

FOR ISSUES ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE DAILY JOURNAL is a 54 column paper, published daily, except Sunday, at \$2.00 per year, \$1.00 for six months. Delivered to city subscribers at 20 cents per month.

THE WEEKLY JOURNAL, a 36 column paper, is published every Thursday at \$2.00 per annum.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One inch one day \$1.00 cents; one week \$2.00; one month \$10.00; three months \$25.00; six months \$45.00; twelve months \$75.00.

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Communications containing news or a discussion of local matters are solicited. No communications, however, are to be published that contain objectionable personalities, without the name of the author, or that will make known to other columns of the paper.

Any person feeling aggrieved at any anonymous communication can obtain the name of the author by application at this office and showing wherein the grievance exists.

THE JOURNAL.

H. S. RENN, Editor.

NEW BERN, N. C., SEPT. 16 1885

Printed at the Post Office at New Bern, N. C., a second-class matter.

ROGER A. PRYOR ON CIVIL SERVICE.

A New York Herald reporter has interviewed General ROGER A. PRYOR on the constitutionality of the Civil Service Commission, who without having carefully examined the bill, pronounces it unconstitutional upon the principle that it creates a new appointing power and infringes upon the prerogative of the President to make appointments.

"I am in favor of rotation in office, and I think that the party in power should have the privilege and bear the responsibility of appointing its agents in the conduct of the administration."

We hold with the Wilmington Star that this expresses the views of ninety-nine Democrats in every hundred in the South.

Acting upon this principle, there would be no necessity of tramping up charges of offensive partisanship.

HOAGLY'S CUTTING REPLY.

What Ohio's Governor Said Yesterday of Senator Sherman.

PAINEVILLE, O., Sept. 12.—Gov. Hoagly addressed a large audience here tonight upon the issues of the State campaign. His address was devoted in the main, however, to replying to certain portions of Senator Sherman's speech at Hamilton upon the Southern question.

The speaker said the difference between a statesman and a demagogue was that the former addressed himself to some wise and patriotic measure for the benefit of the people, while in these times the latter devoted himself to appealing to the baser and meaner passions of the people, or hate and enmity toward the members of an old dispute into a blaze without any definite proposition of change, but simply and solely for the purpose of siding in a partisan political canvass, and even though he may have been three or four times elected Senator, Senator Sherman on this occasion and this field was playing the part of a demagogue.

The speaker reminded the Senator that his party had been in power twenty-five years, and if there were wrongs at the South, why had not the party righted them? More than ten years have elapsed since the majority of the Southern States threw the shackles off which the Republican party tried to put upon them, and became Democratic.

mission to Gov. Nichols, who received fewer votes than Tilden and Hendricks, calls his antagonist, Packard, and says more than Hayes. "Five years have elapsed since the last Southern State became free from the tyranny of Moses; of Warrmouth; of Packard; of Bullock; of Brownlow; of Pease; of Texas; of Powell; of Layton; of *et cetera* genus. You had the Senate and you had the House, and if there was any injustice to be remedied why was it not done? The answer is easy. There is no such wrong; there are no such facts. Eight million bales of cotton produced by workmen in the South, both black and white, is a fact which outweighs four pretenses of Southern labor warlike organizations and Southern laborers under tyranny, this magnificent result would not have been achieved. Your whole argument is based upon the claim that when the black men of the South ceased to be chattel slaves they at once became the slaves of the Republican party and must thereafter vote as its dictation in the day of judgment."

The speaker said some of the colored men did not vote the Republican ticket, and therefore they were prevented by force and fraud. This presumption was unsustained by proof, and was utterly untrue. The truth had been foreseen by Gov. Andrew, one of the truest friends the slaves of America ever had, when he declared that the colored race recognized the whites as their best friends, and would vote with them, unless excited by external force. Three years ago the Republicans tried to make issue with Copiah and Danville, but "Hamburg and Eliza Pinkston, Danville and Copiah have flung and pelted out," said the speaker, "leaving only the want of enough ballot-boxes in Savannah as the sole remaining gripe of the once noisy out-cry mill."

Gov. Hoagly said Senator Sherman had threatened to reduce the representation based on the colored vote of the South. This could not be done; as the Fifteenth Amendment had made the Fourteenth Amendment imperative. "The Congressional powers may extend to Republican Rhode Island," said he, "which maintains a Know-Nothing discrimination against the right of foreign born citizens to vote, but does not apply to the South, where the colored man's right to vote is as free as the white man's."

The speaker devoted a large portion of his address to showing that in Tennessee the Republicans of the Legislature successfully filibustered through two sessions of the Legislature to prevent a proper legislation law to avert frauds at the polls. He referred to the statement that he had sought the release from prison of Police Lieutenant Mullon, of Cincinnati, convicted of arresting colored voters the day before an election. He confessed that he had done so, and that he had personally asked President Cleveland for Mullon's pardon. He claimed that Mullon ranked a negro gambling house and confined in jail eight or ten voters, among a lot of Kentucky repeaters, and he pleaded guilty. He served eight months, and the speaker thought he had been punished sufficiently. He declared that David M. Key was a Tilden Democrat down to the time of his appointment in the Cabinet of President Hayes.

Reduced postage and other causes have increased the correspondence of the world. Less than fifty years ago the average of letters received by each person per annum was only 3 in the United Kingdom, and it is now 37 letters and 4 postal cards. The latest reliable ascertainable comparison for 1882, when the average was 36 in Great Britain; gives the average per head in the United States at 21; Germany, 17; France, 10; Italy, 7; and Spain, 5.

THE COTTON MOVEMENT.

The market for futures was rather unsatisfactory during the past week. The volume of sales was restricted in consequence, and the number of bales sold was but little in advance of last week. The uncertainty regarding the crop report of the Agricultural Bureau made the market featureless until Thursday. The report was regarded as somewhat more unfavorable than had been expected, and consequently a hardening of values occurred on that day. A reaction, due chiefly to the low tone of the Liverpool market, however, brought values down on Friday. September delivery closed this week at 9.45c, against 9.70c; the closing price last Friday, October 1st, coincided with this decline, closing at 9.45c, against 9.70c. The rest of the list, with the exception of November, showed a very slight advance. Spots were fairly active during the week, and just held their own, closing at 10 1/2c for middling uplands, the same price as last week.

The total future sales this week were 288,700 bales, against 291,700 bales last week. Spot sales amounted to 5,166 bales, against 4,543 bales last week. Deliveries on contract were 6,500 bales, against 9,100 bales last week. The receipts at ports this week were 53,845 bales, against 30,094 bales last week, and 42,505 bales the same week last year.

The following comparative figures are given to September 11:

Table with columns for 1885 and 1884, listing various cotton supply and demand figures such as 'Visible supply', 'Export to Great Britain', 'Export to France', etc.

The following table shows the closing quotations for futures at New York Friday evening, with comparisons:

Table with columns for Sept. 11, Sept. 4, and Sept. 12, listing cotton futures prices for various months like September, October, November, etc.

The Providence cotton market is active. Middling uplands are quoted at 10 1/2c. The Philadelphia market is steady, but dealings are within narrow limits, and likely to continue so until receipts increase and the accumulation of stocks and settlement of values invite to larger and more confident operations in the staple. Middling uplands quoted at 10 1/2c. The cotton trade at Savannah is not fully opened. Receipts to this date are 6,315 bales more than during the same time last year. Inquiries by buyers are for better grades. Prices so far are well maintained.

Valuable Farm for Sale. 1,112 ACRES OF LAND, IN JONAS COUNTY. Two miles from good landing on Trent river, and lying on the Quaker bridge road, adjoining the State lands in Wilkes County, N. C.

Green, Foy & Co. BANKERS and COMMISSION MERCHANTS. OFFICE, SOUTH FRONT STREET, NEW BERN, N. C.

Did you Suppose... JOHN SUTER'S. BOCK BOTTOM PRICES.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Absolutely Pure. YOUR KIDNEYS. They Need Your Immediate Attention.

For 48 long, dreary years I have been a great sufferer from a complaint of my kidneys, which failed to be cured by physicians or untried remedies. I began to feel I could never recover, and I had spent two hundred and fifty dollars without success.

HERE'S ANOTHER. I am a merchant of Atlanta, and am nearly 50 years of age. My kidneys have been inactive and "bragging" for many years, attended with excruciating pain in small of the back.

BRADFIELD'S. Ladies suffering from troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter what kind, can find relief and cure in a bottle of Bradfield's Female Regulator.

REGULATOR! Send for our book containing valuable information. It will be mailed free on application.

FREE! RELIABLE SELF-CURE. Obtained, and all PATENT BUSINESS at home or abroad attended to at MODERATE FEES.

D. W. HURTT, Merchant Tailor, UP STAIRS, NEXT TO OLD FELLOWS' HALL, Middle Street, New Bern, N. C.

K. R. Jones COMMISSION Merchant. Consignments of Grain, Cotton, and other PRODUCE SOLICITED. PROMPT ATTENTION GUARANTEED.

Dry Goods, Notions, HATS, ROOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS. Pork, Bacon, Flour Sugar, Coffee, Salt, Syrup and MOLASSES. SNUFF AND TOBACCO.

HARDWARE. Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Axes, Nails, Plow Traces, Hames, &c. &c. Farmer's Supplies. MOTT'S SWEET CIDER. THE BEST MADE.

W. P. BURRUS & CO., GRAIN AND COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NEW BERN, N. C.

W. H. DEWEY. TONSORIAL ARTIST. Personally in attendance at his hair dressing and shaving saloon.

New Central Hotel, (FORMERLY HATEMAN HOUSE), New Bern, N. C. A. PATTERSON, Proprietor.

PATENTS. Obtained, and all PATENT BUSINESS at home or abroad attended to at MODERATE FEES. Our office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office.

PROFESSIONAL. DR. G. L. SHACKELFORD, DENTIST, MIDDLE STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE BAPTIST CHURCH.

C. R. THOMAS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office on Craven street, a handy building near corner of Police street.

P. H. PELLETIER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, NEW BERN, N. C. Office on South Front street, third door from the corner of Craven street.

OWEN H. GUION, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office formerly occupied by Simmons & Manly, opposite Gauley's, between Craven and Jones, Craven street, New Bern, N. C.

C. R. THOMAS, J., Attorney at Law, BEAUFORT, N. C. Office on corner of Farmer and Front streets.

F. M. SIMMONS, CLEMENT HANLY, SIMMONS & MANLY, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Will practice in the Courts of Craven, Jones, Onslow, Currituck, Pamlico and Lenoir.

DR. J. D. CLARK, DENTIST, NEW BERN, N. C. Office on Craven street, between Police and Broad.

FOR THE SEASON. BLATCHLEY. HORIZONTAL FREEZERS, Refrigerators, ICE COOLERS, FLY PANS, WIRE DISH COVERS.

General Hardware. L. H. CUTLER'S. Prices low for cash. Satisfaction guaranteed. Highest cash prices paid for country produce.

The Sun. An Independent Newspaper of Democratic Principles, but not Controlled by any Set of Politicians or Manipulators. Devoted to Collecting and Publishing all the News of the Day in the most interesting Shape and with the greatest possible Promptness, Accuracy and Impartiality.

ROBERTS & HENDERSON, General Insurance Agents, New Bern, N. C. Only first class Companies represented.

NOTICE. The subscriber having qualified as Executor of the estate of Alexander A. Hagan, deceased, on the 15th day of August, 1885, he hereby notifies all persons having claims against the estate of Alexander A. Hagan, deceased, to present them to him, or to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of October, 1885.

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