# THE DAILT ARGUS. --PUBLISERD BY-JOS E ROBINSON.

ROTTON AND PROPRIETOS.

IW THE Anous seeks to be a reliable pape or he people and the family-Democratic, and fearing to discuss no issue wherein the people s rights are at stake, Progressive, abreast of the age, we shall always endeavor to keep our ediortal and local columns up to the day and our, Our circulation is rapidly increasing, "Id we hope soon to have the largest circulain of any paper in Eastern North Carolina.

Intered at the Post Office at Goldsbore, N. C., as cond-Class Matter

GJLDSBORO, N. C., OCT. 24, 1890.

#### DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

For Congress-3d District. BENJAMIN F. GRADY, of Duplin. t For Judge 4th District. SPIER WHITAKER, of Wake. For Solicitor-4th District. B. W. POU, JR., of Johnston. COUNTY TICKET. Por the Senate : B. F. AYCOCK. For House of Representatives : JNO, W. BRYAN, **VIRAM J. HAM.** For Sherif: H. GRANT. For Tag Collector WM, T. DORTCH For Register of Deeds. ALSA; J. BROWN. For Clerk Superior Court : .CHAS. F., HERRING. For Treasurer : UOHN T. DRES.

For Coroner DR. JAS. H. POWELL. For Surveyor LOUIS GUDWIN.

### EVEN IF TRUE, WHAT THEN ?

The New York Sun is advised that the South, in the next Presidential election, will "compel" the nomination of Cleveland. The Sum affects to believe the story, and yet nothing is further from the truth.

That the South will vote originally solidly for Cleveland goes not frankly asserted a preference for Cleveland, and within the past in behalf of Cleyeland and his creed, that both these quasi-Democratic sheets have taken occasion to declare, "in totidem verbis" and in special editorials, that they now accept the tariff reform creed of the irrepressible Mr. Mills." more marked when the Lodge bill is discussed, than when the ex-President is mentioned. The Constitution coquetted, for a time, very fondly and very offensively to its readers, with Gov. Hill and the Age-Herald that apes the Constitariff, was at the same time exceedingly affectionate and full of admiration for the chief magistrate of New York. But southern people were little disposed to tolerate early in the century-and if Mr. this infidelity to Cleveland who for the presidency, in order that tend to getting it back, though unthe South might not become, as in preceding presidential campaigns, the theme of ceaseless denunciation by the Republican press and politicians. He made the tariff the issue. He made every great owner of a Trust clap his hands on his pocket book. He has forced the people to inquire by what proceases, despite their ceaseless toil, they grow poorer and by what force tramps are multiplied and how the whole wealth of the country is rapidly forced into the hands St. Stephen's A. M. E. Church. of the few who furnish Quay with his millions, now dispensed in the purchase of congressional districts. The South was especially grateful that Cleveland forced a new issue into the contest of 1888. The with the fleecy staple. Such a and most select stock of South was the beneficiary of Cleveland's deliberate self-sacrifice and the South is not apt to forget a benefactor. Some of its own "statesmen," so called, have been unhapily, stumbling blocks to it, and when Cleveland litted us out of the "Slough of Despond" and sat us on a plane of equality with upon the charge of murder, was ar- too numerous to mention. Be sure Northern States, and forced the rested in South Boston, Va., this to call at the store of people to go in pursuit of thieves

## can forget Cleveland even in behalf of Hill and Tammy.

ALTHOUGH not yet sixty years of age, M. Ludovic Halevy announces his determination to cease from literary labors. "I have written much and am tired," he says. M. Halevy can scarcely be blamed if he wishes to take life easily the active career. He can be spared ites from the ratks of literary workers easier than many another of his time. He has written much that is good and considerable that is without merit, but nothing that

during worth.

Where Does the Farmer Come In? Those good people who imagine it a fine thing to discourage or prohibit foreign commerce do not stop to consider that the United States have for some time past been selling to them. Our imports of merchandise from European countries in 1889 amounted, in round numbers, to \$369,000,000; our exports to European countries in the same period to \$585,000,000. To Great Britain alone we exported \$382,981,674 and imported in return but \$178.267,067. Evidently this is not a trade to which we can afford to be indifferent.

The balance that appears in our favor was not, of course, paid in cash. Part of our exports to Europe are paid for by imports from There is very other countries. little cash actually employed in such business now, commerce being mainly a system of exchanges. The less, therefore, we take of for eign goods, the less we export of

our own. But our exports are almost exclusively our surplus agricultural products, and the price we can get for this surplus-that is, its value in exchange-determines the price of the whole. This is why successive additions to the taxes on imports have steadily lowered the without saving. The Constitution money value of our crops. And and the Age-Herald are the only now we are trying the experiment newspapers in the South that have of making the tariff so high that we shall stop all exchange. But what are we going to do with our wheat and corn and cotton and four or five months, so perfect be pork and petroleum? While the came Southern popular unanimity manufacturer is being "protected," where does the farmer cone in !-Phila. Fimes.

Unhappy Tom Reed!

## Sheriff Markham can obtain a requisition from Goy. Fowle, which

known as Avera Memorial Hall. friend of education in the State









In view of the persistency of Mr. Reed in traveling through the country, and on all occasions partiticning off the South for villification and a mee, and knowing that The solidity of the South is not he represents a v or large propertion of the people of the United States, it is very gratifying to think of the great and interesting prosperity of the would be proscribed section.

Mr. Reed and those who act with him had as well understand from now on that out "loins are tution when it monkeys with the girded," and the South is going to fight any issue detrimental to her that may arise, but the fight will be made inside the Union.

It is New England's time now to secede-she threatened to do it Reed dosen't like the "united country," he can signify it by withsacrificed himself, as a candidate drawing his section-we will atlike the teeming South, its barrens can well be spared. Mr. Reed is an open enemy; and that is much in favor, but an enemy he is.—Richmond Times.

STATE NEWS.

Wilmington Star: Rev. T. H. Pritchard, D. D., Rev. F. D. Swindell and Rev. R. E. Peele, addressed the meeting of colored until Tuesday next at 10 a.m., at

Newbern Journal : A visit to Fort Barnwell on last Saturday enabled us to see the best cotton we have seen this season. Although anteeing entire SATISFACTION most of the fields have been gone over, the plant is heavily laden or money refunded. He has now with the floor starle. Such a stock, not to arrive, the largest erop has not been made in that section in many years, if ever be- CALICO DOMESTIC DRESS fore. We heard of farmers who have already gathered a bale to Goods, Pant goods, Ginghama, the acre and will get more. The Tickings, Oil cloths, Corsets, Shirts, corn is unneually good.

Durham Sun: W. R. Herndon, familiarly known known boots, Shoes Clothing, Etc. Orockmore familiarly known here as ary and Glassware, Snuff, Cigars, Rhodes, and who is wanted here Cigarettes, and lots of other goods morning between the hours of ten who plucked them while they wept over the negro's imaginary sor-rows, it is hardly possible that we

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