Daily Lournal-Observer

THE STRIKE.

INVESTIGATING THE STRIKE ON THE WIRES.

Officers of the Brotherhood Appear Be-

fore the Senate Sub-Committee and Tell The Story of the Strike. New York, August 18 .- The subcommittee of the United States Senate committee on labor and education began its session to day in the postoffice building. The members present were Senators Blair, of New Hampshire, chairman; George, of Mississippi; Pugh of Alabama; Cail, of Fierida, and Al-drich, of Rhode Island. The special subject of the sub committee of investigation is the strike and labor movements in general, the object being to obtain information which may be used in securing future legislation to pre-vent them. The committee held several sessions last winter, when a number of witnesses were examined. The first witness to-day was John Campbell of Pittsburg, Master Workman of the Telegraph Brotherhood. He testified that he had been a telegraph operator 20 years and he had been connected with the Knights of Labor and Broth-erhood of Telegraphers for two years. There were between 18,000 and 19,000 in the United States and Canada who are members of the Brotherhood, and the whole membership is about 22,000 The cause of the strike was the refusal to grant a demand on the part of the operators for increased compensation, a decrease in hours and extra compensation for Sunday work. Since 1879 the salaries of operators had been systematically cut down. The object of the strike was to bring the rate of compensation back to its former standard. Operators were now paid a fixed salary per month, the average rate throughout the country being about \$54 for commercial operators, \$39 per month for railroad operators. The average rates for railroad operators in Pennsyl wania is \$38 to \$85 per month. The rate of wages for first-class commercial operators had ranged from \$80 to \$85 per month. The salaries in New York city

that in this city. The lowest rates for commercial operators were from \$35 to \$40 per month, for operators at small way stations. Before the reduction in wages the rates were from 35 to 40 per cent, higher than at present. In 1870 first-class operators could get from \$90 to \$120 per month. These rates extened back to the time of the beginning of the war, when the scale of wages was about the same as it is at present for railroad operators and that for com-mercial men a little higher. The W U Co employs a quarter of all the opera-tors in the country and about two-thirds are railroad operators. The American Rapid Co employs only about one-fifth as many operators as the W U. The protest of the Brotherhood was against all the Companies and all employeer of telegraph operators.

The rate of wages was not considered sufficient to live upon and was much below that of common day laborers. In many instances the companies were

were higher than those in smaller cities

west, with the exception of New Or-leans, Memphis and Nashville where

the scale of wages was about equal to

able to pay higher wages to their men without increasing their rates for service to the public. This was evident from the large dividends paid by the Western Union. Besides this the facilties for transmitting messages had been increased by the invention of duplex and quadruplex instruments. There had been no reduction in the tariff in consequence of these improvements but on the other hand the wages of the operators were cut down.

The number of operators had doubled The number of operators and compa-since 1870 while the facilities of compa-Western Union in that year handled 7.000,000 messages and last year the number was 35,000,000. Campbell related the history of the

strike since its beginning. There was a convention of the Brotherhood, he said, held in Chicago last March at which a bill of grievances was drawn up. This was presented to the different assemblies of the Brotherhood throughout the United States and Canada who unanimously adopted the action of the convention. Returns to the executive board were made about two months ago and the committee was instructed to present the demands of operators to the different companies, and they were also empowered to arbitrate upon any propositions that might be made by the companies. On the 16th of July the demands were presented to the Western Union, American Rapid, Baltimore and Ohio, Commercial, and numerous telephones companies in the city. The only answer which has yet been received is from the American Rapid company which has partially acceded to the demands of the Brotherhood. The answer of the Western Union company to the appeal of the operators was, it was not known whether the committee had authority to speak for the em-

Campbell said that 90 per cent of the employees were members of the Broth eruced. The operators had frequently presented their grievances to the local managers for an increase of wages but the had been disregarded. It was gen-erally believed that the Western Union company had an established system of blacklisting men who made application for an increase of wages and took the first opportunity of discharging them from hits employ, upon some pretext or another. Favoritism was shown by all the local managers skill was at a discount. A system of intimidation was practiced by the officials of the company. Since 1870 several movements had been started to organize the operators, but all had failed on account of this system of intimidation.

Campbell also intimated process of watering its stock practiced by the Western Union whenever it had absorbed a competing line. The company was now paying at least 28 per cent dividends on the real value of its stock. He also stated that the work of an operator was very wearing and exhausting and men seldom lived long who continued in the business. Many left it after following it for a score of years and this was about the limited average of mans endurence.

The Augusta & Knoxville Taken In.

AUGUSTA, GA., August 13.—Parties interested in the Georgia Central and Port Royal railroad have secured a controlling interest in the stock and bonds of the Augusta & Knexville railroad.
The road will be leased. Two per cent.
will be paid on the stock, and first mortgage sevens will be exchanged for first mortgage six per cent bonds.

Vellow Fever Reports.

WASHINGTON, August 18 .- The surgeon general of the marine hospital service has been informed that yellow fever has appeared at Cordova and also at Czuluca near Jalapa.

Twenty-two Deaths.

ALEXANDRIA, August 11th.—There were twenty-two deaths from choiera here yesterday.

Horseford's Acid Phosphate.
As a Nerve Food. Dr J W Smith, Wellington, O., says; paired nervous supply I have used it to ad

HILL'S HAIR AND WHISE ER DYR, 50 cents

THE CITY.

Arrival and Departure of Trains. BICHMOND AND DANVILLE. Leave Air Line Depot 8.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m. Arrive 2.00 a m. and 1.50 p. m.

Leave 2.20 a. m. and 2 10 p. m. Arrive 3 20 a. m. and 4.10 p. m.

CHABLOTTE, COLUMBIA AND AUGUSTA. Leave 2.10 p. m., and arrive 4.80 p. m.

C. C. & A .- A. T. & O. DIVISION. Leave 4.50 p. m., and arrive at 10.00 a. m. CAROLINA CENTRAL.

Leave 8.45 p. m. and 7.10 a. m. Arrive 7.00 a. m. and 8.25 p. m. C. C.- SHELBY DIVISION.

Leave 5.80 p. m., and arrive 10.89 a. m. Index to New Advertisements.

Phelan & Ross - Notice.

Miss M - Wanted.

Wittkowsky & Baruch Gents Department.

tionary temperature.

Indications. South Atlantic States, generally fair weather, winds mostly westerly, sta-tionary or rising barometer, nearly sta-

LUCAL RIPPLES.

-The criminal court opens next Monday. Deputy sheriff Griffith has 30 prisoners in jail for it to commence work upon.

-Mr J S Grier, of Providence township, sends us an open boll of cotton that was pulled from his field on last Saturday.

- The pavement along east side of Trade street between Tryon and College is being greatly complained of. The repairing squad should be put to work on it next.

- Rev Mr McDonald, of Steel Creek, preached two interesting sermons in the First Presbyterian church Sunday, to large congregations, upon whom he made a most favorable impression.

-The county commissioners were busy all day yesterday in revising the tax lists of the county, and hearing complaints from those who had complaints to make. They will continue their meeting to-day.

-Mr Walter Brem returned yesterday from a mountain trip. He says they had frost about Blowing Rock last Wednesday night, that the people sit by fires and sleep under blankets, and that he sold six safes before he came

-Mrs J Schiff and daughter Miss Emma who left this city last winter for a sojourn in La Porte, Ind, have left the latter place and are now taking in Niagara for a few days, and after which they will visit Washington City.

-The Dime Entertainment announced to be held this evening by the Ladies Aid Society of the Baptist church at Mrs Carrie E Smith's is postponed to next Tuesday evening, when it will be held at the Baptist Parson-

-One event of interest booked for to-morrow is a match game of baseball between the railroad boys. The passenger depot crew and Maj. Moody's car record boys, will tackle the freight depot crowd. The game will be played on the Institute grounds.

-Two new post offices were established in this state last Friday. Keelsville, in Pitt county, Love, in Henderson county, Theophilus Keel, postmaster of the former and Geo W Love, of the latter. Sallie E Burton has been commissioned postmistress at Bald

-Wadsworth yesterday commenced a large brick addition to his stable on the south side, back of the Second Presbyterian church. His stable already has the distinction of being the largest in the South, and yet he is not happy.

-A tremendous crowd was present at the Rock Springs campmeeting Sunday, and all report that good order prevailed. The mourners' bench was crowded by hundreds of penitents. Pleasant Grove meeting in Union county, is next in order.

-The directors of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, will hold their annual meeting in Richmond, on September 5th. The stockhelders of that road will hold their meeting in the same city on September 18th. Considerable "changing about" is expected to be the result of these meetings.

- Mr Henry M Meetze, a compositor in the JOURNAL OBSERVER office, lost his little six year old son yesterday morning, after a sickness of a day and a half. The sympathy of his many friends, deep and heartfelt is extended to Mr Meetze and his afflicted family in their hour of trouble.

-The regular monthly meeting of the board of aldermen which was to have been held yesterday, was a failure there being present only the mayor and aldermen Wilder, Bixby, Sanders, Rebertson, Stauffer and Ward, not sufficient to make a quorum. Aldermen Watts-Rigler, Long, Osborne, Spencer and Wilkes were abssent. Most of them were out of the city. Adjourned to next regular meeting in September.

A New Company Getting Old Men, Capt Frank Lanier, late lineman for the Western Union telegraph company in this State, and who was one of the boys that have bucked against that company, has gone into the service of the new Southern company, and yesterday left for Greensboro to report for duty. Capt Lanier is one of the best linemen out, and with his railroad velocipede, he can discountany of them in being every where at the same time. His past service for the Western Union is a guarantee that the Southern wires will be well kept up. Capt E R Dodge, late manager of the Western Union office in this city, has also entered the service of the Southern, and will work in the new Charlotte office.

How to Secure Mealth,

BURNING OF THE KIMBALL.

The South's Largest Hotel in Ashes-Sunday Morning's Blaze in Atlanta-No Lives Lost and Every Piece of Baggage Sayed -- Losses, One Million

Sunday morning, at an early hour, Mr. George Scoville, resident proprietor of the Buford House in this city, received a telegram from Mr. Levi Scoville, of the Kimball House, in Atlanta, conveying the startling news that that magnificent hotel had just been burned This brief announcement of the destruction of the largest hotel in the South, one with which Charlotte people are familiar, and under whose roof many of them have slept, created no little excitement in this place, and the Buford was crowded all day long with groups eager to hear everything that was to be heard. As proprietors of the Buford House, the Scoville brothers have made many warm friends in Charlotte, and this news of their great loss in Atlanta at once enlisted the sympathies of our people for them.

A letter received yesterday evening from Mr. Levi Scoville, says that the fire was discovered at half past four o'clock Sunday morning, and by eight o'clock the destruction of the building was complete. The fire originated in a paint shop in the basement of the house, and before the firemen could locate it, it had reached the elevator, up which it leaped with surprising rapidity to the roof, setting fire to every floor as it went. The Kimball was an immense house, with 350 rooms, besides the banks and stores. Mr. Scoville had every guest wakened and made them leave the house in quick order. His corps of servants were made to carry out baggage, and it is a remarkable fact that every piece of baggage in the house, except one trunk that belonged to a guest who was absent, was saved. Mr. Sol. Haas was the last to leave the house, and he had to get out in such a hurry as to leave his vest, containing his watch and a roll of money, behind. The Kimball was located right in the midst of a block of houses, but as there was no wind, and the flames rolled straight up, no other houses were burned, but how they escaped was simply a

The loss will foot up a round million of dollars. An Atlanta Constitution extra says that when it is remembered that the hotel cost \$600,000, and the furniture \$125,000, the amount of insurance seems strangely inadequate. On the building and furniture was only \$80,000. Dr. Joseph Thompson had \$25,000 on his third interest. The interest of John Rice is insured by John C. Whitner & Son for \$25,000. The Whitners also had \$15,000 on the ninth interest of Mr. J. T. Glenn. Mr. Joseph Thompson, Jr., owned a ninth interest which was insured for \$15,000 variously distributed. The ninth interest of General Toombs was not insured. He carried \$15,000 on it up to two years ago and then refused

to renew it. One reason why the owners carried so little insurance was because of the very high rate charged. The Kimball House was considered the worst risk in the city. A rate of 21/2 per cent was charged on it, while on ordinary central property only one per cent is charged. The Republic block just opposite was insured at 114 per cent, the addition of being made because of its proximity to the hotel.

Mr. Scoville spent \$20,000 on improvements and furniture when he was preparing for the exposition. He carried a policy of \$10,000 on this up to a year ago, when he declined to renew it, and at the time of the fire he had only \$1,200, and that in the North America. Mr. Scoville estimates his loss at from \$10,000 to \$15,000, that is, his direct loss in the fire, but when the hotel was a mass of smoking ruins, and it was found for certain that not a life had been lost. he exclaimed. "I am the happiest man in Georgia."

The Gate City National Bank was located in the building, and the safe was locked with a time lock, which was set for 36 hours on Saturday, and therefore could not be opened until yesterday morning at eight o'clock. There was in the safe \$47,000 in surrency or gold, and about three quarters of a million in securities-most of which could be replaced if they were destroyed. The losses of the various merchants who had stores in the building were heavy, and were only partially covered by in-

The Kimball House was opened to the public on the 17th of October, 1870. The architect of the building was a New York man, and the local superintendent was Mr. W. H. Parkins. The hotel cost, including the furniture with the south wing finished only to the second story, \$620,000, and it was owned by H. I. Kimball. In building the house he lacked some of the necessary funds, and had mortgaged the property. At the time of the failure of the Brunswick and Albany Railroad, and on account of losses by the Chicago fire, he became embarrassed and failed to raise money with which to carry on his enterprises, and the hotel then fell into the hands of the mortgagees.

The house is to be re-built on a larger and more improved plan.

A Miner Arrested and Jailed for Rape. At the Haile mine, just over the border in South Carolina a couple of days ago, considerable excitement was created by a party of lynchers who were hunting about for a miner named Joseph Clark. Clark had committed a a rape on a white woman near the Haile mine. The party were bent on cuted. As it was, however, they did not come up with him until their fever had cooled down, and better counse prevailing, he was escorted to jail, in-stead of to a tree. Clark is in Lancaster iail and the excitement in the vicinity has calmed down somewhat.

Too Thenkini for Words COAL Stre Character, Ark., May 26, 1880.
Warner & Co: Edri - I am too Shankful to
in words the good your date Kidney and
have han done my family.

Enty ? F MARLES. LINE TO LINE SECTION A

Fire at the Charlotte Hotel.

Yesterday about noon Mr Dick Lavercomb and policeman Joe Boyte discovered that the roof of the Chrrlotte Hotel kitchen was in a blaze, and without raising an alarm they mounted the roof and commenced tearing away the shingles, succeeding in this manner in extinguishing the flames. The fire had commenced burning briskly and a considerable part of the roof was destroyed. It caught by sparks falling from the kitchen chimney, the soot in which had caught fire during the forenoon.

Sale of the Blowing Rock Property.

Mr Len Estes, proprietor of the famous Blowing Rock property, has sold out to a Northerner for \$7,000. It is the intention of the new purchaser to build a fine hotel at the Rock for the accommodation of summer tourists and will have it open next year. The popularity of Blowing Rock as a summer resort has increased wonderfully lately, and the place has been overcrowded all this summer. In one week 167 people were turned away for tack of accommodations. A big hotel there has long been the need, and that it is to be built at last is good news.

Cutting Affray in Concord. A very serious cutting affray occurred at the depot in Concord last Saturday night, in which Mr Dock Corzine was badly hacked up by two brothers named John and Joe Orthage, two factory hands. The parties became involved in a quarrel, when the two brothers jumped on Corzine and stabbed and cut him in four or five places. Corzine's injuries were dressed by a physician who pronounces them serious, but not thought to be fatal. At last accounts the officers had not succeeded in arresting the two Orthage brothers.

Mayor's Court. Mayor Maxwell had a long sitting of his court yesterday, lasting from nine a. m., to three p. m. Eight cases, all for drunkenness and rows were disposed of. and the total fines from the day's court amounted to \$4250. A young colored boy named Dick Davis was arraigned for stealing a ham from Brown & Sossamon Saturday night and was bonded for trial by the Inferior court in the sum of \$50. Chester Perry, also colored and for larceny, was put under a bond of \$50 for trial by the Inferior court. Both gave bonds and were raleased.

A Military Picnic. We are informed that the Pineville Rifles are now preparing to give a grand picnic at Pineville on the 23d inst. A number of military companies will be present by special invitation and martial music will inspire the doings of the day. In addition to these interesting features a most bountiful feast will be spread for the refreshment of the multitudes, and important questions of public interest will be discussed. The Pineville people never fail in such undertakings and we predict a successful picnic on the 23d.

One Negre Shoots Another. A colored man named Bob Alexander was brought to the city Sunday by an officer from Long Creek township, and lodged in jail on charge of shooting another colored man. The affray occurred Saturday night and was all about a woman. Alexander and his adversary had a few words, when Alexander pulled out a pistol and shot the man down. The bullet struck the negro square in the forehead. Justice Thos Gluyas tried the case and put Alexander under a bond of \$200 for his appearance for trial before the Inferior court Deputy sheriff Griffith, the jailer, is bondsman. The wounded negro is in a bad way, but may recover.

The learned lawyers and cultivated citizens of Charlotte, who during the last lecture season had the honor and pleasure of listening to the lecture of Maj J J Feley of the New Orleans Bar on the "Orators and Oratory of the Old World," will be interested in hearing that the Major has progressed as far on his professional tour as Reading, Penn, where he had himself announced, and there were present to hear him, a representative of the Reading Times, and another man, both dead-heads, beside the gas-lighter. At 8:30 the audience had not increased, and the lecturer and his audience dispersed. From Reading he was to go to Pottsville to lecture there on the "Experienges of a Lecturer from New Orleans to Pottsville." Major Foley stated that he was travelling to gather material to write a book; and that he is a bachelor with money enough to live without lecturing.

Knocked on the Head and Robbed.

Mr. Jasper Nicholson, a citizen of Berryhill township, was assaulted and robbed on the Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta Railroad track, out by the old fair grounds, last Saturday night. He states that he was on his way to Pineville, and sat down by the track to rest and went to sleep. When he waked blood was flowing from an ugly wound on the side of his head, and his watch, pocket book and hat were gone. He had been struck over the head, on the left side, across the ear, with a piece of iron known as a railroad fish bar fastener. His ear was cut in twain and his head was badly gashed. The wounded man is lying at a house near the fair grounds, and is in a critical condition. One of the facical tendons was cut loose by the blow, Dr. Wilder, who attended him, says that from the fact of blood continually flowing from the ear he fears that the skull is broken inside lynching, and had they captured him at or that there is some other serious infirst, he would have been speedily exe-guted. As it was, however, they did who assailed him, and has no recollection of anybody having passed him on the railroad. These assaults and rob-beries have become unpleasantly frequent of late. The police inform us that there are an unusual number of rough looking proviers about town new, and this is probably the cause of it. The vegrant act should be put rigidly in force. Such a class of people are no credit to any community, and the somer it is rid of them the better.

The Tryon Street Methodist Church Improvement.

Ground will be broken this week for the improvements to the Tryon street Methodist church and the work will be pushed forward rapidly. Mr Josiah Asbury has been given the contract for the wood work and that for the brick work has been given to Mr D K Cecil. Mr Sam Towson takes the contract for the slate roofing, Mr G P Daougherty takes the tinning and Mr Henry Thomas will do the stonework. These are all the contracts so far given out, Services at the church will have to be suspended from this week until the improvements have been completed.

-Those desiring to purchase grave stones should read the advertisement of W G Berryhill in another column, as it proposes a rare bargain. eod d 2w

SOUTH CAROLINA NEWS.

The Charleston News and Courier in aconor of the centennial of the corporation of the city appeared yesterday in a complete new dress.

Earnest efforts have been made by the citizens of Mount Pleasant to beautify the town, since it was made the county seat of the new county, Berke-

W J Carr, white, who has been a citiof Greenwood since January last, was shot in the arm by J S Bailey, Saturday night, while committing a robbery in the stere of Bailey, Barksdale & Co. Carr is from

The centennial of the incorporation of Charleston was celebrated yesterday. The singularly pleasant features which the arrangements contemplated were wholesale recreation on the beach at Moultrieville or at White Point Garden instead of military display and the novel brilliancy of acquatic fire works; that is to say, fire works on the bosom of the lake. These consist of fiery porpoises, a rocket so constructed that it will plunge beneath the water and sp-pear again, imitating the antics of a school of porpoises. There were lights on the surface of the lakes changing in hue and color and a series of silver and gold fountains apparently bubbling up from the waters. Another display was so arranged that the whole surface of the lake would apparently be on fire.

THE PRESIDENT AND HIS PARTY.

Interview with the Indians-- A Horse-CAMP ROLLINS, W. T., VIA FT. WASH-AKIE, August 9.—After the Indians dance yesterday, at the camp, near dance yesterday, at the camp, near Fort Washakie, Captain Hayes, commanding troops G of the fifth cavalry, gave the President an exhibition drill, the commands being given by the trumpet. The drill included the ordinary maneuvers by the troops, formation and skirmishing, both on horse-back and toot, and ended with a charge. Just after this 250 mounted Indians—Shoshones and Arapahoes—gave a sham battle exhibition, showing the maneuvers executed by them in actual sham battle exhibition, showing the mansuvers executed by them in actual warfare. Their horsmanship was surprising, nearly every one riding bareback. Senator Vest, a member of the Senate committee, had an interview with Washakie, of the Shoshones, and Rackcote, of the Arapahoes, at about 5 o'clock, there being present a large body of Indians from both thibes. The Senator's inquiries were directed principally as to whether the Iadians would accept tenure in severalty instead of tenure in common, as now held by them. The Senator diged them to take their lands—160 acres to each head of a family and 80 acres to unmarried Indians. ly and 80 acres to unmarried Indians. They have 2,800, 000 acres in this reser vation. There are about 1,960 Indians and they hold under tenure in severalty \$250,000 in interest upon bonds of these

lands sold to the government.

The party are all well. The President proves to be a good horse man, and came into camp like an old campaigner. Immediately after the arrival of the party at the camp, which is on a beautiful trout stream, the President took his rod and soon killed the first trout.

He arrives camp life very much and is He enjoys camp life very much, and is up and out of his tent at 5 o'clock each morning, usually the first one, and with fiannel shirt and large hat enjoys it with the rest. Senator Rollins having distinguished himself in horsemanship on this march of 21 miles, General Sheridan, out of compliment to him, named our first camp Rollins.

The Sunday Law.

ST Louis, August 18.—The confidence of saloon keepers in their fight against the Sunday law does not seem to be as well grounded as the more active of supposed. The number of new violaters of the law reported by the police to-day was comparatively few. The first inewspaper case against Carl Darenzer, editor of the Anzeiger des Westerns and Emil Poretorins, editor of the Westliche Post were called in the court of criminal correction this morning. Although both editors had given bonds they were not present.
Neither were they represented by counsel. The court gave the defendants the benefit of doubt end instead of forfeiting their bonds continued their cases till September fourth.

This afternoon Judge Noonan decided that the State might prove that street cars are not a necessity in order to convict the officers of companies who are on trial for violating the law for running cars on Sunday. All the cases instigated against street railroad companies under the Sunday law will therefore be dismissed. therefore be dismissed.

Suppressing the News.

LONDON, August 13.—The Times LONDON, August 13.—The Times Madrid correspondent says that an order has been issued by the authorities forbidding the printing of any news touching insurrectionary movements in Spain, except what is officially supplied by the home office, cautioning editors of papers to abstain from comments upon current events. The correspondent adds that the strictest censorship is exercised on telegrams.

A seamstress who dwells at Nankeen Mashed her hand in a sewing maching The hand was a sight, But St. Jampes Oil quite Cured the cut, and prevented gangre

From Emiment Dr. C. C. Clark,
Oswego, N. I.

"GOLDEN'S LIQUID BEEF TONIC is by far
the best of all the preparations of the kind—food
and touis—that I have ever used. To the sufferer
from chaotic diseases, or the convalenceht, it is
invaluable, as it is both neurishing and strengthsupp." (Take no other.) Of druggists.

"For 35 years," says our correspondent Hen-Clark, of Fairfield, Lenawee Co., Rich., 'my with had Sts They sould last about an hour, an sometimes longer. Samaratine Novine has pe manently cured her." Fright in the Farm Hou

My Wife had Fite.

GLERE'S SULPHER SOAP DO some purpose to the state of the property of the state of all the list blocked

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!! Are you disturbed at night and broken of your sest by a sick child suffering and crying with the exeruciating pain of cuiting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MES. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle.



For Dyspepsin, Costiveness, Chronic Diar-Impurity of the Blood, Fever and

SYMPTOMS OF A DISEASED LIVER.

Bad Breath; Pain in the Side, sometimes the pain is felt under the Shoulder-blade, mistaken for Rheumatism; general loss of appetite; Bowels generally costive, sometimes alternating with lax; the head is troubled with pain, is dull and heavy, with considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of leaving undone something which ought to have been done; a slight, dry cough and flushed face is sometimes an attendant, often mistaken for consumption; the patient complains of weariness and debility; ner w us, easily starded; feet cold or burning, sometimes j prickly sensation of the skin exists; spirits are low and despondent, and, although satisfied that exercise would be beneficial, yet one can hardly summon up fortifude to try it—in fact, distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred when but few of them existed, yet examination after death has shown the Liver to have been extensively deraaged.

It should be used by all persons, old and young, whenever any of the above symptoms appear.

Persons Traveling or Living in Un-healthy Localities, by taking a dose occasion-ally to keep the Liver in healthy action, will avoid all Malaxia, Billious attacks, Dixiness, Nan-sea, Drowsiness, Depression of Spirits, etc. It will invigorate like a glass of wine, but is no in-toxicating beverage.

If You have eaten anything hard of digestion, or fed heavy siter meals, or sleep-less at right, take a dose and you will be relieved.

Tim; and Doctors' Bills will be saved by always keeping the Regulator in the House! For, whatever the aliment may be, a thoroughly safe purgative, alterative and tonic can never be out of place. The remedy is harmless and does not interfere with business or pleasure. And has all the power and efficacy of Calomei Quinine, without any of the injurious after effect

A Governor's Testimony.

Simmons Liver Regulator has been in use in my family for some time, and I am satisfied it is a valuable addition to the medical science.

J. Goll. Shourns, Governor of Ale.

further trial.

"The only Thing that never fails to Relieve."—I have used many remedies for Dyspepsia, Liver Affection and Debility, but never have found anything to benefit me to the extent Simmons Liver Regulator has. I sent from Minnesota to Georgia for it, and would send further for such a medicine, and would advise all who are similarly affected to give it a trial as it seems the only thing that never fails to relieve.

P. M. Jasoure, Minnespolis, Mins.

Dr. T. W. Manon sava: Brom actual ex-

Dr. T. W. Mason says: Brun actual ex-perience in the use of Simmons Liver Regulator in my practice I have been and an actisfied to use and prescribe it as a purgative medicine. IN Take only the Goundane, which sleeps has on the Wrapper the red 2 Trude-Mark and Signature of J. H. ZEILLIN & CO. BUR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

North Carolina Testimonials

PARTIES IN THIS STATE WHO

"NOT A SURGIA COMPLAINT OR OBJECTION HAS REACHED US. REACHED US.

FATETYPILLE, N. C., January 19, 1862.

The following parties bought and used your Gins last sesson. Not a single compliant has reached us. You can refer to all of them with confidence, as well as to J. D. W. & Co., now succeeded by the undersigned, who will, if it suits you, sell your Gins this season.

Dr. J. A. Lestis, Robeson co.

Bory Barnes, Harnett co.

C. D. Nixon, Cumberland co.

Dr. H. A. McSwain, Cumberland co.

Alex. Pate, Cumberland co.

George A. Tyson, Cumberland co.

Smith & Alexander, Cumberland co.

Smith & Alexander, Cumberland co.

S. P. Elarpp, Robeson co.

Toler & Fort, Cumberland co.

J. A. Averett, Cumberland co.

Nerr respectfully,

Nery respectfully,
A. B. WILLIAMS & CO.
Buccessors to J. D. WILLIAMS & CO. "WE HAVE NO WORD OF COMPLAINT." WILSON, N. C., January 21, 1882. ins of your manufacture sold by us last with other kinds, gave more general satishan any sold by us. We have heard no complaint and snall advise our customers and Gins next season, to buy the "Brown," BOUNTREEE, BARNES & CO.

HAMILTON, N. O., February 7, 1882. on gives satisfaction. We never use J. M. SHERROD & CO.

"THE BROWN GIRL GAVE SATISFACTION."

"THE BEST WE HAVE EVER USED AND WE HAVE USED SEVERAL." COTLAND NECE, N. C., JONUARY 29, 1882. We have been using two sixty saw Brown Cotion Gins, Feeders and Condensers for the peat two years, and we do not healtste to say that it is the best we have ever used and we have used several. It gives entire satisfaction, and since we have found it to be all right by use it gives us pleasure to add our testimonial and recommend it to all who may wish to use a Gin.

NOAH BIGGS & O.

"BO GIN GIVES RETTER SATISFACTION—THE FREDS AND CONDENSES ARE CONCERNED TO BE SUPREIOR TO ANT."

BOPERIOR TO ANY."

RALEIGE, N. C., January 30, 1882.

Beplying to yours of 24th, wish to say that we have had a very entiefactory experien a in selling The Brown Gin, Self-Feeder and Condenser. We commenced selling three years ago, and our scales have rapidly increased every year. Last year we sold about forty outfits, every one giving entire satisfaction so far as we have been able to learn No Gin sold in this State Eves better satisfaction than the "Brown." while the Feeder and Condenser are conceded to be superior to any in the market

Trinity College.

52nd Year Medical College of Ga. AUGUSTA.

GEO, W. RAINS, Dean

ALBRMARLE FEMALE INSTITUTI

Wittkowsky & Baruch's Gents' Furnishing Department

Is the largest in the State. We invite the attention of our gentlemen friends to our immense stock of gents furnishings. We have at present the largest and most complete stock of gents furnishings ever shown in North Carolina. which we offer at prices that cannot be competed with.

In order to show our friends the biggest bargain ever offered in the Southern States we will to day commence the

1,000 Dozen Unlaundried Shirts.

We are offering the finent assortment of Gents British 1/4 Hose in plain and fancy at 25 cts per pair.

50 dozen gents fancy striped 1/4 hose in new colorings at 50 cts per pair.

75 dozen super fancy striped 1/2 hose

Gloves, Gloves, Gloves.

at 50 cents, worth 75.

We are showing the largest assortment of Gloves to be found with any house in the trade.

Gents Collars and Cuffs.

1,000 dozen Gents Linen Collars, three and four ply, warranted, all linen and in style and shape superior to anything on the market, at 15 and 20 cents each. 250 dozen gents collars at 12% cents

GENTS NECKWARE.

We are now showing the most attractive stock of gents Scarfs, Ties, Bows Cravats, &c., in black and fancy styles that can possibly be desired, at the very

Gents Dress Shirts.

We keep the most stylish line of Gents Dress Shirts to be found. Our shirts are all specially made for us from selected stock. We guarantee fit and finish at prices that cannot fail to

Gents Handkderchiefs.

Our assortment of gents silk and inen handkerchiefs is very extensive, comprising everything that can be desired for style this season.

We have an elegant amortment at xtremely low prices.

GENTS JEWELRY

We have a fine assortment at extreme ly low prices.

We are showing every gosable kind of Umbrella known to the trade, from a plain rain umbrella at 50 cents to the finest quality of silk umbrella made. of consolidate to be like

Look out shortly for our advertisement on Fall Clothing.

Orders by Mail.

Our Mail and Express Department is now so thoroughly organized that ladies hiring outside the city can do their shopping through us with as much certainty of satisfaction as if they were personally present. Samples sent to any part of the United States Canada or Mexico, on application. All orders amounting to ten dollars and upwards delivered free of Express or Mail

WITTKOWSKY & BARUCH CHARLOTTE, N. C.