PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE DAILY JOUANAL, a 24 column paper, published daily except on Monday, at $6.00 per year, $3.00 for six months. Delivered to subscribers at 50 cents per month.

THE NEW BERNE JOURNAL, a 22 column paper, is published every Thursday at $2.00 per annum.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One inch one day, $1.00; one week, $3.00; one month, $4.00; three months, $10.00; six months, $15.00; twelve months, $20.00.

Advertisements occupying less than 10 lines, 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

No advertisements will be inserted between Local Matter and Marriages.

Notices of Marriages or Deaths, not to exceed ten lines, will be inserted gratuitously. Obituaries, tributes of respect, resolutions of societies, and all matters not strictly news, will be charged for as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Regular advertisements will be collected monthly in arrears.

Contracts for regular advertisements will be made on reasonable terms, which will be furnished on application.

Communications containing one or two lines of local matters are solicited. No communication must expect to be published that contains offensive personalities. The name of the author is required in every case, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. Communications should be addressed to the editors, or business managers, and not to any other person connected with the paper.

Communications containing matter for which admission is sought by the proprietors, should be so marked, or they will be charged for as advertisements.

Communications which reflect upon the character of any person, should be so marked, and the proprietors will be prepared to furnish the name of the author; or that will make more than a column of this paper.

RATES—$1.00.

THE DAILY JOURNAL.

NEW BERNE, N. C., MAY 11, 1883.

Prussian Schools.

Universal and compulsory.—There are very

COMMERCIAL.

NEW BERNE MARKET.

Corrected by Messrs. Duffy & Clark, Cotton Buyers.

Middling Cotton	10
Low Middling	9½
Good Ordinary	9
Ordinary	8½
Stains	8

Corrected by Messrs. Duffy & Clark, Cotton Buyers.

Cotton Seed per bushel	25
Cotton Seed per ton	$10
Corn per bushel	60
Corn per barrel	$1.00
Corn Meal per bushel	60
Corn Meal per barrel	$1.00
Fresh Pork per lb	8
Fresh Beef per lb	6
Meal—unbolted	60
Meal—bolted	60
Potatoes—Irish per bu	60
Potatoes—Sweet per bu	60
Chickens each	20
Eggs per doz	10
Turkeys each	50
Ducks per pair	25
Geese per pair	50
Hides per lb	5
Tallow per lb	5
Rice per lb	5
Flour per bbl	5.00
Corn per bushel	60
Fodder per cwt	1.00
Peas per bushel	60
Oats per bushel	40
Hay per cwt	1.00
Bacon per lb	8
Lard per lb	8
Turpentine per bbl	3.00
Tar per bbl	2.00
Rosin per bbl	1.50
Corn per bushel	60
Wood per cord	4.00

Casson House.

Casting Their Eyes Southward.

The Plans of the Republicans to Make Up for Expected Losses in the North.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The Republican National Committee is sending circulars throughout the South inviting prominent men in the Republican party to meet the committee in conference in this city on some day in June. The object of this conference is to find out how many districts it will be possible for the Republicans to carry by an expenditure of money and work, how many there is a fair chance of carrying, and how many may be carried by independents as against regular Democratic candidates. It is certain that the Congressional committee expects to carry a large number of the Congressional districts in the South. It has already issued an appeal for money, and [illegible] the South and other preparations are made to make up in that section for the losses [illegible] North.

The appointment of Major-Gen. Jim [illegible] as special agent of the Treasury is undoubtedly a part of the programme. Scoville, who seems to have run his career as a Democrat, Republican, Democrat and Independent, will be sent into the Southern States as soon as the canvass opens to make speeches, and otherwise to represent the Administration in the arrangements for securing Republican Congressmen from that section.—*New York Sun.*

MONOPOLY WINS.

The Farmers' Representatives Insulted by the Republicans.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Under the [illegible] Hooper, of Massachusetts, and Rep. Dr. Chambers, of Michigan, but a Virginian, will be elected [illegible] Speaker of the House of Representatives in the place of Randall, who [illegible] the public revenues. A Republican Congress has now [illegible] of the commission of nine persons to report on all of the subjects [illegible] the meeting of Congress, which [illegible] Congress will be called upon to consider. The Commission [illegible] of the Senate and House—the two most extreme protectionists in Congress. They can control action upon it easily at the next short session, beginning on the fourth Monday in December, 1883.

The report of the Commission would die with this Congress. The Forty-eighth Congress would, therefore, be compelled to take a fresh start, either by reviving the report, by bringing in a bill, or by abandoning the subject. The political complexion of the new House of Representatives cannot be surely foretold, but the chances are in favor of a Democratic majority.

The vote on the Commission bill shows a division of opinion in both parties as between the two policies of protection out and out and of reform of the existing abuses in the tariff. With a Presidential election impending, the managers would doubtless seek to avoid thrusting this issue into the campaign, especially as the House and the Senate should be politically discordant.

In any event it may be safely predicted that there will be no legislation on the tariff at the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress, beginning in December, 1883. Perhaps a few particular articles to which public attention has been chiefly directed may be relieved, as quinine was three years ago.

After the President is elected in 1884, no matter which party may succeed, it will be contended, and naturally, too, that the tariff should go d[illegible] which [illegible] carry the question, if agitated at all, far into the year 1886.

The estimated profits of the monopolists are about $125,000,000 a year. They and their agents in Congress profess great willingness to revise the tariff. They admit the enormities, the incongruities, and the outrages of a system of plunder which gives freedom to the luxuries of the rich and loads with taxation the necessities of those who earn their bread by toil.

Even Mr. Kelley and Mr. Morrill, hard-shell protectionists as they are, preach the necessity of revision, and make most plausible promises of what they propose to do in the uncertain future. But when they are cornered, some device like this Commission is invented, under which they will get four years of assured continuation of the present law, and the monopolists will pocket about $500,000,000 of profits. No wonder they have been a magnificent lobby at Washington all winter of ex-Senators and ex-Representatives and the like. Monopoly has won a great victory.—*New York Sun.*

NOTICE!

NORTH CAROLINA, } Probate Court
Craven County.

[illegible] Hastings, Adm'n vs. the heirs at law of [illegible] Brown, deceased.

[illegible] Hackney, Moore, and others, defendants in the above entitled proceeding are hereby notified that a petition has been filed in the above proceeding, which is pending in the Probate Court of Craven county on Saturday June 2nd, 1883, and that the answer or demur to the complaint of the plaintiffs must be filed in said proceeding, which is instituted to sell the land of the intestate Betsy Brown for assets to pay the debts of said intestate, and you are hereby required to appear before the Probate Court of Craven county on Saturday June 2nd, 1883, and answer or demur to the complaint of the plaintiffs