WEATHER
Fair today; Thursday showers in the interior; variable winds.

Daily News.

The News—A paper for all the people and for the people all the time.—Read it and keep posted.

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NO DISTURBANCE IS ANTICIPATED FROM POLITICS

Additional Interviews From Representative Business People on Timely Topics.

CANDIDACY OF TAFT APPROVED BY BUSINESS MEN

General Opinion Prevails That Commercial Conditions Are Considerably Better and That a Full Return to the Normal Will Be Had.

In the Tuesday issue the Daily News gave a number of interviews with representative business men of Greensboro on the subject of the present industrial movement and the probable outcome. In each of these interviews the opinion was expressed that the situation is actually better than is generally considered, and that no apprehension need be had of a decline in the commercial movement, because of any adverse influence to be exercised by the political campaign now inaugurated.

Additional interviews on the same general subject are given herewith, the name of the speaker preceding his words in each instance:

E. P. WHARTON, PRESIDENT, American Exchange Bank.

"Every indication is in favor of easier money than was the case last fall. The country is assured of plenty of funds with which to move the crops and one possible cause for uneasiness is thus removed. Crops of all kinds give abundant promise of a large yield this year, and from a farming point of view the situation has seldom been better than at the present time. Manufac-

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IT'S THEIR MAN OR NOBODY, THE DELEGATES SAY

Friends of Craig, Horne and Kitchin Will Go in to Fight for Their Man Until the Bitter End---Great Craig Demonstration Yesterday.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

Charlotte, N. C., June 23.—The end of the last day prior to the convention brings no material change in the situation—at least none visible to the naked eye. Lines are being tightened and weak places strengthened and a general preparation for the great battle of tomorrow is in progress. Caucuses of the various forces have been held and final instructions given to the active workers. The three headquarters have given out interviews breathing defiance and proclaiming confidence in the situation. The Kitchin men say they will win before the fifth ballot is taken; the Craig side claims that as soon as the break starts Craig will forge ahead, and the Horne folks boast that they control the situation and it is Horne or nobody with them.

A big Craig demonstration occurred here today when the Craig special from the west arrived, about five hundred men representing all of Craig's western counties marched through the streets with flying banners and accompanied by the blare of bands and songs of triumph. The westerners say the west wants all of the offices, and that they will have them or know the reason why. Large delegations representing Kitchin and Horne came in today, and still more are to follow. The streets are brilliantly lighted and thousands of delegates and spectators throng the streets, and all are full of excitement over the approaching contest. Tomorrow will mark an epoch in the history of the Democracy in North Carolina.

Half Century Between Meets.

A half century ago Charlotte entertained a Democratic state convention, and now after this long lapse of time it is about to repeat that performance. A few men who attended the convention of 1858 are here for this latter day affair, and their minds must be filled with strange emotions as they think on the changed conditions that have come to pass. It is not so strange that a town of some 4,000 people should become a city of ten times that number; that was natural enough. But the succession of remarkable events that have occurred since that remote period, bewilders and almost staggers the intellect. The great war between the states, the abolition of slavery, the reconstruction period, the renaissance of the south, the change from a purely argicultural to an industrial and agricultural state, the developments of railroads, the birth of electricity—these and many other wonderful occurrences have come to challenge the interest of mankind.

About the only similarity between the present and the days of 1858 is that men are just as zealous and enthusiastic in advancing the interests of their political leaders as they were then. Instead of swearing by Holden and Ellis, it is now Craig and Kitchin and Horne.

An Epoch-Marking Event.

The present contest for the Democratic nomination for governor will mark an epoch in the history of the party. As Mr. Kitchin himself has said in his speeches, it means more than the mere making one of the three governor. He said it would mean the triumph or the defeat of the trusts and the railroads. In reality it will mean whether the radical or the conservative faction shall control the Democratic party.

The conservatives in the main are following the flags of Horne or of Craig, most of the radicals are for Kitchin.

The fight will also largely settle the question of who shall in future boss the Democratic party. If Kitchin gets the nomination the Honorable Furnifold M. Simmons will become a minor factor in North Carolina politics. The nomination of Kitchin will be a body blow, likewise to the Honorable Charles Brantley Aycock. The two big chiefs know this better than anybody else and that is why they are in Charlotte today fighting the battles of Locke Craig. They have been of great service to Craig, too, getting votes for him in counties where he would have gotten but few if any.

Horne's Following Cosmopolitan.

The Horne following is made up of several classes. The ultra-conservative, the old soldiers, the personal friend and the practical type are following the flag of the merchant-farmer candidate and, consious of the fact that they hold the balance of power, have strong hopes of nominating their man.

The present indications are that the convention will be a protracted affair. The gubernatorial fight though exciting the most interest is not the only contest going on here by any means. For every office that is to be filled there are a number of candidates, and they and their friends are as busy as any of the others are in button-holing delegates and begging for support.

Bryan Will Be Indorsed.

It is likely that the convention will be in session all of Wednesday night and all day Thursday. It may even be longer than that. It is practically certain that Bryan will be indorsed and delegates to the national convention instructed. Chairman Chatham as good as admitted this to the writer. Mr. Chatham did not say so but it is understood that he is opposed to instructing for Bryan. Speaker Justice says the resolution will certainly pass and that it will be one of the first things done by the convention. He may introduce the resolutions; at any rate he will support them. It is a Bryan convention beyond any doubt although there are members of the conservative Democrats here who are opposed to him and say he cannot win.

Every train that has come to Charlotte today has brought a crowd of delegates and rooters. Everybody is wearing a badge of some sort. The Kitchin

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Principals in Latest International Wedding at London

MRS. JOHN WARD, Who Was Miss Jean Reid — HON. JOHN WARD.

RACES MUST PROGRESS TOGETHER, DECLARES BOOKER WASHINGTON

Addresses Sunday School Convention in Session at Louisville.

TO MEET NEXT IN 'FRISCO

Louisville, Ky., June 22.—With enthusiasm unabated in spite of the excessive heat of the last three days, officers and delegates attending the Interational Sunday-school convention at the Armory today begin to see the end of their arduous labors. The convention is scheduled to close tomorrow. Consideration of the message of the executive committee occupied the attention of the convention today.

Other business on the program includes the report o fthe treasurer, Fred. A. Wells, Chicago, and discussion of "Our Opportunity and How to Meet It," by Justice J. J. Maclaren, Toronto, Ont.; George W. Bailey, Philadelphia; John R. Pepper, Memphis, and Marion Lawrence, Chicago.

The entire afternoon session was taken up with the selection or the next meeting place. The vote stood: San Francisco, 682; New Orleans, 307; Des Moines, 83.

The convention will be held in June, the exact date to be announced later.

The principal speakers at the night session were W. N. Hartshorn, of Boston, chairman of the International Executive Committee, who took for his topic "New Plans for Sunday-School Work Among the Negroes," and Booker T. Washington, principal of Tuskegee Institute, at Tuskee, Ala. Washington said in part:

"I was born in the south. I was born a slave. In the southern part of the United States there are more than eight

(Continued on Page Two.)

LONG LIST OF DEATHS AND PROSTRATIONS DUE TO THE INTENSE HEAT

Seven Die in Chicago Where Mad Dog Scare Adds to Unpleasantness.

NO RELIEF IS IN SIGHT

Chicago, Ill., June 22.—The hottest day of the year brought death and suffering to Chicago. Seven deaths were reported to the coroner's office and heat prostrations were numerous.

In addition a mad dog scare spread through the city and the chief of police ordered his men to shoot all unmuzzled dogs.

A similar order issued in Morton Park, a suburb, resulted in the killing of forty canines in a few hours.

The thermometer reached 94 degrees at five o'clock this afternoon.

Scores Prostrated in New York.

New York, June 22.—A severe heat wave which has enveloped the eastern states for three days prostrated over a score of persons in and about New York today. No relief is promised for two days by the weather bureau and hospitals are preparing to handle any number of cases tomorrow.

All New York and its environs sweltered today and tonight. There was little reduction in the temperature, which reached a maximum of 86 degrees at the weather bureau at one o'clock today.

Should the heat continue the public parks will be thrown open to all who wish to sleep on the lawns.

Bell Renamed In Georgia.

Gainesville, Ga., June 22.—Congressman Thomas M. Bell was today renominated for a third term in Congress by the Ninth district convention. Resolutions indorsing his record were adopted.

WADE ELLIS ANSWERS BRYAN'S CRITICISMS OF REPUBLICAN PLATFORM

Declares That Nebraskan's Charges Are Unworthy a Candidate for President.

COULDN'T PLEASE EVERYBODY

Columbus, O., June 22.—Attorney-General Wade H. Ellis, of Ohio, who was a member of the committee on resolutions of the Republican national convention, issued tonight replies to criticisms of the platform made by W. J. Bryan. The attorney-general's statement in part follows:

"The charge made by Mr. Bryan that the Republican declaration with respect to the use of the writ of injunction was designed to 'deceive the laboring man' is unworthy of a candidate for President, and the further charge that this plank merely declares the existing law and will give no relief in those cases in which there has been an abuse of discretion or the apprehension of it, is unworthy of any lawyer who has examined this question. The anti-injunction resolution is a frank, clear statement of the Republican party's position on a question on which others have been attempting to deceive labor. The sole basis of any rational complaint as to the issuance of injunctions in labor cases has been the use of the writ without notice and the long delays in some instances which have intervened before a hearing of the case. The present statute does not require any notice at all before the granting of a temporary order, and it is entirely within the discretion of the court to postpone to any time the judge may see fit the hearing upon the question of an injunction. The Republican plank simply declares that notice shall always be given unless an irreparable injury will result from delay and, in that case, there shall be a speedy hearing provided. In other words, the platform declaration is designed to give assurance that what is now the general practice in the federal courts shall be made universal by statute, in order that hereafter no course of complaint or misapprehension shall remain. This may not satisfy the extremists on either hand, but it was not expected to do that. It will meet the approval of every right thinking man, whether an employer or an employe.

"Mr. Bryan objects further to the phrase in the injunction plank which proclaims confidence in the integrity of the courts. It is true, perhaps, that the convention which is yet to meet at Denver, rather than that which has just adjourned at Chicago, should express faith in the integrity of the court; but in view of the Democratic attack in 1896, and the fact that the same forces which then controlled that party are once again in supreme command, it would seem entirely appropriate for the Republican party not only to remove any possible cause of complaint in the use of the writ of injunction, but to make it clear that it would resent again, as it did in 1896 any attempt to assail the judiciary.

"All that anyone wants is that the powers of the Federal Courts with respect to the use of injunction shall be accurately defined by statute, to the end that all occasions for complaint in labor cases which happily have been rare in the past, shall disappear altogether in the future. The Republican plan points to a simple and straightforward way of achieving this purpose."

T. A. Hunter, of the Hunter Manufacturing and Commission Company, was out of the city yesterday on matters of business.

NOTABLE FOLK OF TWO NATIONS ATTEND THE REID-WARD WEDDING

Daughter of American Ambassador Becomes the Bride of Equrry—Many Beautiful Presents Received.

London, June 23.—With King Edward and Queen Alexandra smiling approval from their private gallery, Jean Reid, daughter of Whitelaw Reid, the American ambassador to England, was married this afternoon in the Chapel Royal of St. James' Palace to the Hon. John Hubert Ward, brother of the Earl of Dudley and Equerry-in-Waiting to the King.

The ancient chapel, one of the few remains o fthe old palace of the Tudors in which Queen Victoria and several of her daughters were married, was prettily decorated wtih flowers for this, the most fashoinable of recent weddings in London. A great crowd assembled in St. James' Square to watch the arrival of the bridal party and the King and the Queen and other members of the royal family who, by their attendance at the chapel an dthe subsequent reception at Dorchester house, the city residence of Ambassador Reid, paid a compliment to the American ahbassador and his daughter seldom accorded even to members of the English nobility.

The invitations which were limited to less than one hundred on account of the smallness of the church, set the time of arrival at 2.45 p. m., and by that hour all the guests had found their seats.

While the guests were assembling Dr. Alcock, the composer and the organist o fthe chapel rolay, played a fugue by Johann Sebastyian Bach, the nuptial march by Alexander Guilmant, the Entr' Acte and bridal march from "The Birds of Aristophanes" by Sir H. H. Parry, an andantino, by Guilmant and the prelude to Act III. of "Lohengrin."

A few minutes before three o'clock King Edward and Queen Alexandra drove from Buckingham palace and proceded at once to the royal gallery, where the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and Princess Patricia already had arrived. As is customary in the Church of England service, the clergyman accompanied by a surplieed choir, formed a bridal procession at the door and preceded it up the chapel, the choir singing "Lead Us, Heavenly Father, Lead Us."

The Rev. Edgar Sheppard, canon of St. George's chapel, Windsor, where the King and Queen attend services when in residence at Windsor Castle, officiated. He was assisted by the Rev. William Grosvenor, rector of the Church of the Incarnation, New York, a church of which Mr. and Mrs. Reid have been members for many years, and the Rev. Hiers Claughton, rector of Hutton-Brentwood, a cousin of the groom. The bride's dress was of soft white satin, trimmed with old rose point lace given her by her grandmother. The fronts of the skirt and waist were practically covered with this beautiful lace which was caught up with tiny white buds and orange blossoms. The court train was of the same material as the dress and like it was trimmed with rose point lace. The veil, too, had a lace center and edging and was held by a wreath of orange blossoms.

The bride wore but three pieces of jewelry, and these all were old-fashioned clasp bracelets, the wedding presents of King Edward, Queen Alexandra and Mr. Ward, and looked charmingly beautiful as she walked up the aisle of the historical old chapel on the arm of her father. Miss Jennie Croker, of San Francisco, attended her cousin and on account of the smallness of the chapel, which even with all the precautions was rather overcrowded, was the only bridesmaid. She wore a dainty costume of white embroidered muslin with blue sash and a large picture hat trimmed with flowers. There were also in attendance five little children, two boys and three girls, all in quaint costumes of blue and white, taken from one of Reynolds' famous child pictures. They made as pretty a little troupe as has ever followed a bride to the altar. The children were: Hon. Roderick Ward and Miss Margaret Ward, son and daughter of the Earl and Countess of Dudley; the Honorables Nigel and Marion Glyn, children of Lord and Lady Wolverton; and Miss James, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William James. Major George L. Holford, equerry-in-waiting to the King, through whom the bride and groom first met, supported Mr. Ward and the ushers were Messrs. Cyril, Robert and Gerald Ward, brothers of the groom, Ogden Reid, Craig Wadsworth, Grant Smith and E. Sheldon Whitehouse. Among those invited to the ceremony in the Chapel Royal were: All the ambassadors of foreign countries accredited to the Court of St. James; Mr. F. E. de Bille, Danish Minister and dean of the ministers; the Right Hon. H. H. Asquith, prime minister and Mrs. Asquith; Sir Edward Grey, secretary of state for foreign affairs; Sir Charles and Lady Hardinge, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Harcourt, Mr. A. J. Balfour, ex-premier; Lord and Lady Lansdowne, the Duke and Duchess of Buccleuch, Lord and Lady Londonderry, the Misses Helen and Kate Bryce and Miss Sibyl Douglas of New York, Lord and Lady Genford, Lady Theo. Acheson, Miss Helen Post, Mr. Henry White, American ambassador to France, Mrs. and Miss White, Capt. and Mrs. Cloman, Commander and Mrs. Gibbons, Mr. J. Ridgely Carter, Mrs. and Miss Carter, Mr. D. O. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills and Miss Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Cavendish Bentinck, the Earl and Countess of Dudley, the Dowager Lady Dudley and Lord and Lady Wolverton. Mr. J. P. Morgan was invited but as he had to sail for America last week he could not attend.

Seldom has the bride been the recipient of a greater or more beautiful lot of wedding presents. There were many handsome and costly pieces of jewelry,

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RACING GETS DEATH BLOW IN LOUISIANA

Measure Prohibiting Gambling in Any Form Passes Senate by Close Vote.

SCENES LIKE THAT IN NEW YORK ASSEMBLY

Charge of Posioning Made By Advocate of the Bill Against Its Opposers—One So Ill That He could Scarcely Stand.

Baton Rouge, La., June 23.—After a campaign lasting several months, the close of which was marked by a bitter fight, the Locke anti-racing bill was this afternoon passed by the Louisiana Senate by a vote of 21 to 19. The bill passed the House several weeks ago and now only requires the signature of the governor to become law.

There appears no doubt that Governor Sanders will sign the bill immediately.

It required 21 votes to get the bill through the Senate and the last twenty-four hours before its passage were marked by a desperate effort to muster the necessary strength. One senator was found to be suffering from some form of poisoning and another who had committed himself in favor of the bill did not show up. Several physicians were put to work on the ailing member and two New Orleans reporters were sent scurrying in an automobile through the Louisiana marshes on a ninety-mile trip after the one who was absent. Both of these senators were finally gotten on the floor and made the twenty-one votes necessary to carry the bill.

A minute or so before final passage of the bill a lively and somewhat bitter debate was indulged in by members of the body. Senator Labbe charged that the racing faction had used "knock-out drops" to keep senators away from their sworn duty, and charges and counter-charges followed.

The passage of the bill was greeted with a storm of applause. The bill prohibits book-making, parimutuels machines or gambling in any form on races.

The senator whose illness caused the charges of poisoning to be made was J. S. Smart, of Desoto parish. After Senator Labbe's statement about knock-out drops had been made, Senator Smart, despite his weakness, addressed the Senate, saying that there was absolutely no foundation for the reports that poison had caused his attack. He said he was subject to such attacks. Senator Labbe then explained that his charge as to knock-out drops had not referred to Dr. Smart in particular, and that it was not to be interpreted literally. He spoke, he said, in a figurative sense, intending to show the sort of methods the racing interests had used.

Senator Settoon, of Livingston parish, the absentee who was searched for with an automobile, was delayed on account of a change in train schedules. When he missed the train on which he had intended to come to Baton Rouge yesterday he had to wait twenty-four hours for another train. With the exception of one vacancy due to death, the full membership of the Senate was present when the vote was taken. One vote gained by the race track interests, or even the failure of one of the Locke bill supporters to vote, would have defeated the bill. The tension was, therefore, extreme as the roll was called.

Twice the name of a senator whose action had been reported doubtful, was called, and each time that senator voted against the bill. These two senators were T. J. Davis, of Vernon parish, and H. C. Drew, of Calcasieu. Their votes against the bill left the measure on the sheer verge of defeat as the roll progressed. Then the name of Smart, one of the storm centers of the day's debate, was called. Ill and scarcely able to remain in his seat, his presence recalled vividly the recent rollcall on racing in New York. Though weak of voice, his

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BODY OF DR. BRYAN TAKEN FROM YADKIN

THE INTERMENT WILL BE AT WARSAW—LITTLETON'S BODY NOT RECOVERED.

Spencer, N. C., June 23.—The body of Dr. John S. Bryan, one of the victims drowned in the narrows of the Yadkin river near Whitney Sunday, came to the top of the water early today and was recovered by a searching party which has worked constantly since the accident. Te body of the other man, Thomas Littleton, of Albemarle, remains at the bottom of the great stream.

Accompanied by a brother, Judge H. R. Bryan, of Newbern, the body of John S. Bryan was tonight carried to Warsaw for interment.

GEORGIA DELEGATES WILL NOT BE INSTRUCTED

Democrats Meet in State Convention, Elect Delegates, Hand Tom Watson a Lemon, and Ratify Joe Brown.

Atlanta, Ga., June 23.—Georgia will send an uninstructed delegation to the Democratic convention at Denver. The Democratic state convention met here today, selected delegates to the Denver convention, formally ratified the nomination of the state ticket headed by Joseph M. Brown for governor, which was chosen at the recent primary, and adopted a platform.

A resolution indorsing Thomas E. Watson for the second place on the Democratic national ticket was overwhelmingly defeated. The platform urges strict control of all public utility corporations; pledges the strict and just enforcement of the present state prohibition law and the use of all legitimate means to defeat any amendment which may tend to weaken or emasculate it.

Continuing the platform says:

"We favor such contitutional restrictions on suffrage as shall protect the ballot from the venal and corrupt. Confidently replying upon the ratification o fthe proposed franchise amendments next October, we pledge ourselves to the strict and impartial enforcement of the same."

The delegates at large are:

A. H. Cox, of Atlanta; P. W. Meldrim, Savannah; W. S. West, Valdosta;

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SOL COMBINES WITH GENERAL HUMIDITY

TWO VETERAN WARRIORS BRING POPULATION INTO LIGHT VESTURE AND SHADED CORNERS.

Old Sol and General Humidity combined forces yesterday and made a strong and almost irresistible attack upon Greensboro. In fact, the attack was general throughout this section, with the outlying flanks yet to be heard from, and if it be continued much longer a complete surrender to the attacking forces is not improbable.

But consolation is to be found in almost everything. This kind of weather is good for the growing crops, a fact that tends to reduce the caloric in the minds of the merchants. It is also a good thing for the druggists and other dispensers of that which cheers, but does not exhiliarate, as well as for the suffering iceman, who now smile more complacently every time the thermometer gains another notch in the tube.

OFFICIAL CANVASS OF FLORIDA PRIMARIES

COUNT OF DEMCRATS SECOND VOTE WILL BE MADE THURSDAY.

Jacksonville, Fla., June 23.—The official canvass of the vote of the second Democratic primary will take place here Thursday.

Unofficial returns show that Dannitte H. Mays, of Monticello, was nominated for Congress from the Third district by the narrow margin of 57. J. Walter Kehoe, who was the leading candidate against Mr. Mays, filed a contest in Leon county, but it was thrown out by the committee.

For the delegates to the national convention at Denver, all, with the possible exception of one, are favorable to the nomination of William J. Bryan for President.

The contest for railroad commissioner was very close, Dunn being nominated over Jackson by a small majority.