

Daily News

WEATHER Partly cloudy with showers today. Fresh north-east winds.

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TRAINMEN GUILTY OF NEGLIGENCE SAYS THE JURY

Coroner Separk's Investigation Into the Auburn Wreck Concluded Yesterday.

WARRANTS WILL BE ISSUED IN A FEW DAYS

Charged That Engineer Rippey, Conductor Oakley, Chief Dispatcher Ketchum, and Dispatcher Parvin Are Guilty of Criminal Negligence.

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 19.—After being out three hours, the coroner's jury in the investigation to fix responsibility for the collision of passenger train No. 136 and freight train No. 173, Southern Railway, two weeks ago near Auburn, this county, returned a verdict to the effect that Engineer W. W. Rippey and Conductor C. M. Oakley, of the passenger train, are guilty of criminal negligence, in that they forgot their orders to meet the freight at Auburn; that Chief Train Dispatcher D. P. Ketchum and Operator Victor Parvin, of Durham, are guilty of criminal negligence for not observing the rule to use the "middle order system," so that the board at Auburn would have shown a light indicating a meeting place for the two trains, and further that the Southern Railway Company is to be censured for the lax manner in which the rules are enforced on the Durham division. Coroner Separk says the warrants for the arrest of Engineer Rippey, Conductor Oakley, Chief Train Dispatcher Ketchum and Operator Victor Parvin, of Durham, will be issued at once, and will probably be served tomorrow. The coroner and his jury held a session of more than two hours today making further testimony in the matter of fixing the responsibility for the collision. (Continued on page two.)

MUST MAKE GOOD DECLARES BRANDT OF GREENSBORO

Greensboro Has Accomplished Great Results, Adds the Mayor, Although Much is Yet to Be Done for City's Betterment.

We'll Get There by Pulling Together, and With Shoulders to the Wheel, Disregarding Party Differences and Factional Splits.



LEON J. BRANDT.

Since Leon J. Brandt took office as mayor of Greensboro, the affairs of the municipal government have run along in the accustomed way and no special change has been made in the policy under which it is conducted. A keen watchfulness has been maintained upon all matters affecting the city's interests and where these could be improved every advantage was taken of the proffered opportunity. Mr. Brandt said yesterday that but very little of importance had happened during his incumbency of office and he was at first inclined to speak regarding the municipal situation, adding that he would prefer to wait until such time as he might have something of more pertinent value to say, but upon further questioning he gave an outline of the position that Greensboro may be expected to occupy among the cities of the state should the present possibilities be made into fact. "And that is just exactly what we must do," emphasized Mr. Brandt with a wave of the hand. "We must do things at the right time and in the right place and be constantly reminded of the still further fact that we cannot accomplish what we desire for the upbuilding of the city and for her further material advancement unless all of the people pull together all the time, irrespective of party lines, and disregarding any previous factional differences. I believe that the officials of the city government are

acting as a unit toward the advancement of Greensboro, and if the citizens generally will aid in this behalf there need be no manner of doubt concerning the outcome. "It is possible that a few of the old-fashioned folks may believe, as I was told the other day some of them do, that this city has grown large enough already and should not be allowed to continue growing for fear of becoming too big for her size. I do not believe, however, that any considerable degree of this spirit is being manifested now or will be brought still further into evidence. Any city, just as any business, must either go backward or forward. It cannot stand still and have at the same time any care whatever for its municipal health or well-being. As individuals, every one in town has a natural desire to get along and get ahead in the best and safest manner possible, and if we apply this spirit of self-interest to the affairs of the city there will be only one conclusion, and this of a very satisfactory character. "I have been a resident of Greensboro (Continued on page two.)

JUDGE WINSTON DECLARES FIGHT HAS JUST BEGUN

Returns From Hearing In New York and Talks on the Situation.

SOME COMPARISONS OF FREIGHT RATES IN STATE

Says Nothing Can Be Expected of Railroads Unless they are Forced to Make Concessions—Doing Much Damage to State's Industries.

Durham, N. C., Aug. 19.—Judge R. W. Winston, of the law firm of Winston & Bryant, has returned from New York, where he went as one of the counsel for the state corporation commission in the fight before the interstate commerce commission against North Carolina and in favor of Virginia. The hearing is still on and it will take a week or more to complete the cross-examination of witnesses. Ex-Governor Aycock, Judge R. W. Shepard, Speaker Justice and Fred Woodard are in charge of the case. After the hearing in New York is completed the second feature of the hearing will take place in Washington. This will be before the same master and will begin within ten days or two weeks. Judge Winston said that the fight was just now beginning and that it would be a long one unless the railroads agreed to give North Carolina an equal showing with Virginia. At the present time and under the present rates the manufacturing industries of this state are being torn down in favor of the manufacturing plants of Virginia, according to the facts presented in the recent hearing. Governor Glenn is now in New York and Judge Winston said some significant things today in speaking of the attitude of the governor in this matter. "His Irish has been aroused," said Judge Winston, "and he will use every lawful means and attributes of the state to see that the people of this state are treated fairly, and that the manufacturing industries of this state shall not be destroyed in favor of those in Virginia or any other point. The fight is not yet begun." Continuing Judge Winston said that only lawful means would be invoked to maintain the rights of this state, but that the state has a few sovereign rights left and these will be invoked. He said that the fact that Durham had three or four roads leading into the city did not amount to anything. That the roads had pooled their interests and that the tendency now is to discriminate against this state and people of this state. One question asked at the hearing in New York and which was objected to by Attorney Thom, was this: "If freight from New Orleans, through Durham to Lynchburg, Va., was not nearly three times as high in Durham as in Lynchburg?" The question was objected to and the witnesses refused to answer. Yet, said Judge Winston, this is a fact. Freight from Lynchburg, Va., from New Orleans, come through Durham and there is nearly three times as high a rate here as in the Virginia town. The roads contend that they make nothing on the interstate shipments, but only on the interstate shipments. In Virginia there are several distributing points and freight intended for this state is carried there and then sent back, notwithstanding the fact that it passes through this state. With distributing points in North Carolina it would be possible to get the same pro rata rates here as in Virginia. But this the roads refuse to do. The position of the roads is shown in the somewhat tart reply of Attorney Thom when the question was put to him as regards to the price on freight from New Orleans to Lynchburg and to Durham, this question having been quoted. Attorney Thom answered, so quoted by the attorneys, that "if it develops that

TAFT INDORSES POLICIES OF ROOSEVELT; TALKS ON CORPORATIONS AND TARIFF



SECRETARY TAFT.

The Secretary in Speech Before Buckeye Republican Club Declares That the President's Policies Are in No Way to Be Classified as Socialistic.

Says That, in General, He Favors Lines of Campaign Pursued By Present Executive, and Answers Collectively and Individually Wailings of Bryan.

Columbus, O., Aug. 19.—William H. Taft, secretary of war, made what he has pleased to term his "Political confession of faith" tonight. The auditorium, which has a seating capacity of over 5,000, was packed to the doors. The secretary spoke under the auspices of the Buckeye Republican Club and the address was notable from the fact that it is regarded as the platform upon which he will make his campaign for the Republican nomination for President. Mr. Taft made no formal announcement of his candidacy, but he was introduced by Governor Harris as the "Next President of the United States," which was the signal for a prolonged outburst of applause. Special interest was manifested in Secretary Taft's utterance on the tariff. He reiterated his previous declarations in favor of revision and declared that it would be both unwise and unsafe for the Republican party to fail to pledge itself to revise the Dingley law as soon after the next presidential election as possible. Mr. Taft also declared in favor of imprisonment of individuals responsible for violations of the anti-trust law and for the giving or accepting of rebates as more effective than fines. The defense of President Roosevelt's policies evoked enthusiastic applause. Secretary Taft spoke as follows: Members of the Buckeye Republican Club and Fellow-Citizens of Ohio: The present is a period of the greatest prosperity, general comfort and even luxury. Throughout this country, the demand for labor has increased wages to a higher point than ever known before. The compensation of skilled labor now frequently exceeds that of certain professions, like teaching and the ministry. Wealth has accumulated enormously in the hands of individuals and never before have rich men given so freely of their fortunes to educational and charitable objects. Such conditions are apt to dim and dull the eye and the ear of the people to abuses and dishonors in the body politic and social. It was such periods in the history of an-

CONFLICTING STATEMENTS AS TO STATUS OF STRIKE AS ISSUED BY BOTH SIDES

Operators and Companies Claim Victory, Latter Declaring That There Is No Longer Any Trouble and That Business Goes On as Usual.

Chicago, Aug. 19.—Development in the telegraphers' strike today comprised the calling out of leased wire operators in six Chicago brokerage houses and the issuing of a number of conflicting statements regarding the progress of the strike by officers of the union and by those of the telegraph companies. Both sides claim victory. All efforts by outside parties looking toward adjustment of the trouble have been abandoned. "The Western Union Company's force of operators is sufficient to handle its traffic with little or no delay; in fact it can be said that normal conditions have been resumed. Telegraph strike altogether is a thing of the past." Daniel L. Russell, chief of the board of strategy of the Commercial Telegraphers Union, tonight said: "The second week of the strike begins with everything in our favor. We have made substantial gains all along the line and do not see how we can lose." Further than the statements made by officials of the companies and representatives of the strikers there was little new in the telegraphers' strike situation today.

COMPANIES SAY THAT TROUBLE IS AT AN END

New York, Aug. 19.—E. J. Nally, vice-president and general manager of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company,

JOHN D. GUILTY OF NO GREATER OFFENSE THAN MANY PEANUT VENDERS

Dr. Broughton Says Standard Oil Company Has Not Been Fairly Treated

TALKS ON THE NEW CHURCH

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 19.—Dr. Len G. Broughton, pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist church, Atlanta, Ga., in a sermon preached last night in Tabernacle church, Raleigh, on "The Twentieth Century Church," or "The Church That Must Win," declared that in the movement against sin and vice of all kinds no distinction must be made against the high or low. That while the Standard Oil Company had just been fined \$20,000,000 for alleged violation of the law, he was convinced that the Standard Oil Company is guilty of no greater offense than are even the peanut vendors of Raleigh in the conduct of their business. He declared that he was making no plea or defense for the Standard Oil Company, having had no more relation with the great corporation than any member of the congregation he was addressing, but that it was unfair to single out one great enterprise which had really done much for the advancement of industrial and other interests of the country, and set up a prosecution of it without carrying this prosecution into the ranks of the smaller enterprises that were equally as guilty. The Twentieth Century church that Doctor Broughton outlined and made a plea for, is one much along the lines of the one he is now establishing in Atlanta, with hospital, employment bureau, retreats for young women and other departments to meet the varied needs of the people, all pervaded with a spirituality and churchly zeal that would tend to draw all who came in contact with the institution as beneficiaries under Christian influence. Doctor Broughton has been here several days on account of the illness and death of his father, Gaston Broughton, who was buried Saturday afternoon.

SEEKS TO ENJOIN USE OF UNFAIR LIST BY THE FEDERATION OF LABOR

Farreaching Action Instituted In Supreme Court of District of Columbia.

TALKS ON THE NEW CHURCH

Washington, D. C., Aug. 19.—A significant legal action was begun in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia today by James W. Van Cleave, president of the National Association of Manufacturers, to enjoin Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and other officers of the American Federation of Labor and several of its subsidiary organizations from using the boycott and so-called "unfair list." Mr. Van Cleave institutes the suit in his individual capacity as head of a large manufacturing company in St. Louis, whose products are alleged to have been declared unfair by the labor unions, but the significance of the action lies in its being a test case wherein Mr. Van Cleave, as head of the Manufacturers' Association, seeks to permanently enjoin organized labor from using the "unfair" or "we don't patronize" lists in its fight against firms and individuals. The papers were filed here that personal service might be immediately obtained against a large number of the labor leaders named in the complaint who are in Washington in attendance upon a general conference.

YOUNG MAN FATALLY SHOTS ONE NEGRO AND INJURES ANOTHER

Forsyth County Ex-Convict In a Fair Way to Get Greater Sentence.

CORONER HOLDS INQUEST

Winston-Salem, N. C., Aug. 19.—Claude James, a young white man, about twenty-two years old, who shot two negroes near Belo's Pond Saturday night, was captured about 7.30 o'clock Sunday morning by Sheriff Ziglar. James was found under the exhibit building at Piedmont Park. He had been asleep, but was awakened by some children just before the sheriff arrived. John Roach, an indolent white man, about the same age as James, was with the latter and was also arrested. Roach and James were together during the trouble Saturday night. Hilary Smith, whose home was at Pilot Mountain, was the name of the negro who was shot in the abdomen by James. Death followed in about an hour. Burt Alexander was shot in the left arm. The wound is not regarded as serious, though it will be several weeks before Alexander will be able to use his arm. James, who has a bad record for shooting at negroes, was released from the county roads on Saturday, August 10, he having served a six months' sentence for shooting a negro woman and a man (Continued on page two.)

HARRIMAN'S RIGHT TO IMMUNITY DISCUSSED

BONAPARTE TAKES UP QUESTION OF TESTIMONY IN THE STANDARD OIL CASE.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 19.—Attorney General Bonaparte was in conference today with District Attorney Sims, and Special Assistant Attorney Wilkerson, of Chicago, going over the testimony recently taken in the Standard Oil trial before Judge Landis to determine to what extent the evidence given by Mr. Harriman and the other officials of the Chicago and Alton railroad would render from prosecution growing out of the Alton deal. At the close of the conference, which lasted nearly all day, Attorney General Bonaparte said that there was no statement that he could make

PULAJANISM ERADICATED ON ISLAND OF LEYTE

PEACEFUL CONDITIONS NOW PREVAIL FOR FIRST TIME SINCE AMERICAN OCCUPATION.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 19.—Pulajanism has been eradicated in the Island of Leyte for the first time, it is said, since the American occupation, according to advices received at the war department, and peaceful conditions now prevail there. It is said there is but one chieftain, Felipe Ydos, with three followers still at large. Colonel Smith, Major Bell and all the American troops have withdrawn from field service in the province. Efforts are being made to have the people return to their barrios and to this end officers are assuring them that the trouble is over.

JAPANESE SKETCH FORT M'PHERSON

DISCOVERED IN REAR OF FORTIFICATION AT ATLANTA BY FORMER ENLISTED MEN.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 19.—Two Japanese were discovered, it is said, in the rear of Fort McPherson this afternoon, taking views and sketches of the buildings and grounds. A former enlisted man, who said he observed the Japanese, after talking with them, told the story of the occurrence to the officers at the department of the gulf. The officers of the department say no action will be taken unless other discoveries are made.

SPEED OF AUTOMOBILE PREVENTS LYNCHING

PENNSYLVANIA MOB THWARTED IN EFFORT TO KILL GIRL'S ASSAILANT.

Youngtown, O., Aug. 19.—The tramp who assaulted Alma Whitehead, the fourteen-year-old daughter of the Rev. J. M. Whitehead, of Turnersville, Pa., on Saturday night, was run down by blood hounds from Warren, O., and captured shortly after midnight last night in a swamp near Wick, Ashtabula county, Pa. He was taken to the Meadville, Pa., jail in an automobile. At several points along the road to Meadville the news of the capture had preceded the officers and excited groups had assembled bent upon lynching the prisoner. The sheriff, however, by throwing wide open the power of his automobile, passed the angry crowd

PRESIDENT LEAVES FOR PROVINCETOWN

Pasque Island, Mass., Aug. 19.—The yacht Mayflower, with President Roosevelt aboard, passed this point in Vineyard Sound at nine o'clock tonight. The yacht was accompanied by the torpedo destroyers Worden and Hopkins. President Roosevelt left Oyster Bay for Provincetown, Mass., today to take part in tomorrow's anniversary celebration of the landing of the Pilgrims. The Mayflower will reach Provincetown tomorrow morning. The President was accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Ethel and Quentin. The President will go ashore at Provincetown at 10.45 o'clock tomorrow. He will be taken at once to the place of ceremony on the hill. The Masonic ceremony connected with the celebration will then be conducted, after which Governor Guild will make an address, welcoming the President. The President's address will follow and addresses by the British ambassador, Senator Lodge and Congressman Lovering.

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