

# THE DAILY JOURNAL.

VOL. III.

NEW BERNE, N. C., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1885.

NO. 280.

## LOCAL NEWS.

**Journal's Minute Almanac.**  
New Berne, latitude, 35° 6' North.  
" longitude, 77° 8' West.  
Sun rises, 6:36 | Length of day,  
Sun sets, 5:50 | 11 hours, 14 minutes.  
Moon sets at 2:39 a. m.

### BUSINESS LOCALS.

One Large Size Herring Safe for sale by Geo. Allen, Assignee.

Notice to Debtors of Asa Jones. Your accounts must be paid.  
GEO. ALLEN, Assignee.

Gents' Clothing at Bottom Prices at Asa Jones'.

Envelopes and business cards printed in good style and cheap at the JOURNAL office.

Athenia Lodge No. 8, Knights of Pythias, meets to-night.

Sam. Bryan says if the famine will keep off until pea time he thinks it may be averted.

Our postoffice, the National bank and the banking house of Green, Foy & Co. observed yesterday as a National holiday.

Mrs. Virginia E. Hervey, of Raleigh, a sister of our townsman ex-Judge W. J. Clarke, died at her residence in that city on Saturday last.

The large city safe was moved down to the new headquarters at the club house yesterday. It was a heavy job, but not on account of the money it contained. This completes the moving.

Our friend, Wm. Erwin, says the applicants for the position of mail agent on the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad are so thick that a pine tree falling across the road would be certain to kill some of them.

The Show Hill Telegraph gives an account of administering a dose of morphia cinchonida, mistaken for quinine, to two negro children, which proved fatal in one case, the child dying in three hours after it was given.

Shad can be bought now for 50 cents per pair for bucks, and \$1.00 per pair for roe. Our dealers have reduced the price in consequence of a decline in the price North, thus putting our people on an equal footing with the Northern people in this luxury for the table.

The New Berne and Atlantic Steam Fire Engine Companies at their last regular meetings appointed committees to draw up resolutions of thanks to the Clyde line of steamers for the liberal donation made to them by their line recently—\$250.00—as a reward for their efforts to save the steamer *Defiance*; also thanks to Mr. R. Foster, general manager, for his efforts in behalf of the companies to procure a like donation from the insurance companies.

### The Fire at Snow Hill.

The *Telegraph* reports the following losses by the fire at Snow Hill on Wednesday morning of last week, all without insurance: George W. Sugg, \$1,000; J. T. H. Harper, \$2,000; John Murphy, \$5,000; Pace & McKeel, \$600; A. L. Kayton, \$100; Thomas Moore, \$7,000.

### Personal.

Leinster Duffy has returned from Baltimore, having been attending the College of Medicine and Surgery in that city. We are pleased to note that he is somewhat improved in his physique.

R. A. Russell, of Cobton, is in the city and has promised to tell us something on sheep raising before he leaves.

Mr. W. B. Murrill, of Jacksonville, called to see us last night. He speaks of the great necessity of the public road through the poconin, spoken of some time since in the columns of the JOURNAL. A proposition is before the Legislature to assign a number of convicts to open up the poconin and drain the swamp lands in the State. We think it is likely to become a law.

### Make Them North Carolinians.

In a neighborhood in an adjoining county, where the Florida fever is running pretty high, a lady teacher asked a little girl, "What is the capital of North Carolina?" She replied, "Florida." Now we believe the idea should be thoroughly engrained upon the minds of our children that North Carolina is the equal in climate, soil and natural resources to any State in the Union. We wouldn't care if they could be made as thoroughly North Carolinians as an old gentleman in the Tuckahoe district of Lenoir county was before the war a Tuckahoean. He looked upon Tuckahoe as the greatest State in the Union, and held that Allen Wooten and Col. James Davis were the greatest men in the Union. It will not hurt to let the children think that North Carolina is the greatest State in the Union, and that Vance and Ransom are the greatest men. Better let them be on the extreme a little in this direction than have them fretting over the idea that they were born in a poor and unlucky spot of the world.

### Magistrate's Court.

The case of State vs. E. G. Robbins for an assault and battery on E. R. Messic was before Justice Watson yesterday. The defendant was adjudged guilty. Judgment was suspended on payment of cost.

The case of State and E. R. Messic vs. E. G. Robbins was next called, being on an application of plaintiff for peace warrant. Defendant was required to give bond in the sum of two hundred dollars for his good behavior, especially towards the plaintiff.

### Kinston Items.

Thermometer reached 14° F. on Saturday morning.

The horse that went into the river with the dray of Oettinger Bros., died the next day.

Notwithstanding the extreme cold, many of our country friends were in town on Saturday.

Mr. Henry Archbell is digging an ice house. He will supply the town with ice at cheap rates next summer.

Agricultural implements take prominent positions on our sidewalks. Spring is coming—in the far distant future.

Teachers' Association meets at Kinston College on Saturday next, the 28th inst. A good meeting is expected. Public invited.

Messrs. Jno. Mewborne, Jacob F. Parrott, R. Uzzell, Chas. Harvey, N. J. Rouse and Leon Albritton left for New Orleans on Wednesday last.

Dr. Pelletier has removed his drugs to the neat store lately occupied by Mr. A. E. S. Lindsey. His old customers have already found out his new place of business.

We saw, a few days ago, a very handsome lot of job printing. It consisted of a package of blank monthly reports for Kinston College, executed at the job printing establishment of the New Berne JOURNAL.

Pay your debts. A merchant of Kinston told me that he once paid out a one dollar bill in the morning—that day he received and paid out that same note four times. It must have paid at least ten dollars' worth of debts.

On Thursday night at 8 o'clock, there was a very singular appearance of the sky above and below the moon. There was a thin, pearly gray streak reaching above and below the moon reaching to the distance of about fifty degrees.

### FIRE AT CHARLOTTE.

A Heavy Loss—A Fatal Burning and a Murder.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Feb. 21.—A fire here early this morning destroyed Schiff Bros., building on Trade street, also the adjoining building. The fire communicated to the rear rooms of the Central Hotel, but was extinguished with little damage. Grace Howard, a respectable woman, was fatally burned. The losses and insurances are: Schiff Bros., on building \$6,000, insurance \$5,000; H. C. Eccles, owner of building occupied as drug stores, loss \$5,000, insurance \$5,000; Schiff & Co., loss \$4,000, insurance \$1,500; William Wilson, loss \$29,000, insurance \$17,500; Thos. Reese & Co., \$7,000, insurance \$5,000. Sam. Richardson, a colored fireman, ran against Leah Bronson, also colored, and broke two eggs in the latter's pocket. Bronson thereupon cut Richardson's throat. Richardson walked across the street to a drug store and fell dead in the doorway. Bronson was arrested. Both men had been drinking.

### Louisiana Penitentiary on Fire.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 21.—A dispatch from Baton Rouge says the State penitentiary is on fire, and that from appearances the whole building will be consumed.

### Chicago Election Fraud.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—To-day the jury in the election fraud conspiracy cases returned a verdict of guilty against Mackin, Gallagher and Gleason. The result was received with general satisfaction.

### Why the "Royal" is the Best.

The improved method by which it has been made possible to produce pure cream of tartar has had an important bearing upon the manufacture of baking powder. By the process heretofore generally employed it has been found impossible to remove all impurities, more particularly the tartrate of lime, which remained to such an extent as to greatly impair the quality of the cream of tartar, and to interfere seriously with the strength and wholesomeness of the baking powders into which it entered. In the new process which is owned by the Royal Baking Powder Company of New York, and exclusively employed in its extensive tartar works, the imported crude tartar is so treated as to remove all vestige of tartrate of lime or other impurities, giving a product before unknown—a chemically pure cream of tartar.

By the employment of these superior facilities, the Royal Baking Powder Company has made the Royal Baking Powder, as the chemists all certify, of the highest possible degree of strength, "absolutely pure" and wholesome, and with an always uniform leavening power. It is for these reasons that the "Royal" never fails to produce bread, biscuits, cakes, etc., that are light, sweet, digestible and wholesome; the eating of which is never followed by indigestion, or any of those physical discomforts attendant upon the partaking of improperly prepared food. In rendering possible the production of a baking powder possessed of these qualifications, the improved method of refining cream of tartar becomes a matter of material importance to the culinary world.

If you have a bad cold, Sine's Syrup of Tar will cure you. Only 25c. For sale by R. N. Duffy. fe1 dwtm

### THE NEW ORLEANS EXPOSITION.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 19, 1885.

EDITOR JOURNAL.—In my last I explored the fact that so few North Carolinians had visited the Exposition. I should have mentioned that we have been gladdened by seeing your young townsman Clement Manly, Esq., who with his young bride, favored us with a visit, alas! too short for our enjoyment. The N. C. delegation welcomed him warmly, and only regretted their inability to do all they desired to make his visit agreeable. We thought that he might well dote upon

—"the fair one by his side,  
With all the mingled joys of passion  
hope and pride."

With them "life is young, and hope is bright," and for the winsome bride our aspiration was,

O bright may be the sky above thee,  
Thy life a rainbow span of bliss;  
But for him who'll truly love thee,  
Thy own bright smile is happiness.

Miss Louise Morehead, daughter of the Commissioner, also favored us with her presence. In the pride of youth and beauty, with health glowing on her cheek, and joy and intelligence beaming from her eyes, she unites a vestal modesty with matronly dignity, and was greatly admired by the young gentlemen of the Crescent city, who largely inherit the "savoir faire" and grace of their French ancestors, and were assiduous in bestowing those "petites sois" which are so acceptable to the fair sex.

Why is it that the people of our State travel so little? It cannot be that they fear that they will become dissatisfied with their homes, for they may rest assured that "wherever they roam, whatever realms to see," their hearts, untraveled, will return contented, and their affection for the land of their birth and the home of their affections will be undiminished—they will overflow with gratitude to that beneficent Providence which has made a land so fair and them its citizens. When my feet are weary with roaming, my heart within me burns at the mention of North Carolina, and I feel like the old woman, who, in speaking of Little Pedlington, said "If all the world was like Lippington (as she called it) it would be too good a place for sinners to live in.

Travel is education. Our young folks should be sent forth to see the world as a part of their education. Shakespeare says "homestayng youths have homely wits," and it is undoubtedly true that travel enlarges the mind, divests it of prejudice, corrects errors in our notions of men and things, and polishes the manners, and while it entertains and amuses us, confers a large fund of useful information. When we can travel so expeditiously and comfortably, and also so cheaply, I would advise every young man, to come to the Exposition even if he has to sell his old clothes to raise the money. The expense in New Orleans is quite moderate. Good board can be obtained at one dollar a day, tho' the hotels charge generally two dollars and a half and some more. By calling at the Office of Information and Accommodation, 164, Gravier street, strangers will be treated courteously, and directed to respectable places, where they can be comfortably and agreeably accommodated at a reasonable cost.

If you desire to drink for refreshment, or exhilaration, or stimulation, you can obtain the best of liquors and wines at a moderate price. I would not trouble myself to inquire if they have paid the government tax. The principal drinks here are light wines, such as sauterne, or claret, or champagne or hock; while ales and beer are largely patronized. A "white lion," which is a punch, cunningly compounded of Santa Cruz rum, is not to be despised even by the most fastidious. But be sure to try the Chicago drink, *lumis*. This is made of fermented milk, and partakes of the character of syllabub and lemonade. I would also mention with high commendation the Cuban drink, *pinatis*, which is a glass of ice-water into which half a lime has been squeezed. This you stir with what looks like a stick of white candy, about six inches long which dissolves while stirring. This is made of the whites of eggs and sugar baked. In the interests of temperance, I would urge the visitor to avail himself of the opportunity of drinking some really good wine and brandy, which have a very different effect upon the mind and body from the vile potations which are swallowed in North Carolina. Generous cognac, rich Burgundy, and pure, sparkling champagne, in the words of Burns, raise mortals "over all the ills of life, victorious."

Neath their influence love is bold,  
Friendship's silken leaves unfold,  
The coward groweth brave,  
The miser's sordid heart expands,  
He yields to Pity's soft demands,  
No longer Mammon's slave.

I cannot believe that corn whiskey ever gave birth to a lofty aspiration, or to a noble and generous sentiment. The man who drinks them, *me judice*,

"Doubly dying shall go down,  
To the vile dust from which he sprung,  
Unwept, unhonored, and unsung."

I would encourage the visitor to drink the good liquors of New Orleans as a "bright memory," and having tasted nectar he will not, thereafter, be satisfied with ditch water. The sow may return to her wallow, but he will not again drink corn whiskey; hence he will become a temperance man. Let Dr. Robey "read, mark, and inwardly digest" this! I firmly believe that good liquor conduces to sobriety, and it is probably owing to this that I have not been a drunken man since I have been in this city. While I would gladly join Dr. Robey in a crusade against whiskey stills, and smash every one into smithereens, yet I approve of what Anacreon says:

"Arm, arm ye men of might!  
Hasten to the bloody fight;  
But, O! my blushing, blooming vice,  
Let me shed no blood, but thine."

One of the most recent incidents of

the Exposition, and one which excited great attention, was the arrival of the old LIBERTY BELL from Philadelphia. It is not much in the way of a bell, and I imagine that Pete Draney would not give much for it, apart from the historic associations which cluster around it. It was cast in England in the year 1753, but cracked when it was first rung in Philadelphia. It was twice recast there in 1753. It was then the largest bell in the country. Around it was an inscription, still to be seen, "Proclaim Liberty throughout the land to all the Inhabitants thereof." According to tradition, on the 4th day of July, 1776, the bell-ringer stood in his tower on Independence Hall awaiting the action of Congress. For a long time he waited in vain. The debates were long and animated. At last a shout was heard from the hall below—"Ring!" The bell-ringer caught the joyous news; his bell rang clear and loud over the rejoicing city. For two hours the merry peal startled the ear, and the Liberty Bell proclaimed freedom to all the people. On the 8th day of July the DECLARATION was read from the steps of Independence Hall, to the people, and the bell again pealed forth the tidings of freedom. When the British occupied Philadelphia in the Revolutionary war, it was taken down and carefully hidden; and at the end of the war was replaced in its tower. After fifty years of service it cracked again, and has not been since recast. It was a happy thought of the common council of the City of Brotherly Love to send to us, accompanied by a guard of honor composed of its chief citizens, that old bell which rang out the death-knell of tyranny, to grace this national occasion, and every American heart is warmed by that patriotic act. Suppose that some foreign despot should desire to seize it and bear it off as a trophy; an army numerous as that of Xerxes would be all too small to effect his purpose.

A good deal is both said and written about the closing of the Exposition before the time appointed, June 1st, for want of funds to meet current expenses; but I entertain no such apprehension. First because the disparity between receipts and expenses is now daily becoming less; 2dly because Congress will, almost certainly, grant the loan to this national enterprise, which the managers have applied for; 3dly because the wealthy city of New Orleans, with a population of 250,000, after expending \$1,700,000 will not suffer the enterprise to fail for want of a few thousand dollars; indeed she cannot afford to do so as the increased business of the city, with a contribution of one per cent, would make up the deficit; and 4thly, because the whole valley feels a deep interest in it, and Memphis, Cincinnati, and St. Louis would generously contribute if necessary.

The trouble has come from the fact that the affair has grown far beyond the plans and calculations of its projectors, like a snow-ball rolling down the mountain side, constantly increasing in magnitude, until it becomes an avalanche. I would suggest that the next Exposition be held in Rhode Island as the necessary buildings would cover in a large portion of the State, which would be very convenient and comfortable for the people in winter time. ACKLER.

### Delicate Women.

I have been using for a month or two in my household Swift's Specific, the greater portion of it having been consumed by the female portion of my family, and with the happiest results. It acted like a charm on my wife, who had been in bad health for a long time, and for whom I had paid hundreds of dollars for doctors and medicines. It began to build her up from the first dose. Another female member of my family took it up with equally satisfactory results. It is certainly the best tonic for delicate ladies that I have ever used, and I have tried them all. I have no doubt that want of exercise, close confinement in poorly ventilated houses, sewer gas poison and malarial poison often produce sickness among our wives, daughters and sisters, and I believe Swift's Specific is the remedy for all this sort of blood poisoning. I know many of the best families of this country are using it for this purpose, and I have never known or heard of any failure to give entire satisfaction. I have known the remedy a long time. I know it to be entirely vegetable, and the best tonic and alterative, especially for females. F. L. JONES, J. P., Quitman, Ga.

### General Debility.

For several years past my wife's health has been exceedingly feeble—a general break down of the nervous system. She was greatly reduced in flesh. No remedy seemed to do her any good. In the spring of 1883 I induced her to try Swift's Specific. The first bottle gave her hope and twenty bottles produced wonderful results. She gained thirty pounds in flesh and it renovated her whole system. It is certainly the greatest tonic in the world. T. J. HIGGINS.

Indian Springs, Ga., Nov. 8, 1884.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.  
The Swift Specific Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale in New Berne at HANCOCK BROS.

### The Atlanta Constitution.

In a long article relating to the B. B. B. of that city, says:

The Blood Balm Company started one year ago with \$162.00, but to-day the business cannot be bought for \$50,000!

The demand and the satisfaction given is said to be without a parallel, as its action is pronounced wonderful.

We are glad to announce that our druggists have already secured a supply, and we hope our readers will supply themselves at once.

It is said to be the only speedy and permanent blood poison remedy offered, giving entire satisfaction in all cases. Blood Diseases, Kidney Troubles, Scrofula, Catarrh, Old Ulcers and Skin Diseases, try one bottle of B. B. B.

For sale in Newbern by R. N. Duffy.

### THE INFANTILE MATCH-MAKER.

—"Good evening, Tommy. Is your sister Clarissa at home?"

"Yes, sir, she's out in the kitchen popping corn for you."

"Popping corn for me? Why, how very thoughtful! I like pop-corn very much."

"Yes, sir. She said she was going to put a pan of pop-corn under your nose, and if you didn't take the hint she would give you the shake."

### COMMERCIAL.

JOURNAL OFFICE, Feb. 23. 6 P. M.

New York Exchange closed.

New Berne market firm. Sales of 36

bales at 94 to 104.

Middling 10 7-16; Low Middling

10 1-8; Ordinary 9 7-16.

NEW BERNE UPPLAND \$1.00a\$1.09.

### DOMESTIC MARKET.

COTTON SEED—\$10.00.

SEED COTTON—\$3.50.

BARRELS—Kerosene, 40 gals., 85c.

TURPENTINE—Hard, \$1.15; dip, \$1.75.

TAR—75c. a\$1.25.

CORN—50a60c.

BRESWAX—20c. per lb.

HONEY—60c. per gallon.

BEEH—On foot, 5c. to 7c.

COUNTRY HAMS—12c. per lb.

LARD—10c. per lb.

EGGS—21c. per dozen.

FRESH PORK—6c. per pound.

PEANUTS—60a75c. per bushel.

FODDER—75c. a\$1.00 per hundred.

ONIONS—\$1.56a2.00 per bbl.

FIELD PEAS—

HIDES—Dry, 10c.; green 5c.

TALLOW—5c. per lb.

CHICKENS—Grown, 40a50c.; spring

20a30c.

MEAL—60c. per bushel.

OATS—45 cts. per bushel.

TURNIPS—50c. per bushel.

WOOL—12a17c. per pound.

POTATOES—Sweet, 25a50c.

FURS—Coon skins, 30c.; fox, 50c.

min. 50c.; otter from \$3a6.

SHINGLES—West India, dull and normal; not wanted. Building, 5 inch,

hearts, \$3.00; saps, \$1.50 per M.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

NEW MESS PORK—\$15.00.

SHOULDERS—Smoked, No. 2, 7c.;

prime, 8c.

C. R. and L. C. R.—7a8c.

NAILS—Basis 10's, \$2.50.

FLOUR—\$3.50a7.00.

POTATOES—\$3.00.

LARD—\$4a9c.

SUGAR—Granulated, 7c.

SALT—90c. a\$1.00 per sack.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—20a45c.

KEROSENE—10c.

POWDER—\$5.50.

SHOT—\$1.60.

### NOT DEAD YET.

Atlanta papers are giving the public some curious and wonderful cases that are quite interesting. It seems that a young lady of Atlanta has been reported as dead, but it came to the ears of the Atlanta Journal that she was still alive, and being on the alert for news, a reporter was sent to the residence to learn all the facts. Miss Belle Dunaway, who had been pronounced dead, met him at the door, stoutly denying that she was dead. She said:

"For four years, rheumatism and neuralgia have resisted physicians and all other treatment. My muscles seemed to dry up, my flesh shrank away, my joints were swollen, painful and large, lost my appetite, was reduced to 60 pounds in weight and for months was expected to die. I commenced the use of B. B. B. and the action of one half a bottle convinced my friends that it would cure me. Its effect was like magic. It gave me appetite—gave me strength, relieved all pains and aches, added flesh to my bones, and when five bottles had been used I had gained 50 pounds of flesh, and I am to-day sound and well."

### IS IT A LIE?

Some one said that Potash was a poison; who makes the assertion except those who desire to mislead and humbug you? He who denounces other remedies as FRAUDS, is quietly offering a vile compound of his own—be aware of all such.

Ask your physician or your druggist if Potash produces all the horrors claimed for it by those who are compelled to traduce other preparations in order to appear respectable themselves.

We claim that Potash properly combined with other remedies makes the grandest blood remedy ever known to man, and we claim that B. B. B. is that remedy.

If afflicted with any form of blood poison, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Old Ulcers and Sores, Kidney Complaints, Female Diseases, etc., the B. B. B. will cure you at once! Send to Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga., for a copy of their book FREE.

For sale in Newbern by R. N. DUFFY. 1

### \$250,000

### IN FIVE YEARS!

During February and March,

1890, we propose to pay to

Citizens of New Berne, for

and on account of THE

NATIONAL LIFE & MATURITY ASSOCIATION of

Washington, D. C., One

Thousand Dollars each for

Two Hundred and Fifty Certificates of Maturity Insurance.

WATSON & STREET,

AGENTS.

### USE

### The Best and Cheapest

### Pure Carbonate of Lime

### A Natural Fertilizer.

We are now prepared to supply the farmers of Eastern North Carolina with

### Pure Carbonate of Lime,

ground at our Mill in New Berne. This is lime made of oyster shell, fresh from the bed, and is far superior to burnt lime, as it contains much animal matter. It is one of the

### Cheapest and Best Fertilizers

now in the Market.

Composted with cotton seed or stable manure it makes a complete fertilizer, and is indispensable to the fertility of the soil.

As the supply will be limited, farmers are requested to send in orders immediately.

### J. M. WHITE & CO.

SOLE BY

GEO. ALLEN & CO., New Berne,

L. HARVEY, Kinston,

PATRICK & DIXON, Hookerton.

fe10 dwtf