

# THE DAILY JOURNAL.

VOL. I.

NEW BERNE, N. C., SUNDAY, MAY 14, 1882.

NO. 37.

## LOCAL NEWS.

### CHURCH DIRECTORY.

**BAPTIST CHURCH.**  
MIDDLE STREET.  
REV. F. W. EASON, PASTOR.  
Services on Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayers every Thursday evening at 7:15 o'clock. Sunday School at 3 P. M. C. C. CLARK, Superintendent.

**PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.**  
NINTH STREET.  
REV. L. C. YASS, PASTOR.—Services on Sunday at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 10 A. M. Prayers every Thursday evening at 7:15 o'clock. Services every night during the county week by the Pastor.

**METHODIST CHURCH.**  
NINTH STREET.  
REV. L. S. BURKHEAD, D. D., PASTOR.—Services on Sunday Morning at 11 and afternoon at 3 o'clock. Services every night during the county week by the Pastor.

**CHRIST CHURCH.**  
FOLKLORE STREET.  
REV. V. W. SHIELDS, RECTOR.—Services Sunday morning at 11 and afternoon at 3 o'clock. Sunday School at 10 P. M. and all Holy days at 9 A. M. Free seats to all visitors. The public cordially invited to attend. Ushers always in attendance.

**ST. PAUL'S CATHOLIC CHURCH.**  
CORNER MIDDLE AND NINTH STREETS.  
FATHER J. J. REILY, PASTOR.—Mass Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Vespers Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Sunday School at 3 o'clock P. M. Daily Mass at 8 o'clock A. M. Pastor will be absent fourth Sunday of every month.

A severe hail storm passed just north of Pettipiper's Ferry yesterday evening. Six marriage licenses issued by the Register of deeds during the past week. Five colored, one white.

Rev. J. E. Mann P. E. of the New Berne district will preach at Neuse street Methodist church to-day.

The oyster season is over. The canning factory commenced work on garden peas yesterday. Over one hundred hands were shelling.

The funeral of Captain Burns Midyette, of the *Susan*, running between Hyde and New Berne, took place early on Saturday morning. Captain Midyette had been sick about a week, of pneumonia, in the Marine Hospital, and died on Friday.

**Commencements.**  
This is the season for editors to receive "compliments" to the school commencements. To-day we have two, one from La Grange and the other from Graham. At the Graham school, taught by Rev. D. A. Long, Gov. Jarvis will address the graduating class; and at La Grange Academy, taught by Messrs. Rouse and Joyner, Prof. Geo. T. Winston, of the State University, will deliver the annual address.

**Cotton Seed Oil.**  
The article in the JOURNAL some days ago, on the use of cotton seed oil for culinary purposes, induced Major Dennison of the New Berne Cotton Seed Oil Mills, to order a barrel of the refined oil, and if it turns out to be as recommended, he will add a refinery to his mill.

In Memphis, Tenn., and in Georgia this oil is recommended as far superior to lard for cooking purposes. It is claimed to be both purer and cheaper, and is certainly worth a trial. If it comes up to the claims made for it, it will greatly enhance the value of cotton seed and thus add to the material welfare of the South.

**Marine News.**  
The following arrived on Friday night and yesterday:  
The schooner *Opechee*, Captain Nelson, from Little River Pasquotank county, with 2,374 bushels of corn consigned to G. Boney, Wilmington.  
The schooner *Mystery*, Captain Ed Jones, from Hyde county, cargo of corn.  
The schooner *Lucretia*, Capt. Peel, with cargo of corn from Hyde county.  
The schooner *Sarah Midyette*, Capt. Spencer, with cargo of corn from Hyde county.

The schooner *R. L. Meyers*, Capt. Walker, with cargo of corn from Hyde county.  
The schooner *Beula Benton* from Hyde county with corn.  
The *Fairfield*, Capt. Smith, from Elizabeth City with corn.  
The schooner *Etha*, Capt. Roberts, from Tyrrell with corn.

Of the above, the *Sarah Midyette*, the *Fairfield* and the *Beula Benton* belong to our townsman, Mr. J. A. Meadows.

**Nominations in Order.**  
It is well understood in New Berne that the friends of two prominent lawyers in the city are urging their claims for nomination for the Judgeship in this District and that there will probably be a sharp contest between them before the County Convention for its recommendation.

At the meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee on Saturday a neat job was put up upon the two aspirants as follows:

Mr. C. C. Clark obtained the floor and brought the matter up in a speech in

which he desired to commit the Committee to a recommendation. Both of the said lawyers being members of the Executive Committee were present and listened with bated breath each thinking that as Mr. Clark was a strong personal friend that his name would be put in nomination at the close of his address. After dwelling some time upon the qualifications necessary (all of which each of the lawyers was sure he possessed) Mr. Clark wound up by saying, "I therefore put in nomination the name of Mr. Fred. Phillips of Edgecombe!"

It fell like a thunder bolt, and it took nearly ten minutes for the would be Judges to find out the joke—and even now they don't see much fun in such joking.

**Committee Meeting.**  
Democratic Executive Committee met at W. G. Brinson's office in pursuance of an order from M. D. W. Stevenson chairman. Present: F. M. Simmons, M. D. W. Stevenson, Thos. Mallison, Wm. Foy, V. A. Tolson W. G. Brinson, Dr. George Slover, Samuel W. Latham, H. R. Bryan and E. H. Meadows. On motion of W. G. Brinson, E. H. Meadows was requested to act as secretary pro tem.

By request the plan of organization of the Democratic Party was read by the chairman.

On motion the 10th of June was appointed the time for holding the township meetings to send delegates, and for the election of Township Executive Committees, and the 15th of June the time holding the County Convention at the Court House in New Berne at 11 o'clock a. m.

On motion it was resolved that if the chairman ascertains that there is no Township Executive Committee then he may appoint such committee pro tem for the purpose of perfecting the plan of organization.

On motion the city papers are requested to publish the plan of the party organization.

M. D. W. STEVENSON,  
Chairman.  
E. H. MEADOWS, Secretary pro tem.

**Mayor's Court.**  
The crowd at the police station yesterday morning was unusually large. While they waited for the appearance of His Honor, policeman Hardison entertained them by spinning a few yarns.

He told of two strong boys in Carver county—Mr. Midyettes—who went into a swamp to cut a mast for a vessel, and when they had cut it down hitched a yoke of oxen to it to pull it out but they couldn't budge it; so the boys discharged the oxen, and pulled the pole out with their own hands.

"I want to tell a rat story," said he. "Go ahead," said others.

"Once there was a man in Greene county who moved, and when he moved he—"

"What is that?" said Mr. Levi Bray, peering at something on the side of the wall.

"It's the number of wards in the city," said one.

"No, it's the telephone arrangement," said Marshal Gaskins. "Go on with your rat story."

"Let me get this right. A man in Greene county moved once. He moved in a very large brick house—the lady heard a rat in the cellar—she carried a cat down and turned her in—after a while heard scratching in the cellar—went down and there were forty-eight cats at the door wanting to go in—turned them in—next morning there were 600 rat heads and tails in the cellar."

The coolness with which the crowd received this was about to give the policeman the "dry grins" but he rallied.

"That same cat," said he, "was in the lady's room next morning on the bed. The lady said she wanted some fish and complained about not having some. The cat jumped off the bed—went out—soon returned with a nice jack fish. Next morning the lady made the same wish for fish—cat jumped up and started out—man watched her—she went to a pond covered with ice—had a hole broke in ice—stuck her tail in it—wiggled—fish bit—cat jumped up and snatched him through the hole."

"There may be people in Greene county who believe such a lie, but there is no one in this crowd fool enough to believe it," dryly remarked a sober looking fellow up in one corner.

The appearance of His Honor put an end to the policeman's yarns. The crowd had considerably increased, among whom were two dogs, who appeared to be interested in the cat stories.

Marshal—"The court will come to order! Hats off if you please."

The first case called was W. T. Burgess for an assault and battery on John Haley. Mr. L. J. Moore appeared for

the prosecutor, W. W. Clark for the defendant.

Defendant plead not guilty. Mr. Clark wished to know if His Honor would try the defendant for violating the city ordinances, or would he try him under the general law.

His Honor decided to try him under the city ordinance.

Mr. Clark argued the question as to jurisdiction of the court, claiming that his client, if tried and punished in this court, would still be subject to indictment and punishment in a higher court, thereby subjecting him to punishment twice for the same offense which was unconstitutional.

Mr. Moore argued that the Mayor could proceed under the city ordinance in order to ascertain the nature of the offense—if serious damage was done, etc.

Mr. Clark admitted that serious damage was done and expressed a willingness that his client should be bound over to the Superior Court.

The Mayor appealed to the city council. Mr. Clement Manly, who stated that Mr. Clark was right if he admitted serious damage.

Mr. Burgess gave a justified bond for his appearance.

Helen Houff was the next called, charged with tearing down a tree in the city. He admitted that the charge was true, but it was done by accident. Fine one cent and cost.

"Archie Slade, you are charged with violating, on May 12th, sec. 11, Chap. 8 of city ordinances by an assault on John Harris—showing him into the river. Are you guilty?"

"Y-es sir," drawled out Archie, a colored stripling of about 14 years.

"What did you push him into the river for, did you want to drown him?"

"No sir."

"I don't see what else you wanted. Let the witnesses be sworn."

John Harris took the book.

"How old are you," asked His Honor.

"Do you know the nature of an oath?"

"No sir."

"Stand aside."

The marshal was then sworn and testified to having seen Archie on Friday morning at the foot of Metcalf street walk up to John, who was sitting on a log with a number of other boys, and knocked him over into the river. Archie attempted to run but the Marshal caught him.

"Keep him in custody for a while Mr. Marshal. I will consider his case." Court adjourned.

**Emigration.**  
EDITORS JOURNAL.—I have feebly set forth the advantages the South possesses over the West, and am forced to answer a question that naturally suggests itself, to-wit: Why have these shrewd and industrious people never discovered these advantages themselves? Here again, at the risk of being wearisome, I must introduce a witness from the experience side. I once enjoyed the hospitality of a Delaware farmer who had located in that fertile portion of Maryland known as "Tuckahoe Neck," but still owned his old homestead in the little State of three counties. He was what is regarded as a wealthy farmer, but an indefatigable worker. Everything on the farm passed under his rigid scrutiny, and at his place I saw the first self-binding reaper at work, outside the exhibition at the Centennial.

During the visit I said to him, "If you were down South and worked as you do here you would become immensely rich in a few years."

"Yes, sir," said he; "I suppose I would; but down there you don't like work."

"No, sir," said I; "but I believe that is a disease common to the whole family of mankind, and becomes epidemic only where they can live without it, or with very little of it."

"That is true," he remarked; "but then your people think work a disgrace and look down upon working people."

"That," said I, "is more imaginary than real. Education, refinement and religion are a passport to the best of society, and, with the possession of wealth, secures a reserved seat all over the South. And the laboring classes are recognized as much or more than in the North, provided they have sufficient of either or all of these accomplishments to entitle them to it."

Another instance—I met a mill man from New Jersey. Said he, "How is the milling interest in your State?" "Very good," said I; "an illustration will show you. About a year ago I called to see a country merchant in the county of Halifax, North Carolina, on business. It was Thanksgiving day, and he had not many customers to serve, so he asked if I had a little while to spare to look through his newly erected mill. I told him I would take the time as I felt great interest in such improvements. So, after taking me up and down, showing the elevator, bolting chests and all the improved apparatus

for making good flour, I noticed quite a number of barrels of flour stacked up. Said I: "This, I suppose, is flour that you have ground on toll for your neighbors?" "No, sir," said he; "that is my own—ground from my own crop of wheat, and for sale to my customers. It would amuse you to see the letters and postal cards I receive almost daily from dealers from whom I used to buy flour; each one supposing that he had lost my custom from some cause that he could have explained away if I had only advised him of it, while the truth is I have brought Minnesota right down here into North Carolina and am playing the role of farmer, miller, merchant, railroad, canal boat and steamer right here on this little hill, and giving my neighbors the advantages of them all."

This, of course, charmed the Jersey man. "But," said he, "how about my politics? I am a Republican; would I be safe down there?"

Here his wife said, "Well, I am a Democrat; that would save him, wouldn't it?"

"Well, sir," I said, "if you went down there to do a milling business your politics would not be of great consequence to any one. You could select your own company, and if you did not make yourself otherwise obnoxious I would be willing to guarantee you against accidents or injury simply because you are a Republican."

These illustrations seem to answer, in the main, the question suggested.

The South has been ever held up as a labor despising people, a set of aristocrats, that looked with contempt upon everybody who worked for a living, and as a lawless crew who would regard the indiscriminate slaughter of political opponents a joyful pastime.

Why this has been done and why it has been accepted by our northern neighbors as true, is not a part of the matter in hand, the discussion of which would be of little use and of less interest to those who see in the bright future the dissipation of all such errors and the realization of facts as they are and as they will be understood by all intelligent seekers after truth. When the good in the South shall be as much dwelt upon as the bad, and our virtues painted on the same canvas with our vices, and our merits weighed in the same balance with our demerits; when the visitor shall come among us to learn the cause of our prosperity and the source of our happiness, and go back with attractive narratives of the voyage, instead of proclaiming a devout thanksgiving for his miraculous deliverance from the atrocities of a semi-barbarous race and safe return to civilized life, which has heretofore been too much the case; when the keen eye of interest shall peep through the veil of prejudice, and behold a land flowing with milk and honey where was reported swollen streams of human gore.

**STATE NEWS.**  
Gleaned from our Exchanges.

**Eastern Reflector:** At the meeting of the Board of county commissioners last Monday, the sum of \$250 was appropriated for the purpose of holding a Teacher's Institute here this summer. Mr. B. W. Brown, our efficient county superintendent of instruction, is making strenuous efforts to make the Institute a success.

**Durham Recorder:** Ice is selling at 12 cent per pound in Durham.—The fruit crop in this section is the heaviest we have seen in several years.—The farmers are quite busy setting out tobacco plants, chopping cotton, and planting corn.—The Republicans elected all of the officers in Oxford last week, which has stirred up the blood in the Democrats.

**Newbernian:** Blackberries are now being hawked on our streets at 5 cents per quart. There is not much danger of starving in New Berne.—Every man in the State who now duffers with the Democratic party, dares to entertain honest convictions and to express his opinions, no matter how faithful he has been in the past, nor what have been his sacrifices for the good of his party, is now written down by the majority of the Democratic papers as a disappointed, chronic office seeker, a sore head, and a fool generally, and this passes current with some for conclusive argument. Selah.

**Albemarle Enquirer:** Edenton is fortunate in many seasons of trade. The fish season, now having virtually passed, the truck season is coming in. During the past two weeks one or two thousand boxes have left for the Northern markets. The melon and fruit season will next dawn upon us, and then in the fall will come the cotton and peanut season. A great country this is.—The day is dawning and the good time is coming for the Roanoke and Albemarle sections. Immigration has started, if in a small way. On Saturday last, about twenty Hungarians arrived in this place, and took the Juniata for their new homes in the Roanoke section. This is solid living wealth, and we hope to see more of it for other sections.

**Rocky Mount Reporter:** We learn that a joint stock company has been formed in Goldsboro, with a capital of

\$60,000, to manufacture cotton seed oil and fertilizers.—There were 65,500 herrings received at this place yesterday.—J. A. Fountain, our clever railroad agent, informs us that during the past four months, commencing Jan. 1st, over 1,515 tons of fertilizers have been received at this station.—Fifteen thousand young shad from the State Fish Commission at Avoca, were placed in the Tar River, near here this week.—The noted Jerry Cox, who is confined in the Nashville jail, we learn, has been trying to break jail, but without success.

**W. Review:** The work of constructing the steam derrick and saws for the improvement of the upper Cape Fear river goes bravely on. It is now expected that the derrick will be completed on or about the first of June.—The U. S. District Attorney for this district, Mr. W. S. O'B. Robinson, arrived here on Wednesday night and on yesterday was busy in drawing up papers and getting out writs of ejectment against the squatters of "King's Row," back of the Marine Hospital. For several years past the houses in these rows, which are now owned by the Government, have been occupied by colored squatters who refuse to pay rent or move out. Mr. Robinson is here for the purpose of legally ejecting them and placing the Government in possession of its own. There are about twenty of the houses. They were built by the late Dr. J. F. King and are situated just in the rear of the Marine Hospital.

**News and Observer:** The ground is much wetter than usual at this season.—The wet weather has, we learn, done much damage to cotton in Gates and adjoining counties.—The Goldsboro Messenger will not correctly quote the Raleigh cotton markets. Many inquiries are made as to the reason why it does not.—Mr. John Spelman informs us that he will next week resume the publication of the *State Journal*, and asks his comrades of the press of the State to put him on their exchange list. He is aware of the fact that State exchanges are invaluable.—Professor Duckett, Wake county Superintendent of Public Instruction, has been elected principal of a flourishing institution of Sumter, S. C., but has not yet decided to accept it. We trust that he will not. His devotion to the educational interests of Wake is marked, and he is doing a good work in our schools.—Mayor Manly's condition has for some time been critical, yesterday morning it grew so alarming that a consultation of physicians was held. At this time was found to be a hopeless one. During yesterday the inquires as to Mayor Manly's condition were numberless, but no encouragement could be given the inquirers. The information of his dangerous condition caused great sadness among his numerous friends.

**Hon. George Green, Sr.**  
In looking around us for an available candidate for the Judgeship of the Second Judicial District, we believe the gentleman whose name heads this article is the man. Possessed as he is of legal attainments of the first order, a pure character and a sympathetic nature, the interests of all the people could be safely placed in his hands. For a long time he was Judge of the Special Criminal Court of Craven county, and in the discharge of the duties of that office he showed himself eminently fit for so exalted a position. We trust at our coming county convention resolutions will be passed endorsing him for the office of Judge, and that the District Convention may select him as our standard bearer. We think he could be elected.—*New Berne Lodge.*

**State University Railroad.**  
The ceremonies of driving the last spike passed off at Chapel Hill with great eclat on the 9th. Miss Julia J. Spencer, daughter of Mrs. C. P. Spencer, by special request drove one spike most gracefully, and Mr. J. G. Cooley, the railroad agent at Chapel Hill, the other. A large crowd from Chapel Hill and the surrounding country was in attendance, and much enthusiasm was manifested. The exercises were opened with an introductory address by Rev. Dr. Mangum, after which Rev. Dr. Jeffries of the Baptist Church, offered a prayer.

Speeches were made by President Battle, Hon. John M. Manning, Jones Watson, Esq., James Mason, Esq., and Professor Geo. T. Winston, and were warmly applauded. The locomotive was gaily dressed with flowers.

The University Glee Club sang two excellent and stirring songs composed for the occasion.

The spikes and hammers were gilded and at the close Captain Cooley presented his hammer to Miss Spencer as a memento of the occasion. Rev. Mr. Currie pronounced the benediction.

Mr. Watson stated in his address that he heard Dr. Caldwell, President of the University, deliver the first railroad speech ever made in Orange county, and at the close a citizen pronounced him crazy. That citizen is still living and sees the locomotive run by his door many times a day.

President Battle was warm in his praises of Gov. Jarvis for his able aid towards securing funds and labor for this road, and to various others who had been active promoters of the enterprise, including Col. Buford and Col. Andrews of the Richmond and Danville Company, to which company the State University Railroad is leased.

The road is now in good order, and connects regularly with the eastern and western bound trains of the North Carolina Railroad, giving two trains a day.—*News and Observer.*

Subscribe for the JOURNAL.

## CITY ITEMS.

This column, next to local news, is to be used for Local Advertising.

Cotton seed Meal, the best cow food, 75 cents per bushel. For sale at New Berne Cotton Seed Oil Mill. 3 t e. o. d.

**Hay and Lime**  
I am receiving to-day 200 bales of as choice Timothy hay as was ever sold in New Berne.  
WILLIAM H. OLIVER.

Pure fresh ice cold Beer 2.75 per crate.  
E. H. WINDLEY.

## COMMERCIAL.

### NEW BERNE MARKET.

**COTTON.**—Middling 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; Low Middling 11 $\frac{1}{4}$ ; Good Ordinary 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; Ordinary 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ .

**TURPENTINE.**—Yellow dip \$8.00, Scraps \$2.00.  
TAR.—\$1.50 to \$1.75.  
RICE.—\$1.17 to \$1.20.  
CORN.—Firm. 94c. in sacks; 91c. in bulk.  
PEAS.—\$1.35.

**COUNTRY PRODUCE.**—Bacon—hams 14c; shoulders 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; sides 11c; Lard 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ c; Meal—unbolted \$1.00; bolted \$1.10; Fresh pork 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Beef—stall fed, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. on foot; grass fed 5c. Potatoes—yam 50. Eggs 11. Hides—dry 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. green 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Beeswax 20c. Chickens 60c @ 62c. per pair. Fodder \$1.50 per cwt. Peanuts \$1.75.

Reported Expressly for New Berne Journal.

### DOMESTIC MARKETS.

**BALTIMORE, May 13.**—Flour quiet and firm; Howard st. and western superfine \$3.50 @ 4.75; extra \$5.00 @ 6.00; family \$6.25 @ 7.25; City Mills superfine \$3.50 @ 4.75; do. extra \$5.00 @ 7.80; Rio brands \$7.25 @ 7.37. Wheat—southern dull; western lower and dull; southern red \$1.35 @ 1.44; amber \$1.41 @ 1.44; No. 2 western winter red, spot, \$1.39 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Corn—southern quiet and steady; western dull; southern white 89 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.; do. yellow 87 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

**BALTIMORE, May 13—Night.**—Oats quiet and steady; southern 60 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.; western white 61 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.; mixed 60 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.; Pennsylvania 60 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Provisions higher and firm; mess pork \$18.75 @ 19.20. Bulk meats—shoulders and clear ribs sides packed 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Bacon—shoulders 10c; clear ribs sides 13c.; hams 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Lard—refined 12c. Coffee quiet; Rio cargoes, ordinary to fair, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Sugar quiet; A soft 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Whisky quiet at \$1.21 @ 1.22.

**NEW YORK, May 13.**—Cotton—Net receipts 45 bales; gross 687 bales. Futures closed steady; sales 19,000 bales. May 13 32 $\frac{1}{2}$  34; June 12 41 $\frac{1}{2}$  42; July 12 55 $\frac{1}{2}$  56; August 12 69; September 12 82; October 11 71 $\frac{1}{2}$  72; November 11 51 $\frac{1}{2}$  52; December 11 58; January 11 64 $\frac{1}{2}$  65; February 11 75.

**NEW YORK, May 13.**—Cotton quiet and steady; sales 1,010 bales; Uplands 12 5-16c.; Orleans 12 9-16c. Consolidated net receipts 2,391; exports to Great Britain, 5,103; to continent 400.

Coffee firm and quiet. Rio cargoes, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. @ 10c.; job lots 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Sugar quiet and steadily held; fair to good refining 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. @ 7 $\frac{1}{4}$ c.; refined steady and demand moderate; standard 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Molasses quiet and steady. Rice unchanged with fair demand. Rosin steady at \$2 35. Spirits turpentine dull and unsettled at 47 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Wool quiet and very steady—domestic fleece 33 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. @ 34c.; Texas 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Pork held very firm with trade rather quiet—mess on the spot \$18 12 $\frac{1}{2}$  @ 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; old \$18 80 @ 19; new mess, June delivery, \$18 80 @ 19. D. S. middles rule very firm, with light inquiry, at unchanged prices. Lard less active without decided change, closing steady—prime steam on the spot \$11 80, choice \$11 67 $\frac{1}{2}$ . May delivery \$11 57 $\frac{1}{2}$  @ 11 60, June delivery \$11 57 $\frac{1}{2}$ .

**CHICAGO, May 13.**—Corn is in fair demand and lower at 76c. for cash and 73 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. for June delivery. Pork steady and active and a shade higher—cash \$18 85 @ 18 90, June delivery \$18 87 $\frac{1}{2}$  @ 18 90. Bulk meats strong and higher—shoulders 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. short rib 11-10c., short clear 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

**WILMINGTON, May 13.**—Spirits turpentine firm at 40c. Rosin quiet; strained \$1.65; good strained \$1.70. Tar steady at \$1.75. Crude turpentine not quoted. Corn—prime white 97 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.; mixed 93c.

**FOREIGN MARKETS.**  
**LIVERPOOL, May 13—Noon.**—Cotton steady—Middling uplands 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ d; middling Orleans 6 13-16d. Sales 10,000 bales, for speculation and export 2,000. Receipts 36,000 bales, including 16,400 American. Futures—May 6 58-64d; May and June 6 38-64d.

**Cotton Markets.**  
May 10.—Galveston, 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; Norfolk 12; Baltimore, 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; Boston, 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; Wilmington, 11 9-16; Philadelphia, 12; Savannah, 11; New Orleans, 11; Mobile, 11; Memphis, 11; Augusta, 11; Charleston, 11.

**NOTICE.**  
Sealed proposals for building a parsonage for the M. E. Church, South, at Trenton, Trent county, will be received until the first Monday in June. Plan and specifications can be had upon application to the undersigned, and to whom all bids, etc., should be addressed, marked "Proposals for building parsonage."  
THOS. J. WHEATON, Architect.