

GREENVILLE IS THE HEART OF EASTERN NORTH CAROLINA. IT HAS A POPULATION OF FOUR THOUSAND, ONE HUNDRED AND ONE, AND IS SURROUNDED BY THE BEST FARMING COUNTRY. INDUSTRIES OF ALL KINDS ARE INVITED TO LOCATE HERE FOR WE HAVE EVERYTHING TO OFFER IN THE WAY OF LABOR, CAPITAL AND TRIBUTARY FACILITIES. WE HAVE AN UP-TO-DATE JOB AND NEWSPAPER PLANT.



Agriculture is the Most Useful, the Most Healthful, the Most Noble Employment of Man.—George Washington.

WE HAVE A CIRCULATION OF TWELVE HUNDRED AMONG THE BEST PEOPLE IN THE EASTERN PART OF NORTH CAROLINA AND INVITE THOSE WHO WISH TO GET BETTER ACQUAINTED WITH THESE GOOD PEOPLE IN A BUSINESS WAY TO TAKE A FEW INCHES SPACE AND TELL THEM WHAT YOU HAVE TO BRING TO THEIR ATTENTION. OUR ADVERTISING RATES ARE LOW AND CAN BE HAD UPON APPLICATION.

GREENVILLE, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1915.

NUMBER 5

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS FOR FIFTH DISTRICT

Reverses Decision of Judge Bond In Favor of Solicitor C. L. Abernethy's Salary.

NO FEES ATTACHED TO HIS \$600 SALARY

Four Other Cases From Pitt County Passed On At Yesterday's Session.

RALEIGH, OCT. 14.—The Supreme court, in opinion written by Justice Platt D. Walker, yesterday reversed the decision of Judge W. M. Bond in favor of Solicitor Charles L. Abernethy in his controversy with the Commissioners of Pitt County. Solicitor Abernethy contended that the construction of an act of the last legislature allowing the solicitor \$600 annually to be paid monthly from the treasury of Pitt in lieu of fees now provided by law, meant that he is to receive this amount and in addition thereto such fees as the defendants themselves pay in the criminal court in cases where they are convicted. The Supreme court held otherwise.

Opinions were handed down as follows yesterday:

179—Kilpatrick v. Harvey from Pitt, appeal dismissed.

180—Abernethy v. Commissioners, from Pitt, reversed.

183—Humphrey v. Lang, from Pitt, affirmed.

190—Sugg v. Town of Greenville, from Pitt, new trial.

The controversy between the commissioners of Pitt county and the solicitor was submitted without action to Judge W. M. Bond to interpret statute passed by the last legislature. According to the wording of the statute the commissioners are authorized to cause the "treasurer of Pitt county to pay to the solicitor of the Fifth Judicial District the sum of six hundred dollars annually, to be paid monthly in lieu of fees now provided by law, which the said solicitor would receive from time to time from the county of Pitt on account of convictions in the criminal courts of the county, by the said solicitor."

The difference of opinion was that the solicitor on the one side contended he should receive those fees which the solvent defendants themselves, upon conviction, paid in the court in addition to the six hundred, while the commissioners thought otherwise. The latter were supported by the opinion of the representatives of the county, Senator F. C. Harding and Representatives J. J. Laughinghouse and J. C. Galloway.

MANY LOCAL CHURCH MEMBERS ATTENDING THE AYDEN REVIVAL

During the past week that the Ayden revival, conducted by Evangelist Percy Cross, has been in progress several people from different churches of Greenville have been in attendance from night to night.

Dr. Cross made many friends during his five week's stay with the Christian church at this place that are interested in what success he may have with the Ayden church.

BLOCK SALES YESTERDAY ON LOCAL MARKET

For The Second Time This Week Warehouses Have Been Unable to Finish Their Sales.

OVER 500,000 POUNDS WERE SOLD EACH DAY

Greenville Holding Good On High Prices—All Grades Selling Well.

For the second time this week, and two days in succession there were block sales on the local tobacco market yesterday. On Tuesday, with over 500,000 pounds, two of the seven warehouses were unable to sell, and yesterday with equally as much of the weed here, two other houses were forced over to this morning's sale. Although the number of pounds won't reach the half million mark today, it will require every minute of the sale hours to finish on all the floors, several of the houses being filled from wall to wall.

The number of pounds that have been sold on the local market this week has surprised many of the warehousemen, it being far above their expectations.

As was published in THE REFLECTOR yesterday the Greenville market ran second for the number of pounds sold during the month of September, and if the sales continue as heavy for the remainder of October as they have been for the first part, Greenville will no doubt make it close for Wilson on the top round on the number of pounds.

No market in North Carolina have made better averages than have been made by the growers selling on local floors, in fact some of the local warehouses are leading the state.

50 TONS OF DYESTUFFS ARRIVE FROM GERMANY

WASHINGTON, OCT. 14.—Fifty tons of coal tar dyestuffs of German manufacture arrived in New York today on the steamer St. Louis consigned to the Secretary of Commerce. The shipment is for the account of Wm. A. Mitchell, of Lowell, Mass., representing the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers. In a statement the Commerce Department said: "Several months ago the secretary consented to act as consignee of two cargoes of dyes from Germany for which safe passage was assured by permits granted by the British government, upon the express condition that the Secretary of Commerce would be the consignee. The embargo upon the exportation of these cargoes from Germany has not been lifted. Arrangements were, however, made by American manufacturers with the British government whereby that government has permitted the exportation to the United States of the dyes coming on the St. Louis. It is hoped that this is the first of a series of similar shipments."

BULGARIA IS THE TWELFTH ENTER CONFLICT

Declares War On Serbia Says News Dispatch Sent Out From Paris.

GREECE SORRY BUT WILL NOT ENTER WAR

Airships Drop Bombs On London Killing And Injuring Many.

LONDON, OCT. 14.—Bulgaria has declared war on Serbia, according to a Central News dispatch from Paris.

The decision of Bulgaria, the twelfth nation to enter the war, to join the ranks of the belligerents on the side of Germany, Austria and Turkey, was reached only after a diplomatic battle waged for months between representatives of the Teutonic allies and the quadruple entente. Each side offered tempting inducements in an effort to gain another ally but the Bulgarian government finally decided the central powers had made the higher bid.

Bulgaria is rated as one of the most powerful of the Christian Balkan states. Her army while considerably smaller than that of her neighbor Rumania, is well drilled and equipped. Her military strength on a peace footing is only about 50,000 but in time of war she is able to put into the field something like 300,000 men.

Since the second Balkan war in which Bulgaria fought Greece, Serbia and Montenegro, after the victory of all four nations against Turkey Bulgaria has been isolated to a certain extent from the other Balkan states. The second war, which resulted from a dispute as to the division of territory won from Turkey, was not participated in by Rumania, which also kept out of the first Balkan conflict. Rumanian troops invaded Bulgaria, however, and forced the latter to make territorial concessions.

THEATRE-GOERS WELL PLEASED

LeRoy, Talma and Bosco Company At White's Last Night.

The theatre-goers who were so fortunate as to witness the presentation of the LeRoy, Talma and Bosco company, in White's theatre last night, were truly repaid for their time and money spent, for there was not a dull moment during the two hours and a quarter of play.

The mysterious trio kept their audience in a continuous uproar with their magic feats. LeRoy, the better of the three is a magician in a class to himself, his equal is probably not known on this side of the waters.

Although a very small audience witnessed last night's performance the manager of the local play house is to be congratulated on being able to get this company here.

DIES FROM AN ATTACK OF ACUTE INDIGESTION

Dr. R. M. Johnson Passes While Attending Baptist Association at Robersonville.

LEADING CITIZEN OF EASTERN CAROLINA

For 20 Years Co-Worker of The Late Noah Biggs of Scotland Neck.

Dr. R. M. Johnson, of Scotland Neck, one of the leading citizens and philanthropists of Eastern Carolina and vice-moderator of the Roanoke Baptist Association in session died in Robersonville yesterday afternoon following an attack of acute indigestion.

Dr. Johnson read the report on Thomasville Orphanage and delivered a brief address then taking the chair as moderator. Mr. Archibald Johnson was addressing the association when Dr. Johnson left the platform and quietly entered a side room of the church. Immediately a request was made for a physician, but none being present, an automobile was rushed after one. In ten minutes after leaving the platform Dr. Johnson was dead.

The announcement made to the association was immediately followed by adjournment. Dr. Johnson was for twenty years the co-worker of the late Noah Biggs, of Scotland Neck, and a leading worker in Baptist denominational work. The remains were taken to Scotland Neck last night.

Dr. Johnson was apparently in perfect health and was happily bantering Mr. Archibald Johnson a few minutes before his death.

Dr. Johnson was well known throughout the eastern part of the state and his sudden death will be keenly felt where ever he is known.

BRIDGE WORK BLOCKS TRAFFIC

For More Than Two Hours All Travelling Over County Bridge Brought to a Halt.

Traffic on the county bridge across Tar River was blocked yesterday afternoon for more than two hours, on account of some repairs that was being made on the bridge that necessitated that the draw being left open during the entire time the work was in progress.

Before the draw was closed wagons and other vehicles were blocked for several hundred yards, both going from and coming into town.

COUPLE MARRIED HERE LATE YESTERDAY

Mr. R. W. Barnes and Miss Grace Fields, of Halifax county were married yesterday evening at four o'clock in the memorial Baptist church. Rev. H. N. Blanchard was the officiating minister.

N. C. TOBACCO CROP VALUED AT \$34,000,000

Crops of The State Worth Around a Quarter Million Dollars.

FIGURES ARE FAR IN EXCESS OF 1914 TOTAL

Though Not As Many Bales As 1914, Cotton Will Bring More.

WASHINGTON, OCT. 14.—The average North Carolina man does not realize the extent of the agricultural activities in his State. He has but little conception of the real value of the crops produced.

In round figures the crops of North Carolina for 1915 will bring in about \$218,320,000. That is far in excess of the value of the crops of the State in 1914.

Here are figures that should be posted from one end of the State to the other:

The cotton crop of North Carolina for 1915 will amount to but 685,000 bales but it will bring at least \$29,022,500, a few hundred dollars more than the big crops of 931,000 bales of last year.

Other Crop Figures

Other crops and their values for 1915 are:

Corn, 186,950,999 bushels; value \$55,657,400.

Tobacco, 186,950,000 pounds; value (estimated) \$34,000,000.

Oats, 5,500,000 bushels; value, \$3,520,000.

Wheat, 11,267,000 bushels; value, \$13,182,390.

Rye, 422,000 bushels; value, \$404,720.

Potatoes, 2,026,000; value, \$1,906,380.

Sweet potatoes, 8,290,000 bushels; value, \$6,065,600.

Buckwheat, 205,000; value, \$159,900.

Hay, 473,000 tons; value, \$7,509,900.

Apples, 1,827,000 barrels; value, \$2,841,270.

The crops mentioned here represents but three-fourths of the many crops of the State.

North Carolina is producing enormous quantities of food products as well as a good yield of cotton.

The war in Europe forced the farmers of North Carolina to do what they could have been doing for years—grow home supplies. The figures of the department of agriculture show that more corn, wheat, oats and garden crops were planted in 1914 for the harvest of this year.

What is more important the cotton crop of 685,000 bales for 1915 will bring the farmers of the State a little bit more money than the 931,000 bale crop of last year did. The South gets just as much for a small crop as it does for a large one, and the surplus energy for the larger crops goes into corn and other food products.

Cost of living to the average poor man in North Carolina not so fortunate as to have a farm, has been reduced by a greater yield of hog and hominy.

UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT CAPTURE ALLIES POSITION

French Put Stop to Attack Made By The Germans Near Souchez.

SLAV VICTORY IN GALICIA CONFIRMED

General Ivanoff Has Broken The Austro-German Front.

PARIS, OCT. 14.—The Germans last evening attacked the French positions near Souchez, according to the French war office announcement today and were everywhere repulsed.

There has been artillery fighting of particular intensity between the Somme and the Oise, near Amelchey, and to the east of Rheims. Furthermore, German batteries have delivered a violent fire to the south of Tachure and to the east of Butte de Meuil.

French Lose Trench in Vosges

In the Vosges the Germans gained possession of a French trench.

The text follows:

"At the conclusion of the bombardment reported yesterday, the enemy last evening delivered an infantry attack against our positions to the northeast of Souchez. These attacks, like the preceding ones, were everywhere completely repulsed.

"Last night saw artillery actions of great intensity, in which both sides took part between the Somme and the Oise; in the region of Amelchey, and to the east of Rheims, in the direction of Moronvillers. Batteries of the enemy have delivered a violent cannonade in the region to the south of Tachure and to the east of Butte de Meuil. Our artillery held this fire back effectively, and in the meantime we were making further progress from trench to trench at a point to the east of the earthworks known as the 'Trapeze'."

"There has been fairly intense fighting with trench machines in the sector of Elreux, and more violent fighting accompanied by artillery exchanges in which both sides took part in the suburbs of Reillon."

Attack a Failure

"In the Vosges, the enemy, after a complete check to his attack along the front from the Lange to the Schraefsmunde, resumed his effort yesterday evening. A second outburst of artillery fire along the entire front, in preparation for an infantry advance, was followed by a fresh attack which, generally speaking, resulted in failure. The Germans were able to gain a footing in our first line trenches at one point, and this was to the south of the Lange hills. The trench they took was between sixty and eighty yards long. Our counter-attacks made it possible for us to recapture a portion of this trench immediately."

If the North Carolina Department of Agriculture had the lungs and money the Montana Department of Agriculture has the Tar Heel producers would be advertised from one side of the United States to the other. The farmers are growing the stuff to make them rich, the prices are improving, and the markets expanding.