

GREENVILLE IS THE HEART OF EASTERN NORTH CAROLINA. IT HAS A POPULATION OF FOUR THOUSAND, ONE HUNDRED AND ONE, AND IS SURROUNDED BY THE BEST FARMING COUNTRY.

INDUSTRIES OF ALL KINDS ARE INVITED TO LOCATE HERE FOR WE HAVE EVERYTHING TO OFFER IN THE WAY OF LABOR, CAPITAL AND TRIBUTARY FACILITIES. WE HAVE AN UP-TO-DATE JOB AND NEWSPAPER PLANT.

The Carolina Home and Farm and The Eastern Reflector



GREENVILLE IS THE MOST USEFUL, THE MOST BEAUTIFUL, THE MOST NOBLE EMPLOYMENT OF MAN.—GEORGE WASHINGTON.

WE HAVE A CIRCULATION OF TWELVE HUNDRED AMONG THE BEST PEOPLE IN THE EASTERN PART OF NORTH CAROLINA AND INVITE THOSE WHO WISH TO GET BETTER ACQUAINTED WITH THESE GOOD PEOPLE IN A BUSINESS WAY TO TAKE A FEW INCHES SPACE AND TELL THEM WHAT YOU HAVE TO BRING TO THEIR ATTENTION.

OUR ADVERTISING RATES ARE LOW AND CAN BE HAD UPON APPLICATION.

VOLUME XXXIV.

GREENVILLE, N. C., FRIDAY AFTERNOON, JANUARY 2, 1914.

NUMBER 25

Fierce Conflict Between The Federals and Rebels

For More Than Thirty-Six Hours
Battle Waged

MANY KILLED AND WOUNDED

Surrender of the Federals is Improbable Because Ortega Has Orders to Execute So-Called Volunteers.

PRESIDIO, Tex., Dec. 30.—The battle between 5,000 rebels under General Toribio Ortega and the northern division of the Mexican federal army entrenched around Ojinaga, Mexico across the border from this place still was in progress when darkness fell tonight. No bullets came across the border.

The forces had been engaged for thirty six hours and many had been killed and wounded.

General Ortega executing a series of flank movements, steadily kept on the offensive, gaining foot by foot the approaches to the federal stronghold. The federal forces, crippled and disorganized by the first rebel onslaught, clung to the hillside trenches, where their leaders had decided to make a last stand. They rallied somewhat from the panic that seized many of them with the first volleys of the rebels when daylight disclosed the position of Ortega's men and put up a plucky fight against heavy odds, although their losses were heavy from wounds and desertions. Many wounded and deserters waded waist deep through the river to the American side.

It was impossible to even approximate the number of dead and wounded. Fifteen federal wounded who waded the river were allowed to remain and were cured by the United States army physicians but several score unwounded federal deserters were disarmed by the United States border patrol under Major McNamee and sent back across the border.

Army officers were convinced that casualties had been heavy and Red Cross representatives sent requests for more help and hospital supplies.

Neither of the opposing forces is provided with the hospital facilities, and the wounded have been left on the hillside where they fell.

Although 5,000 rebels were engaged, much of the fire was ineffective in the early hours of the battle because of the position they occupied below the village.

Ojinaga, a cluster of adobe buildings, stands a mile from the border at the top of high hills which line the valley through which the rebels advanced. When day dawned Ortega's men had gained the foot of a hill three miles from the village, where the federal had planted a fort to command approaches to the town. They spread along the hillside and opened a fire which was maintained all day and which was supported by ten machine guns they had dragged across the desert from Chihuahua.

Foot by foot the rebels approached the federal trenches until their fire became too severe for the defenders who retired until, as darkness fell, all federals who had not fled were huddled in the shelter of the town itself.

Although the rebels tonight appeared to have much advantage, the outcome of the struggle was not clearly defined. At the federalists were surrender is probable because General Ortega has explicit orders to execute the so-called volunteers, and their commanders, Generals Pascual Orozco, Ynez Salazar, Antonio Rojas, Blas Orpinal Lazaro Alamo and Roque Gomez.

Lawmakers of West Virginia Found Guilty of Accepting Bribes

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Dec. 30.—Five members of the West Virginia Legislature are guilty of accepting bribes in connection with the election of a United States Senator at the regular session held in January and February, 1913, and should be expelled, according to the finding of a joint legislative committee made public today. One member of the state senate and six members of the house of delegates were indicted last February charged with accepting bribes to vote for Col. William Seymour Edwards as United States senator.

Five of the men under indictment since have been tried, convicted and sentenced to terms in the state penitentiary.

State Senator Ben A. Smith and Delegates S. U. G. Rhodes, Rath Duff, Dr. H. F. Asbury and David Hill are recommended for expulsion. Delegates Geo. S. Van Meter and Thomas J. Smith have not been brought to trial.

WINTERVILLE ITEMS

Miss Myrtle Hardee, Lillian Bell Gaskin of Grimesland, and Leota Jenkins of Greenville are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Harper.

We are offering our new Hat Club, True Merit and Quality Row shoes at special rates for the next sixty days. These shoes are among the very best the market affords. Those who have worn these shoes know their merits. Come and let us supply you with Ladies' Gents or Childrens' shoes B. D. Forrest and Co.

Mr. A. W. Ange and family left here Sunday for Martin county where they will spend a few days with his father.

It is cold now, come and see Harrington Barber and Co., for your rubber shoes and boots.

See R. W. Dail for your meats of all kinds. He also carries a nice line of groceries.

Miss Clara Braxton went to Greenville yesterday.

Go to Kittrell and Co., for your bicycle of auto supplies.

Mrs. C. T. Cox went to Ayden yesterday.

See Harrington and Barber Co., for your steel beam plows, peg tooth and disc harrows.

Begin the New Year rightly by purchasing a Hunsucker Buggy, a Tarheel Wagon and the A. G. Cox Mfg. Co., will fit you up with buggy harness and put a few rolls of wire in your wagon and you may expect a prosperous year throughout 1915.

Mr. F. W. Carroll left here this morning for Wake Forest College.

If you have hogs or beef cattle for sale, see or write R. W. Dail.

For your heaters, stoves, ranges and all kinds of hardware, especially roofing, see A. W. Ange and Co. Miss Jennie Braxton has returned to Norfolk.

When you are in need of cylinder oil or gasoline see Kittrell and Co.

Mrs. Sarah Whitehurst and son, of Bethel, are visiting her brother, Mr. J. L. Rollins.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Jenkins, of Aalander, who have been visiting Mrs. Jenkins' parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Cox, returned Monday.

For nuts, bananas, apples and fruits

Mrs. Cherry's Impersonation Delights McKee Club of Muncie Indiana

Mrs. Griffith was a charming hostess to the McKee Club at its regular meeting Monday, November 24. Almost all the members were present and a number of guests enjoyed a delightful program. The president, Mrs. Rose, called the meeting to order. The responses were on Thanksgiving and included many bits of wit as well as more serious thoughts.

Mrs. Lincoln Lesh had charge of the entertainment for the afternoon and surprised the club by presenting Mrs. Oville Hornbaker, wife of the Rev. Mr. Hornbaker, of the First Christian Church of Muncie, and Mrs. James Burton Cherry, of Greenville, N. C., who entertained us most splendidly. Mrs. Hornbaker sang "Who's at My Window," by Osgood, later responding with "Foreign's Song," by Goddard, and "The Swan," by Greig in a most pleasing and captivating manner. Mrs. Cherry next delighted us with her vivid portrayal of the dark life of the old south. She is unequalled as an impersonator of this race, which is fast disappearing, and which will soon be found only in the annals of past history. She graphically portrayed the feeling of homage, amounting almost to worship that existed between the "fo de wah" darky and his "ole massa and mistis"—those who abused their slaves being the exception and the disgrace attached to the same having been handed down to their posterity even to the present time.

She gave in dialect many tales of their quaint songs and folklore. Tears were blended with the laughter as we listened to "Mandy and Ole Miss," "Why Adam Sinned," and many other humorous songs were imitatively given. The ladies expressed regret that it was not guest day, and were unanimous in declaring that they had never before enjoyed so rare a treat and urged Mrs. Cherry to give her much-talked of "Evening in Dixie" while here in our city.

A rising vote of thanks were given to Mrs. Hornbaker, Mrs. Cherry and Mrs. Lesh, the ladies expressing the hope that they would be treated to a "slice of Dixie" at their next meeting at the home of Mrs. Eli Hoover.—The Muncie, Ind., Star.

MANY FIGHTS BILLED FOR THE NEW YEAR

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 31.—The New Year will be ushered in tomorrow with a festival of fistfights extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Though no championship bouts are on the calendar there are several contests billed that should afford some good entertainment for the fight fans. In a scheduled 20-round bout at Vernon, Cal., Leach Cross the New York lightweight, will endeavor to repeat the trick of knocking out Bud Anderson, the Vancouver boy. Another fight that should be worth seeing will be the 10-round go at New Orleans between Johnny Dundee Welsh, Jack Dillon will take on Gus Christie for 10 rounds at Indianapolis and Joe Mandot and Earl Fisher are booked to go the same distance at Cincinnati. George Chip the victor over Frank Klaus, is to meet Tony Caponi for 6 rounds at Pittsburgh. In another 6-round bout at Philadelphia, Jack Britton will have Joe Hirst as an opponent.

Wisconsin-Illinois league clubs realized \$15,000 from sales of players last season. The W-I circuit sent 17 tossers to higher class leagues.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM THE BUSY TOWN OF AYDEN

AYDEN, Dec. 29.—Our postmaster Mr. George Prescott, tells us that he caught 13 large rats in a wire trap at one string. Mr. Alf Manning tells us he beat that, he caught 21 at one time. Both these gentlemen have taken premiums for truthfulness. You can find these rat traps at J. R. Smith and Bro.

We are glad to note the improvement of Mr. Lorenzo McGlohen, who has been confined to his room for a week.

When a man speaks evil of your good name, that is a test of patience; when he digs stumps by hand, that is a test of judgment. Why not use dynamite? Just received a ton at J. R. Smith and Bro.

Labor has been resumed on both the bank building and the depot, and with a few more weeks of good weather we hope to see these needed buildings completed.

Dr. Fountain Fulford Cox was in to see us a few minutes Monday evening and tells us he will return to his studies in New York as soon as the holidays are over. We personally expect great things of this young southerner, and no doubt but he will reflect great credit on the profession when he finishes his post graduate course.

Mr. Stancel Hodges has purchased the two houses and lots of Dr. J. W. Tayloe, near the Seminary.

It is said by some Veterinarians, that a curry comb and brush is half feed, and a blanket, is even more, you can get all these at J. R. Smith and Bros.

Mr. W. F. Hart, is spending a few days at Morehead enjoying the breeze and boat riding, if not bathing.

Owing to some brake down to the machinery, at the power plant we are having no street lights, we hope the trouble will soon be remedied, as we prefer light to darkness.

Mr. Sol Jackson son of Mr. U. S. Jackson, has the pneumonia.

Mrs. Mary Moye of near Hookerton has rented the Carman house and will move her family here in the near future.

With steam you can encompass the world, with electricity, you can do the same, with shot gun and revolver you can protect your family and money. Plenty of these can be found at J. R. Smith and Bros.

How much higher will land go. Mr. C. E. Hart, of Littlefield, has refused \$14,000.00 for his Harper farm. Chief of Police, Mr. M. H. Sumrell has resigned his position, and will soon move his family near the town of Arthurs.

Mr. Ben Craft spent Tuesday night in the city and tells us that he has some eight or ten bales of cotton in the field, and when the children want spending money, he tells them to pick out a bale of cotton and sell it. He also tells us the labor proposition is bad, very scarce.

Mess. Stocks Bros. of Hookerton have bought the stock of goods of Mr. J. B. Patrick, on Lee street. Mr. Patrick will move in the country to his farm near Littlefield.

There is a nice opening for a shoe workman to open a shop here, and do a general repairing business as harness and the like.

Mrs. Alice L. Harrington, and daughter, Miss Velma, of Kingston, accompanied by Miss ———, of Texas, who has been teaching art at A. C. C. are visiting relatives and friends in town.

We learn that Mr. Heber Mumford will open a feed store here in the near future, and buy cotton seed, also sell fertilizers.

There is a lot of changing of clerkships and farmers in this community. We hope it is all for the best, but rolling stones usually gather no moss.

CAN IDENTIFY GUILTY PARTY

IS BELIEF OF CALUMET AUTHORITIES OF THE MAN THAT CAUSED PANIC AT CELEBRATION

CALUMET, Mich., Dec. 30.—Identification of the man who started the Christmas Eve catastrophe by calling "fire" in a crowded hall here was forecasted tonight by O. H. Hilton, chief of counsel of the Western Federation of Miners. Mr. Hilton asked that the coroner's inquest into the tragedy of 72 deaths be adjourned until tomorrow, saying that he desired to produce witnesses who claimed they could identify the man.

The greater part of the evidence again today was that the cry of fire came from within the hall. Three of the thirty or more witnesses claimed to have seen a Citizen's Alliance button on the man. Several said they saw the man who cried fire, but most of them said they had seen no pin. He was seen, however, by persons in different parts of the hall, and there were half a score descriptions of the man.

Uncompromising adherence to their determination never by direct or indirect means to recognize the Western Federation of Miners was pronounced today by nine owners of the copper strike district who were willing to discuss the visit here of John B. Densmore, solicitor of the Department of Labor. "We could not treat with the Federation, even if we wished," said F. W. Denton, manager of the Copper Range Constructive Work. "The men at work never would consider employment underground with members of the union, for there always would be trouble and in view of the fact that 10,000 men are working for the companies, we cannot ignore their interests."

The strike is to enter upon its final stage within two days, tomorrow being the last upon which the companies will receive applications for work from strikers. Originally, December 1 had been set as the limit. Whatever good the extension of thirty days might have accomplished was wiped out by the Italian Hall disaster, the controversy as to who should give relief to afflicted families and the deportation of Charles H. Meyer, president of the Federation.

The detailed figures obtained from both sides today found opposing claims as wide apart as the poles. Employers said there were less than 2,000 actual strikers left in the district, but union headquarters furnished statistics showing that weekly strike benefits are being paid to \$10,429 men.

The companies figured that 14,300 men were affected by the calling of the strike. Today they claimed 9,600 men were at work, half of the difference between the two totals having gone to other districts, thus leaving 2,350 strikers.

Several Houses Entered.

There have recently been several robberies of dwelling houses here, most of them being in the western section of the town. The houses entered so far were those of Mr. W. J. Boyd, Jr., Mr. A. J. Outchridge, Mr. Josiah Dixon and Mr. E. B. Ficklen. In each instance the houses were entered early in the night and apparently by some one familiar with the surroundings. The thief or thieves seemed to be looking for money, and in each house except Mr. Dixon's a small sum was obtained.

NOT A CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR

Is Statement Issued by General Julian S. Carr

PREFERS PRIVATE STATION

Expresses Gratitude to Friends for the Letters Containing Offers of Support. Expressions in His Favor.

DURHAM, Dec. 30.—In a statement made public today, General Julian S. Carr says that he is not a candidate for Governor and he makes it plain that he has not authorized any one to say that he would accept the nomination if tendered him. His statement is:

"I am not a candidate for Governor. I have not said, nor have I authorized any one to say for me that I would accept the nomination. I am deeply grateful to my friends for the letters which have reached me suggesting my nomination and containing offers of support. I genuinely appreciate all these, but my preference is to remain in private station. Most respectfully, JULIAN S. CARR."

Strong Demand For Him to Resign.

It is known here that strong pressure was brought to bear on General Carr to get in the race. Numerous letters and telegrams were received by him assuring him of support. Especially notable and hearty was the favorable notice of his supposed candidacy by the State press, some of the best known publications urging him to get definitely in the race the feeling being that the nomination and election of Governor would be not only a compliment to him, but to all of the Confederate veterans of the State the opportunity to bestow honor on whom is fast slipping away.

The first mention of General Carr in connection with the next nomination by the Democrats for Governor was made about a month ago. The idea struck a popular chord and soon became a topic of general newspaper discussion and comment all through the State, the impression being general that the Durham man had never received from the people of the State adequate evidences of appreciation of the great public service which by his generosity he has rendered, and had he decided to get in the race for the nomination, his friends say that there is no doubt that he would have secured it.

Excellent City Water.

December 30th 1913.

Mr. H. L. Allen, Supt.
Water & Light Commission
Greenville, N. C.
Dear Sir:

I am in receipt of the analysis of our City's Water, made in the State Laboratory of Hygiene, December 23rd, 1913, and am writing to express my appreciation of same.

The analysis, I am glad to say, shows the water to be absolutely safe for drinking purposes. I want to congratulate you on the purity of the city's water, as shown by analysis submitted for December, November, October and September of this year.

Yours sincerely,
CHAS. OTH. LAUGHINGHOUSE

1889—Horatio Allen, who ran the first railroad locomotive in America, died in New Jersey. Born in 1802.