

THE JOURNAL.

NEW BERNE, N. C., APRIL 28, 1882.

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS. FIRST SESSION.

Reported Exclusively for New Berne Journal.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The Chair submitted a letter from the Secretary of War, enclosing a communication from James B. Eads, a member of the Mississippi River Commission, dissenting from a portion of the report of that commission. Referred.

Mr. Sherman introduced a bill to regulate the coinage of standard silver dollars. It repeals the act of February 23, 1878, authorizing the coinage of standard silver dollars, and restores their legal tender value, and directs the purchase and coinage into standard silver dollars of not less than two million dollars worth of silver bullion per month. The bill then directs the purchase of bullion from time to time, and its coinage only when in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury further coinage of such dollars is demanded for public use and commerce. Referred to Committee on Finance.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—On motion of Mr. Goodson of Louisiana, a bill was passed extending the limits of the port of New Orleans.

Mr. Townsend of Ohio, submitted the conference report on the bill to promote the efficiency of the life saving service and encourage the saving from shipwreck. The report recommends the adoption of the Senate amendment adding a pensioning feature to the bill. Adopted. Yeas 135; nays 55.

The House then resumed the consideration of the contested election case of Lynch vs. Chalmers.

Mr. Hammond of Georgia, submitted an exhaustive argument in support of the minority report.

Mr. Lynch, contestant, was then accorded floor, and as he arose to speak at the desk which was formerly occupied by Mr. Garfield, he was greeted with some applause from the galleries. Disclaiming any intention to discuss the legal points of the case, he said that he would confine himself to the consideration of the disreputable system of elections in vogue in Mississippi, of which the pending case was the natural and necessary outgrowth of the pretended claim of Gen. Chalmers to the seat, was based on the action of the county returning boards. Reading from an interview with Gen. Chalmers, published in the New York Tribune shortly after the election, to the effect that he wanted to whitewash the Government in Mississippi, and would resort to any means short of open violence to accomplish that object. Mr. Lynch admitted that Gen. Chalmers was authorized to speak for the Bourbons of Mississippi, but emphatically denied his authority to speak for the Conservative white people. He denied that race prejudice had anything to do with the fraud and violence in the Southern States. Antipathy of the Bourbons was not race antipathy, but party antipathy; and Bruce, Langston or any other intelligent colored man as a Republican candidate for the Presidency in 1880, would have come as near carrying Mississippi as Gen. Garfield had done.

He asserted with feelings of deep mortification and profound regret that in the official person of the contestant in this case the country was presented with a living monument to rife ballot boxes and stifled public justice. Though that gentleman had occupied a seat on this floor for the last five years, yet no one knew better than himself that he had never (with possibly one exception) received as many as one-third of the votes cast at any election at which he had been candidate. Fraudulent acts committed by his friends and supporters, and which had resulted in his being returned to a seat on this floor, had been received by him with silent acquiescence or public approval. In the further course of his speech Mr. Lynch characterized Mr. Chalmers as a maligner of his section and traducer of the most respectable and intelligent portion of his own people. Referring to what he termed the "Barbon method of election," he declared that the Republican party would continue to wage an unceasing war upon that method until the right of every American citizen to cast his ballot for the party and man of his choice, and have that ballot honestly counted, should have been acquiesced in from one end of the country to the other. [Applause on the Republican side.]

In conclusion, he regretted to be compelled to say that it seemed to be the determination of the Bourbon party at the South that there must be a centralized government or no government at all. It seems to be determined that if it could not destroy the government in one way it would in another, for it was an undisputed fact that the speedily and the purity of the ballot was the chief instrument and structure. Destroy that pillar and the structure must necessarily fall. He spoke not in behalf of himself, but in behalf of his party, when he declared that this system of election frauds in several

of the Southern States through and by which that section had been made solid in the support of one of the great political parties of the day, ought, must and would be destroyed. (Applause on the Republican side and in the gallery.)

Mr. Chalmers, the contestee, was the next Speaker. Referring to the speech just delivered by Mr. Lynch, he asserted that it was but a repetition of what had been said from time to time by the contestant and his conspirators, who had through the public press of the country endeavored to destroy the reputation of the white people of Mississippi. The notice of contest was filled with just such generalities as charges of fraud, violence, and all manner of corruption in Mississippi, and yet when these charges came to be tried they could not be substantiated. The contestant had undertaken to arraign him personally before Congress, but he (Chalmers) challenged the gentleman to record one syllable from beginning to end that cast any reproach on his character. He then entered into an exhaustive review of the facts of the case as exhibited by record, and which failed, he claimed, to prove any act of fraud or violence. Instead of having made his contest with rifle and shotgun it was a matter of history that he had made it with brass bands blown by colored musicians in patriotic wagons draped in red, white and blue. In conclusion he said: "If reason and rhyme have fled to brutish beasts, if a sacrifice of Democrats is to be made, and I am to be the first victim, then I say to you, 'Go ahead!' You have power if you choose to exercise it; you will regret it more than I. You may drive me from my seat by force and place another in it. Whenever you look at him you will be remembered of this day's outrage, and if conscience does not canker in your breasts, in the stillness of night it will haunt you with the recollection that truth and justice and law were immolated, and that your high priests officiated at the unholy sacrifice." [Applause on Democratic side.]

The matter then went over, and will probably be called at 2 o'clock to-morrow.

Adjourned.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—At the close of Mr. Belmont's cross-examination of Mr. Blaine, the most unusual and exciting scene occurred in the Foreign Affairs Committee rooms. Mr. Blaine stated that as Mr. Belmont after being warned on Monday, had persisted in entirely misquoting his dispatches, and putting upon them constructions utterly foreign, he was compelled to change his opinion of him, which had heretofore been that he was a gentleman. An exciting colloquy ensued, which the Committee was unable to interrupt.

Mr. Belmont intimated that he would deal with Mr. Blaine in private and followed it up with the words: I believe that you are a bully and a coward.

Mr. Blaine, addressing the Committee and ignoring Mr. Belmont, replied: Mr. Chairman, this young man has disgraced himself; he has been put forward by those who are behind him to insult me, but he is incapable of doing so.

ARIZONA.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 27.—A Tucson dispatch says: A meeting has been held by the citizens of Bowie and a company of minute men organized for the protection of the town against the Indians.

The report of the capture of Galleyville and the killing of thirty-five persons is incorrect, only one man being killed and he was three miles from town. There are two companies of troops at Galleyville and Indians did not attack the place.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, April 27.—In the U. S. Circuit Court to-day the case of the United States vs. John T. Hogg and thirty-eight other defendants, charged with obstructing the qualified voters in Barnwell county, was resumed. The entire day was consumed in the examination of four witnesses for the defense. The case will certainly consume the remainder of the week.

NORTH CAROLINA.

ELIZABETH CITY, April 27.—Sixty North Carolina editors having visited the extensive fisheries and the State and Government hatcheries in this region, assembled here to-day to hold the annual meeting of the Press Association.

PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—For Middle Atlantic States, clearing weather, northwesterly winds, higher barometer, stationary or higher temperature. For South Atlantic States, partly cloudy weather, occasional rain, probably followed by clearing weather, southwest to northwest winds, stationary or higher barometer, stationary temperature.

TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, April 27.—The Republicans held a caucus yesterday, favoring the settlement of the State debt. Gov. Hawkins will be renominated in the Republican State Convention to-day.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, April 27.—Ralph Waldo Emerson died at 9 p. m.

ALEX MILLER,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCER.

Constantly receiving a full line

Choice Groceries and FARMERS' SUPPLIES,

which we offer as low as any house in the city, and warrant all goods as represented.

Call and examine our stock and prices. Stables furnished free to all our country customers. Goods delivered free to any part of the city. 12 m W. & D.

OLD DOMINION

Steamship Company.

For New York, Baltimore, Norfolk, Boston, Elizabeth City, Philadelphia, Providence, and other Cities.

ON AND AFTER

Friday, July 1st, 1881

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE

STR NEW BERNE

Will leave, upon arrival of train on Norfolk and Elizabeth City Railroad at Elizabeth City, every Monday and Thursday, for New Berne direct. Retaining, leaves New Berne for Elizabeth City direct, every Tuesday and Friday, at 2 p. m., making close connection with Norfolk and Elizabeth City R.R. for Northern cities. Close connection made at Washington with company's steamers for Greenville and all landings on Tar River, and at New Berne with steamers Neuse and Contentment for Kinston, Pollocksville, Trenton and all landings on the Neuse and Trent Rivers.

Freight received daily until 6 p. m., forwarded promptly and lowest rates guaranteed to destination.

E. B. ROBERTS, Agent, New Berne, CLEMPER & TURNER, Agents, Norfolk, V. A. W. H. STANFORD, Gen'l Frt Agent, MAR. 30 1879. New York City.

NOTICE.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF JONES COUNTY.

To Cornelia Moore.

You will take notice that a special proceeding has been begun in the name of John C. Whitaker, admr. ex. Edward Moore et al, to which you are party defendant, for the purpose of settling the land lying in Jones county known as the Lewis Moore homestead, for assets to pay debt of the plaintiff, etc. You are required to appear before Thomas J. Whitaker, Esq., Clerk of said Superior Court, at the Court House in Trenton on the 10th day of June, 1882, and answer or demur as you may be advised, to the complaint filed.

J. V. WILLIAMS. B. M. GATES.

J. V. WILLIAMS & Co.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

CORN.

Solicit Consignments, Solicit Orders.

Newbern, N. C.

OREGON AND WASHINGTON.

Every one of our readers should become informed about the wonderful resources of Oregon and Washington, where the wheat production is larger and the death rate lower than in any other section of United States; where good Government land can be had for the taking, and railroad lands be bought on ten years time. Industrious men become independently wealthy there in a very few years. Full information in the West Shore, a handsomely illustrated journal published at Portland, the metropolis of the Pacific Northwest, at \$2.00 year or the publishers will send two specimen copies, of different dates, for 25 cents. Address WEST SHORE, Portland, Oregon.

FARMS FREE TO ALL.

Oregon and Washington, "the land of never failing crops," where grasshoppers, chinch bugs, drought or hard winters are unknown, offers free homesteads to all, on fertile government lands. Railroad lands in desirable locations can be purchased on ten years time in easy payments. Every industrious man can become independently wealthy in a very short time, by settling in the Pacific North West. Address a postal card to PAUL SCHULZE, PORTLAND, OREGON, and ask him to send you a copy of The West Shore a handsomely illustrated journal, containing full information.

A. J. HART & CO.,

Will open Saturday, April 14th, a stock of MILLINERY and Fancy Goods in the store formerly occupied by C. B. Hart & Co. If polite attention and

ONE PRICE TO ALL

will accomplish the purpose, we hope to succeed. April 14th 1882.

E. H. WINDLEY

DISTILLERS' AGENT

—FOR—

Pure Rye and Corn

WHISKEY

At Wholesale.

WINE AND CIGARS

In Great Variety.

Ginger Ale, Pale Ale, Beer

and Porter.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

CIDER

In Bbls. 1-2 Bbls. and Kegs.

Pure French Brandy

LARGEST DEALER IN THE STATE.

COMMISSION MERCHANT

For the Sale of all Kinds of

PRODUCE.

Guarantee Highest Market prices.

E. H. WINDLEY,

Corner South Front & Middle St

NEW BERNE, N. C.

Apr. 11, 6 m d a w

N. S. Richardson,

PRACTICAL

BOOK AND JOB PRINTER,

Opposite Post Office,

NEW BERNE, N. C.

GOOD STOCK,

NEAT WORK, LOW PRICES.

Orders solicited and promptly

filled. Apr. 8

AT COST.

Having determined

to close my business

here, I now offer my

entire stock at cost.

Come and see for

yourselves.

T. C. WHITAKER

MIDDLE STREET, opposite People's

Market, NEW BERNE, N. C.

Millinery.

MRS. DEWEY'S

New Spring Millinery Goods

HAVE ARRIVED.

And are now open for inspection and

are

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

She is still able to attend to custom

work. April 18-1m

If you want Bargains

—GO TO—

L. H. FISHER,

who is closing out his present STOCK

of General Merchandise at very

low figures for cash, or on time with

good security. Has everything usually

kept in a first class

DRY GOODS & GROCERY STORE.

Call and see for yourself. Wholesale &

Retail. L. H. FISHER.

Feb. 16, 3m Kinston, N. C.

C. B. HART & CO.

ONE PRICE CASH STORE.

Northeast corner Middle and South Front streets,

opposite E. H. Windley and K. E. Jones.

DEALERS IN

Stoves, House Furnishing Goods,

CROCKERY and GLASSWARE.

LAMPS in great variety.

BURNERS, WICKS, CHIMNEYS,

KEROSENE OIL.

Pratt's Astral Non-Explosive Oil.

Machine and Train Oils.

We are now prepared to manufacture

Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware.

Special attention given to repairing. Goods

sold low and warranted to be as represented.

CENTRAL HOTEL

W. E. PATTERSON, Proprietor.

NEW BERNE, N. C.

THIS WELL KNOWN AND COMMODIOUS

house, as its name implies, is situated in the

central and business portion of the city, hence

recommends itself for its convenience to the

travelling public. Affording solicitors every

opportunity of visiting business correspondents.

It has attentive servants, and its table is always

furnished with

Every Delicacy of the Season.

The rooms are large, airy and well furnished.

AN OMNIBUS

for the accommodation of guests to and from

trains and steamers free of charge—a special

feature in this city.

All the appointments of a modern

FIRST CLASS HOTEL.

April 14-15.

Marshal's Notice.

Admiralty Seizure.

THE BARQUE "GULDBERGA"

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Eastern District of North Carolina.

Whereas, a libel hath been filed in the District

Court of the United States of America, for the

Eastern District of North Carolina of New Berne

on the 6th day of April 1882 by Clark & Clark

Proctors in behalf of J. A. Schroeder and J. T.

Jacob's and Ellis & Thom and John Hughes Esq.

Proctors in behalf of the Baker Salvage Company,

in a cause of salvage civil and maritime, and

praying the usual process and monition of the

court, that all persons interested with said ves-

sel, her tackle, apparel, furniture, cargo, lading and

unladen, and freight money, may be cited to

answer the premises, and all due proceedings be-

ing had that the same may be decreed to be sold,

and the proceeds thereof distributed according to

law. Therefore in pursuance of the said monition

under the seal of said Court to be directed, I do

hereby give notice generally unto all persons

having or pretending to have any right, title or

interest therein to appear before the aforesaid

Court at New Berne on the 20th day of April,

1882 at 10 o'clock, or on the next Court

day thereafter at 12 o'clock, noon, and there

to answer the said libel and to make their alle-

gations in that behalf.

Dated at New Berne the 7th day of April, 1882.

J. B. HILL, U. S. Marshal,

by David S. Ward, Deputy.

Clark & Clark, Ellis & Thom, John Hughes,

Proctors.

THOS. GATES & CO.

OFFER A LARGE STOCK OF ALL

KINDS OF

Provisions and

Dry Goods

AT VERY LOW FIGURES.

Commission Merchants for the Sale of

Cotton and Grain.

SOUTH FRONT ST., OPPOSITE

GASTON HOUSE.

Mar. 30-w-15.

C. ERDMANN,

MANUFACTURER OF

CHOICE HAVANA

—AND—

DOMESTIC

CIGARS.

POLLOCK Street,

NEW BERNE, N. C.

Apr. 1, 1 y D

FOR SALE!

A 12 horse Engine, 25 feet of shafting

several Pulleys, a lot of Belting, one

Nelson Cotton press. Terms to suit

Purchaser. Apply to

Dr. G. K. BAGBY,

Beaufort, N. C.

OCEAN HOUSE.

BEAUFORT, N. C.

The new well-known house will be kept

open during the winter and next summer by

Mrs. W. C. KING, assisted by THOS. S. MAR-

TIN. The house is situated in the central part

of the town