

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.
THE DAILY JOURNAL, a 24 column paper, published daily except on Monday, at \$6.00 per week, \$18.00 for six months. Delivered to city subscribers at 10 cents per month.
THE NEW BERNE JOURNAL, a 24 column paper, is published every Thursday at \$2.00 per annum.
ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One inch one day 50 cents; one week, \$2.00; one month \$1.00; three months \$3.00; six months, \$5.00; twelve months, \$9.00.
 Advertisements under head of "City Items" cents per line for each insertion.
 No advertisements will be inserted between Local Matter at any price.
 Notices of Marriages or Deaths, not to exceed ten lines will be inserted free. All additional matter will be charged 10 cents per line.
 Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Regular advertisements will be collected promptly at the end of each month.
 Communications containing news or a discussion of local matters are solicited. No communication must expect to be published that contains objectionable personalities; withhold the name of the author; or that will make more than one column of this paper.

THE JOURNAL.
 NEW BERNE, N. C., JUNE 13, 1882.
 Entered at the Post office at New Berne, N. C., as second-class matter.

Males and Females in the United States.

The Mormon apostles make a plea for their religion on the ground that it gives every woman a chance to get married—assuming the ground that the females outnumber the males in this country. But such is not the case as a study of the census will show.
 The final figures of the population of the United States in 1880 give 50,156,866. The males outnumber the females by 888,298; there being 25,520,582 males and 24,632,284 females. It is a curious fact that in all nations where an exact record of births is made, the number of boys exceeds that of girls.

The late civil war was very destructive of human life, and chiefly of men's lives. In 1870 the excess of males was a little less than 430,000; but the natural increase, and the fact that the number of male immigrants exceeds that of the female, has added largely to the excess in ten years.

While there is this greater number of males in the whole country, it is a remarkable fact that in every State that borders on the Atlantic Ocean or the Gulf of Mexico, excepting Delaware, Florida, Mississippi and Texas, the reverse is the case. Women, on the other hand, are in excess in no State not bordering on the Ocean or the Gulf, except Tennessee.

In the northeastern States the excess of females is large. It is nearly ninety-five thousand in New England, seventy thousand in New York, and eleven thousand in New Jersey. In the newest States and territories, the proportion is quite the other way, for in the eight Western territories—Washington, Idaho, Montana, Dakota, Wyoming, Utah, New Mexico and Arizona—more than seven-twelfths of the population are males.

These facts are easily accounted for. In the first place, the emigration of Eastern people westward is composed largely of young men. Secondly, the chances for employment for females are better in the Eastern States. The great factories of New England and New York employ girls and women by the thousand. There are probably more shop-girls employed in the stores of Boston or New York City than the entire female population of any of the territories named.

The census of 1870 showed that more than thirty-six per cent. of all the women and girls employed in manufacturing in the United States resided in New England. When New York and Pennsylvania were added, more than two-thirds of the whole were accounted for.

It is not simply that girls living in the East find occupation at home; but there is an emigration of females to the places where their labor is in demand. Vermont loses young men who go West, and it loses young women who go to New York or Massachusetts. In ten years it increased less than two thousand in population, and kept very nearly the same proportion of the sexes.

Much sport has been made at times over the fact that in Massachusetts the females were largely in excess. This excess is growing. In 1870 there were 107,975 females to every 100,000 males. Now there are 107,695. If the chief end of woman is to be married, there are

some 66,000 women in Massachusetts to whom life must be a failure unless they emigrate before it is too late for them to marry.

If however the matter be looked at philosophically, it will be seen that the excess is a result of the better chance that is given to women in New England. Their labor is in demand. They take places that are elsewhere occupied by men. They live an independent life, so far as earning their own living is concerned; and if they do not marry, they are not therefore forced to starve.

The most evenly balanced State in the Union is Maine, where there are only 777 more women than men, out of a population of 650,000. The Territory where the sexes differ most is Montana, in which nearly three fourths of the population are males.

County Superintendent's Report
 NEW BERNE, June 1, 1882.

Gentlemen of the Board of Education of Craven County:
 Although the Annual Report required by law has been forwarded to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, I desire to supplement that report by a statement made to your Honorable Body of the progress of public schools in Craven County for the last term now just coming to a close. I do this in order that the people may be properly informed concerning these important interests. Since entering upon the duties of County Superintendent I have examined 60 applicants for teacher's place, 21 whites and 39 colored. Several of these failed to pass an approved examination, and several obtained certificates with the intention of teaching in other counties. We have operated 47 schools in this county during the term, 18 white and 29 colored. The Superintendent found at the very start an insufficiency of competent white teachers for the county, and believing in the superiority of female teachers for small, uneducated children, adopted the plan of encouraging fairly educated ladies, dependent upon their own exertions for a support, to undertake this work. He is happy to say, that he was successful beyond his expectations. Several languishing white schools in the county have thus been supplied with faithful, industrious teachers, who have given complete satisfaction to their patrons, and by the flattering results achieved deserved the confidence and gratitude of the county. The Colored Normal School established in New Berne has proved a great benefit to the colored race, in as much as it put in training an admirable body of teachers, who went to their schools with increased gratifications, and have done a good work for education in the ranks of their people. I consider it the proudest cause for congratulation that, among the 47 teachers toiling under my supervision in the county, no serious complaint has been brought against a single one, but all have labored faithfully, earnestly and successfully for the advancement of their schools. Although connected all my life more or less with the cause of education, I have never before seen such rapid progress in learning, such fidelity and hard work on the part of teachers, such complete satisfaction on the part of the patrons, and such wide spread prosperity in our educational interests.

Were it proper to do so, I could give the names of teachers, white and colored, who, with a pitiful salary, have organized and operated schools, which would reflect credit upon the most cultivated communities. The Superintendent knows, that this is high praise. But he has made it a point to visit the schools, to examine teachers and scholars, to look into and correct the methods of teaching, and to him the ground is no unknown region. He has proceeded upon facts all the way, and has discarded every thing that was not facts. The chief difficulty in our path was to place in the schools the books prescribed by the State Board of Education. The children had books, but they were of the wrong sort, were worn and in tatters, and altogether unsuitable. We could not proceed without suitable books. The children could not be arranged in classes, and without proper classification there could be no progress in learning. I directed the teachers to make their first struggle on this question. They did so, very faithfully and conscientiously. The consequence was that we succeeded in having the most of the schools reasonably supplied, and with the formation of classes the work of improvement began in earnest. I directed that the last month of the school term should be taken up with reviewing, the last two days with a public examination, and that the session should terminate with closing exercises of reading, declamation, etc. These instructions have generally been

carried out, and in many cases with much applause and permanent utility. The increased attendance of pupils has been one of the marked circumstances of this session. In this township the increase has been over 50 per cent., and very largely over 25 per cent. through the whole county. We need, however, more and better school houses, and, if the excellent school committees now in office shall redeem their promise to me, we shall have between fifteen and twenty school houses erected this year. The school committee of the 8th township have erected for the colored race in this city a school building, which is an honor to the Committee and an ornament to the city. The whole county might take pattern from this attractive structure. Our educational interests have heretofore suffered from the continual changing of teachers, and the irregular attendance of pupils. The first evil the Public School authorities can and will remedy; the last can only be dealt with by the patrons of the schools. We humbly submit, that that in the end prove a costly crop, which has to be raised by taking the children out of school. The friends of education in our city entertain the hope of realizing at an early day the dreams which many have cherished of a more advanced and complete institution of learning in our midst. The white public schools of New Berne, under two thoroughly competent and faithful teachers, have been a prominent success this year. But we are satisfied, that the County Superintendent and all his co-workers in common schools will heartily unite with all other citizens in establishing a Graded School, if such a result shall be found practicable.

Respectfully,
 JOHN S. LONG,
 Supt. Pub. Ins. for Craven County.

COTTON SEED MEAL.
 THE BEST
STOCK FEED AND FERTILIZER.
 Exceptionally good for mitch cows—equal to stock pens at half the price—75 cents per bushel.

FOR SALE BY
A. R. DENNISON,
 may 5, 4-ly New Berne, N. C.

TRENT RIVER TRANSPORTATION CO.
 Running a Tri-Weekly Line
 —FOR—
 Trenton, Jolly Old Field, Biddle's, Quaker City, Pollockville and Banks' Landing, Vanceboro
 And all other intermediate points on Neuse & Trent Rivers & wiff Creek.

Str. TRENT, Capt. W. T. Taylor,
 Will leave her wharf foot of Craven st. every Monday and Thursday morning for trip up Neuse River as far as Jolly Old Field, returning on Tuesday and Friday afternoons. The Trent will go to Pollockville every Saturday morning and return on Saturday afternoon.

Str. CONTENTNEA, Capt. David Styron,
 will leave her dock foot of Craven st. every Wednesday morning for Trenton, Quaker City, Pollockville, Oliver and Banks' Landing, returning to New Berne Wednesday afternoon. The Contentnea will go to Vanceboro every Monday morning.

AGENTS:
 A. G. BARRUS, Pollockville; J. I. KINSEY, Trenton; CHAUNCEY GRAY, Kingston; C. M. A. GRIFFIN, Bell's Ferry.
 For further information apply to
 GEO. T. DUFFY,
 Gen'l Freight Agent, New Berne

NOTICE.
 The members of "The Newbern Athletic and Social Club" are requested to pay the Treasurer, James W. Moore, the second installment of subscription on or before June 19th.
 Attention is called to Art. XX of the Constitution, "Any Stockholder who shall be a delinquent in payment of stock subscription * * * shall forfeit all privileges as a member of this Club."
 By order of the Board of Directors,
 R. O. E. LODGE, Secretary.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.
 The County Convention for Craven county, will convene at the Court House in the city or Newbern on June 13th, 1882, at 11 o'clock, a. m., instead of the 15th inst. as heretofore published.
 By order of the Co. Ex. Com.
 M. DeW. STEVENSON, Chm'n.

C. ERDMANN,
 MANUFACTURER OF
CHOICE HAVANA
 —AND—
DOMESTIC CIGARS.
 POLLOCK Street,
 NEW BERNE, N. C.
 Apr 1 D 15

MEAL, MEAL, MEAL
Corn! Corn! Corn!
HAY, HAY, HAY, HAY, HAY.



CORN AND MEAL IN CAR LOAD LOTS.
Orders For Corn and Meal Solicited.
 No Goods Quoted Unless on Hand. Prompt Shipment Guaranteed.
 Have also on hand a large supply of **Choice Timothy Hay** and all kinds of **Feed**. Purchasers will do well to call at

Union Point Steam Flouring Mills, South Front Street,
J. A. MEADOWS,
NEWBERN, N. C.

1882. SPRING and SUMMER 1882.
New Store
NEW GOODS.

Read, Ponder and Remember.
 I take pleasure in informing the citizens of this and surrounding counties, that I have just returned from the North with one of the newest and best selected stocks of

DRY GOODS,
CL THING,
BOOTS, SHOES,
 Hats, Millinery, White Goods, etc., etc.,
 ever shown before.

I have ransacked the Northern cities for twenty days in order to secure my goods at the very lowest bottom figures, and can safely say that I have succeeded in securing my stock so that I can offer great inducements to my numerous friends, customers and the public generally to examine my stock. A call will be sufficient to convince the shrewdest of buyers of what I say.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS
 are especially invited to examine my stock before buying elsewhere.
 Respectfully,
S. A. MUNTER.
 Pollock Street, next door to Post Office,
 New Berne, N. C.
 apr 21-d and w if

Gaston House
SALOON.
 The quietest and most retired place in the City.
 The best of
WINES,
LIQUORS,
& CIGARS.
Billiard and Pool Tables.

All the Illustrated and Sporting Paper of the Day on File.
 "D B's and Plants" will not be tolerated.
JAMES CAMPBELL,
 Proprietor.
"REMEMBER"
THAT HANCOCK'S CHILL PILLS
 are not recommended for every disease, but are warranted to cure every kind of chills. Our motto is, No cure, no pay. Try them. Price 50 cents per box. Manufactured and sold by
HANCOCK BROS., Druggists,
 New Berne, N. C.

NOTICE.
 Pursuant to a decree of the Superior Court of Craven county made at Fall Term, 1881, in an action wherein John Hughes and James E. Hughes were plaintiffs and Luke Mason defendant, I will sell at public auction at the court house door in the city of Newbern at 12 o'clock M. on Monday, July 30, 1882, the following real estate situated in the city of Newbern: A certain piece or parcel of land on the south side of South Front street between Middle and Hancock streets known as the McLin wharf and warehouse, and bounded on the north by South Front street, on the east by lot owned by John Bell, on the west by Trent river and on the west by the lot of Miss Justice.
 Terms Cash.
LYCURGUS H. CUTLER,
 Receiver.

WM. LORCH,
 DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
CART HOUSE ACCOMMODATIONS.
 Broad St. New Berne, N. C.
 Mar. 30, 1882

THE NEW YORK
Weekly Herald,
 JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
 PROPRIETOR.
 THE BEST AND
 Cheapest newspaper Published.
 POSTAGE FREE

ONE DOLLAR
 PER YEAR
Fifty Cents for six Months
 An extra Copy to every Club of ten
The New York Herald
 PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.
 Postage Free.
 \$10 pays for one year, Sundays included.
 \$5 pays for one year without Sundays.
 \$3 pays for six months, Sundays included.
 \$4 pays for six months, without Sundays.
 \$2 pays for one year for any specified day week.
 \$1 pays for six months for any specified day the week.
 \$1 per month (including Sundays) will be charged on subscriptions for a less period than three months.

TO EUROPE
 INCLUDING POSTAGE
 Daily, 7.50
 Weekly, (European Edition) \$4.00
 Weekly, (Domestic Edition) \$2.00

NEWSDEALERS SUPPLIED.
 POSTAGE FREE.
 Daily edition, Two and a half cents per copy
 Sunday edition, Four cents per copy
 Weekly edition, Two cents per copy
 N. B.—Not less than five copies mailed to newsdealers at wholesale rates.
 We allow no commission on subscriptions to Daily edition. Address, **NEW YORK HERALD,**
 Broadway & Ann Street, New York.

MORTGAGE SALE.
 By virtue of a Mortgage Deed executed by Sylvester Lawhorn and wife Alice Lawhorn, registered on the 30th day of June 1876 in Book 49 page 17, Register's office of Lenoir county, I will sell at the Court House door in the town of Kingston on Monday the 15th day of May 1882 at 12 M. the real estate conveyed in said Mortgage, consisting of two lots in the town of Kingston.
 Terms Cash. **Wm. C. FIELDS,**
 Feb. 9th. 3mo. Mortgagee

Furniture
F. BESSER
 has been in the business for the last
29 YEARS.
FULL STOCK
ALWAYS ON HAND
Give him a Trial
 Corner of Broad and Middle Streets,
NEW BERNE, N. C.
 Mar. 30, 6m w

E. H. MEADOWS & CO.,
 DEALERS IN
DRUGS, SEEDS and GUANOS,
 Agricultural Chemicals.
 Trucker's Supplies a Specialty.
 New Berne, N. C.
 apr 20-3m

HACKBURN BROTHERS,
 WHOLESALE & RETAIL
GROCERS
 Corner Broad and Queen Streets,
NEW BERNE, N. C.
 —JOBBERS OF—
LORILLARD'S SNUFFS AND TOBACCO
 Mar. 30, 1 y w

ROBERTS & BROS
 Keep on hand a full line of
Boots, Shoes Dry Goods, Crockery NOTIONS
 AND A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
FAMILY GROCERIES.
 Call on us before making your purchases, at South Front St. near Gaston House. Mar. 30, 1 y

HORNER SCHOOL,
OXFORD N. C.
 The next session of this school will begin the second Monday in January. For circular giving terms and other particulars, apply to the principals, **J. H. & J. C. HORNER.**
 Jan. 1, 1 y.
OCEAN HOUSE.
 BEAUFORT, N. C.
 The above well-known house will be kept open during this winter and next summer by Mrs. W. C. KING, assisted by THOS. S. MARSH. The house is situated in the central part of the town. Commercial travelers will find it to their advantage to stop with us, as we will furnish a large room for the display of samples free of charge. Terms reasonable.
 W. C. KING,
 THOS. S. MARSH.