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THE JOURNAL.
PUBLISHED DAILY, EXCEPT MONDAYS.
NEW BERNE, N. C., FEB. 24 1887.
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STATE NEWS.
Gleaned from Our Exchanges.

Wilmington Star: William Johnson, a tramp, was sent to jail yesterday, in default of bond in the sum of \$200 for his appearance at the criminal court to answer to a charge of larceny preferred by Abraham Moses, a boarder at the Station House. A sailor fell into the river Sunday night, and but for the timely arrival and heroic efforts of William Crawford, an elderly colored man, would have been drowned.

Charlotte Chronicle: Mrs. Virginia Morris, widow of the late Z. L. Morris, died at her home in Mallard creek township yesterday morning of pneumonia. Monroe is a prohibition town, and last Saturday four persons were arraigned before Judge Montgomery, on charges of violating the prohibition laws, by selling liquor within the prohibition limits. One of the four was fined \$200, another was fined \$100 and the remaining two were fined \$50 each. All of them save one, an old darkey, paid their fines. The darkey went to jail for four months.

Greensboro News: Mr. Ben Phillips, while executing a search warrant, was shot through the ribs. Mr. Phillips does not suffer much from his hurt, but it interferes with his manufacturing business. A team of horses ran away with a wagon a few miles from the city Sunday. A man and his son were thrown from the wagon, but fortunately neither were injured, but the wagon was badly smashed up. Yesterday about noon, two colored men, Jim Boyd and Carter Johnson, were arrested and lodged in jail, at the instance of the detectives who are here working up the Crump case. It is thought they have sufficient evidence to convict them of the assault upon Mr. Crump. The detectives kept their own council, however, and did not seem disposed to talk much about the matter.

Washington Progress: Mr. E. M. Short, of Building three dry kills this time, and says he will carry an insurance policy in the future. Our community was most agreeably surprised on Wednesday night last to learn of the marriage of our popular young townman, Mr. E. S. Simmons, and Miss Lizzie Grist, which took place at the residence of Mr. Simmons at eight o'clock on the evening mentioned, Rev. N. Harding officiating. Since the first of September there has only been about fifty barrels of whiskey brought to this town. We are not prepared to give the number imported for any corresponding period preceding this time, but when we note the fact that there are nine bar rooms in Washington, and a population of 4,000 souls, it is easy to see that Ephraim is not as closely joined to the Holy as he once was.

Dick Gibbs, col., was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary by Judge Avery last week for larceny. While on his way back to jail, the negro made threats as to what he would do after he had served out his sentence. He was remanded before the judge, who placed an additional seven years upon his first sentence, in order to allow him ample time to cool off. It is rumored that a letter has been received by parties in this town from Mrs. Owens, the convicted murderer of her husband, stating that the evidence upon which she was convicted was substantially true, and that the verdict of the jury was a just one. It is also reported that the self-confessed thief in woman's guise is dead, tortured to an untimely end by the

lashing of a crime-burdened conscience.—Mr. John B. Respass, living near Raeford, has in his possession a pistol which was taken from the vessel of Teach, the pirate when she was captured by Lieut. Maynard, near Ocracoke. The ancient weapon has a copper barrel and a flint lock. It would not be considered a very good weapon in these days of improved fire arms. This pistol has been in the possession of Mr. Respass' family for four generations.

Some Georgia Farmers.
Something over a year ago *The Constitution* published the result of a contest between Georgia farmers, of what was known as the George W. Scott premiums. These premiums were offered by Colonel George W. Scott, of the Gossypium Phospho company, for the best yield of cotton and of corn on one acre and on five acres. In discussing this matter, we shall frequently use the brand of fertilizers to which this competition was made, because the matter has passed beyond the limit of an advertisement and becomes a matter of great public interest. The contestants for 1885 were as follows: Four Georgia farmers in 1885, made 664 bales cotton on twenty acres, an average of 33 bales of 450 pounds each to the acre. Each planted five acres in contest for the premiums for 1885:

George W. Truitt, Laurens, Four county, 3,000 pounds gossypium, 7,895 pounds lint cotton.
Daniel H. Ponder, Hampton, Henry county, 3,500 pounds gossypium, 5,977 pounds lint cotton.
G. M. Davis & Son, Pope's Ferry, Moore county, 3,000 pounds gossypium, 7,544 pounds lint cotton.
R. W. Terry, Fairburn, Campbell county, 1,500 pounds gossypium, 6,877 pounds lint cotton.
Making a total on 20 acres of 26,576 pounds lint cotton, 10,600 pounds gossypium being used.
Average per acre, 530 pounds of gossypium, 1,493 pounds of lint cotton.
This was accepted as a remarkable result, and the hundred farmers who assembled in the agricultural department agreed that it could never be beaten. A yield of 664 bales of cotton on 20 acres broke the record, and established what was considered the limit for the future. But here are the figures for the contest in 1886.
Four Georgia farmers, in 1886, made 92 bales of cotton on 20 acres:
J. C. Sims, Hogansville, Troup county, 2,000 pounds gossypium, 10,387 pounds lint cotton.
R. G. Ray, Palmetto, Campbell county, 2,600 pounds gossypium, 10,809 pounds lint cotton.
M. C. Pylon, Palmetto, Campbell county, 3,500 pounds gossypium, 10,703 pounds lint cotton.
Geo. W. Truitt, LaGrange, Troup county, 3,500 pounds gossypium, 8,823 pounds lint cotton.
Making a total on 20 acres of 41,372 pounds lint cotton, 15,350 pounds gossypium being used.
Average per acre, 767 pounds of gossypium, 2,089 pounds of lint cotton.
It will be seen that the average figures for 1886 are surpassed. The 664 bales made on 20 acres in '85 had grown to 92 bales on 20 acres in 1886, or nearly five bales to the acre. This result is remarkable. Except for the severe official conditions and oaths under which the test was made, it would be disposed to doubt its accuracy. But as it is, the matter is beyond doubt. The figures are correctly given, and the contests may be accepted as insuring absolute accuracy. We can go even further than this. There were perhaps two hundred contestants for each year, scattered over the three States of Alabama, Georgia and Carolina. The average yield for these two hundred farmers for '85 was 732 pounds of lint cotton to the acre, or more than 1 1/2 bales. The average yield of the two hundred farmer contestants for '86 was 2,089 pounds of lint cotton to the acre, or considerably over two bales.

These figures must open the eyes of all men who contend that farming will not pay in Georgia, and that a man should leave Georgia to find richer lands. Let us see what the average amount of fertilizer needed to achieve this result is small. Mr. Sims, with one ton of fertilizer on five acres raised 10,387 pounds of cotton. If cost him \$60 to fertilize his five acres, and he took off of them \$902 worth of lint cotton, his gain was \$342. This was achieved by Messrs. Ray and Pylon. Mr. Truitt, who took the first premium year before last, put nearly four tons of fertilizer on his five acres last year, but did not reach as good a result by 2,000 pounds of cotton as Mr. Sims, who used only one ton of fertilizer. The production of lint cotton of increased yield of cotton is so small that there is not a farmer in the South who would not be richly repaid by putting from one to ten acres every year under intensive treatment.

30. The results do not depend upon locality. More than two hundred farmers contested for these premiums were scattered throughout three States. They averaged over two bales to the acre on five-acre patches. This demonstrates that

the average lands throughout the South, taken anywhere and properly treated, will produce two bales of cotton to the acre instead of one. It shows also that no man has a patent on the process, but that out of two hundred farmers who tried it, the entire number averaged over two bales to the acre.

31. The contest shows the influence of a single intensive farm on a community. Mr. Truitt, of Troup county, took the first premium in '85. His farm was a model of beauty before his crop was gathered. The effect of what he had shown could be done by treating his land right, is seen in this year's competition. The four first premiums were taken by men who live within twenty miles of Mr. Truitt's farm. It is stated that there are one hundred farms in Troup county on which the yield of cotton has been tripled as the effect of Mr. Truitt's example. He doubtless is compensated for losing the five-acre premium this year, although he captured the premium for a single acre, by the fact that his example has made three of his neighbors so improve their farming that they have averaged nearly five bales to the acre on five-acre patches.

32. The result in corn planting is quite as remarkable. In 1885 there were a hundred Georgia farmers who contested for corn premiums. The entire acreage planted by three hundred farmers averaged 81 bushels of shelled corn to the acre in '85. In 1886 a larger number contested, and the average was advanced from 85 bushels of shelled corn to the acre, to 102 bushels. The single acre premium was taken by a farmer who raised 104 bushels of shelled corn.

These facts and figures cannot be misunderstood. They prove that there is no better farming land on earth than in Georgia, Alabama, and Carolina. They prove that any man who treats his land right will be enriched by its products. They prove that intensive farming is the proper method of farming, and that it is cheaper to cultivate a small farm well than to scratch the surface of a large plantation. They prove that a man by intelligence and prudent outlay can get from five acres as much cotton as he has been accustomed to get from sixty acres, and that the cost of cultivation is very much less. By making five acres give him the cotton that fifty acres formerly gave, he can put 45 acres down to grass or for other crops, making enough to support him and his family the year through, on the five acres, intensively farmed. There is no better country in the world than Georgia and the adjoining States, and no better and safer and more profitable business than farming if a man will mix a little brain with his hands when he goes to till the soil.—*Atlanta Constitution*.

Bookkeeper's Advice.
The Best Solvent in the world for Grease, Fat, Soap, Detergent, Bleach, Stains, Grease, Tar, Gum, Oil, and all other kinds of dirt. It is guaranteed to remove every stain, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. N. Duff, 100 Broadway, New York.

I Can't Help But Smile.
That Champion Flow bought of J. C. Whitty pleased me so well.
Messrs. E. H. & J. A. Meadows are authorized to make contracts for us on Henry Garden Place.
Those desiring to plant for us will call on them for further particulars, or send for our Circulars.

Green, Foy & Co.,
BANKERS and COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
SOUTH BROAD STREET, NEW BERNE, N. C.

Notice.
Messrs. E. H. & J. A. Meadows are authorized to make contracts for us on Henry Garden Place.
Those desiring to plant for us will call on them for further particulars, or send for our Circulars.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

First-Class Buggies
MADE AND KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND AT
C. T. RANDOLPH'S CARRIAGE FACTORY,
BROAD ST., NEW BERNE, N. C.

MAARBLE WORKS,
NEW BERNE, N. C.

Monuments Tombs.
All kinds Grave and Building work in 000-215
JOE K. WILLIS, Proprietor
SUCCESSION TO GEORGE W. CLAYPOPE.
OUR WINDOW AND CRAPEN SIA.
NEW BERNE, N. C.

Rock Lime,
Plaster,
Cements
Goat Hair

Notice.
Application will be made to the present session of the General Assembly for an amendment of section 19 of the Charter of the City of New Berne and for the election of a Mayor.

Notice.
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J. W. STEWART,
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Mules, Horses and Buggies.
A Cargo of Fine Horses and Mules just received.
The Best Buggy on the Market for the money.
Horses and Vehicles to hire at reasonable rates.
Broad Street, New Berne, N. C.

DAIL BROTHERS,
Wholesale Grocers,
HAVE REMOVED TO THEIR
TWO STORES, SOUTH OF THEIR FORMER STAND.
And keep of FLOUR, MEATS, COFFEE, SUGAR, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SALT, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS, AND EVERYTHING IN THE GROCERY LINE, A FULL STOCK AND AT LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

K. R. JONES,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES
AND
General Merchandise,
CLOTHING AND TIES, Etc.
Consignments of Grain, Cotton and other Produce solicited.
Prompt Attention Guaranteed.

At S. F. TEISER,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
BROAD STREET.

WARNER BROS.
CORSETS
The undersigned will sell by public Auction, for Cash, at the Court House door in the City of New Berne, on the Seventh day of March, 1887, at 12 o'clock, M., the following described Real Estate, lying and being in the County of Craven on the north side of the New river and east side of Little South creek, adjoining the lands of John A. Chick, former of Palmetto, South Carolina, containing about one hundred and fifty acres. The said land being fully described in a mortgage deed from W. H. Green to Green, Foy & Co., recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Craven county, book 92, page 318. This sale is by virtue of the power contained in the aforementioned mortgage deed, to which instrument reference is given. Said deed being filed and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Craven county, book 92, page 318, on this 23 day of February, 1887, in cases No. 107, GREEN, FOY & CO. SIMMONS & MANLY, Attorneys at Law, NEW BERNE, N. C.

The Daily Whig
THE CHAPEL: DAILY PAPER
THE SOUTH
THE WEEKLY
75 CENTS a Year
SUNDAY ISSUE THE WEEKLY

JAMES MEANS' \$3 SHOE
Full line of the above shoes for sale in New Berne by
HOWARD & JONES.

Pure Lime.
We own the only Lime Kiln in the city, and offer Pure Commercial Lime for sale, free of duty, at 50 to 60 cents per ton, sacked.

W. P. BURROS & CO.
Comm'n Merch' and Grain Dealers,
Market Dock,
NEW BERNE, N. C.

Notice.
Messrs. E. H. & J. A. Meadows are authorized to make contracts for us on Henry Garden Place.