

LOCAL NEWS.

Journal Minute Almanac. New Bern, latitude, 35° 6' North, longitude, 77° 3' West.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

WANTED—A good shoemaker. Apply to J. M. SOBLEY, Near corner of Middle and Pollock Sts., New Bern, N. C. ju14 1m

The Fourth is nearly here; are we ready? Cosmopolitan Council No. 211, American Legion of Honor meets tonight.

The cool wave from the northwest has reached here in sufficient force to press the mercury from 90 down to 67.

A number of friends called on the new postmaster and collector of customs to greet them in their new quarters yesterday.

Woolen coats and linen pants were considered a fair compromise with the weather last evening and several gentlemen made it.

We are glad to learn that the workmen who fell from the building on Middle street on Tuesday are doing well and were able to walk about yesterday and it is hoped will soon recover from their injuries.

The route of the Goldsboro and Greenville Railroad has been surveyed as far as Snow Hill from the former place, and passes through the latter town, west of the principal business streets, crossing the Moccasin river just above the county bridge.

Thanks. We acknowledge, with thanks, an invitation to take a moonlight sail down the river this evening from Messrs. W. K. Styrone, D. S. Willis, Ralph Gray, D. M. Roberts, W. I. Newman and J. J. Dismore, managers. Will try to be along.

Will Exhibit at Newbern on July 2nd and 9th. Van Amburgh's grand Zoological and Equestrian Company's Circus. Best performing elephant in the world—Tippoo Sultan. The only pair of Royal Bengal Tigers in America and the largest ever taken alive.

Personal. Mr. W. D. Harrington, lately with Mr. M. Sultan, has gone to his home in Pamlico county for a short recreation.

Mr. J. B. Dawson, agent of the Oak City Manufacturing Company, was in the city yesterday and went to Morehead last night. James A. Bryan, Esq., accompanied by Mrs. Bryan, Mrs. Nelson, Miss Hill and Miss Blaney, took the train for Morehead last evening, where the party will spend a portion of the heated term.

The Meeting Federal Officers. The Federal officers in this city who surrendered yesterday to the inevitable results of political defeat merit more than a passing notice.

Mr. Henry, who retires from the position of collector of customs, is a gentleman with whom an acquaintance will be once impressed anyone that he is a cultured gentleman of much more than ordinary attainments, while his colored dependents are as good or better than the average of their race, and in both cases their political faith furnishes the best excuse for their removal, especially when backed up with the media partizan zeal.

With the postoffice officials we have had much more to do than with the custom house officers, as we are much interested in the receipt and forwarding of mails, and to get us down to the sea in ships. Edward A. Richardson, the retiring postmaster, took his position by his attention to duties as a clerk and party desired for a man of color to have the office; and while his qualifications may have been deficient, his manners and quiet deportment might claim the respect of even his political opponents now that he steps out into the walks of private life. The JOURNAL would be derelict in duty were it not to acknowledge obligations to Messrs. O. Hubbs, and John S. Palmer, assistants, for continuous and unstinted favors in the matter of the receipt and delivery of its mail matter as well as to the retiring postmaster himself.

Appoints His Son. Washington, June 30.—Secretary Lamar has appointed his son, L. Q. C. Lamar, Jr., as his stenographer and private secretary to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of E. T. Hanna, made in February last. Hanna will remain with the secretary's office in a confidential position.

A Large Business. "Well, how is business?" said a representative of the JOURNAL yesterday as he walked into the large brick warehouse of J. V. WILLIAMS, BROKER AND WHOLESALE DRAYER IN PROVISIONS AND MERCHANDISE at the foot of Craven street.

"Business is very fair," replied the gentleman addressed, who proved to be Mr. Williams himself, as he closed the big check book before him and turned around to view the interviewer.

"What is that pile of BACON for? Are you supplying an army?"

"No, sir, that is A LOT OF 25,000 POUNDS just received from the West, which will be packed in those boxes that you see there and sent out to the

ARMY OF CUSTOMERS which I supply. We formerly received it in boxes, but now order it in bulk and have the boxes made here, and pack it as ordered."

"Those barrels! why, they are tierces—tierces of REFINED LARD.

Yes, a right good lot; there are seventy-five of them."

"Oh! that is a lot of ONE HUNDRED BARRELS OF PORK, also just in, and like the other articles, will soon be all out."

"Do you do only a meat business, Mr. Williams?"

"Oh no, I HANDLE FLOUR very extensively. Sell direct from the mills and very frequently in 100 barrel lots to one customer, besides other articles of merchandise."

"My trade is quite extensive. I deal from Beaufort to Goldsboro, along the line of the railroad, and with the merchants of all towns that can be reached by reasonable rates of freight from this point. Goldsboro is my largest customer. I sold there last Saturday

FOUR CAR LOADS OF GOODS, that is bacon, pork, lard and flour."

"What are about your annual sales, Mr. Williams, if you have no objection to giving the figures?"

"Why, about A QUARTER OF A MILLION OF DOLLARS in my present operations. I sell about \$200,000 worth of meats and lard, and over \$50,000 worth of flour. Yes; I guess it is the largest business ever done by one house in this city."

"Is your trade susceptible of an increase?"

"Oh yes, if I can get good freight rates on the lower end of the Atlantic Railroad, I can add materially to my trade in that direction. I have sold in Beaufort

450 BARRELS OF FLOUR in one day; freights are rather against me now, but I am going to make an effort to do that business. It requires a little time to perfect a freight arrangement all the way from Chicago to our small towns, but it can be done by persistent effort, or at least I always have succeeded in getting reasonable rates, and I think what has been done can be done again. My shipments are large, and amount in a year to a sum sufficient to claim the attention of the carrying companies, and I have always been able to obtain rates favorable to my business."

Here the news man bowed himself out, remarking as he went, "I tell you WILLIAMS DOES A LARGE BUSINESS."

Mercantile Failures. NEW YORK, June 30.—The mercantile failures for six months ending today reported by R. G. Dun & Co.'s mercantile agency, as 6,004 in number, as against 5,510 for the first six months in 1884, an increase of 494 failures. In the liabilities, however, there is a marked diminution in amount, being for the first half of 1885, \$74,000,000, as against \$124,000,000 for the first six months of 1884. In the circular announcing these statistics the fact is dwelt upon that the increase in failures of less than \$500 among the traders reported by the agency, now, over one million, is not surprising, while their diminishing importance, as shown by the low aggregate and average of the liabilities, is commented upon as indicating a more favorable condition of things than existed this time last year.

From Washington. WASHINGTON, June 30.—A number of transfers and removals took place in the treasury department today and it is expected more will be made tomorrow. Twenty clerks in the classified service were dropped from the rolls and the force in the offices of the commissioner of internal revenue and of the register were reduced by transfers to other offices. The former losses about thirty clerks and the latter about twenty. Most of the clerks dropped were until recently on the rolls of the internal revenue bureau, but were detailed to work in other offices.

The commissioner of pensions has decided to dismiss between fifty and sixty of the special examiners appointed under the act of Congress passed in 1884. A list of names has been submitted to the secretary of the interior for his approval.

You have a bad cold, don't you? Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will cure you. Only 25c. For sale by R. N. DUFFY.

LETTER FROM FLORIDA.

ROCK LEDGE, INDIAN RIVER, June 23, 1885. DEAR JOURNAL:—As to-day is one of Florida's loveliest days, I will write a short note.

The atmosphere is clear, heat registering 90° in the shade, with a stiff gulf breeze, which makes it very pleasant. If you had it 90° you would consider it quite warm. We think it pleasant to work with a breeze and the thermometer at 90°. My instrument is not long enough to tell how warm it gets in a calm in the sun. I thought I would get one just twice as long, as mine registers but 130°.

I left St. Johns river for Indian river on the 25th of April. I had been weather-bound for weeks with a north-easter, and was anxious to get down, as soon as there was site out I got through the breakers. Then the trouble came. I made Matanzas Inlet, forty miles south of St. Johns and twelve miles south of St. Augustine, giving St. Augustine the go-by as it was so rough on the bar. I found it no better at Matanzas Inlet, though it was shorter work. I came near capsizing; my boat broached-to on the bar, only drawing eighteen inches water, and there was the rudder was out of the water. I did not know what my boat was trying to do, give me a look at her bottom or show me how well she could stay on top side of the bar breakers. I was not scared; I never get scared until after the danger is over. After I got through I became a little nervous at the thought of such a risk. My man Friday told me he never wanted to come over the bar sideways any more; I don't either and don't you forget it. We spent three days waiting for a favorable sight down the beach. There is an old fort at this place, built, or supposed to be built by the Spaniards 350 years before St. Augustine was settled. There is no history of it that I can learn. I have been told that its history was lost on a ship on the way to Cuba.

Matanzas Inlet is the place where the French Huguenots were murdered by Menendez the Spaniard in 1565. The Huguenots, under Jean Ribaut, were wrecked a little south of the Inlet. 550 men got ashore, and 300 of them marched down to the Inlet. Menendez told them if they would come over they must send their arms first. He will do unto them what his God directs. The French, not thinking that his God would direct him to butcher them, came over ten at a time, and as fast as they land, Menendez tells them his force is small, and they will have to suffer their hands to be tied behind their backs and march to his camp, 3 or 4 leagues up the beach, to which the French say "very well." They were marched off to the spot where they were murdered before next boat load crossed. So in this way they murdered 300 first day; next, 150. The balance of the French made their way down the beach to Cape Cornarveral, and were afterwards captured by Spaniards, but don't know whether they were killed or not. There was 8 out of 350 that were killed. Those who professed the Catholic faith or were Catholics were spared.

The old fort here was built of Corquina rock, of which this whole country is underlaid. It is a fine shell rock. The fort is still standing, and I was told was a great snake den; but for all that I went in and over the old place. There is two guns on the fort; they look as if they were 25 pounders. Some of the novel work is still there; joists that were worked in rock. It shows that lime will preserve wood. The walls are badly cracked and it looks as if it would tumble down every minute. I can find no trace for it in history.

I left here for Mocoquito Inlet, 50 miles south, got in all right, went in head foremost this time, much preferred you bet; up Halifax river 50 miles to Hanover canal, into Indian river. This Hanover canal was cut by the Government in 1843 to convey supplies to the army, which was fighting Indians. Hanover is the proper name for it. My boat, drawing 15 inches water, we have to haul over rock from end to end almost. It is cut through rock 800 yards. Indian river is a beautiful river, straight, wide and long; from 15 to 7 miles wide, 130 miles long. You can stretch a line 100 miles through the center and not touch shores. The river is quite shallow down about its mouth. Three feet water is the best you can do, though the canal company is going to deepen it soon.

Fish and oysters are in great abundance. Oysters, the finest I ever saw anywhere, New River oysters not excepted. I mean quality and quantity. Perhaps Mr. George Winberry, the oyster king of New River will not think so, but it would astonish him to see so many large oysters in a body as there is here after you open oysters. You can't put him back in shell; shell won't hold oyster, they are so fat. I have never tried that; I have been told so by oyster men; this is while they are very fat. I have tried the mallet, sheepshead and bass, you bet. You can kill all the fish you want with shot gun. They kill a great many that way.

I stopped at Rockledge and went to work on a large hotel on wood butcherers and to give employment to nail factories. The building when completed will have 123 rooms, three of which will be 42x50; ladies' and gentlemen's parlors and dining room. These three are finished overhead so as to avoid supports in the rooms.

My man Friday, that probably never drove a pound of nails in his life, or he did not act so when he went to work, as he would break about five and a half out of six, is getting two dollars per day on the work. He is well pleased with the money in Florida as it is easier for him to come as than working heretofore at \$10 per month. All of this I write in here in Florida.

I want to hear from home. I want to know what you are all doing and how crops are. Crops are promising here, that is the fruit; that is all we have. Fine seasons of rain. I want to see the JOURNAL and see the Swansboro items. I want to see them every week. I take the Tropical Paradise. I peruse Paradise often and not finding the Swansboro items, it leaves an aching void. So let me have your paper down here to pass off my idle moments. I will close, as I have asked too much space of your paper already. Your friend, L. D. HANCOCK.

NEWS FROM THE OLD WORLD.

Significant Utterances of the Irish Nationalists. LONDON, June 28.—The most significant speech made by any member of the Irish party since the return of the Tories to power was made by Michael Davitt this afternoon at a great mass meeting held in Hyde Park to protest against the proposed amendment to the Reform bill, which would disfranchise every man who had obtained medical relief at the public cost within a year of any election. Mr. Davitt had little to say on that subject, but he clearly outlined the attitude of the Irish Nationalist party toward the new government.

There have been many indications of late that the Nationalists feel encouraged by the downfall of the Gladstone Ministry, the supplanting of Earl Spencer, and the defeat of coercion to extend their demands and to put their price higher than ever for any support rendered to the government. Before the Whigs and Radicals went out of power, the Irish members were willing enough to have Radical help in defeating coercion. Now they are giving notice to the Radicals that their help is not wanted, and that they cannot use the Irish grievances as a stalking horse behind which to creep back to power. This was very bluntly expressed by United Ireland, Mr. Parnell's own organ, which plainly told Messrs. Chamberlain and Dilke, Ireland's champions in the late Cabinet, that they would do well to keep out of Ireland, and that the Irish party looked only to the Tories for an effective home rule scheme.

Mr. Davitt in his speech today adopted a similar tone of defiant confidence. He denied that the Nationalists would prevent Messrs. Chamberlain and Dilke from visiting Ireland, and addressing such Irishmen as might choose to listen. But he warned the English parties, Radicals and Tories alike, that the Nationalists would not tolerate any halfway measures of relief.

"We demand," he said, "nothing less than the right to manage our own affairs as Canada and Australia manage theirs. As long as that right is denied to us or its exercise abridged Ireland will remain an obstruction to British legislation, and a menace to the stability of English power."

These defiant utterances by the great Nationalist leader outside of the Parliamentary party were vehemently cheered by the immense crowd, which was almost wholly composed of Englishmen.

Precautions for the safety of Earl Spencer, similar to those adopted on his leaving Dublin, were maintained throughout his journey to his home at Althorp Park, Northampton, at Chester Junction, where he had to wait some time for a train, he stalked about the station with his coat collar turned up, an ulster cap pulled down over his eyes, and with two detectives following him at every turn. He was not recognized by the people at the station, but he took the best possible method of attracting the attention of any stray invincible who might happen to be on hand.

M. Waddington, at yesterday's conference, with Lord Salisbury, renewed the demand that an early date be fixed for the withdrawal of the British troops from Egypt, and suggested the reconstruction of the Egyptian army of mixed Egyptian and Turkish mercenaries. He also suggested a change in the administration from the Khedive downward. Lord Salisbury limited his reply to the statement that Egyptian affairs were under consideration.

The Guards now at Alexandria have been ordered to camp in Cyprus.

Delicate Women. I have been using for a month of two in my household Swift's Specific, the greater portion of it having been consumed by the female portion of my family, and with the happiest results. It acted like a charm on my wife, who had been in bad health for a long time, and for whom I had spent hundreds of dollars for doctors and medicines. It began to build her up from the first dose. Another female member of my family took it with equally satisfactory results. It is certainly the best tonic for delicate ladies that I have ever used, and I have tried them all. I have no doubt that want of exercise, close confinement in poorly ventilated houses, sewer gas poison and malarial poison often produce sickness among our wives, daughters and sisters, and I believe Swift's Specific is the remedy for all this sort of blood poisoning. I know many of the best families of this country are using it for this purpose, and I have never known or heard of any failure to give entire satisfaction. I have known the remedy a long time. I know it to be entirely vegetable, and the best tonic and alterative, especially for females. W. L. JAMES, J. P. Quitman, Ga.

General Debility. For several years past my wife's health has been exceedingly feeble, a general break down of the nervous system. She was greatly reduced in flesh,

No remedy seemed to do her any good. In the spring of 1883 I induced her to try Swift's Specific. The first bottle gave her hope and twenty bottles produced wonderful results. She gained thirty pounds in flesh and it renovated her whole system. It is certainly the greatest tonic in the world.

T. J. HIGGINS. Indian Springs, Ga., Nov. 6, 1884. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. The Swift Specific Co., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga. For sale in New Bern at HANCOCK BROS.

COMMERCIAL.

JOURNAL OFFICE, July 1, 5 P. M. COTTON. NEW YORK, June 29.—Futures closed firm.

June, 10.35 September, 9.97  
July, 10.44 October, 9.88  
August, 10.23 November, 9.89  
Spots steady; Middling 10 7/16; Low Middling 9 11/16; Ordinary 9 7/16; New Bern market dull. No Sales. Middling 9 7/16; Low Middling 8 7/8; Ordinary 8 7/16.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

COTTON SEED—\$10.00. SEED COTTON—\$3.50. BARRELS—Kerosene, 49 gals., 86c. TURPENTINE—Hard, \$1.00; dip, \$1.55. TAR—75c. a lb. COIN—60 7/8c. BEEWAX—20c. per lb. HONEY—60c. per gallon. BEEF—On foot, 5c. to 7c. COUNTRY HAMS—12c. per lb. LARD—10c. per lb. EGGS—10c. per dozen. FRESH PORK—6c. per pound. PEANUTS—60 7/8c. per bushel. FODDER—75c. a \$1.00 per hundred. ONIONS—\$1.55 a 2.00 per bbl. FIELD PEAS—HIDE—Dry, 10c.; green 5c. PEACHES—\$2.00 per bushel. APPLES—\$1.00 per bushel. WHOLESALE PRICES. NEW BESS PORK—\$12.00. SHOTLICES—Smoked, No. 2, 6c.; Prime, 6c. C. R. and L. C. R.—6 1/2c. FLOUR—\$4.50 a 7.00. LARD—7c. by the tierce. NAILS—Basis 10's, \$3.50. DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1884, at TWELVE o'clock, Midday, the following property, viz: That certain lot of land situated in the said city of New Bern, on the east side of Metcalf street, between Broad and News streets, whereon are situated the two new houses, that part of lot Number 29, according to the plan of said city, conveyed to said U. S. Mace by Wm. H. Pearce and wife, except the part thereof allotted for a homestead. Also, the brick store on the lot of land on Middle street, directly south of the store belonging to T. A. Green. Also, the lease of the land whereon said store is situated, executed to said U. S. Mace by "Chas. Bond and others." Also, the iron building on "Gaston House Wharf," foot of said Middle street, containing two stores formerly occupied by said U. S. Mace and B. B. Lane. Also, the lease of the land whereon said building is situated, executed to said U. S. Mace by Jno. and Jas. B. Hughes. Terms of sale—Cash. This lot day of July, 1885.

New River Peanuts

Fresh parched every day; 6 cts per quart AT SCOTT'S, on South Front street, New Bern, N. C. \$2-50 with the crowd. dtw

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of executions in my hands in favor of Demarest & Johnston, and Smith, Lyon & Field, against U. S. Mace, I will sell at the Court House, in the City of New Bern, N. C. at Public Auction, on MONDAY, the THIRD DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1884, at TWELVE o'clock, Midday, the following property, viz: That certain lot of land situated in the said city of New Bern, on the east side of Metcalf street, between Broad and News streets, whereon are situated the two new houses, that part of lot Number 29, according to the plan of said city, conveyed to said U. S. Mace by Wm. H. Pearce and wife, except the part thereof allotted for a homestead. Also, the brick store on the lot of land on Middle street, directly south of the store belonging to T. A. Green. Also, the lease of the land whereon said store is situated, executed to said U. S. Mace by "Chas. Bond and others." Also, the iron building on "Gaston House Wharf," foot of said Middle street, containing two stores formerly occupied by said U. S. Mace and B. B. Lane. Also, the lease of the land whereon said building is situated, executed to said U. S. Mace by Jno. and Jas. B. Hughes. Terms of sale—Cash. This lot day of July, 1885.

NEWBERN RICE MILL FOR SALE.

This Valuable Property, located near Union Point, consisting of One Engine, forty horse power, Two Cylinder Boilers of ample capacity, equipped with nine latest improved "Brotherhood" pistons, and all necessary machinery for turning out first class goods, is offered at Private Sale for a division, can trade in Hatteras. Bids for the mill without the real estate will be entertained. Apply to Mrs. E. B. ELLIS, Executor. July 14th

Brick! Brick!

125,000 Bricks. Now ready and for sale LOW, delivered either at my yard or in the city. Also prepared to contract for Brick Work of any kind. Call on or address R. F. WILLIAMS, New Bern, N. C. June 30 1m

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Commissioners will meet on the FIRST MONDAY in JULY, instead of the second Monday in August, as heretofore, for the purpose of REVISING THE TAX LIST. Parties interested will govern themselves accordingly. JAMES A. BRYAN, Chairman Board Commissioners.

Land Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Davidson county, North Carolina, made in the case of Sallie C. Meador, Executrix of W. W. Pile, I shall proceed to sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for Cash, on the premises in the City of New Bern, N. C. as follows:

Thursday, July 9th, 1885. The following city lots belonging to the estate of said W. W. Pile, to-wit: Lots Nos. 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100. Terms, numbered as follows: \$5, \$10, \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$35, \$40, \$45, \$50, \$55, \$60, \$65, \$70, \$75, \$80, \$85, \$90, \$95, \$100. Also, one acre of land on Cypress street, outside of city limits, also two cemetery lots. Persons desiring information in reference to the above, please call on E. G. Hill, Real Estate Agent, New Bern, N. C. GEORGE J. REED, DOR, Commissioner. June 30 1d

Bargains FOR Everybody!

In order to reduce my Stock before going North, I have determined to offer Inducements to Customers to Close Out my Spring and Summer Stock.

I have a few of those beautiful White Dress Robes for ladies, that have been so popular all through the season, which I will close out cheap from \$3.00 up.

Still Ahead on White Goods!

The most beautiful India Linen for 12 1/2c. per yard you ever looked upon. Call and see it and you will exclaim, How lovely! Piques, 5c. per yard. All kinds of White Goods at Bargains.

Linen Torchons, 15c. for 12 yds. Hamburg Edgings from 5c. up to a very deep and handsome flouncing, 13 1/2 inches wide, for 50c., including all intermediate widths at bottom prices.

A Big Drive in Ladies' Balbriggan Hose, with a patent cleared seam, for 10c.—cheap and durable. Also, Colored Hosiery for 5c.

We have astonished our competitors in the Sale of Straw Hats: Genuine Mackinaw Hat for \$1.25. Panama Hats, \$2.00, formerly worth \$3.00. Also, a nice Straw Hat for boys, wide brim, at 25c.

We have just received a few pieces of Brown 10-4 Sheeting from an auction sale, that we are selling at the very low price of 20c. per yard; exceedingly cheap, worth 25c. or 30c.

Hoop Skirts, 15c.

Organdie figured Muslin, 8c., very fine, worth 10c. Fast colors, Figured Lawns, 5c.

We have had a big run on our \$1.00 Black Gros Grain Dress Silk. Have a few patterns left. Come and see it. Really worth \$1.25 anywhere.

Black Bunting, all wool, 20c. per yd.

Beautiful Black Ottoman Sash Ribbon, 7 1/2 inches wide, for the low price of 5c. Black Sash Ribbons, blue, pink and cream white, 75c.

An endless variety of Umbrellas, from 40c. up, including a handsome line of Alpaca and Silk, and genuine Scotch Gingham Goods. Parasols, 10-15 a piece.

We can surprise you on our prices for Shoes: Ladies' Foxed Gaiters for 75c. Nice Button Shoes for \$1.00. Come to see them and be convinced that we can save you money.

The best Double Reinforced Shirt ever offered in this market at \$1.00 a piece, the only Shirt sold here that is reinforced front and back. Come and examine it, and I am sure you will like it.

White Lawn and Pique Ties, Collars and Cuffs, and all kinds Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Samples Furnished on application.

We are continually receiving Goods by almost every steamer, and invite the Wholesale Trade to call and examine the Bargains in every Department, before making any purchases, as we are one of the Wholesale Merchants of New Bern, but not the only one.



SOLE AGENT FOR THE LIGHT RUNNING DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE. Each Machine sold by me guaranteed for FIVE YEARS. H. B. DUFFY