resumed consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill, the paragraph governing the purchase and distribution of seeds being the pending topic of discussion. Several

peeches on the bill were made and several amendments adopted.

The House entered upon the consideration of the bill to extend the time within which the government may bring suit to recover title to lands illegally or erroneously patentented, but adjourned without o ming to

The House was "strictly business," Wednesday, and in a five-houre session disposed of two important measures. The first was the bill to extent for ten years the time within which the government may institute suits to annul land patents illegally or erroneously issued.

issued.

The army appropriation bill was also passed without much discussion but most of the new legislation proposed by the committee on military affairs went out on points of oron military alans went out on points of order. Among the propositions thus rejucted was the one to compet the President to appoint paymasters from the line officers of the army alone, shutting out civilians.

Mr. t annon reported the agreement of the conferces upon the urgent deficiency bill, and it was agreed to. As finally adopted, the bill carries a total of \$6,305,436, and increase of \$1,584,033 over the total as it passed the House.

On Thursday the House refused to concur in the Schate amendments to the general pension appropriation bill and it was sent to confer-

once.

The Sepate joint resolution requiring the Secretary of Agriculture to purchase and distribute seeds, as in former years, was reported favorably from the committee on agricul-

ed favorably from the committee on agriculture.

The Indian appropriation bill was taken up in committee of the whole. Pending the consideration of the bill, a message from the Senate was received announcing the passage of the diplomatic and consular appropropriation bill. Mr. Hitt, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, asked concurrence in the Senate amendments. They were but three in number—increasing the salary of the consular t Cape Town to \$3,000, making a secretary of legation in Liberia at \$1,500 and appropriating \$10,000 to cover expenses of officers aircady in the service detailed to make inspection of consulars. The motion of Mr. Hitt was agreed to.

FRIDAY.

of Mr. Hitt was agreed to.

FRIDAY.

In the House Friday as unsuccessful attempt was made to reduce the salaries of Indian Inspectors from \$3,000 to \$2,500.

The Senate amendments to the Military Academy bill were agreed to and the Senate bill was passed to amend section 5,294, Revised Statutes, so as to empower the Secretary of the Treasury to remit or mitigate faricitares under his jurisdiction, as we has fines and beginding. At 5 o'clock a recess fines and penalties. At 5 o'clock a recess was taken until 8 o'clock, the evening ression being for the consideration of private pen-

ion bills only. The House adjourned until Monday

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS. Ex-Governor Robinson, of Massa-

chusetts is dead. Fitzsimmons says he will refuse to accept Corbett's challenge, and after filling several American engagements he will go to England.

Edgar W. Nye, better known as "Bill" Nye, died at his home at Buck Shoals, near Asheville, N. C., on Saturday afternoon. Fitzsimmons and Maher fought in

Mexico on Friday, and it only took Fitz uinety-five seconds and one round "to do Maher up." Secretary Olney has received a cablegram from Ambassador Eustis saying that John L. Waller had been re-

to sail for the United States. Hon Geo Davis, Attorney General of the Confederate States, and since the war a prominent member of the bar of Wilmington, N. C., was stricken with paralysis. Mr Davis has been an invalid for s me time. His condition

is considered precarious. Ex-United States District Clerk, Ed R. Campbell, was shot and killed by his son, Robert Campbell, at Nashville, Tenn. The young man approached his father from behind, while the latter was walking the street, and shot him through the head. Young Campbell is demented and this is the only ground on which his act can be accounted for. He is about 21 years of age and had recently been confined in au asylum at Cincinnati.

Near Mead's, a lumber station, twelve miles from Ashland, Ky., Robert Jenkins accidentally shot and fatally wounded Charley Gudgell, while hunting wild turkeys. The men had separated after locating the feeding ground of a flock of the fowls, and each for a time began sounding decoy calls. Answers which each took for the cries of the flock reached both, and, working toward the supposed flock, each kept as closely beneath the underbrush as possible. Finally Jenkins saw something he supposed was a turkey and fired. Gudgell, with a cry, fell to the ground, struck with six buckshot, two of which penetrated his lungs, the others lodging in his breast and shoulder.

# THEPEOPLE

That there is not a family anywhere to which money means so muchten cents means so much-that it can afford not to exchange ten cents a month for the art, the refinement, the pleasure, and the copy of Munsey's Magazine will bring to the fireside. FRANK A. MUNSEY, 151 Fifth Ave., New York.

# What is

# CASTORIA

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"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby

sending them to premature graves." DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

The Contaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

CAPE FEAS & YADKIN VALLEY R'Y Joux Gill, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE. In Effect Dec'r. 8th, 1895.

NORTH BOUND. No. 2. Daily. No. 1, Daily. 

Arrive Walnut Cove. 11 35 "
Leave Walnut Cove. 11 45 "
Leave Stokesdale 12 12 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro 12 58 "
Leave Greensboro 16 3 "
Leave Greensboro 18 3 " 
 Leave Climax
 1 32

 Leave Sanford
 3 19

 Arrive Fayetteville Junction
 4 30
 Arrive Fayetteville 4 33
Leave Fayetteville 4 43
Arrive Wilmington 7 55
NORTH BOUND.
No. 4 L No. 4. Daily. 
 Arrive Maxton
 9 23

 Leave Maxton
 9 29

 Leave Red Springs
 9 55

 Leave Lumber Bridgo
 10 42

 Leave Hope Mills
 10 53

 Arrive Fayetteville
 10 52

south Buond, No. 3, Daily, 
 Leave Fayetteville
 4 38 p. m.

 Leave Hope Mills
 4 55

 Leave Lumber Bridge
 5 20

 Leave Red Springs
 6 42
 Leave Fayetteville. ..... Arrive Maxton. 6 12
Leave Maxion 6 13
Arrive Bennettsville 726
NORTH BOUND.
(Daily Except Sunday.) 

Leave Climax 8 35
Arrivo Greensboro 9 20
ave treensboro 9 35
Leave Stokesdale 10 50
Arrive Madison 11 50

BOUTH BOUND. 

Arrive Ramseur.

North nound connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Goast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Scaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Rallway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Westerr Railroad for Winston Salars. for Winston-Salem.
SOUTH BOUND CONNECTIONS
at Walnut Coye with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Reanese and points north and west, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raieigh, Richmond and nil points north and casts at Payertoville with the Atlantic Coast I've for all points

all points north and case at with the Atlantic Ceast I'ne for all points South, at Maxton with the S. absard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points south and southwest. W. E. KYLE, and southwest. W. E. Agent.

# I LUMIRIGHTS.

CA THEFAIN A PATENT! For a prompt nawer and an honest opinion, write to MINA & CO., who have had nearly fifty years experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of information embouring Patents and dow to obtain them cometine business spirit free.

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that certain officials connected with the city government have been receiving 'hush money" from a number of local dealers and giving them protection against raids. Prominent citizens are demanding that the matter be investi-

Castoria. "Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription

known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., III So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experi-ence in their outside practice with Castoria and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with

favor upon it." UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

## Southern Railway.

PIEDMONT AIR LINE.

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" Greenville 5 30p 6 19a 2 19b
" Spartanburg 6 18p 6 15a 3 22p
" Gaffneys. 6 55a 4 10p
" Blackaburg 7 06p 7 09a 4 30p
" King's Mt 7 32a 5 90p
" Gastonia 7 56a 5 28p
" Danville 12 99a 1 30p 11 25p

Ar. Richmond. ... 6 00 a 6 40 p 6 60 a Ar. Washington 6 42 a 9 49 p 12 53 n 6 20 n Southbound. No. 37 No. 37 No. 37 Daily E Sun Lv. N. Y., PRR. 430 p 12 15 n ... Halthore ... 920 p 622 a ... Wasnington 10 63 p 11 15 a

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