FOE. IV

LOCAL NEWS

New Berne, latitude, 300 6' North fongitude, 770 8' West Sun rises, 5.44 Longth of day, sun sees, 6:4 1 B hours, 20 minutes, Moon with \$1 11.30 p. m.

BUSINESS LOUALS.

You can find the Best Java, Monte-gunn and Rio Coffees at Taylor & 18 3t

French Prunes, Chow, Chow, Mixed Pickles, Farcy Cakes and Crackers, to at Taylor & Sarra's, 19 10

A lot of Fine Sugar Cured Shoulders at Sc., Breekfast Bucon at 11je., at Taylor & Burn's. Mr. Jrlas Rhem in darventing a fine p of hug. 230 MH. X'll

The Rough and Ready Fire Company paraded yesterday evening and held an entertainment at Stanly Hall last night. Therawill be a meeting of the Cotton

and Grain Eachange tonight in con-junction with the Board of Trade at their rooms at 8 o'clock. Mr. Samuel Cook begun work on an

and Middle streets yesterday. He is depening the old well so as to make it Mr. J. Fr Noble was in the city yes-

because he says if he brings it in early the buyers will be certain to pronounce

The keeper, Mr. Taubenspeck, is very attentive to the grounde, keeps the grass mown down, trees properly trimmed, 1, lock-iaw 1 broad in the second of the s sign-boards and flag-pole have been grounds are kept in first-class order.

Mrs. Chapin of South Carolina, who is engaged in lecturing in this State, in the nt rest of the Woman's Christian Tem-brance Union, is in the city and desires to meet the ladies at four o'clock this afternoon in the Presbyterian lecture room. She will deliver a Jubilee this evening. The public are cordially invited to attend.

Joer Kinsey, Esq., of Cobton, was in city yesterday driving a fine span

Greene county, that the army worm is lage. Eborn was promptly arrested and the Bog Swamp section. Mr. John Syllavant, one of the largest planters in h brop to the extent of fifty bales. They length to have had a supply of

Sales Thunks for Investment. The plantition known as the Chelse ag and a helf miles from New Barne, now owned by Mrs. Calvin Per-ry, is offered for sale. Here is a good chance for an energetic man who wants to for engage in agriculture and stock raising. It contains hundred acres, seven

ndred clared, the balance well timtered. There is a good, commodious dwelling and several tenant houses, a good orchard and large vineyard from which alone about four hundred dollars worth of fruit is sold annually. Its cond facilities for manuring, having ery desirable farm.

Preight on Cotton Rollection in Rate To All Points North.
The Cotton Buchange has been mak-

a few weeks ago in appointing sion to go to Baltimore and York and confer with the manrs of the Clyde and Old Dominio Green. Mr. For was afterwards

ting of the Exchange, Tu regist. Hours, Wolfenden and Pop on to this offect:

n and after September 21st, 1885

New Berne to Norfolk, \$1,25-Baltimore, 1.75-New York, 2.10-a reduction of 26c. per bale and Baltimore, and 40c. on

Unfair Comparison.

There were 128 deaths in Wilmington in the months of May, June, July and August, exclusive of still-born. This would make the death rate 19.4 for the year in every 1,000 inhabitants, upon a basis of 20,000. It would be 524 for a captions today, and a large number of year. The New Berne interments, as reported, were 81. How many of these died elsewhere or were still-born we do not know.—Wilmington Star.

A Woman in a Police Bot Dress Competency of the Interior Department of the Competency of the Interior Department, who sat for the Interior Department, who sat

This puts the matter in quite a differrent light from the unjust comparison made by the 'Star a few days ago. We have no objection to Wilmington or any other city or town comparing their mortuary reports with New Berne, proolded they do it fairly. For the information of the Star, as it seems to bave forgotten the facts given, we reproduce our reports 14 G O H 1

From Gen. R. D. Hancock, City Clerk, we have the following figures as to interments in the two cemeteries of the city from May 1st to August 31st, 1885: At Cedar Grove there were 24 inter-ments. Of the deceased, 5 were under a year old, 11 were under 5 years; 5 were over 65, of whom 2 were over 70, and 1 80 years old. The causes of death were: old age 8, apoplexy 1, congestive some at 8 o'clock.

Samuel Cook begun work on an ian well at the corner of Pollock

One death occurred in Paris, France, 1 in Craven county, 1 at Kinston and 1 at Beaufort, N. C.

At Greenwood Cemetery-colored there were 57 interments, and of this number there were 26 under 5 years tarilay. He wouldn't bring any cotton old, of whom 24 were 1 year and under, 17 were over 5, six being over 70 and 5 over 80 years. The causes of death were: consumption 4, bowel consumption 6, ppeumonia 1, typhoid pneumonis 1, congestive fever 1, congestive chill 2 tion 6, pneumonia 1, typhoid pneumonia 1, typhoid pneumonia 1, congestive fever 1, congestive chill 2, old age 6, dropsy 6, unknown 2, head-fall 7, fever 4, premature birth 1, quin-

Reduction of Rates.

September 17, 1885. EDITOR JOURNAL:—The Cotton and Grain Exchange desires to announce through your columns a reduction in the rate of freight on cotton by the Old Dominion and Clydes' lines, viz.: From New Berne to Norfolk, \$1.25 Baltimore. 1.75 1.75

" --- New York, 2.10 This is a change of 25 cts. per bale on the rate to Norfolk and Baltimore, and a change of 40 cts. per bale on the New

Very respectfully, T. A. GREEN, J. J. WOLFENDEN, MATTHIAS MANLY.

Homicide.

The little village of Yatesville was We learn from a gentleman in this city, who has just received a letter from a colored man, who lives near the vilhad a preliminary hearing before Justice Satterthwaite, who committed him to jail. The facts, so far as we have been able to gather, are of a very conflicting at section, thinks they have damaged nature, and will require very minute investigation to arrive at the real cause of the very unpleasant affair. A colored man, who seems to have accompanied Eborn to the house of Davis, and who claims to have been an eye-witness to the shooting, says that he went with Eborn to the house of Davis a little after dark; and Eborn called Davis out and immediately on his coming to the door the contents of one barrel of Eborn's gun was discharged, Davis fell, and he and Eborn departed.

and Eborn departed.

Israel Eborn was interviewed by a Gazette reporter, who gathered from him the following statement: There had been some difficulty between Davis and myself, and I went to his house on last Wednesday night for the purpose of talking the matter over and arriving at a satisfactory settlement. When I called Davis out he began to curse and make threats, and turned to the door and asked his wife to hand him his gun, which she started to do. While his wife was in the act of passing the gun I fired and left.—Washington Gazette.

SELECTIONS BY S.

Autorige ON SNEEZING. Torts for some time to induce the ship lines to make a reduction on lines with the lines to make a reduction on lines with the lines to make a reduction on lines with the lin a letter. eeze on Thursday for something bet eze on a Friday, you'll eneeze for

> eeze on a Saturday, your sweethear Sneeze on a Sunday, your safety seek—
> The devil will have you the rest of the
>
> Thisley's Magazine.

"Lost wealth is replaced by industry lost knowledge by study; lost health b bedience; but lost time is gone for

If thou art worn, and hard beset With sorrows that thou would'st forget; If thou wouldst read a lesson that will The beart from fainting, and the sou

from sleep—
Go to the woods and hills! no tears
Dim the sweet look that Nature wears.
—H. W. Longfellow.

If you are in need of any prints

Old papers for sale at this office. *

THE PRESIDENT CORNERED.

Johnston: Commissioner of Railroads for the Interior Department, who sat patiently awaiting the President's dencent from the library. When the communicating doors between the corridor and East Room were thrown open and the ushers announced that the President would shake hands with all who desired to do a the ground trace of the correct to the correct to the country of the countr desired to do so, the crowd pressed for-ward and formed a circle about the distinguished visitor. Gen. Johnston re-mained quietly in his chair until the occupants of the room had dwindled down to about half a dozen, and then came forward and made himself known to the President. Simultaneously there was a movement by a woman in a polkadot dress, who requested a moment of the President's time.

"I will see you in a minute, madaine,

pleasantly replied the President, "but the hoop skirt, calico, wrapper, and an I am engaged now." Something Gen, old straw hood which formed his disJohnston whispered to the President pleased the latter greatly, and the two
gentlemen indulged in a hearty laugh.

Several minutes were communed in con. [Sec. The articles of his contents to the president of the contents the contents to the section of th Several minutes were consumed in conversation, and the General then withdrew to give Representative Stone, of Missouri, an opportunity to get acquainted with the President. Means quainted with the President. Means that relating to the result of the courtest of the relating to the result of the courtest of the courtest of the result of the courtest of the dent and when the last visitor left the East Room he turned up-stairs again, where he had left some gentlement but the woman was not to be balked in this way. So persistent did she become that worker to fire at Davis: I saw his movepacing the corridor awaiting the President the President was compelled to stop, and listen to her story. She was very demonstrative and finally placed the President with his back against the bust of Washington, which is one of the ornaments of the corridor. Seeing there was no prospect of immediate relief the President locked his hands behind his ville locked his hands behind his ville locked his hands behind his ville locked his recognized. back and listened patiently to his visitor until she talked herself tired, and then hurried upstairs to be rid of her importunities. In the library he found Judge Nelson J. Waterbury, of New York, who engaged in a lengthy po-litical talk, which kept the President engaged until it was time to take his afternoon drive.

HUMAN NATURE ILLUSTRATED Car Conductor Explains How Glar Some Folks are to Beat the Company.

"Do you miss many fares during the busy part of the day?" a reporter asked of a Fourth avenue street car conduc-

"Oh, I suppose I miss more or ;less, he replied. "In the confusion of get-ting on and off, and running to the front platform, a conductor must neces sarily lose track of some of his passen gers, and it won't do to ask a man twice for his fare. He gets mad at once. If I'm in doubt as to whether a passenger Occasionaly a man whom I have overlooked will offer it to me." "How often?"

"About once a year. You see." went on the conductor, "people would rather steal five cents from a railroad company than find a dollar in the street. makes them happier.'

Just then the car stopped, and two ladies and a young man got on. The young man seated himself near the forward end of the car and took a nickel out of his pocket.

"Now you watch that young feller," said the conductor to the reporter. He's got his money all ready."

The conductor collected the fares

from the two young ladies, and then opened the front door and bitterly anathematized the driver for being two minutes behind time. Then he closed the door, ignoring the young man in the corner, and returned to the back "Keep your eye on him," he whis

pered to the reporter.
Slowly the young man's hand closed on the nickel, and a preoccupied expres-sion stole over his face. He yawned a little as though he had been riding many miles. Then he shifted his position and gazed anxiously out of the window, ap gazed anxiously out of the window, apparently impressed with the idea that he had passed his destination. Taking his handkerchief out of his pocket, he blew his nose; then with a sleight-of-hand motion that Herrmann might have envied he passed the nickel into the folds of the handkerchief, and thence back into his pocket. After which to

"Now watch me," said the condu He approached the young man, whose back was slightly turned, and, touching him on the shoulder, said:

him on the shoulder, said:

"Fare, please,"

The young man started quickly, dove into his trousers pocket, and brought up another nickel. Then he reumed his former position with the air of a discondered pickpocket.

"It's human nature, I suppose," the conductor philosophically remarked to the reporter. "It's just as wrong to steal from a nature of didde. Most people, however, don't think so. Five cents is a small matter, but the theft itself is just as great as if the sum were a hundred dollars."

"This system of registering the fares as they are paid saves the company a good deal of money, doesn't it?" ventured the reporter, as he prepared to get off.

"Qh., yee," the conductor replied, dfy; but, even with that system in se, we can occasionally knock down an onest panny or two."44N. 1'. Sun.

CAPTURE OF JEFF. DAVIS,

The Ex-President Describes to Yagries

BEHAVIOUR, MISS., Sept. 9, 1885.

To the Editor of the Herald:

On my return after a protracted absence from home I received a slip from your journal; which I enclose for greater convenience in noticing its contents: Indianapolis Ind., Aug. 16, 85,-At the recent, reunion of the veterans of the Fourth Indiana cavalry in this city Lieut, Isgrigg, of the command, who was provost marshal at Macon. Ga., at the time of the capture of Jefferson Dathe time of the capture of Jefferson Davis, related the circumstances of the capture. He described his participation in this affair as follows: "I went out to the line of my inrisdiction to receive Davis. "Two miles and a half from Macon, he became my personer, and I brought him to the city in an old farmwagon. It was a vehicle with a grest deal to condemn it in the way of unsightliness. It had weaknesses all over it, but sufficient strength to hold Jeff. Davis, myself, and his secretary." The rabel chief ast between us, and over his head, from a pole fixed to the seat, hung head, from a pole fixed to the seat, hung

fact. The articles of his costume hung

ville Hotel in 1872, when he recognized me, and, approaching, said: I must thank you again, Lieutenant Isgrigg, for saving my life. We had quite a chat about the war then. Before this had received a letter of thanks from him. He was my prisoner eight days, together with his wife, daughter, and the commissary of his guard. These three we took into Macon in an old family carriage. Jeff. was not stilky as prisoner, but one could see that the

hreaking of the Confederacy hore griev-ously on his thoughts." Though accustomed to see slanderou publications in regard to myself, I have read this with no little surprise, because of the total absence of any foundation or protect on which to build the fiction. I avail mysell of your usual courtesy in asking you to publish this scriatim refutation of the several statements of the

It is not true, as stated, that I was turned over to the custody of one Lieu tenant Isgrigg two and a half miles (or any other distance) from Macon. The I'm in doubt as to whether a passenger any other distance) from Macon. The has paid or not, I give him the benefit troops by whom I was aptured remain-of it rather than ask him the second of my guard to Macon, and a detachment of them accompanied me to Fortress Monroe in charge of their own officers.

Equally untrue is it that I rode with the said legrigg and my secretary (or with any one else) in "an old farm wagen." My private sectretary, Burton N. Harrison, Eeq. new a member of the bar of New York, was captured with me, and rude on horseback to Macon. I had for several days occupied an ambu-lance with my wife and children, and

rode into Macon in it.

There was no such cowardly attempt to offer insult to me as would have been shown by hanging over my fland the articles of clothing which Isgrigg false-ly avers I had worn at the time of my capture. Nor did my captors obtain at the time of my capture the hoop-skirt, etc., which Isgrigg describes, unless they were found among the apparel taken when the trunks of my wife and her female servant which were pillaged. On our arrival at the hotel in Macon

On our arrival at the hotel in Macon a small body of troops in frost of the entrance were at open ranks, facing inward. When I got out of the ambulance to enter the hotel they presented arms while I passed through, and I received the sainte as an expression of the fealing trave men thew to a fallen fold). The story of "Captain Thompson, of the Fourth Indians cavalry," attempting to shoot has a Lentered the Macon hotel is wholly fictitious, and I leave it to that regiment itself to reach the imputation that one of its efficient would have been guilty of so dastardly an against on a prisoner.

canlt on a prisoner.

Upon that falsehood the narrator hangs another, that I met him at the Louisville hotel in 1872, recognized him, and renewed thanks to him "for saving and renewed thanks to hime "for saving my life," and that I had previously written a letter of thanks to him. I have not been in the Louisville hotel since the war, I do not remember ever to have seen or heard of this Lieutenant Isrigg at any time or place, and it is not true that, as he alleges. I was eight days in his custody or that I have ever written to him a letter of thanks. I remained in Macon but a few hours, and was sent forward to Fortrees Monroe the evening of the day of my arrival there.

Yours respectfully, JEFFERSON DAVIS.

rears, my mother influenced me to pro-ure B. B. B. for her. She had been onfluenced ber bed sayeral meeths with the unralism, which had stubbornly re-isted all the usual remedies. Within wenty-four hours after

The Yacht Race New York, Sept. 16.—The Puritan eat the Genesta today over the forty beat the Genesta

tion complaint was thus it row

beat the Genesta today over the forty mile course, from Scotland light-ship twenty miles to the leeward and return, two minutes and nine seconds actual time, or one minute and thirty-sight seconds corrected time. The race was said by the oldest yachtsmen to be the best and most closely contested ever seen in the world. The wind was moderate, from west northwest at the start. As the yachts ran dead before it to the outer mark it increased, and returning it was blowing a half gale from morth northwest with quite a lumpy sea. The Puritan housed her top-sail, but the Genesta lugged her topsail to the finish.

Proceedings of the Board of Commis sioners of Onslow County.

The Commissioners met in regular Jacksonville, 1st Monday in Sept., 1885, Present: E. L. Francks, Chairman pro tem.; R. C. Davis, R. F. Pelletier and D. Coston.

The following orders were made by said Board: aid Board:
That a public road be established from Fall Stock of Dry Goods near Persimmon branch, on the Kinsto

road, to a point near Haw branch, on the Kenansville road.
That a road leading from Abner Ervin's to the Jones county line, known as the Huffman road, be received and

turned over to the supervisors of Rich lands township. The following pauper applications were allowed:

Sam Ward allowed one dollar per month, commencing from 1st Sept., 1885. That Mary Mason be allowed \$2 for the mouth of September, and no further. That J. K. Batchellor be allowed \$5 per month for keeping Spicey Batchellor from Sept. 1st, 1885, being an increase of \$1 on her monthly allowance from 1st Sept., 1885.

The following accounts were allowed: Wm. Scrues, \$2 for making coffin for Catharine White, pauper. S. B. Taylor, \$2 for burial expense for Polly Williams, pauper.

G. W. Taylor, for curtains to court house windows, 48c.; 383 feet lumber for bridge, \$4.17; 367 feet lumber for bridge, \$4.58. Total, \$9.23. Amount allowed R. F. Pelletier for

syment of hands for work done on bridge at Jacksonville, \$10.88. To Major Russell for work done or bridge at Jacksonville, \$24.

The following persons were allowed

to list property:

J. W. Langley, as agent for Mollie
Langley, widow of James Langley;
money on hand, \$50; 6 head of cattle,
without specifying, \$10. 840; value without specifying, \$10 Amos Cox allowed to list for year 1885 hives of bees worth 87. That half dozen Magistrate's dockets

be ordered by Register of Deeds.

That a change be made on the records of a deed from Joseph Horn to Wiley Marine from nine poles to nineteer poles. Also same change to be made in a deed from Wiley Marine to Isaac W. Lewis, from nine poles to nineteen poles Ordered, That tax list be turned over to the Sheriff, and he to same.

The following comprises the list of jurors drawn for fall term, 1885: O. B. Freshwater, G. W. Blake, jr. Benjamin D. Eubanks, Needham Rob-inson, James Smith, Daniel Piner, Henry Shepard, E. J. Hines, B. B. Henderson L. M. Landen, A. L. Cox, Robert George, D. B. Morton, Wm. Gurganus, Stephen W. Brown, Benjamin Simmons, George R. Young, Joseph Fulcher, E. J. Provow, R. Young, Joseph Fulcher, E. J. Provow, L. J. Henderson, B. F. Basden, J. H. Shepard, C. C. Morton, F. D. Shaw, Daniel A. Raynor, Bryan Henderson, W. T. Cox, J. M. Bishop, James Gur-ganus, D. J. Hudson, L. F. Simpson, D. S. Aman, John R. White, Edward H. King, B. S. Koonce, F. M. Justice, T. J. Barker, W. D. Parker, Lessey, T. J. Barbour, W. D. Parker, Joseph F. Brock, James Walton. Ordered, That the Board adjourn un-

til the 1st Monday in October, 1885. By order Board Commissioners.

J. F. GILES, Clerk.

COMMERCIAL.

JOURNAL OFFICE, Sept. 17, 8 P. M. COTTON.

NEW YORK, September 16.-Futures plosed quiet and firm. September, 9.64 December, 9.56 9.51 January. November, 9.50 Spots steady; Middling 101-16; Low Middling 9 11-16; Ordinary 9 1-16. New Berne market steady. Sales of

Middling 9 1-16; Low Middling 8 11-16 Ordinary 6 1-16.

DOMESTIC MARKET. COTTON SEED-\$10.00.

COTTON SEED—\$10.00.

BARRELS—Kerosene, 49 gals., 85c.

TURPENTINE—Hard, \$1.00; dip, \$1.60.

TAR—75c. a\$1.25.

CORN—80a70c.

BRESWAX—30c. per lb.

BRESWAX—30c. foc. to 7c.

COUNTRY HAMS—19c. per lb.

LARD—10c. per lb.

LARD—10c. per lb.
EGGS—11c. per dozen.
FRESH PORK—6c. per pound.
FRESH PORK—6c. per pound.
FRESH PORK—6c. per bushel.
FODDER—75c. n\$1.00 per hundred.
OHIONE—33.50 per bushel.
FRESH PEAS—
HIDES—Dry, 10c.; green \$c.
PEACHES—31.35 per bushel.
APPLES—30a50c. per bushel.
PEARS—375c. per bushel.
TALLOW—5c. per lb.
CHICKEND—Grown. 40a50c.; spi 9 1107

A RARE CHANCE For a Good Farmer.

The Plantation known as the CALVIN PERRY PLACE, two and a half-indes from New Berne, on the Trent road, is effected for sale, CHEAP for CASH. It contains sight inundred series, seven hundred of which are cleared. It is well adapted to the growth of corn, cotton, and every variety, of stuck. A splendid dwelling and outhouses beautifully located. Two temant houses; a fine orchard and vineyand, which alone, owing to coverence to market, will support a small family. This plantation is drained by Trent river and Jiminie's creek, and extends to Trant road, is splendid for stock rulsing, and a rare chance for investment.

For particulars address

MRS. CALVIN PERRY,

New Berne, N. C.

sep 18 dw2m Or to Journat Office.

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We partion SHO LACE BALS.

larly request those who have been paying \$5 or \$6 for their shoes to at least try on a pair of these before baying a new pair. It costs nothing to try them on. 9 J. MEANS & CO. MANUFACTURERS BOSTON. MASS. SHOE FOR SALE BY

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Commission Merchant.

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Notice.

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