

THE DAILY JOURNAL.

VOL. IV.

NEW BERNE, N. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1886.

NO. 254

LOCAL NEWS.

Journal Miniature Almanac.
New Berne, latitude, 35° 6' North,
longitude, 77° 8' West.
Sun rises, 6:58 | Length of day,
Sun sets, 5:30 | 10 hours, 32 minutes.
Moon sets at 7:06 p. m.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

A TREAT.—Fine Country Hams, put up by Onslow and Jones county's best farmers for sale at Humphrey & Howard's. Remember, these gentlemen have an art for selecting the best hams.

Job-work executed with neatness and dispatch at the JOURNAL office.

TRY DAL'S fine Bouquet Butter and Pig Hams.

Real Estate Mortgages and Deeds for sale at the JOURNAL office.

A lot of Onslow hams arrived yesterday and landed at Humphrey & Howard's.

The thermometer was down in the twenties yesterday and snow on the ground.

The steamer Trent arrived from Trenton yesterday evening with a cargo of cotton and turpentine.

Tax Collector Hancock gives notice that taxes must be paid by the 4th of March or cost will be added.

The Elm City arrived from Hyde county during the night on Wednesday and left yesterday on her return trip.

The red buoy at Foster's wharf and the black one at Sandy Point were carried away by the ice during the last cold snap.

Ducks and wild geese abound in our Eastern waters this winter. Last Tuesday a couple of Northern gentlemen brought up from Portsmouth over five hundred which they barreled up and shipped North. This is the place for sportsmen.

We publish today a denial from Senator Vance to the N. Y. World in regard to the Pan-Electric Telephone stock. The deliberate lying of the World's correspondent in regard to this matter weakens the force of all its exposure in this matter.

The transfer of passengers, mail and express from the regular mail train to the special on the railroad bridge yesterday morning was done with commendable promptness by the railroad force notwithstanding the wind was blowing a gale and cold as a blizzard.

The schooner W. P. Davis, Capt. Geo. Moore, from Milton, Del., loaded with fertilizers, grounded off Ocean Point on Wednesday night about 10 o'clock and remained there until during the night the tide rose and she was carried by the wind up Trent river and struck the railroad bridge near the South bank of the river with such force as to derange the track and prevent the crossing of the morning train from Morehead City. Another train was made up and ran down to the damaged portion of the bridge and the passengers and mail transferred to it. A force was sent down and the damages repaired so that the regular train passed over by 2 o'clock.

Personal.
Mr. Alonzo Leary, of Jones county came in yesterday with a fine lot dressed turkeys which can be found Mr. Nelson Whitford's this morning.

Clement Manly, Esq., attended court at Kinston yesterday. L. J. Moore, Esq., is also in attendance.

Mr. G. W. Richardson of Core creek arrived last night.

New Berne Theatre.
Mr. J. C. Green, the Manager of the Theatre, has procured a number of fine opera chairs which have been placed in the dress circle and will add much to the comfort of those who are willing to pay a little extra for extra seats. With comfortable seats, this is one of the best auditoriums in the country. The Manager also informs us that the doors have been arranged so that escape will be easy in case of an alarm of fire.

Hanlan Anxious to Row Beach.
TORONTO, Feb. 5.—Hanlan, the oarsman, in view of Beach's proposed trip to America, has determined to offer a stake of \$5,000 to induce the latter to race with him in Canadian waters. He further proposes in event of Beach's defeat to present him with \$2,500.

Who's the Best Physician?
The one that does most to relieve suffering humanity of the thousand and one ills that befall them, bringing joy to sorrowing thousands, is certainly the best of all physicians. Electric Bitters are daily doing this, curing hundreds that have tried all other remedies and found no relief. As a Spring tonic and blood purifier they are a perfect specific, and for liver and kidney complaints have no equal. In the strongest sense of the term, they are positively the best and cheapest physician known.—Daily Times. Sold by all druggists at 50 cents.

COUNTY FINANCES.

How the County is Gouged.

EDITOR JOURNAL.—You stated in a former issue that the commissioners had made some extravagant allowances and perhaps some unlawful ones. Now will you please point them out, when you finish the report, that the commissioners, the magistrates, and the public, may see where the county can be benefited? We hope the commissioners will receive the criticism as friendly and help you in showing them where to stop the leaks.

We thought it only necessary to call attention to the fact that there was extravagance, and that there were bills allowed not warranted by law by the county commissioners, if this published statement is correct. But it seems necessary to point out some of these unlawful and extravagant disbursements of the people's money before the evil will be corrected. The statement published over a year ago contained disbursements of a similar nature but no one took any notice of it, so we find it repeated.

Since we are asked by a magistrate of the county to make good the charge of extravagance and unlawful appropriations of county funds, we wish to assure the county commissioners that in doing this we have no personal feeling in the matter, no desire whatever to do them the least injustice; and if they feel that we have done them a wrong, have put a construction upon their acts calculated to unjustly prejudice the minds of the people against them, our columns are open for any explanation they desire to make.

We wish to state further that in criticizing this statement we do not charge any defect in the present system of county government. The system is as good as can be devised, but the best system in the world would prove a failure if the laws by which it is operated are totally disregarded. The county commissioners are selected by the board of justices composed of, it is presumed, men of intelligence and of good judgment, and ought to know who is competent to serve in the capacity of a county commissioner. Then the board of justices have the power to appoint a finance committee who are authorized to make a thorough examination of all the county finances at least once a year and publish it, that the tax-payers may know the condition of their county affairs, and in order to prosecute their work successfully they have the power to send for persons and papers. Then the county treasurer is required to post at the court house door on the first Monday in each month a statement of his receipts and disbursements during the month; the commissioners are required to publish an annual statement of the county debt, the name of every person allowed a claim, the nature of the claim and amount allowed him, and finally the clerk of the board is required to publish a statement annually of the claims audited by the board to themselves severally. So it will be seen that the system, with these safeguards thrown around it, is almost perfect. The only trouble is the laws are not observed.

The condition of Craven county is such that the most rigid economy in managing the finances should be enforced; and, if by complying with Magistrates' request we can aid in bringing about such a result we shall feel sufficiently rewarded for undertaking a very unpleasant task. To bring about economy it must be shown that there is extravagance. We assert that there is more extravagance in the management of Craven county's affairs than in any county in North Carolina. Taking up the annual statement of the disbursements which we have just published, let us glance at a few of the most glaring

UNLAWFUL ALLOWANCES:

Running down the column of names and claims for the month of September, 1884, we find this allowance:
"W. G. Brinson, 3 days ch'm board of justices, Feb. and June, and notices to justices.....\$24.00

In the allowances for October a similar item appears, making \$48.00 paid to the chairman of the board of justices for issuing notices and presiding at four days meetings. There is no law for such an expenditure of money; on the contrary the law expressly provides that the justices of the peace shall receive no compensation. They are required to meet on the first Monday in June without notice, and for special meetings the board of commissioners, not the chairman of the board of justices, are empowered to call them together. The register of deeds is made ex-officio clerk of the board of justices, and for his services he receives such compensation as the board of commissioners shall provide. In Lenoir county, the register of deeds informs us, that when the commissioners want the justices called together they instruct him to notify them, and for his services he receives not one cent. Meeting the register of deeds of Jones county a day or two ago, we inquired of him how

they got the justices of the county together when the commissioners wanted them. He replied: "I generally tell you itemizer to make mention of the meeting in his items to the JOURNAL and we always have a full meeting." "Do they pay you anything for it?" we asked. "Not a cent," he replied. But enough on this point. Forty-eight dollars were allowed in this instance not only without authority of law, but without any adequate services being rendered in return. It ought to be returned to the county.

"Solomon Edmondson, posting notices to tax-payers.....\$1.00"

This is a curious item and we think its curiocity sufficient to make it an unlawful one. Will the commissioners or any one of them explain to the people of Craven county what tax notices they are required to post at a cost of \$1.00 to the county? This is a small leak, but a small leak will soon waste a barrel of good wine. There is no use of keeping the bung sealed if you allow the small leaks to continue.

Tomorrow we will show other "unlawful allowances."

BRIEFS.

Grand Haven, Mich., has had a \$300,000 fire.

Resident Americans in Paris have gone in mourning over the death of Mrs. Bayard.

Congressman Woodard, the new member from Wisconsin, once served as a page in the House.

Miss Mary, daughter of Ex-Premier Gladstone, has been married to Rev. Harry Drew of Hawarden.

Thirty-three members of different theatrical companies have been arrested and fined for performing on Sunday. The Citizen's League of Milwaukee, Wis., are making a specialty of prosecuting persons who sell liquor to minors.

It is said that Shanghai shipped to this country last year not less than 500,000 lbs. of willow leaves, disguised as tea.

The wonderful workings of electricity are nothing like developed yet. Thos. A. Edison, the great electrician, can now dispatch a message from a train moving at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour.

The new yacht that is being constructed in New York to try the metal of the Yankee boat, the "Puritan," is to be called the "Atlantic." Should she overcome the Boston boat, she will be pitted against the English cutter "Galatea," that is to next visit us in the contest for the American cup.

A Denial from Senator Vance.

To the Editor of The World:

In the special to your paper of the 28th inst. from this city your correspondent alleged that I was a stockholder in the Pan-Electric Telephone Company. Presuming that he had been misinformed, I sent for the young man to the door of the Senate Chamber and told him that it was an utter mistake, and asked him to correct it. He said he would do so, and that he had been told by an officer of the company that I was a stockholder and that the books so showed. I told him that could hardly be true, but if my name was on the company's books it had been put there without my knowledge or consent, and that I had never directly or indirectly subscribed for a single dollar of the stock.

In the face of this information, your paper of the 29th reiterated the statement that I was a stockholder and averred that the books of the company showed that I was a stockholder to the extent of \$1,000—paid for me as an original subscription. The falsity of this statement not being deemed sufficient it was further added that the subscription was made under cover of the names of two ladies who were relatives of mine. Upon the strength of this you also assert, editorially, that this stock stands on the books of the company in my name.

It becomes my duty to denounce the whole story as untrue. In no conceivable way, shape or form have I had any connection with that company. I have the statement of Gen. Casey Young, Secretary, to the effect that no stock is now or has ever been set down in the books of that company in my name or in the name of any one for me; that I never had any connection, directly or indirectly, with that company to his knowledge; and that it is not possible for me to have done so without his knowledge; that the ladies referred to (only two of whom own stock) are not relatives or even acquaintances of mine and that they are the real owners of the stock which appears in their names.

As your correspondent refused to tell the truth after he had been informed of the facts, I write directly to you and ask the publication of the statement. Whether or not it be a crime in a Senator to purchase stock in this company, the truth is, I did not. Having undertaken, through a sense of public duty, as you say, to expose these questionable transactions, as you assume them to be, I hope the danger to the public morals is not so great and so imminent as to justify a resort to falsehood to avert it.

Very respectfully yours,
Z. B. VANCE.

United States Senate, Washington, D. C., Jan. 30.

If you should have a lame horse, and have used every remedy without success, invest 25 cents in a bottle of Salvation Oil, and if that fails you may rest assured he is a gona case.

Congressional Work.

SENATE.—Jan. 2.—Among the measures favorably reported from committees was a joint resolution by Mr. Blair of the committee on Woman Suffrage, providing for a constitutional amendment extending the right of suffrage to women.

Mr. Cockrell stated that this report was not the unanimous judgment of the committee, and that the minority reserved the right to present a written report in opposition to the measure. Calendar.

Mr. Riddleberger offered the following resolution:
Resolved, That it is the sense of the Senate that the Executive of the United States is not restricted by consultation law in removing or suspending appointees; that the Senate has no right to require that reasons shall be given for such removals or suspensions; that it is the right of the Senate to call for any paper relating to the conduct of removed or suspended appointees, or to the qualification and fitness of all persons whose names are presented to the Senate for confirmation or rejection; and it is the duty of the Executive to comply with all demands for the same.

In offering the resolution Mr. Riddleberger said his purpose was simply to bring the subject up in open debate. It did not involve any so-called high prerogative of the Senate when it should go into secret or executive session, but only that the abstract question as to whether the Executive could be called on or required to give reasons for removals.

Mr. Riddleberger asked for the immediate consideration of the resolution.

Mr. Cockrell rejected.

Mr. Pugh said he would submit, either today or tomorrow, a substitute for Mr. Riddleberger's resolution.

The matter went over.

Mr. Stanford offered a concurrent resolution, which was agreed to, providing for investigation by the Committee on Public Buildings, of both houses of Congress, into the charges made in 1853, and now being renewed, against the official conduct of Samuel Strong, during his superintendency of public buildings.

Mr. Pugh submitted his substitute for the Riddleberger resolution, and asked that it be presented and lie over till tomorrow.

Mr. Hoar inquired whether the request to print included the printing of a stump speech in the belly of the resolution?

Mr. Ingalls gave notice that when the original and substitute resolutions should come up tomorrow, he would move to refer them to the committee on privileges and elections for further consideration.

The resolution, according to the request, was laid over till tomorrow.

The Electoral Court bill then came up and Mr. Everts took the floor. He favored the recommendation of the bill to the committee.

Mr. Call, while deeming the bill a good one in some respects, deemed it defective in others, and proposed an amendment to the effect that in the case of the non concurrence of the two houses, and in case such non concurrence (and consequent failure to count the vote of a State) resulted in taking away the majority required by the Constitution, or when by not counting the vote of a State an election should be had of a person different from the person who would be elected if the vote were counted; that in these two emergencies, it should be declared that there was no election, and that the House of Representatives should make an election as required by the Constitution.

Mr. Hearson opposed the bill.

Mr. Everts submitted as an amendment, that it should be the duty of the Executive of each State, as soon as practicable after the final ascertainment of the appointment of electors in each State, to communicate under the seal of the State to the Secretary of State of the United States a certificate showing the result of such ascertainment, setting forth the names of the electors and other particulars, and to deliver to the electors of such State a similar certificate in duplicate; such certificate to be transmitted by the electors with the result of their own action.

Mr. Edmunds opposed the motion to recommit; but it struck him that Mr. Everts suggested an amendment that embodied an extremely valuable idea. It could be discussed in the Senate, however, as well as in the committee.

Mr. Saulsbury favored recommitment.

Mr. George had listened carefully to the arguments urged against Mr. Sherman's amendment, but had not been shaken in the belief that the vote of the two houses, acting as a joint body, constituted in the last resort the best way out of the difficulty. The Constitution intended that the vote of a State should be counted and did not contemplate rejection of the vote, simply because of a difference between the two houses. He hoped the bill would be recommitted.

After further debate the motion to recommit was brought to a vote and recommitment—yeas 30, nays 22. The affirmative vote being about equally divided between Republicans and Democrats. All the proposed amendments went with the bill.

The Dakota Bill was placed before the Senate and Mr. Logan obtained the floor on it, but gave way for a motion to go into executive session.

At 3:45 p. m. the Senate went into executive session, and at 5:35 the doors were reopened and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Immediately after the reading of the Journal Mr. Holman, of Ind., offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the House has received with profound sorrow the intelligence of the death of Thomas A. Hendricks, late Vice President of the United States.

Resolved, That the business of the House be suspended, in order that the eminent services and private virtues of the deceased may be appropriately commemorated.

Resolved, That the Clerk of the House be directed to communicate these resolutions to the Senate.

Eulogies upon the dead Vice President were then pronounced by Mr. Bynum, of Indiana, who represents Mr. Hendricks' old district, Mr. McCrery, of Kentucky, Mr. Long, of Maryland, and others, and then the resolutions were unanimously adopted and the House at 3:40 p. m. adjourned.

Scrofula.

Are any members of your family thus afflicted? Have they scrofulous swellings of the glands? Have they any scrofulous sores or ulcers? If so, and it should be neglected, the peculiar taint, or poison, may deposit itself in the substance of the lungs, producing CONSUMPTION. Look well to the condition of your family, and if thus afflicted give the proper remedy without delay. Buy that which makes absolute cures in the shortest space of time. The warning finger of public opinion points to B. B. B. as the most wonderful remedy for scrofula ever known. You need not take our word—you need not know our names—merit is all you seek. Ask your neighbors, ask your druggist, ask or write to those who give their certificates and be convinced that B. B. B. is the quickest and most perfect blood purifier ever before known.

For sale wholesale and retail by R. N. Duffy.

COMMERCIAL.

JOURNAL OFFICE, Feb. 4. 8 P. M.

COTTON.
NEW YORK, February 4.—12:23 P. M. Futures closed steady. Sales of 47,300 bales.

February, 9.13	August, 9.65
March, 9.19	September, 9.44
April, 9.28	October, 9.20
May, 9.38	November, —
June, 9.48	December, —
July, 9.57	January, —

Spots quiet. Middling 9-16; Low Middling 8 15-16; Good Ordinary 8 3-16. New Berne market steady. Sales of 8 bales at 6 to 8.

Middling 8 1-2; Low Middling 7-8; Good Ordinary 7 1-2.

DOMESTIC MARKET.

SEED COTTON—\$2.90.
COTTON SEED—\$10.00.
TURPENTINE—Hard, \$1.00; dip, \$1.75.
TAR—75c. a \$1.25.
CORN—40a55c.
OATS—Retail, 55a60.
RICE—70a75.
BEEF—On foot, 3c. to 5c.
COUNTRY HAMS—11c. per lb.
LARD—10c. per lb.
EGGS—14c. per dozen.
FRESH PORK—4 1/2c. per pound.
PEANUTS—50c. per bushel.
FODDER—75c. a \$1.00 per hundred.
ONIONS—\$3.50 per barrel.
FIELD PEAS—60a75c.
HIDES—Dry, 10c.; green 5c.
APPLES—30a50c. per bushel.
PEARS—75c. per bushel.
TALLOW—5c. per lb.
CHICKENS—Grown, 40a50c.; spring 25a40c.
MEAL—70c. per bushel.
OATS—40 cts. per bushel.

SHINGLES—West India, dull and nominal; not wanted. Building, 5 inch hearts, \$3.00; saws, \$1.50 per M.
WHOLESALE PRICES.
NEW MESS PORK—\$11.75.
SHOULDERS—Smoked, No. 2, 5c. prime, 6c.
C. R. S. F. B.'s, B.'s and L. C.—4c.
FLOUR—\$4.00a6.50.
LARD—7c. by the tierce.
NAILS—Basis 10's, \$3.00.
SUGAR—Granulated, 7c.
COFFEE—\$3a11c.
SALT—90c. a \$1.00 per sack.
MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—20a45c.
POWDER—\$5.00.
SHOT—\$1.00.
KEROSENE—10c.
TURNIPS—50c. per bushel.
WOOL—10a15c. per pound.
POTATOES—Sweet, 25a40c.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

Merchandise at Auction

WATSON & STREET, Auctioneers

Saturday, Feb. 6, 1886.

As assignee of the firm of PIGOTT & HARELL, I will sell at Public Auction, commencing Saturday morning at TEN o'clock, at the store adjoining Messrs. Humphrey & Howard on Middle street, the stock of Goods of said firm, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Canned Goods, Wood and Willow Ware, etc.
Sold without reserve.
Terms Cash.
F. M. SIMMONS, Assignee.
Feb. 4, 1886, 2c.

NOTICE.

City Taxes---The Last Call

All persons owing City Taxes are hereby notified that if their taxes are not paid on or before March 4th, 1886, cost will be added.
R. D. HANCOCK, City Tax Collector.
Feb. 4, 1886.

Lost,

A NICKEL MOUNTED PISTOL—five shooter and self-cocker—in a leather case, somewhere in the city of New Berne. A liberal reward will be paid for the return of the same to
Feb 3d 1886
J. L. HARN.

THE NEW BERNE LIVERY, SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

Having bought out the Cohen Stables, and made arrangements with LAMB OF GOLDS BORO, I am prepared to

Furnish Fine Mules & Horses

AT LOW PRICES.

A drove of Mules and Horses just received.
O. HUBBS, Proprietor.
Feb 4th

Wanted,

INFORMATION OF PRESIDENT ABOUTS OF THOMAS BROWN TRENT RIVERS, IN 1881 and 1882, and oblige,
Jan 20/86

FOR SALE

Finest Selected

EARLY ROSE

Seed Potatoes

(FLOUR BBL. PACKAGES),

F. ULRICH,

NEW BERNE, N. C.

SALE OF LAND.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed by William T. Cato to P. A. Wiley, situated in Wake county, and recorded in the Register's office, page 50c, of Pamlico County, Book No. 69, etc., I will sell A. L. C.'s cash at the Court House door, in the said county, a tract of land beginning at a gum, the corner of MARK H. 1886, at TWELVE, SIXTH day of MARCH, 1886, at TWELVE, the following described property in said county: "A tract of land beginning at a gum, thence east 75 poles, thence south 5° W. 104 poles, thence S. 22° W. 75 poles to Washington Morris line, thence N. 11° W. with said line 15 poles to the Belamur line, thence east to the beginning, containing eighty-three acres more or less,—it being the same land described in the mortgage deed aforesaid.

P. A. WILEY.
HENRY R. BRYAN, Atty.
Feb. 24, 1886.

500 BARRELS

PURE EARLY ROSE

SEED POTATOES,

Direct from the Farmers of
Maine and Prince Edward's
Island.

For Sale to the Trade.

W. M. WATSON.

100 BARRELS

Houlton Early Rose

POTATOES

At E. H. Meadows & Co.

For Sale,

A desirable house and lot on the south side of Broad street, one door west of the residence of J. C. Green, Esq. For terms and further particulars, apply to
dec 31st GUION & PELLETIER.

Stockholders' Meeting.

There will be a SPECIAL MEETING of the STOCKHOLDERS of the NEW BERNE AND PAMLIKO STEAM TRANSPORTATION COMPANY on WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10th, 1886, at the Rooms of the New Berne Cotton Exchange, at THREE o'clock, P. M. By order of Board of Directors.
J. S. DAVIS T. A. GREEN, Sec. & Treas.

J. C. ETHERIDGE & CO.,

Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants

110 Water Street, Norfolk, Va.
Consignments of COTTON, CORN, PEANUTS, and FARM PRODUCTS solicited.
References:
Messrs. Williams Bros., Norfolk, Va.
S. R. White & Bro., " " "
Marine Bank, " " "
Jul 28/84

For Sale or Lease.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Stockholders of the Newbern & Pamlico Steamboat Company for the SALE OR LEASE of the STEAMER ELM CITY, until the 10th February. Communications addressed to
T. A. GREEN, Sec. & Treas.
By order of Board of Directors.
Jan. 21, 1886 22d 1st

Bargains in Millinery.

I am obliged to make alterations in my store on account of my increasing business before receiving my SPRING STOCK. Therefore am offering my Large Stock of
Flashes, Silks, Velvets, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Hats, Etc., Etc.,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, and some AT COST, for the NEXT THIRTY DAYS. Have also reduced the price of Zephyr, German and Saxony Wools, Crepes and Mourning Goods.
Jan 19 dwzm Mrs. M. D. DEWEY.

BEST FERTILIZER

IN THE WORLD.

LIME.

\$7.00 per ton, f. o. b. in 200 lb. Sacks.

\$1.00 per barrel.

Burning oyster shells day and night. Liberal discount for large orders. Place your orders early and secure the first shipments.

WILLIAMS & HERRING,
New Berne Lime Kiln,
Jan 14 dw 3m New Berne, N. C.