

**PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.**

THE DAILY JOURNAL, a 34 column paper, published daily except on Monday, at \$6.00 per year, \$2.00 for six months. Delivered to city subscribers at 50 cents per month.

THE NEW BERNE JOURNAL, a 32 column paper, is published every Thursday at \$2.00 per annum.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One inch one day 50 cents; one week, \$2.00; one month, \$4.00; three months, \$11.00; six months, \$15.00; twelve months, \$25.00.

Advertisements under head of "City Items" cents per line for each insertion.

No advertisements will be inserted between Local Matter at any price.

Notices of Marriages or Deaths, not to exceed ten lines will be inserted free. All additional matter will be charged 10 cents per line.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Regular advertisements will be collected promptly at the end of each month.

Communications containing news or a discussion of local matters are solicited. No communication must expect to be published that contains objectionable personalities; withhold the name of the author; or that will make more than one column of this paper.

**THE JOURNAL.**

NEW BERNE, N. C., JULY 27, 1882.

Entered at the Post office at New Berne, N. C., as second-class matter.

**North Carolina Politics.**

OURSELVES AS OTHERS SEE US.

We give below a long extract from the Chicago Times on the political parties of this State. While the views set forth are not always correct, in the main they give a pretty fair picture of politics as seen from the outside:

RALEIGH, N. C., July 11.—[Special.]—The contest in this State is exciting a great deal of attention, not only within its borders but in the surrounding States and far beyond. No State in the union probably enjoys politics more than the people of the old North State. A North Carolinian can discuss political issues, it matters not whether national, State, or county, with more satisfaction than any other man in the country. Here the people, as a rule, are never too busy to discuss the political situation with a stranger. Under these circumstances it is easy to see that it is not a difficult thing to get up an exciting contest in North Carolina.

Ever since 1873 the democrats have been in control of the government, and since that time no determined warfare has been waged between the two contending parties. The republican leaders, as a rule, were and are federal officeholders. Their greatest concern was to keep their places, and in the contests recurring since the election of Senator Vance as governor in 1875, they have only kept up a show of fighting in order to retain their places. The liberal cyclone which struck Virginia last year was not slow in reaching the tar-heel State. When it first made its appearance here many of the old republican leaders looked upon it with disfavor, and not a few openly declared that they would not fight under its banner. The word, however, passed along the lines that

**THE NEW MOVEMENT.**

met the hearty approval of President Arthur and the cabinet, and that those who threw obstacles in the way of its success would have nothing to hope for from the government. This had its effect. With the largest revenue service of any State in the country, with the exception of two or three, this is not to be wondered at. These revenue officers readily control the machinery of the party. The managers, nearly all, are employed in this branch of the government service.

When it was made known to the most influential of these that the president desired the liberal movement to thrive and flourish in North Carolina, the work was soon accomplished. It was through the aid of these that the anti-prohibition convention, which assembled here June 7, was controlled, and by the same methods that the republican convention which assembled on the 14th of June declared in favor of an alliance with the independent democrats. The coalitionists and the Bourbons have put their tickets in the field, and the work of the campaign has set in in good earnest. Both parties have put up excellent men for their nominees. Mr. O. H. Dockery, the choice of the republicans for congressman at large, is a man of decided ability and a great deal of personal magnetism. His name is familiar to the voters of the State from the mountains to the seacoast, and wherever known he is popular. Dockery was an old line whig, and, in the palmy days of that party, was a tower of strength. As a stump orator he has no superior in this state. He is about 55 years old. Judge T. R. Bennett, of Anson county, the choice of the democratic convention for congressman-at-large, is a gentleman of considerable popularity, and is the equal of his opponent in every respect. But it is doubtful whether he can carry a crowd with him like Dockery. For the past six years Bennett has served as superior court judge in his district. After his nomination

he resigned that position, with the comfortable salary of \$2,500 per year, to enter the race for congress. He is quite popular, and can control the full strength of his party. Judge W. N. Fowlk, of Caldwell, the liberal.

**NOMINEE FOR SUPREME COURT JUDGE.**

has always been a democrat, and has done that party good service in days gone by. He is about 55 years of age, a good stump speaker, and, as he is quite popular in the western part of the state, the coalitionists expect to secure large accessions from the democratic ranks in that section. Mr. Fowlkes' democratic opponent is Judge Thomas Ruffin, of Orange, who now holds a position on the supreme bench of the State. He stands high in his profession, and has a large personal following. As it is not customary in this State for candidates for judicial position to take the stump, these gentlemen can not meet indiscretion. If they did, however, Judge Ruffin could hardly accuse his opponent of having left the democratic party to secure political advancement. In 1874 Judge Ruffin was an independent candidate for the superior court judgeship in opposition to the late Hon. John Kerr. Although supported in that contest by the great bulk of colored and white republicans, he was defeated; so the pot can hardly call the kettle black in this case.

The most important issue in this contest is the repeal of the present county government system. The liberals claim that the present system, by which the magistrates are chosen by the legislature, and through them the county commissioners and other local officers are selected, was adopted by the democrats to prevent the negroes in the eastern part of the State from controlling the affairs of the counties in that section. This is admitted on all sides. The republicans assert that while declaring against and denouncing centralization of power in national politics, the democrats in this State have foisted upon the people a system by which all of their county officials are chosen for them by a caucus or the different democratic political committees of the counties. The democrats admit this, but say the end aimed at justified the means adopted. Should the negroes, in the counties where they are in the majority, be allowed to choose their own officers they would bankrupt them. As an instance of this, the democrats point to the years during which the old time carpet-baggers dominated in North Carolina politics—when county expenses were 10 per cent. more than they have been under democratic administration. The western part of the State, where there are no negroes, demands the repeal of

**THE PRESENT SYSTEM,** and the eastern counties loudly insist that no change shall be made and that the negroes shall not be allowed to take any part in managing county affairs. It is certainly a very reasonable position. The negroes in the eastern part of the State are wholly incapable of filling such positions of trust. The prohibition issue can hardly be called a live one, though the liberals rely on dissensions among the democrats,—growing out of the liquor question, to give them many voters. It is probable that in the western counties, where distilling is carried on to a very great extent, it will benefit the new party.

Judge Russell, of New Hanover, one of the most prominent republicans in the State, a few days ago, in speaking of the prospects of the success of the new movement, said: "At the last election Gov. Jarvis was elected by the democrats by about 6,000 majority. I do not think, however, that they polled all of their strength in that contest by a good deal. I think that they can do much better than they did then."

"What do you think, judge, of the prospects of your party in the approaching canvass?"

"Why," said he, "we have a good prospect of winning."

"Do you expect," asked the writer, "to be able to do as well as Mahone has done in Virginia?"

"If we had such issues," said he, "as Mahone had in that State, the Liberals could sweep North Carolina by an immense majority."

As to the question of the repeal of the county government system, which the Republicans rely on to carry the State, Judge Russell did not seem to think that it was a live or far-reaching one. But he expressed the belief that there were any number of young Democrats who have grown tired of following their party leaders year in and year out without ever being recognized. These, he thought, were manifesting a disposition to cut loose from old party moorings and join their fortunes with the new movement. It is very likely that the Liberals will gain large accessions to their ranks from this class.

**THE OLD RACE ISSUE**

is, to some extent, dying out. The thousands of young men who have

grown up since the war, and who have been kept in party traces by this cry, see that so long as it is continued, so long will they be brawlers of wood in politics. The old racers whoop up the young bloods, and then gobble up all the offices. The young men are beginning to see this. While they do not love the negro very much better than in other days, they manifest a greater readiness to swallow the darks for their own political advancement. The young North Carolina politicians have for years stood by quietly and allowed the carpet-baggers to utilize that element for their advancement, when they could as readily have made stepping-stones of them for the improvement of their own fortunes. The change has been slow, but it has nevertheless been certain. It is not natural that the young Southerners will stand by longer and see others make cat's-paws of the blacks. It is already manifest that in this State, as is the case in Virginia, the rising generation of statesmen begin to appreciate the value of the colored man as a voter. It is from this enterprising class that the Liberals expect to get a great deal of assistance this year. The campaign promises to be the bitterest known in the State since the days of Kukulxism. The Democrats know full well that if they are defeated this year it will be next to impossible to get into power again. Their leaders will endeavor to draw the color line upon every stump in the State. The white man will be called upon to rally again to prevent negroes from coming into power. This cry will not fail to rally the whites, except that class already referred to.

**Hancock's Chill Pills.**

Broad Creek, Craven County, N. C. July 31 1882  
MESSRS HANCOCK BROS:—My son had chills for six months and I tried every remedy that I could get and they all failed to break them. I bought one box of your CHILL PILLS and gave them to him according to directions, and I am happy to say they made a complete cure and the chill never returned.  
yours Respectfully, W. N. WAYNE.  
Remember these PILLS are warranted to cure in every case or the money refunded.  
Solely Sold by all Druggists at 50 cents per box.  
April 5th New Berne, N. C.

**Bingham School,**

Established 1793,  
MEBANESVILLE, N. C.,  
is PRE-EMINENT among Southern Boarding Schools for Boys, in age, numbers and area of patronage.  
The 17th Session will begin (in new buildings) July 26th, 1882.  
For catalogue giving full particulars, address  
July 6-1m d MAJ. R. BINGHAM, Sup't.

**W. M. POWERS,**

**Tin and Sheet-Iron Worker.**  
Roofing, Guttering, and all kinds of Work done.  
Stoves repaired at short notice.  
Give me a trial.  
First door west of Corner of Middle and South Front streets, next to Leinster Duffy.  
July 8-6m

**B. SCHEDULE B.**

1882. JULY. 1882.  
All persons taxed under the law of Schedule (B) are hereby notified to come forward from the 1st to the 10th day of July inclusive, and list the same of all purchases and receipts for six months, from the 1st of January to the 1st of July, as required by law, or a double tax will be enforced with the penalty. Read Revenue act.  
JOS. NELSON,  
Register Deeds,  
Craven Co., N. C.  
July 6-1m

**W. L. ARENDELL,**

**BOARDING HOUSE,**  
MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.

The traveling public are respectfully invited to consider the claims this House offers for their patronage.  
It is situated between Calico Creek and Bogue Sound, about three hundred yards from the new Hotel, and affords about a half dozen airy rooms, exposed to

**The Sea Breeze**

from nearly every point of the compass, and free from the noise and bustle of the large hotel. July 2-d-1f

**SIMMONS & MANLY,**

Attorneys at Law,  
Opposite Gaston House, New Berne, N. C.

**WILL PRACTICE IN THE STATE AND** Federal Courts and regularly attend all sessions of the Courts in the following counties: Craven, Carteret, Pamlico, Jones, Onslow, Lenoir.  
(Mar. 30-7-1f)

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**NEW BERNE JOURNAL,**  
Daily And Weekly  
LATEST NEWS  
BY TELEGRAPH.

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" " six months, 1.00  
" " three months .50

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Address  
JOURNAL OFFICE,  
New Berne, N. C.

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**W. F. ROUNTREE**  
Is receiving by every steamer, and offering for sale at the very large and attractive stock of the best

**FAMILY GROCERY AND PROVISIONS.**

ALSO A NICE LINE OF  
DRY GOODS, SHOES, NOTIONS,  
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, &c  
DON'T FAIL TO CALL AND SEE HIM.  
GOOD SUGAR CURED MEAT, BUTTER.  
LARD, FLOUR, SUGARS, COFFEE AND TEA.  
A Specialty.  
MIDDLE STREET, NEAR THE MARKET.  
Mar. 20-1f

**NOTICE.**

The County Commissioners have ordered that all real estate sold by the Sheriff to the county for taxes due for the year 1880, can be redeemed by the owners without paying the additional 25 per cent. allowed by law provided the taxes on said lands are paid by the first of August. Parties interested will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.  
This is the last chance that will be given.  
D. N. KILBURN,  
County Treasurer.  
July 6-1m

**SEA BREEZE HOUSE,**

Morehead City, N. C.  
Will be opened for the reception of guests on 15th of June. Fare and general accommodations equal to any.  
Terms moderate.  
T. L. HALL, Proprietor.  
d-1f

**HORSES, MULES, PONIES,**

Wagons, Phaetons, Buggies,  
HARNESS, WHIPS, SADDLES,  
LOUIS COOK'S CELEBRATED WORK.

**GOOD YOUNG STOCK**

always on hand, and for sale

**LOW FOR CASH.**

A. & M. HAHN,  
Middle Street,  
Opposite Episcopal Church and Odd Fellows Hall.  
June 15-6m

**DAIL BROS.,**

**WHOLESALE GROCERS**  
—AND—  
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS**  
NEW BERNE N. C.  
April, d-1y

**Furniture**

**F. BESSER**  
has been in the business for the last

**29 YEARS.**

**FULL STOCK**

ALWAYS ON HAND  
Give him a Trial  
Corner of Broad and Middle Streets,  
NEW BERNE, N. C.  
Mar. 30, 6m w

**MEAL, MEAL, MEAL**  
**Corn! Corn! Corn!**  
**HAY, HAY, HAY, HAY, HAY.**



**CORN AND MEAL IN CAR LOAD LOTS.**

Orders For Corn and Meal Solicited.  
No Goods Quoted Unless on Hand. Prompt Shipment Guaranteed.

Have also on hand a large supply of Choice Timothy Hay and all kinds of Feed. Purchasers will do well to call at

Union Point Steam Flouring Mills, South Front Street,  
**J. A. MEADOWS,**  
NEWBERN, N. C. Ma 24 dly

**T. A. GREEN,**  
**LARGEST AND OLDEST Wholesale House**  
IN THE CITY.

Keeps always in Stock large quantities PORK, LONG CLFARS, FLOUR, SUGAR, COFFEE, SYRUP, Molasses, Salt, &c.  
LORILLARD AND GAIL & AX SNUFF,  
also a large stock of

**T O B A C C O,**  
DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, and Arbuckle's Ariosa ROASTED COFFEE, CRACKERS and CAKES in great variety. A large Stock of NOTIONS AND HOSIERY.  
Wholesale buyers will find a large STOCK at lowest prices.  
Don't fail to see me before you buy MIDDLE STREET,  
Mar. 23 1y d w NEW BERNE, N. C.

**N. S. Richardson,**

BOOK AND JOB PRINTER,  
Opposite Post Office,  
NEWBERNE, N. C.

**GOOD STOCK,**

NEAT WORK, LOW PRICES.  
Orders solicited and promptly  
Apr. 8th

**NOTICE!**

To Harriet Gooding, Robert Gould and Laura Gould his wife Betsy Gooding and Edward Forbes Gordon.  
You are hereby notified that a special proceeding is pending in the Superior Court of Craven County wherein C. T. Watson is plaintiff and these, F. Gooding yourselves and others are defendants, asking for the partition of a part of the city of New Berne, N. C., being the same which descended to defendants and another as heirs of Mary E. Gooding, deceased. You are required to appear on the 2nd day of October 1882 at the office of the clerk of the Superior Court and answer or demur to the complaint as you may be advised.  
R. W. Carpenter,  
July 22, 11 a. m. 61d

**OPEN AT**

**"PEEP 'O' DAY,"**  
"And Don't You Forget It,"

**THAT E. WHITMAN'S EYE OPENERS**  
ARE UNEXCELLED.

Middle Street, near Corner South Front,  
NEW BERNE, N. C.  
Next door to K. R. Jones'.  
Apr. 12-d & w 12 m.

J. V. WILLIAMS. B. M. GATES.

**J. V. WILLIAMS & Co.**

COMMISSION MERCHANTS  
AND  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

**CORN.**

Solicit Consignments.  
Solicit Orders.  
Newbern, N. C.  
Apr. 27, 3 m w

**OLD DOMINION Steamship Company.**

For New York, Baltimore, Norfolk, Boston, Elizabeth City, Philadelphia, Providence, and other Cities.

ON AND AFTER  
Friday, June 23rd, 1882

**UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE**

**ST'R SHENANDOAH**

Will leave, upon arrival of train on Norfolk and Elizabeth City Railroad at Elizabeth City, every  
**Monday and Thursday**  
for New Berne via Nags Head. Returning leaves New Berne for Elizabeth City via Nags Head, every  
**Tuesday and Friday**  
at 4 p. m., making close connection with Norfolk and Elizabeth City R. R. for Northern cities. Close connection made at New Berne with steamers for Kingston, Pottsville, Trenton and all landings on the Neuse and Trent Rivers.  
Freight received, daily until 6 p. m., forwarded promptly and lowest rates guaranteed to destination. Fare to Elizabeth City and return, \$4. To Nags Head and return, \$4. To Washington, \$4.  
E. B. ROBERTS, Ag't, New Berne, CULPEPPER & TURNER, Ag'ts, Norfolk, Va. W. H. STANFORD, Gen'l Fr't Ag't, Mar. 30 1y d New York City.

**OREGON AND WASHINGTON.**

Every one of our readers should become informed about the wonderful resources of Oregon and Washington, where the wheat production is larger and the death rate lower than in any other section of United States; where good Government land can be had for the taking, and railroad lands be bought on ten years time. Industrious men become independently wealthy there in a very few years. Full information in the West Shore, a handsomely illustrated journal published at Portland, the metropolis of the Pacific Northwest, at \$2.00 year or the publishers will send two specimen copies, of different dates, for 25 cents. Address WEST SHORE, Portland, Oregon.

**WM. LORCH,**

DEALER IN  
**GENERAL MERCHANDISE**  
CART HOUSE ACCOMMODATIONS.  
Broad St. New Berne, N. C.  
d w Mar. 30, y