

WEATHER
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Daily News.

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GOVERNMENT TO SUE HARVESTER TRUST SHORTLY

Proceedings Soon to be Begun in Chicago by Department of Justice.

COLLECTING EVIDENCE FOR A YEAR PAST

Case Against Concern Said to Be Very Strong and to Show That Both Output and Price are Completely in the Hands of the Parent Company.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 16.—Suit is to be instituted by the government against the International Harvester Company for alleged violation of the Sherman anti-trust act. The papers in the proposed action are being drawn at the department of justice and the indications are that the company will be hauled into court in the immediate future. It is likely the proceedings will be begun in Chicago.

A year or more ago, complainants of the operation of the International Harvester Company reached the department of justice and agents of that department and of the bureau of corporations have accumulated a mass of information on the subject. The evidence that the company has violated the antitrust law is asserted to be conclusive.

The investigation disclosed the fact that the parent company controls practically all of the big reaper and mower and thrasher plants in the country, and that an apportionment of the company is made among the various subsidiary concerns in such a way that no one of them will come into business conflict with any other. It is further alleged that prices of the farm machinery manufactured by the International Harvester Company are fixed by the concern and

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HORSE AND AUTO SHOW YESTERDAY EVENT OF MERIT

Charles Fuller, for Z. V. Taylor, Wins One Auto Race and Julius Cone the Other.

THE BEAUTY CONTEST DIFFICULT TO DECIDE

Interest Greater Than Last Year, and Horse Show Company Hopes to Make the Annual Event of Importance to This Section of the State.

The horse and auto show at the fair grounds yesterday afternoon proved a very interesting event. The track was not in the best condition, and the weather was threatening, and to these two causes is attributed a smaller number of entries and a smaller attendance than had been expected. However, the interest manifested, and the number of spectators exceeded last year's exhibition, and it is hoped that in these particulars there will be rapid bounds, and that it will not be long before the efforts of the Horse Show Company will be rewarded by the realization of the hope that the Greensboro Horse and Auto Show will become an annual event of great importance, attracting entries and people in large numbers from a large portion of the state.

Two Auto Races.

The first event yesterday afternoon was the five-mile automobile dash. For this there were three entries, Z. V. Taylor, Julius Cone and I. Smith Homan, all Jackson cars. Mr. Taylor's car was driven by Charles Fuller. About half way the race, Mr. Homan's car became disabled, and dropped out. The contest was won by Mr. Fuller, for Mr. Taylor, by the close margin of twenty-seven seconds over his competitor, Mr. Cone, the

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KLINE CONVICTED AT BEAUFORT OF PEONAGE CHARGE

Jury Only Two Hours After They Are Given the Case.

ANOTHER INDICTMENT AGAINST DEFENDANT

Eleven of the Foreigners Are Sent to Carteret Jail to Await Next Term of Newbern Court, When They Will be Used as Witnesses.

Beaufort, N. C., Aug. 16.—After having been out about two hours, the jury in the case of the government against E. A. Kline this afternoon returned a verdict of guilty of the charge of peonage. It is understood that the defendant will appeal to the higher court. Another bill having been found against Kline for peonage of Ivin Hutson and Fritz Ramsey, he was held to Newbern court under a bond of \$1,000, which he gave. In default of bonds of \$300 each, eleven of the foreigners were held in Carteret jail as witnesses against Kline.

The trial of the case against Kline was commenced at a special term of United States District Court, which began here Tuesday of last week. The cause of the trial consuming so much time is the fact that the testimony of the alleged peons, who are Russians, had to be taken through an interpreter. The taking of evidence was concluded yesterday morning, and then the argument of counsel commenced. Following the conclusion of the argument of counsel this morning, Judge Purnell delivered his charge to the jury, which consumed about thirty minutes.

The defendant, E. A. Kline, who is a contractor of construction on the Raleigh and Pamlico branch of the Norfolk

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NEGRESS HELD FOR ATTEMPT TO KILL FAMILY

Mamie Shore Arrested in Winston-Salem for Putting Poison in Coffee.

ANGRY BECAUSE SHE HAD BEEN SCOLDED

Is Said to Have Made Threats Against Children—Laughed at Alleged Victims During Their Agony—Mentally Unbalanced, Says Mistress.

Winston-Salem, N. C., Aug. 16.—Mamie Shore, a negro woman, is in the Salem jail charged with attempting to poison the family of C. F. Moester. She was arrested by Mr. Moester himself, who is a property detective. The affair took place yesterday at supper time, at Mr. Moester's home in Main street, Salem. The family was at supper when the youngest daughter noticed that the butter had a peculiar taste. In a short time Raymond came home and took several sips of coffee and became sick. Another daughter took several bites of toast dipped in some of the coffee and she also became ill. About fifteen minutes after supper the entire family with the exception of Mr. Moester, was deathly sick.

It is supposed that the poison was put in the coffee, as Mr. Moester did not drink any, and was not affected. Mrs. Moester states that the poison was put in after four o'clock yesterday afternoon, as she made some coffee at that time and suffered no evil results from it. The cook, Mamie Shore, was arrested this morning on suspicion. Whether this is her correct name or not is not known, as she is called by several names.

It seems that Mamie was very cross yesterday because she had been scolded for neglecting her work. She was very impudent during the day and quarreled with the children. She was also heard to use threatening words to little Lizzie—one of Mr. Moester's children, saying, "I'll make you sorry for this tonight, you little white-headed hussy," because she wouldn't do something for her. Mamie wouldn't eat any supper herself, and seemed to be very much disconcerted because Mr. Moester wouldn't eat some toast she had prepared for him and which the family suppose was poisoned. While the members of the family were sick she stood in the room and laughed at them as they writhed in agony.

It is thought that the negro was in a conspiracy with another negro woman whom Mr. Moester had forbidden to come on his premises. They have been seen together lately. Mr. Moester states that two efforts have been made to burn the building in which he lives by pouring kerosene over the basement and lighting it. He thinks that arsenic was used.

Neither of the drug stores in Salem sold any arsenic yesterday, but there is a big percentage of arsenic in rough-on-rats, and this might have been used. Mamie offered no objections when she was turned off this morning, but seemed to take it as a matter of course. When she was arrested she took it calmly and said she didn't know anything about it. Officer Griffin attempted to scare her by saying he saw her put it in, but she continued to assert her innocence. None of the coffee was left, so an analysis cannot be made. Mrs. Moester says that in her opinion Mamie is not of sound mind.

WALL STREET MARKED BY EXTREME IRREGULARITY

New York, Aug. 16.—The course of today's stock market was marked by extreme irregularity on a slightly increased scale. The lowest prices of the day were touched in the final hour when rumors of a threatened flurry in banking circles were prevalent.

Aside from the encouragement which Wall street saw fit to derive from the forthcoming public speeches of President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft, the day's developments were for the most part adverse.

Man Who Defended Capitol Graft



SAMUEL WHITAKER PENNYPACKER.

PENNSYLVANIA CAPITOL GRAFT PROBERS URGE PROSECUTION OF GRAFTERS

Want Civil and Commercial Proceedings Started Against All Those Persons in Any Way Involved in the Scandal.

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 16.—Criminal and civil proceedings against all persons concerned in the fraudulent contracts in connection with the construction and furnishing of Pennsylvania's \$13,000,000 capitol are recommended in the final report of the capitol investigation commission made to Governor Stuart today.

Eighteen persons are named in the report as being involved in one way or another in the irregular transactions and the attorney general is urged to begin prosecution at once.

Among those to be prosecuted criminally is Congressman H. B. Cassel, who supplied the malleable casing and furnishings for the building. Governor Pennypacker's name is not mentioned.

After receiving the report Governor Stuart announced that he would direct the attorney general to begin prosecution at once.

STRONG APPEAL FOR CHILDREN AT ORPHANAGE

Manager Baptist Institution at Thomasville Speaks in Behalf of Wards.

NEARLY ALL CRIMINALS BEGAN CAREER IN YOUTH

Closing Exercises of Baptist Convention Held in Asheboro Street Church with a Large Attendance of Delegates and Visitors.

The Asheboro Street Baptist church building was crowded last evening at the Baptist Association, which has been in session on Thursday and Friday of this week. The principal feature of the evening was an address by M. L. Kesler, general manager of the orphanage at Thomasville, who spoke with great earnestness in behalf of wards under his charge and made a number of telling points in the interest of the children and the institution which gives them a home.

"I sometimes see in the Sunday papers the picture of a child that is pointed out as one of the future leaders in the affairs of the state. It is a good picture and the child appears to be happy and contented, mainly so, no doubt, because it is well dressed, well fed and has no troubles to bother its infantile brain. I can go out into the streets of any town or city in North Carolina and show you a child of the poor, dirty, unkempt and ragged, who would make just as good a picture as the other kid if it only had the chance to get the good things to eat, the nice clothes to wear and the opportunity to take an occasional nap in the daytime, so as to brighten up and look pleasant. But the child from the streets and the waif from the slums never has its picture taken as a representative of all that is good and beautiful in child life, and yet that poor little sinner may have just as much good in its composition as anyone of the children of the rich.

"I appeal to the broad brotherhood of man in behalf of all children, no matter what may be their ancestry or personal surroundings. God bless the man or woman who takes a little child in his hand and gives it that which a child needs, apart from material comfort. I mean the sympathy for the childish sorrows, a little giving out of the heart to the one that needs it, and a showing, if ever so small, that there is some 'grown up' in the world who can be moved to action by the sight of this little tot and its manifest want for that one touch of nature that makes the whole world kin.

"Five-centuries of the crime committed in this country are directly traceable to improper training, or to none at all, of the children. This is a statement that can be proven by statistics and the evidences are apparent on every hand. A police judge in one of the western cities recently established the practice of questioning all the juvenile prisoners brought before him. He found that a very large percentage of these delinquents had received no training whatever and that an almost infinite small number had ever been inside the doors of a Sunday school. Is this not conclusive evidence that crime begins in early childhood and as citizens of the state do not owe it to ourselves, if not to the Gospel of the Christ Child, to care for and teach and lead in the right way all of the many children that need our help.

"We must have good children in our community or we shall not succeed in making good men and women, those that will live upright lives and build up our institutions as they should be built."

"The institution which I have under my charge does not appeal to you for support or for your money unless you feel that you owe to a cause that most people are willing to aid when they know of its need. A very considerable portion of the money we receive comes from the Sunday-schools throughout the state and it is almost invariably in small amounts. But in a number of instances these amounts are increasing, as in the case of one school that formerly gave two dollars a year and now gives as many dollars each month. I most sincerely and strongly recommend this as an example well worth the following. Just now we are in the hardest kind of a fix. A year ago we were out of debt and supposed we were on Easy street, but we have been put to additional expense and at the same time are in receipt of applications for admission that we cannot grant, simply because we do not have the means with which to care for any more children. He giveth twice that giveth quickly," as all of us have heard, and I venture to express the hope that the giving will start at once and continue until we are able to care for every child that needs a home and cannot be given one unless it is placed within the walls of our home, for that is just what we try to make of the orphanage at Thomasville.

"We shall always be glad to see you at our home. But please don't come there with the idea that you are about to meet a lot of little cherubs with wings sprouting out under their shoulder blades.

"They are the average lot of youngsters possessed of just as much mischief as are other children, and we try to keep

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TELEGRAPHERS READY TO ACCEPT OFFICES OF AN ARBITRATION BOARD

Compers, Keefe and Mitchell Men by Whose Decision They'll Abide.

LITTLE CHANGE IN AFFAIRS

Chicago, Aug. 16.—The officials of the Telegraphers Union late today changed front on the proposition to arbitrate and announced their willingness to accept the offices of a general board of arbitrators of the American Federation of Labor toward settling the difference. This board consists of President John Mitchell of the Iron Workers, Samuel J. Keefe of the Longshoremen, and Samuel Compers. It was Mr. Compers who made the above announcement.

United States Labor Commissioner Neill left today for Washington. Just before taking the train he said the strike could not be settled in Chicago, and that the only place that an adjustment could be reached was in New York.

Little Change in New York.

New York, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Interest in the telegraphers' strike centers today in the probable effect of the general strike order issued by President Small of the National Union, and which called upon all operators employed by the Commercial Telegraph Companies, and those working private and leased wires not under union contract, to go out.

Throughout the east there were few, if any, responses to the call. This was explained on the ground that all operators who were to strike had already quit work, and here the strike order was only given importance as affording official sanction of the action already taken by the strikers without the previous approval or consent of the national officers.

Both the Western Union and Postal companies claim not to have been affected by President Small's call, and to be working their wires better today than since the strike was declared. Business, it was said, was handled smoothly, the Associated Press was not affected adversely. On the contrary, several of the men who had left the service returned to work after the strike order had been promulgated.

Two Go Out in Washington.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 16.—Two leased wire men went out today as the result of President Small's order.

Suffolk Office Closed.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 16.—The only commercial telegraph office in Suffolk, Va., was closed today as a result of the telegraphers' strike.

SAY STROUSE IS NOT THE MAN TO CONDUCT RELIGIOUS CHATAUQUA

Fight Before Judge Pritchard as to Hendersonville Auditorium Waxes Warm.

WILL BE RESUMED TODAY

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 16.—At the hearing before Judge Pritchard today for a restraining order applied for by Dr. Clarence B. Strouse, evangelist and Chatauqua manager against the Auditorium Company, of Hendersonville, and its several officers, something of a sensation developed, when numerous affidavits attacking Dr. Strouse's moral character were presented.

It is alleged that Doctor Strouse, who was not present, is a man totally unfit to conduct religious Chatauquas. It is said that if the allegations in these affidavits are not proved several damage suits may result.

Last week Doctor Strouse, through his attorneys, made application for an injunction against the company which is endeavoring to prevent him from opening his Chatauqua course, which is advertised to begin next Sunday.

It is alleged by Doctor Strouse that he has a lease for the Auditorium for every summer for the purpose of holding a Chatauqua, and that he had been ejected.

The hearing will be resumed tomorrow morning at ten o'clock.

DECLARES LOW RATE WOULD DRIVE SOUTHERN OUT OF NORTH CAROLINA

Division Superintendent of L. & N. Says Railroad Must Charge More.

OPPOSITION TO HIS ANSWER

New York, Aug. 16.—Further testimony that may aid in settling the controversy between the State Courts of North Carolina and the Southern Railway over the constitutionality of the North Carolina two and a quarter cent rate law was heard today by Special Mayor Montgomery, acting under the instructions of Judge Pritchard, of the United States Circuit Court, to take depositions in the case.

George E. Evans, division superintendent of the Louisville and Nashville Railway Company, was a witness called today by General Counsel Thom, of the Southern. Mr. Evans testified that enforcement of a two and a quarter cent rate on a road constructed so peculiarly as the Southern Railway in North Carolina, would practically force the road to discontinue operation.

The witness further stated that it cost more for the handling of local service than for through service. Mr. Evans' answer was objected to by Attorney Shepherd, who appeared at the hearing in the interest of Governor Glenn and the state authorities.

The special master permitted the answer to stand.

MISS LIBERTY WILL NOT BE CLEANED TOO THOROUGHLY

Greenish Coat Put on by Elements Considered Sufficiently Stylish for Her Ladyship's Wear for Sometime to Come.

OPPOSITION TO HIS ANSWER

New York, Aug. 16.—Those who have feared that the greenish coat which time and the elements have left upon the statue of Liberty is to be removed with sand and brush, need no longer feel any apprehension. It is not the intention of the engineers of the war department, who have charge of the statue, to remove the coating which has softened the outlines of the statue and made it beautiful.

Captain Burnell, commanding the signal service station on Bedloe's Island, has explained what sort of a "dressing up" the statue was to receive.

"The work being done now," he said, "is to complete the original scheme of those who planned the memorial. Miss Liberty is to have new windows in her head. The interior framework is to be cleaned and elevators are to be installed.

"The terrace at the base is to be improved and a cement covering for the walls of the base will cover up the disfiguring marks which have been there since the statue was opened."

Hurt When Car Hits Wagon.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 16.—In a collision on State street today between a trolley car and a milk wagon, three persons were seriously injured.

DIXIE DEFEATS THE NATIONALS IN GOOD GAME; SCORE 6 TO 3

Predictions of First Class Baseball Being Fulfilled in Every Particular.

ROOTERS IN EVIDENCE

We must insist in sticking to our prediction that Greensboro fans were to witness good baseball for the rest of the present season.

Up to the present time the Gate City League teams seem to be making every effort to make good this promise. Yesterday's game at Cone Park was all that could be asked along this line. They played rather a slow game, but they played good, clean ball, and the interest was intense.

Manager Askins, of the Dixie team, has succeeded in signing young Hughes, the star Haw River twirler, who did some clever slab work against Proximity. Hughes pitched a clever game, allowing seven hits, walking two and striking out six men.

The rooters were on the stand early, and kept up a din that made the game assume the appearance of real baseball. The attendance was not as large as it might have been had the weather been a little more favorable.

The Game by Innings.

The game started with Dixie in the field. Holleman, of the Nationals, hit to second and was thrown out to first.

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STATE COURTS HAVE NO JURISDICTION OVER A DESERTER FROM ARMY

War Department Makes Several Decisions of Interest in Connection With Service.

RULE ON ENLISTMENT FRAUD

Washington, D. C., Aug. 16.—Several decisions of interest by the war department bearing on various features of the service have been made. A deserter apprehended by a civil officer authorized by United States statutes to apprehend deserters from the army, it is held, is in the custody of the United States, and, under the decisions of the Supreme Court, the state courts have no jurisdiction to interfere with the custody of the deserter.

It has been decided that the concealment by an application for enlistment of the fact of previous application to enlist, which fact if disclosed would have caused his rejection, in the event of his enlistment, constitute an act of fraudulent enlistment.

A deserter who is in the Philippine islands in immediate contact with the military authorities, still passing under his military name, is not considered to be absent from the United States in the sense contemplated by the statute of limitation and the statute does not, it has been decided, therefore, operate to prevent the granting of a deserter's release in such case.

MANUFACTURERS FOR REVISION OF TARIFF

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION IN OFFICIAL ORGAN DECLARES FOR IMMEDIATE ACTION.

New York, Aug. 16.—The National Association of Manufacturers, an organization of some 2,700 manufacturers, publishes in the current issue of its official organ, American Industries, a tariff creed emphasizing the resolution in favor of immediate tariff revision, unanimously passed at a recent convention.

The association holds that present tariff schedules are unequal, and demands the immediate appointment by congress and the executive of a non-partisan, non-political commission, composed of men thoroughly competent to equalize present schedules.

RAILROAD TELEGRAPHERS WILL NOT BE ORDERED OUT

CONFERENCE OF LABOR LEADERS IN CHICAGO RESULTS IN THIS DECISION.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—At the conference held here last night between President S. J. Small, of the Commercial Telegraphers Union of America; Secretary Russell, President Samuel Compers, of the American Federation of Labor, and several other labor leaders, it was decided definitely that there should be no strike of the 47,000 railroad telegraphers of the United States.

These operators will be called upon shortly to contribute a strike fund of \$60,000. Two of their general officers attended the conference.

FITZSIMMONS MAY INSTRUCT POLICEMEN

MAYOR OF PLAINFIELD, N. J., OFFERS FORMER PUGILIST A JOB.

New York, Aug. 16.—Robert Fitzsimmons, the pugilist, has been asked to accept the position of physical director in the School of Instruction for Policemen, just organized by Mayor Charles J. Fisk, of Plainfield, N. J. Fitzsimmons recently has been living on a farm near the New Jersey town. Fitzsimmons is considering the offer.

Judge William R. Runyon will instruct the policemen on the laws of arrest, and Dr. Charles B. Lufburrow will give a course in first aid to the injured, while Prof. Charles Herr will teach them English language and penmanship.

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