ailn Bournal-Observe:

STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

SUNDAY, JUNE 10, 1883.

A HOLLOW MOCKERY.

The appropriations made by the last Congress for the fiscal year now about to commence made no reductions in anticipation of a consolidation of the internal revenue districts. They were made on the usual basis, except that Raum asked for over a hundred thousand dollars more than the last appropriation, chiefly for the expenses of his office. The "act to reduce internal taxation and for other purposes," which was also a tariff act, cut off the taxes "on capital and deposits of banks, bankers and national banking associations, except such taxes as are now due and payable; and on and after the first day of July, 1883, the stamp tax on bank checks, drafts, orders and vouchers, and the tax on matches, perfumery, medicinal preparations," etc. This reduced the revenue more than onefourth, but it contained no provision for the reduction of expenses. The full force of the internal revenue bureau has been retained up to this time, although it is proposed to consolidate some of the districts. The President is said to be in favor of it, and it will, perhaps, be done, but as we have heretofore said, the consolidation when made It is well equiped and managed. will afford no relief to the Southern people by ridding them of the system, while it will not be of much consequence to the country at large as an act of economy. Indeed it is said that a proposition will be made to supply the places of the collectors who will be consolidated out of office by deputy collectors, the reason assigned being that their assistance will be necessary to the due execution of the law and the efficiency of the service. If this is done of course the only amount that would be saved by the operation would be the difference between the salaries of these deputy collectors and the collectors whose places they would take. One thing is sure, and that is that North Carolina and the other Southern States will not be relieved of the swarms of internal revenue officials and employes now engaged in that service. The Republicans intend to make a desperate effort to capture several Southern States next year, and therefore will not dispense with the services of the most effective machinery they have for the accomplishment of their purpose. But the Democrats of the next Congress may be able to find a remedy for the evil. They ought to try, at least, and throw the responsibility of a failure to give the people relief on the Senate and the President. The same course, we think, ought to be pursued in regard to a judicious revision of the tariff.

RELIGIOUS TOLERANCE.

We are pleased to see that the University of North Carolina has conferred the degree of Doctor of Divinity on the Rev. S. Mendelsohn, Rabbi of the Temple of Israel in Wilmington. The degree was doubtless merited by Dr Mendelsohn as a learned divine, but our satisfaction arises altogether from another source. He is the first Isrealite upon whom this distinction has ever been conferred in this State, and we cherish the fact as an honorable evidence of the truly catholic spirit which prevails among our people. Up to the convention of 1835, which changed the State Constitution for the first time since the Revolution, religious intolerance was incorporated into the fundamental law, and no Roman Catholic or Jew could hold office, not being a person "who believed in the truth of the Protestant religion." That convention abolished the inhibition as to Catholics, and afterwards it was also abolished as to Jews, and complete religious liberty was established, and the fullest recognition has since been given

to men of all faiths. This honor conferred on Dr. Mendelshon recalls the fact that the bigotry from which we have escaped still pre" vails in other States, not in the way of statuary enactment but in public sentiment, as appears from the following from a recent issue of a Western news-

Gen. Ben DeFevre, who represents one of the Democratic congressional districts of Ohio has been mentioned as a candidate for governor of the State. He is one of the finest-looking men an Congress, and one of the most popular men in his district. He served with distinction during the war. To one of his friends, who approached him in regard to the governorship of Ohio he replied: "I cannot be a candidate for governor and you must not arge it. I am a Catholic, and no Catholic can ever be elected Governor of Ohio."

We believe that Hon. Frank Hurd, who is well known throughout the country as a very able member of Con-gress, declined to allow his name to be used as a candidate for Governor of Ohio for the same reason which Gen. LeFevre gave. And yet about half the Democratic voters of that State are Catholics.

THE TRUE POSITION. The true and safe position for the | New York Times. Democratic party to take on the tariff
question—the position which every
Democratic Congress and every Democratic President has taken while the

A republican paper denouncing the cotton manufacturers of New England as opposed to protection, and a Democratic paper warning the South against them as free traders, are signs of the Democratic party to take on the tariff party held power in this country—a po-sition illustrated in every Democratic statesmen who imagine the Republican sition illustrated in every Democratic tariff since the foundation of the government, and never repudiated in the legislation of Congress—is, that as a secondary consideration in a revenue tariff the encouragement of American industries should not be excluded. We have always contended that the word only," as used in the platform of 1880. does exclude the ides of any, the least, ction to home industries and for that reason we have opposed the use of

The difference between the two par-ties in regard to the tariff is that the Republicans make pretection the main object, while the Democrats make rev-enue the main object. This difference is wide enough. The American Register very well expresses our sentiments

tries and labor without creating mo-nopolies. While steering clear of one extreme we should not run into the op-posite extreme of repudisting even in-cidental protection. In avoiding Scylla we should not run into Charybdia.

And the repudiation of incidental protection in the mere revenue tariff of the Democracy will drive off hundreds of thousands of voters from the party, while it will bring no accessions, what soever, to our ranks.

OUR SCHOOLS.

Commencement at Thomasville, Wednesday and Thursday of this week, the Twenty Sixth Annual Commencement of Thomasville Female College was held. Rev. C. C. Dodson of the North Car-elina Conference preached the sermon on Wednesday evening from Matthew

Thursday Hon A M Scales delivered the Literary Address. His theme was "Woman, at Home, in the Church, and

Miss Nettie J Lopp and Miss Maggie M Askew received full diplomas. The former read the Salutatory and the lat-

former read the Salutatory and the latter the valedictory.

Miss Sallie Hilton received Belles-Letters Diploma. Several young ladies received Diplomas of Schools completed in the College course.

A very pleasant incident of the day was the presentation by Gen. Scales on behalf of the parents of a fine gold watch and chain to Miss Nettie J. Lopp their adopted daughter.

their adopted daughter.

Wednesday night the usual commencement concert was given, consisting of vocal and instrumental music well rendered. After which we all re-tired feeling that President Reinhart and his accomplished corps of teachers had done well their part and that their efforts had been largely successful, the young ladies acquitting themselves with honor, from the graduating down to the preparatory classes.

This college is in successful operation and well deserves a share of patronage

The Civil Service Commission. Washington Correspondence Baltimore Sun.

As has been announced, the civil service commission is expected to resume its labors in this city to-morrow, all three commissioners now being here Several of the departments have within the last week or two returned their papers to persons making application for office, with the information that they should apply to the commission It is not improbable, however, that a few appointments may be yet made in the departments, through favoritism or otherwise, before the commission fairly gets to work. A Senator, always supposed to be of commanding influence, has for some time been trying very hard to secure a clerical positron for a very deserving lady, but without avail. In lamenting his want of success to-day, he said that, had his client been young and practice instead of aged and homely and pretty, instead of aged and homely, he was satisfied the place would long since have been given her, and now it was all up, as she could not pass th civil service examination. The commissioners all express themselves as much gratified with the result of their visits to the large cities and conference with the leading Federal officials, who they say, evinced a purpose to co-operate heartily with them. They reiterate most positively that the political bias of candidates for examination shall not be taken into the least consideration, and that any examiner who undertakes to make a discrimination on this ac count will be summarily removed from his position. It is understood that about fifteen thousand places will come under the operations of the commission, and if the law works satisfactorily, the idea of the commission is that Congress will be induced to enlarge its scope and take in many more offices.

A Monster Gun.

Raieigh News and Observer. Mr Chas. E. Johnson is the happy pos sessor of a monster gun; the largest in fact ever seen here save a sign. He found it in the country near Charlotte and at once bought it for his museum. The gun is of German make, a"flint and steel," and was manufactured at Potssteel," and was manufactured at Potsdam, perhaps within the past fifty years. It weighs 28 pounds, is 6 feet long, and has a projecting piece of iron, which shows that it is a punt gun, by which term the heavy swivel guns used on the coast in killing geese, ducks, &c., are known. The diameter of the bore is % inch. The gun is fitted with leaf sights and was evidedtly intended to shoot bullets on occasion. It is on exhibition at Julius Lewis & Co.'s. Mr Johnson is so proud of it that he has established so proud of it that he has established his head quarters in the store and exhibits the prize to everybody. It is worth seeing.

Foreign Experts from the Port of Wilmington for the Month of May.

Below we give a statement of the foreign exports from the port of Wilmington for the month of May, as compiled from the books in the Custom

Cotton—1,576 bales, weighing 724,787 pounds, and valued at \$75,197.

Rosin and Turpentine—37,639 barrels, valued at \$60,639.

Tar and Pitch—2,250 barrels, valued

at \$4,317.
Spirits Turpentine—202,320 gallons, valued at \$78,706. Lumber-971,000 feet, yalued at -\$15,-

Shingles—75,000, valued at \$579. Total on American vessels, \$10,632; on foreigh vessels, \$223,487. Grand to-

A Bear in a Wheat Field.

On Wednesday morning Mr. Max Warlick and his little son went into a wheat field near his house to drive out the chickens. Within fifty yards of his house, and in 10 feet of his stables, he jumped a black bear which ran away. Mr. Warlick immediately started in pursuit. The excitement spread and soon the whole neighborhood joined in. After chasing the bear for about three miles it accounts.

miles it escaped.

This is supposed to be the same bear that was chased in Cleaveland county last week. Some years ago a bear was killed near Mr. A. Costner's, within five miles of

Breakers Ahead.

party has perfectly plain sailing in the matter of the tariff.

A Few Unvarnished Facts.

Our success in forcing off a great portion of

UR IMMENSE STOCK.

Has aroused the spleen of competitors, and since the insertion of our advertisement of last week (which, by the way, our patrons have appreciated), fhere has been some carping by competitors on the way, our patrons have appreciated), there has been some carping by competitors on the words "at cost." To our patrons we would say, "at and under cost" means selling them goods at a price lower than they ever have been or ever will be purchased for again. We do not mis-state facts—we do not advertise we are "selling out to retire from business," as a competitor has previously done, and after selling off old goods at good prices, start anew—with the people's money. Not We came here years ago, we came here to stay, as our fair treatment and invariable adherence to all our promises is our best evidence. To make room for improvements we are selling off our stock

At and Under Cost.

which is as far below any "selling price" as our earth from the heavens above. It smacks too much of the ignorance of olden years to say "cost" is a secondary consideration in fixing a selling price, as, thanks to the logic of our enlightened generation, they are too well versed in the principles of human action to suppose that "men dc business for the fun

of the thing," and we believe our friends are not apt to be caught with the snaring allusion of the "selling price" is always regardless of the "cost," and this, like all false philosophic bubbles, bursts into a thousand fragmentory rays when exposed to the light of day.

We are not offering to sell auction jobs of small articles amounting to 25 or 50 cents, as a bait to the unsuspecting public, but are actually selling good, honest Clothing at proportionally low prices.

One and All Come and See Us.

Give us a call, and we will give you what we have always given, "FAIR AND SQUARE TREATMENT," and convince you of the fact that "Our Word is Our Bond," and not like others to beat around the bush, but to invariably do as we promise.

Yours, most respectfully,

L. BerWanger & Bro.,

LEADING CLOTHIERS and TAILORS.

THAT A MERCHANT CANNOT AFFORD TO CARRY GOODS FROM ONE SEASON TO ANOTHER.

Everybody seems to be clesing out or selling out at cost. We would rather have

\$75.00 for Goods that Cost Us \$100.00

ON MONDAY, JUNE 11TH, WE WILL COM-MENCE A SALE

That will convince our friends that we intend to give them all the advantages, so far as prices are concerned, that any house in town can or will give.

Cost Price Will Not Govern Us at all in This Sale.

Our instructions to our salesmen are: SELL the Goods for ANY PRICE that can be named.

THE GOODS MUST BE SOLD!

Now, this does not mean that we are going to close out, but sacret POWDERS. simply means that we cannot afford to carry our stock. All we ask is for the trade to call. All goods with out reserve will be sold. We make no excuse for this sale, except that we cannot afford to carry stock.

Everything Will be Arranged and Marked Down,

so that you can buy from any salesman we have with a certainty of getting goods at low prices.

Very truly,

Miscellaneous. ATTRACTIVE,

Stylish! - - Comfortable!!

Spring Nevelties

CHILDRENS' SHOES

A. E. RANKIN & BRO.,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

THE DRUG STORE

OF

TRYON STREET,

Dr. DENNIN'S Sure Cure for Rheumatism, \$1.50

MINERAL WATERS of all kinds. Green and Black TEAS, for the Betali Trade

French and American TOILET SOAPS.

DRUGGISTS.

DOVE'S

In to-day's paper carefully. It is full of in terest and importance to you.

OUR DISPLAY OF-

Business

-IS ENOUGH TO ATTRACT-

Any One in Search of New Attire.

And the wonder is that everybody don't come here for clothes. They would if they knew our methods of classif fabrics and

GUARANTEEING EVERY SALE

whereby persons with no knowledge whatever of clot assured of being able

To Procure a Good, Reliable Arti

and there is a certain tone, character and style abou Clothing that at once distinguishes it from the commo of ready-made.

We desire to continue special mention of

OUR GREAT STRAW HAT SALE.

Buys from us a better hat than can be bought elsewi One Dollar.

R. D. Latta & Bro