

THE DAILY JOURNAL.

VOL. I.

NEW BERNE, N. C., TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1882.

NO. 76.

LOCAL NEWS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. A. GUION—National Bank.
Journal Miniature Almanac.
Sun rises, 4:53; Length of day,
Sun sets, 7:17; 14 hours and 24 min.
Moon rises 1:40 a. m.

Thermometer Record of Yesterday.
7 a. m. - - - 76°
9 p. m. - - - 84°
2 p. m. - - - 80°

The train runs through to Smithfield to-day.

Mr. W. H. Oliver has commenced work on a new gin house.

The market wharf is being repaired, Mr. U. S. Mace superintending.

Dr. Closs is dead—a faithful soldier sleeps until the resurrection morn.

Mr. Wm. White of Dover brought down some fine peaches yesterday which he sold readily at fifty cents per peck.

The *Tiger Lily* left port on Monday for Hyde. The JOURNAL office shipped thereon a pony and sulky and its clever soliciting agent Mr. C. C. Taylor. We hope to have a good report from him on his return.

The clergymen were aroused at the Cotton Exchange yesterday by the arrival of one bale of cotton. One sampler had his hat full which he pronounced Low Middling and the bale went off at 11.

Ed. Smallwood, the fireman on the Midland railroad who was struck by Frank Howell, the engineer, is yet in a dangerous condition, though the physicians say that he was better on yesterday. Several pieces of bone have been taken out—in all about the size of a dollar.

Bank Statement.

The report of the condition of the National Bank of New Berne makes a good showing. A perusal of its exhibit shows a healthy financial condition and a prosperous advance on former statements.

Died.

In this city on the 10th inst. in the 61st year of her age, Mrs. Sarah Ann Williams; wife of Thos. Williams Esq. The funeral will take place this morning at 10 o'clock at the Neuse street M. E. church. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

Salting Wood.

Work is progressing finely on the new steamer of the Neuse River Transportation Company. On Monday the workmen were busy putting down the deck floor, calking the bottom, and "salting" the sides and ends. The JOURNAL editors are landmen and were familiar with salting meats, but salting down wood was something new. Capt. Roberts says it has wonderful preservative power and that he will use nearly two tons on this steamer.

Nice Job of Painting.

Mr. Wm. Hay is doing an extra nice job of painting on the inside of Mr. L. H. Cutler's house, on the corner of Hancock and Pollock streets. The vestibule is a perfect beauty. Any one stepping in would be sure to halt and wonder, as they view the walls, where that beautiful oak came from, and that walnut, isn't it a beauty! Yet it is all made with the painter's brush. Mr. Hay has forty or fifty years' experience in the business and wields a tasty brush. Mr. Cutler is sparing neither pains nor money to make his residence one of the finest in the city.

Your Name in Print.

Col. Robt. Hancock Jr., Superintendent of Document Room, Washington City, arrived in the city last Saturday night.

Dr. W. H. Barker of Carteret was in the city yesterday. He says they have good crops—good corn and good cotton—in his neighborhood.

Postmaster Manix showed us some fine radishes yesterday. They would measure from five to six inches in circumference. They were nice in flavor as well as in size. The seed were sent to Mr. Manix by Hon. O. Hubbs from the department.

Mrs. F. G. Simmons left for Morehead City last night.

Mr. J. C. Washington and lady of Kinston passed down to Morehead City last night.

I'll Never Forget You.

On returning from Morehead on Sunday night, the excursion train ran one car off the track at Havelock and it seemed that the stay was likely to extend way into the night. What a prospect! Nothing to eat, nor to drink, except water, and that bad! But in a little while a very clever steam-mill man, who had been on the excursion, and whose bachelor quarters were near by, brought in a small crate of beer for his

friends. After freely refreshing the inner man, Capt. —, the politest of all the Conductors on the Midland railroad, exclaimed: "Ashley, old boy, I'll never forget you! If you are ever caught on the railroad with no money, and I'm aboard, you shan't be put off!"

City Progress.

Mr. McLachlan is repairing his residence on the corner of Pollock and Bern streets.

Mr. F. M. Simmons is converting his cottage dwelling on Johnson street, fronting the Academy Green, into a handsome residence.

The frame works of Mr. J. F. Ives' residence, on the corner of Middle and Johnson streets, of Mr. C. T. Watson's, on the corner of Pollock and Metcalf, of Mr. T. A. Green's, on the corner of Pollock and East Front, are nearly completed.

New hand rails have been put to the steps of the Masonic building.

Mr. L. H. Cutler is building new fences, new outhouses, painting and repairing generally, on the premises recently purchased by him on the corner of Pollock and Hancock streets.

The beautiful dwelling of Mr. Eljah Ellis, on South Front, is about completed. The work is highly creditable to the builder, Mr. Geo. W. Charlotte.

Mr. W. Colligan, senr., is beginning the work of repairing at his end of the town, near the Points.

Mrs. Ellis' residence on Pollock street is undergoing repairs.

Morehead Jottings.

A trip to Morehead a few days ago gave a pleasant day's rest. It was seen that the *Sans Souci* hotel was very comfortably filled and the Atlantic not so crowded. Could not a point be made on the benefits of advertising? The first hotel is very extensively advertised in the eastern papers, and we do not remember seeing in a single State paper an "ad" from the latter. Dr. Blackall seems rather to depend on little notices that "Governor Jarvis came down on Monday." President Davis will arrive on the 10th of July, and "all the rooms of the Atlantic are engaged after the 12th" etc.

There are two things at the Atlantic that are very nice—a very clever and business like Clerk, Mr. Raney, and a first-class string band. The band, composed of Robert Carmichael of Winston, leader and playing 1st violin; S. W. Chadwick of Kinston, 2d violin; W. G. B. Shelton, one of Levy's most accomplished pupils, Cornet; and two Italians with Clarinet and Flute, and with Prof. Fulman of New Berne, expected, on double base, will make music as sweet as can well be rendered.

It is said that the charges for beer, lemonade, etc., at the Atlantic Saloon are perfectly exorbitant (25 cents a glass) and that Fred Perry's Mozart Saloon further up the railroad is all the go. (The JOURNAL reporter doesn't speak from experience, as he went to neither place.)

To close up the day's pleasure the reporter had the pleasure of meeting the finest looking man in Carteret county—Dr. M. F. Arendell.

Hon. C. C. Clark.

We think FAIR PLAY, in noticing the *Observer* publication of Mr. Clark's plan of county government, shows more temper than the article in the *Observer* would call for. We do not think Capt. Ashe intended to do Mr. Clark an injustice in printing only extracts, for it strikes us that even upon a reading of the whole article Mr. Clark did, in substance, recommend the present system of county governments. True the article in its general scope pleaded for the "fundamental doctrine that our government is thoroughly representative in its character," but the Plan itself did propose the appointment by the Governor of three Justices for each township, and that these Justices should constitute the Board of County Commissioners. Now we do not think Mr. Clark or his friends will accuse us of being prejudiced against him, and if the reading of the article strikes us in that light, it is reasonable to suppose that Capt. Ashe might take the same view without intending to misrepresent.

It strikes us that Mr. Clark's true position is as follows: In 1878 the condition of county finances in eastern Carolina were such that some change was necessary, in order to protect the property owners. To effect this change Mr. Clark drew up a Plan, similar in many respects to ante-bellum laws, which Plan, with some of its liberal features omitted, was afterwards adopted. Now the necessity for that plan has ceased, and it is thought best to return to the general principles of true representative government. And to such a view the editors of the JOURNAL freely assent.

Wise men are not ashamed to admit that they change their views, and we do not lose our respect for Mr. Clark when we allege that he has changed in this

matter. The Democratic party cannot afford to disparage or abuse Mr. Clark, nor do we think the more sensible of the party will desire to do so. We but repeat a matter of history when we say that but for him and two or three other kindred spirits there might never have been any successful Democratic party in North Carolina. In the convention just after the war, when Holdenism was taking possession of our State, and Democracy was odious because of the results of the war, C. C. Clark, P. H. Winston, William Eaton and Josiah Turner organized and set in motion the Conservative Party of North Carolina, and nominated Jonathan Worth for Governor, and with him set up the nucleus of the opposition to Republicanism and Radicalism in all its forms. And with it all Mr. Clark has not thrust himself forward for gifts and offices, and deserves, and will receive the respect and esteem of his countrymen even though he may slightly change his views on some political issue.

Cane Presentation.

The following correspondence will explain itself.

NEW BERNE, N. C., June 12, 1882.
HON. CHAS. F. WARREN, Mayor, Washington, N. C.:

SIR—Permit us to tender you the accompanying slight evidence of the high regard for, and appreciation of the people of your town for the reception given us and courtesies shown on our recent visit to them, and so cleverly and handsomely demonstrated in your person.

Trusting that the cane may prove a staff and support to you for a full century, and that that rounded period may bring you all the pleasures and good fortune of which life is susceptible, and with kindred wishes for the good people you represent, we have the honor to be, on behalf of the New Berne Steam Fire Engine Company,

Very respectfully,

JAMES W. MOORE,
EPHRAIM HACKBURN,
RICH'D H. HILTON.

To J. W. MOORE, EPHRAIM HACKBURN, R. H. HILTON, Committee:

GENTLEMEN:—I was surprised and gratified to find, on my return from Norfolk, your handsome present awaiting me.

Rest assured that upon State occasions it will always make its appearance. It will recall to me many pleasant recollections. I formed many agreeable acquaintances on the occasion of your recent visit. I hope that in the future the social intercourse between the sister towns will be more frequent, and in business I know we will always desire each other's prosperity.

With sincere regards for yourselves and your most excellent Company,

I remain, yours respectfully,
CHAS. F. WARREN.

For the Journal.

Capt. S. A. Ashe, Editor News and Observer.

SIR:—In the *News and Observer* of the 8th inst. you publish an article on the position of Hon. C. C. Clark in reference to the county government system, and, to sustain your statements, you publish what you call extracts from a letter to the General Assembly of 1876 and '7, from C. C. Clark, M. E. Manly and John Hughes. In reference to that article, I desire to propound a few questions. Why did you suppress the greater portion of that letter? Why did you publish garbled extracts, without indicating that they were disconnected? Why did you not publish the following portions of said letter:

"In considering the subject the undersigned have kept constantly in view the fundamental doctrine that our government is thoroughly representative in its character; and they believe that this doctrine should be asserted, under wise and salutary restraints, in the administration of all public affairs, whether municipal, State or National. They have also taken into account the peculiar, if not anomalous, circumstances which environ them, and they are profoundly solicitous to induce that peace and contentment, without which no community can be prosperous and happy. It will be seen at once that with the wisdom and experience of the past shedding their light upon them, they propose no experiment, and favor only such changes and modifications as cannot be conveniently avoided. They have scanned the present and remembered the past, and confess an earnest longing to fill up the chasm which the war has made, and occupy again the old homestead where all were harmonious, united and happy. They seek neither to interfere with the convenience of any, nor the success of any, nor the rights of any, yet they do seek to redress the grievances of all. They wish all to enjoy equal rights, equal privileges, and equal fortune; and would leave no son of North Carolina under the domination of ignorance and irresponsibility."

And again:

"The undersigned are confident that such a system of County government is admirably adapted to the people of the State; injuriously affecting none, and yet, restoring contentment and prosperity to many who are afflicted with intolerable burdens. It retains, in the judgment of the undersigned, the advantages of the ante-bellum system, while it discards its objectionable features; as, for example, the unlimited number of Justices, and the careless and irresponsible manner of their appointment. It assimilates itself, too, to the existing system—enlarging, as it were, the number of commissioners to just representa-

tive proportions—and produces so little derangement in details, that the transition from one system to the other will be scarcely perceptible. It gives fair representation to both parties, and every neighborhood, so that the voice of none shall be stifled when their property is to be taxed, or their interests affected."

There is but one answer to these questions, and that is, because you know that if you had published the entire communication, and had made the statements which you did make, you would have stood convicted of violating a certain commandment which your conduct indicates you consider more honored in the breach than in the observance.

As to your statement that the plan, advocated in the letter alluded to, is the same substantially as the present system, I cheerfully state, that I entertain too exalted an opinion of your intelligence to insinuate even that I believe that statement to be a truthful expression of your convictions.

You must have thought that you had the only copy of that letter extant, and, therefore, concluded that you could make such use of it as might suit your purpose, without anyone having the ability to supply the residue. In this fortunately you were mistaken. A copy of that letter had been handed the JOURNAL of this city, for publication, before your article and garbled extracts appeared. I have the evidence which you vainly thought was possessed by you alone, and, upon that evidence, I feel confident that every honest man will find you guilty of an offence which you have deliberately committed.

If, sir, the honesty and intelligence evinced by you, in this matter, are fair exponents of that honesty and intelligence for whose supremacy in the east you are contending, I, for one, rather than be in their power, prefer to be handed over to the rule and domination of the ignorant and irresponsible negro, as you are pleased to term him; for I have ever found this to be an undisputed fact, that moral depravity, when coupled with intelligence, is a much more dangerous foe to civil society, than when united with ignorance. You have attempted to steal from one his good name and reputation, secure from detection by the possession, as you supposed, of all the evidence which could lead thereto; and what assurance have we that, under similar circumstances, those who profess your creed would not attempt the same liberty with the public funds. If you wish the Democratic party to succeed, you must learn to deal fairly with those who are at least your equals, and, probably, it might be said, your superiors in virtue, intelligence, and patriotism. FAIR PLAY.

Our Churches on Sunday.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
The subject of the morning sermon by Rev. L. C. Vass, was "The Robe and the Crown." Luke 23: 11 describes how Herod and his men of war set Christ at naught and arrayed Him in a "gorgeous robe." Math. 27: 28, 29 tells how Pilate and the Roman soldiers stripped Christ and put on Him a "scarlet or purple robe." From the Greek text and from classical and scriptural antiquities, it was shown that Herod followed his national custom and used the white robe, the royal and festive color; while Pilate put on the Saviour the purple military paludamentum, the generally used imperial color. The white was mingled with silver and glittered.

The "crown" was made from the Nubk tree, plant and thorny, and with bright, green leaves like the holly, and imitating the laurel crown, always worn by the Emperor, Tiberius.

Christ thus mocked was indeed the Great King, and His were by right the Robes of Royalty, and the immortal Crown of Victory. Looking at this scene, Mr. Vass drew from lessons; viz: I. Salvation and grace come through a rejected Saviour. Various ways of rejection were pointed out, according to a variety of circumstances: just as Christ was mocked according to Jewish and Roman notions. Wonderful the grace shown to lost sinners, who treat God with contempt.

II. Pardon flows from the royal bearing of scarlet sins, that white robes may be given. Christ bore our sins in His own body on the tree. They were scarlet sins and whelmed Him in death; but through that death sinners are washed white in the blood of the Lamb.

III. Life comes from One crowned with sorrows and slain. Christ's sufferings were shown to be His thorny crown. His reproval was His glory, and man's salvation. For this Saviour man must endure; he must die unto sin, that he may live unto God. The suffering Christ will be his life, and his crown.

IV. The despised and mocked One is a real King; and His Kingdom true and everlasting.

The divine position of Jesus, as Lord over all, and the elements of immortality in His Kingdom were exhibited. Essential and imperishable truth was here, and though humanity might strive to strip off the royal robes and crown, Christ's Kingdom would abide, and His imperial scepter destroys all opponents. But a throne awaits His trusting and faithful followers.

These points were variously and earnestly enforced and illustrated, and this glorious salvation freely offered to all.

The blessed sacrament of the Lord's supper was then administered, and the services concluded with an appropriate hymn.

CHRIST CHURCH, P. E.
REV. V. W. SHIELDS, Rector.
Morning Prayer, Lessons, Epistle and Gospel for the 8th Sunday after Trinity. Sermon by the Rector. Text: Isaiah 53 chapter 2 and 3 v.: "He hath no form nor comeliness; and when we see him there is no beauty that we should desire him. He is despised and rejected of men, a man of sorrows and acquainted with grief."

forms of worship were rendered and were attractive by means of the beauty and grandeur of them. Yet there was wanting that spiritual life and beauty of holiness which becometh the people of God. There was one who moved among them a true Israelite indeed in whom there was no guile.

And to-day, while Christianity is divided into sects, there are still representatives of that meek and lowly one, whose loveliness could not be seen except by the illumination of the spirit, and whose spiritual beauty is lost to those who are seeking a display of earthly grandeur.

The world judges Christianity from an erroneous standpoint, taking generally a very low type of Christian character and looking more earnestly for the defects and errors of professing Christians than for the beauty of Holiness in the lives of the true disciples of our Lord.

ST. CYPREANS CHURCH, P. E. (COLORED.)

Rev. Mr. Cassey, Rector. There was a celebration of the Holy Communion by the Rev. Mr. Shields of Christ Church, assisted by the Rector.

As there was a number of persons who were to receive this Holy Sacrament for the first—persons who received the rite of confirmation at the late visitation of the Bishop, the Celebrant delivered a clear and instructive lecture upon the subject, basing his remarks upon the 6th chapter of St. John's Gospel, in which are these words: "I am that bread of life. Your fathers did eat manna in the wilderness and are dead. This is the bread which cometh down from heaven that a man may eat thereof and not die. I am the living bread which cometh down from heaven; if any man eat of this bread he shall live forever; and the bread that I will give is my flesh which I will give for the life of the world."

Also quoting from St. Paul's Epistle to the Corinthians, 10 and 11 chapters, in which he says:

"But let a man examine himself and so let him eat of that bread and drink of that cup."

"For he that eateth, and drinketh unworthily eateth and drinketh damnation to himself. Not discerning the Lord's body."

Picnic at Maple Cypress.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—We had the pleasure of attending the picnic at Maple Cypress, in the upper part of this county, on Friday the 30th instant. It was given by a party of young men of the neighborhood, and the place selected was the beautiful grove of Capt. John D. May, who received each visitor with a cordial welcome and genuine hospitality. Although the day was warm and dusty, yet at an early hour the grove was filled with a merry crowd of the youth and beauty of Craven, Pitt and Greene counties, some playing croquet, some swinging, with not a few paired off in some quiet nook talking—what they were talking about we are not prepared to say, yet judging from the shy glances should not wonder if that mischievous little god, Cupid, was at work. So the time passed pleasantly until 1 o'clock, sharp, when the crowning glory of all picnics, dinner, was announced. We repaired to the long and bountifully supplied table, and such a dinner, Messrs. Editors, your correspondent will not attempt to describe. Enough to say, however, that it was just such as the good people of Maple Cypress know how to prepare, with more left than was consumed. Then, after refreshing with iced lemonade, the amusements were again resumed and continued till the twilight shadows warned the happy party that one more pleasant day was numbered with the joys of the past. All praise to the clever and handsome young gentlemen who managed the picnic so successfully. Their kindness and urbanity will ever live in the memory of those who participated. R.

A Good Look.

Mr. J. J. Gay, of the "Orton Plantation," informs us that he has 240 acres under cultivation in rice, and that 190 acres of it will now average 3 feet in height, and is as fine and looks as favorable for an abundant crop as he ever saw. He thinks he may safely reckon upon 60 bushels to the acre on an average. He has rice that is already headed out, which is about fifteen days in advance of ordinary seasons.—*Will Review.*

NEW BERNE MARKET.

COTTON—Middling, 11½c.; Low Middling, 10½c.; Good Ordinary, 10½c.; Ordinary, 9½c.

CORN—96c. in bulk; 99c. in sacks. Sales at quotations.

TURPENTINE—Dip \$2.50; receipts light. TAR—\$1.25 to \$1.50.

RICE—\$1.10 to \$1.20. No sales.

WOOL—15c. to 20c. But little in market.

BEEFWAX—20c.; Honey 50 to 60c.

COUNTRY BACON—Hams 15c. sides 13c. shoulders 11c. Lard 14½c. But little in market.

Sweet potatoes 50c per bushel. Eggs 11c. per doz. Onions \$1.00 per bushel. Hides, dry, 9 to 11c; green, 4 to 5c. Chickens, grown, 55c. per pair, spring 35c. Apples, 50c. per bushel. Peaches, 25 to 40c per peck. Oats 70c per bushel. Fodder, none in market. Peas, \$1.10 to \$1.20. Ground peas, \$1.50 to \$1.75 per bushel. Beef 5 to 6c on foot. Meal, bolted, \$1.10 per bushel.

E. H. MEADOWS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, SEEDS and GUANOS,

Agricultural Chemicals.

Trucker's Supplies a Specialty

New Berne, N. C.

april 29-3m

CITY ITEMS.

This column, next to local news, is to be used for Local Advertising.

Lost.

Two Craven county vouchers—No. 554 for \$11.25 and No. 846 for \$2.50.

All parties are warned from trading for the same, and the finder will confer a favor by leaving at JOURNAL office.

ENOCH WADSWORTH.

Summer School.

Miss Rachel C. Brookfield will open a Summer School in the Newbern Academy on Monday, July 10, to continue about seven weeks. Terms 50 cents per week. Pupils will be received any day for a week time. The discipline and methods of the regular scholastic year, will be changed as much as practicable, so that it may still seem like vacation and recreation to the children. The teacher will strive, while giving instructions and aiming at progress to make the school room a happy place. Special attention will be given to letter writing, reading history and descriptive geography, spelling and reading.

Attention given to other branches as parents may request. 3t.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

National Bank of New Berne,

at New Berne, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, July 10th, 1882.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	\$ 153,429.96
Overdrafts	7,227.87
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
U. S. Bonds on hand	15,150.00
Oil & stock, bonds and mortgages	6,462.11
Due from approved reserve agents	26,296.98
Due from other National Banks	89,684.44
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	30,247.36
Premiums paid	3,570.95
Cheques and other cash items	1,713.34
Bills of other Banks	7,640.00
Fractional paper currency, notes and stamps	105.82
Specie	29,700.00
Legal tender notes	41,000.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treas., cashier	25,000.00
Surplus (5 per cent of circulation)	4,500.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent. redemption fund	300.00
Total	\$ 481,596.46

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
Surplus fund	25,000.00
Undivided profits	13,846.68
National Bank notes outstanding	100,000.00
Dividends unpaid	4,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	192,228.47
Time certificates of deposit	28,461.26
Due to other National Banks	28,013.46
Due to State Banks and bankers	25.50
Total	\$ 481,596.46

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

COUNTY OF CRAVEN. \$33
I, J. A. Guion, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of July, 1882.
G. H. ROBERTS, N. P.
Correct—Attest:
E. H. WINDLEY,
L. H. CUTLER,
Geo. ALLEN, } Directors.

Grand Excursion

TO

PAMLIC SOUND,

FRIDAY, JULY 14, 1882,

Under the auspices of the M. E. Church Working Society of New Berne.

The magnificent new Passenger Steamer

SHENANDOAH,

SOUTHGATE, Commander,

Has been chartered for the occasion, and will leave her wharf promptly at 8 o'clock on the morning of the 14th inst. for a trip down the Neuse, returning same day. A rare opportunity is thus afforded all who would avail themselves of the pleasures of a delightful recreation.

The steamer *Shenandoah*, in point of speed, beauty, and excellence of her internal arrangements, excels by far anything of the kind ever seen in our waters. A visit to her superb cabins and saloons is well worth the price of the tickets, to say nothing of the pleasures and benefits of a trip to the Sound at this season.

Our friends in the surrounding country and at points on the A. & N. C. R.R. below New Berne can join this excursion, as the party will return sufficiently early to enable them to return home during the evening.

To all we would say, lay aside your labors for a day and go with us.

The ladies will serve refreshments on board.

The excellent Cornet Band of New Berne will accompany the excursion. Fare, 50 cents; children 25 cents. Tickets for sale at the Drug Stores and by ladies of the Committee.

W. M. WATSON,
Chairman.

July 9

D. W. HURTT,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

ZANG'S

old

STAND,

MIDDLE STREET,