

**PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.**  
 THE DAILY JOURNAL is a six column paper, published daily, except Monday, at 10 cents per copy, in advance for six months, \$5.00 per year, \$1.50 for six months. Delivered to city subscribers at 5 cents per month.  
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 Notices of Marriages or Deaths, not to exceed ten lines, will be inserted free. All additional matter will be charged 5 cents per line.  
 Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Regular advertisements will be collected promptly at the end of each month.  
 Communications containing news of a discussion of local matters are solicited. No communication must be expected to be published that contains objectionable personal attacks, or that will make more than one column of a paper.  
 Any person feeling aggrieved at any anonymous communication can obtain the name of the author by application at this office and having payment for the same.

**THE JOURNAL.**  
 E. S. WURN, Editor.  
 H. HARPER, Business Manager.  
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**INDIANA.**  
 We have heretofore referred to the prospects of the Democratic party in New England and the Middle States, and we now turn to Indiana.

For many years Indiana has been a doubtful State, and in several presidential elections it has been one of the great pivotal States towards which all eyes turned in eager expectancy. In the ever memorable campaign of 1854 Indiana gave her vote to the Democratic party and became a chief factor in the election of Mr. Cleveland. In 1888 she voted against Mr. Cleveland and contributed largely to the election of Gen. Harrison. It was evident why Mr. Cleveland lost his hold on Indiana, and like causes are tearing her from the grasp of President Harrison.

The result of the late election at Indianapolis, Gen. Harrison's home, furnishes a pretty true index of the feeling throughout Hoosierdom. For the first time in many years a Democratic mayor was elected. There was no local issue of such magnitude as to produce so great a change. The candidates of both parties were men of affairs, reputable because of their virtue and intelligence, but the Republican candidate had the advantage of a brilliant war record, and of being the nominee of the party in power. The Republicans were apathetic. Grand Army men refused to vote, in many cases on account of the Tanner affair, while others stayed at home, or remained idle lookers-on—careless spectators of the contest.

State pride assisted the Republican campaign in Indiana in 1888, but the first seven months of Mr. Harrison's administration have been most disappointing in his own State. The promised results have not followed his election, and dissatisfaction is seen on every hand. All the elements of his party are grumbling. The federal appointments are by no means satisfactory. There is hot so much complaint as to the number of appointments as there is to the character of them. It is admitted that Porter and New were entitled to recognition, but the great majority of the President's appointees are regarded as personal favorites whose claims rest on the ties of kinship and the courtesies of social and professional life. Old politicians who have worn out their lives in the rough encounters of Western political warfare cannot see what there has been in the life and services of Mr. Miller to entitle him to a place in the Cabinet. Lawyers who by long years of successful labor have risen to professional fame, fail to see in him those graces and qualifications that should adorn the Attorney General of the United States.

Miller is but a sample of the whole—an illustration of a policy subservient to individual interests and personal ends.  
 In the language of a distinguished citizen of the State, "Indians will go Democratic next year and in 1892, for much the same reasons

that it went Republican in 1888. Mr. Cleveland's blunders with regard to patronage, however, were not so many in his four years as Gen. Harrison's have been during the first seven months of his administration."  
 But however disastrous presidential appointments have been to the continuance of Republican supremacy in Indiana, the demand for tariff reform is destined to produce greater disasters that must inevitably result in its complete overthrow. It will be remembered that organized labor in Indiana was massed against Harrison in 1888, and his forces were only saved from being routed by the Clarkson flank movement in "blocks of five." The Clarksonian tactics cannot be repeated, and outraged labor will be avenged in 1892.

**OUR ALLIANCE COLUMN.**  
 BY L. E. D.  
 The leading idea of the Farmers' Alliance is reform. The farmers of the South have followed the same beaten track for twenty years. It has brought them in sight of ruin. A yawning abyss lies a short distance in front of them; they must turn to the right or be swallowed up.

**A GREAT CRISIS**  
 is upon us. Landlords have become landlords. Tenants have become a raving band of debtors. Farm laborers spend most of their time in hunting work.  
**THE CAUSE**  
 of this deplorable condition is ignorance. We are ignorant of the business principles which lead to success. An unequal distribution of our labor among the products of the soil; our supplying the cotton market to the detriment of one hundred other things which would bring comfort, luxury and happiness is one of the fruits of ignorance.

**THE REMEDY**  
 is to organize. Form ourselves into one united body—having one object and that object must be "The improvement of the condition of the farmer."

**THE FARMER'S ALLIANCE**  
 is intended to be a farmers' school, in which the course of studies will be morality, self-reliance, picket duty, tactics, agricultural fortification and discipline, also Cushing's manual of parliamentary law.  
**THE ALLIANCE IS TO BE ARMED**  
 with a better knowledge of business. The modern idea that money is liberty will not entirely be lost sight of, and "taffy" men, who call the lords of creation on electioneering occasions, will be thoroughly examined under our microscope, in order to ascertain whether their bowels contain any agricultural compassion.

**THE ALLIANCE IS TO BE DRILLED**  
 after the fashion of modern improvements and being a corporation, will adopt the best ideas of such bodies, and especially the one that "self-preservation is the first law of nature." Officers will be drilled in "the manoeuvres," with a view especially to "flank movements."

**THE ALLIANCE WILL DO REPAIRING**  
 in the way of mending and strengthening weak brothers that may be suffering on account of impaired manhood.  
**THE ALLIANCE TO HAVE ATTRACTIVE**  
 In the way of female adornment—chaste manners and chaste language will be used as adornments, and it is to be warmed with fraternal love.

**ALLIANCE MEN WILL BE MEASURED**  
 And must come up to a certain standard. The instrument used in measuring is not a "tape line" or mechanics square. But an Alliance man will be required to stand up, and if his head towers above, or falls below an instrument known to us as "his obligation," then Alliance dust will be shaken from his feet, and Alliance halls will echo no more to the sound of his foot steps.

**THE ALLIANCE WANTS RECRUITS.**  
 And calls on every man and woman that is eligible, and in sympathy with it, to enroll at once.  
**FARMING AND MANUFACTURES.**  
 Manufacturing, like farming, suffered depression during the decade from 1870 to 1880, the latter, however, much greater than the former.

The reader will observe that during the decade between 1850 and 1860, under a low revenue tariff, agricultural values increased over 100 per cent., while manufactured values, increased 85 per cent. During the ten years from 1870 to 1880 there was a slight decrease in farm values, and at the same time an increase in value of manufactured products of 26.08 per cent. To be more explicit, agriculture exceeded manufacturing in the increased value of products from 1850 to 1860

about 10 per cent while from 1870 to 1880 manufacturing led agriculture 26.07 per cent., a difference in twenty years in favor of the manufacturing industry of 42 per cent.  
 Since 1880 there has been a great revival in the manufacturing and mining industries all along the line, probably the greatest in the history of this government, while the farming industry has languished from year to year, and the next census can only reveal how poor a progress this industry has made during the decade.  
 The relative value of farm to manufactured products, according to the capital invested in each, in 1880 is, for the farm, \$12,000,081, 431, which gave products, less cost of labor, \$1,796,766, 408; for manufactures, capital \$2,700,272, 606, which gave, less the cost of wages and material, \$1,024,801, 841; yield from the farms, 14.8 per cent; yield from the manufactures, 36.7 per cent.  
 The number of laborers engaged in agriculture were 3,383,876 and wages paid \$310,836, 285. Wages earned per year per head, 94.00. Number of laborers employed in manufacturing were 2,732,595, wages paid \$947,953, 795. Wages earned per year per head in manufacturing \$348.00.

**THEY CANNOT KEEP WHAT THEY MAKE.**  
 Mr. A. B. Pagon makes the following statement in the Sun:  
 "Between the years 1860 and 1880, as the census records show, the farmers added \$4,122,588, 481 to their wealth, but the other half of the population added \$23,300, 791, 851 to their wealth, a gain of 85 to them to 1 for the farmers." How much of the twenty-three billions were earned by the farmers and flocked from them to swell the ill-gotten wealth of speculators, extortioners, monopolists, corporations and trusts, no one will ever know.  
 There is no mistake about the fact that the agriculturists of this country add yearly many millions of dollars to the wealth of the nation, as statistics indisputably show, but they retain and enjoy a very slim percentage of their hard earnings. They labor harder, more constantly and more hours, and except a plenty of royal home fare and robust health, enjoy generally fewer of the luxuries, pleasures, amenities and comforts of life than any other class of like capabilities and attainments. There has been, at least since 1891, and is now, less expended by the farmer on his table, clothes for himself and family, carriages, furniture, education of his children and the pleasures of travel and gratification of other social pleasures than any other class possessing the same culture or position in society. It is all a mistake to suppose that the farmer is using his income extravagantly, for the very reverse is true. Many, after hard, close labor and most rigid economy, can scarcely make buckle and tongue meet at the end of the year.

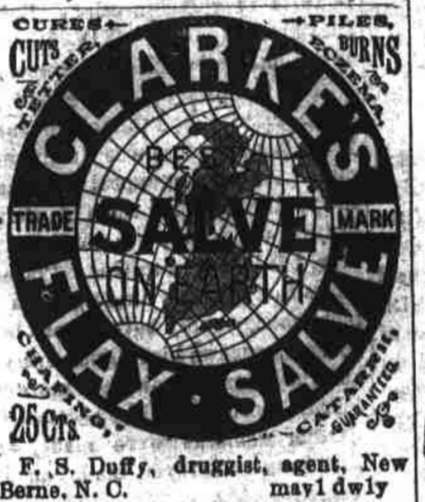
But there was a time, however, remembered by many now living, when the name of a Virginia or Maryland farmer was the synonym for an independent, prosperous and cultured gentleman. Then farming paid handsomely and there was nothing contracted or niggardly in farm life; for the proprietor of a large estate then was a landlord possessing something else than the bare name, who lived in regal splendor and enjoyed the best of everything which wealth could provide. That time—the good old time—has passed, possibly never more to return, but while it lasted it furnished the highest and in all the essentials of exalted manhood the grandest and noblest specimens of humanity that ever trod this earth.

**WHAT IS SCROFULA**  
 It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or the many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors," which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.  
**How Can SCROFULA BE CURED**  
 By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cure it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. Some of these cures are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula, be sure to try Hood's Sarsaparilla.  
 "My daughter Mary was afflicted with scrofula from the time she was a month old till she became six years of age. Lumps formed in her neck, and one of them after growing to the size of a pigeon's egg, became a running sore for over three years. We gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla, when the lump and all indications of scrofula entirely disappeared, and now she seems to be a healthy child." J. B. CARROLL, Nauright, N. J.  
 N. B. Be sure to get only Hood's Sarsaparilla.  
 Sold by druggists, 21 cents per bottle. Prepared by C. L. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.  
**100 Doses One Dollar**



**SYRUP OF FIGS**  
 Presents in the most elegant form THE LAXATIVE AND NUTRITIOUS JUICE OF THE FIGS OF CALIFORNIA.  
 Combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, forming an agreeable and effective laxative to permanently cure Habitual Constipation, and the many ills depending on a weak or inactive condition of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.  
 It is the most excellent remedy known to CLEANSE THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY.  
 When one is Bilious or Constipated SO THAT PURE BLOOD, REFRESHING SLEEP, HEALTH AND STRENGTH NATURALLY FOLLOW.  
 Every one is using it and all are delighted with it.  
 ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR SYRUP OF FIGS MANUFACTURED ONLY BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

**ELY'S CATARRH CREAM BALM**  
 Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Alleviates Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sore. Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell.  
 TRY THE CURE  
 A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggist, by mail, registered, 50 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York, N. Y.



**CLARK'S EYE SALVE**  
 F. S. DUFFY, druggist, agent, New Berne, N. C.

**JOE K. WILLIS,**  
 PROPRIETOR  
**EASTERN NORTH CAROLINA Marble Works,**  
 New Berne, N. C.  
 Italian and American Marble and all qualities of material. Orders solicited and given prompt attention with satisfaction guaranteed.  
 G. E. MILLER is my agent at Kinston, and ALEX. FIELDS regular traveling agent.

**The High Arm Davis.**  
 Simple, Durable and Light Running. The only vertical feed Machine. All sewing done without basting.  
 J. M. HINES, Agent, New Berne, N. C.

**L. H. CUTLER**  
 Has on hand a Full Line of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Sash, Doors and Blinds, Lime, Cement, And all kinds of Building Materials At BOTTOM PRICES.  
 26 & 28 Middle Street, NEW BERNE, N. C.



**Push Will Tell.**  
 Remember that our success guarantees you the same high grades as ever, the same quantities, measure and weight always just and generous, but that PRICES ARE LOWER THAN EVER.  
 Less profit and more patronage is our idea of future trade. We don't worry about patronage.  
**Make Prices Right,** and trade will be sure to follow. Goods in our line have been too high; there's no denying it. We aim to bring them down to a proper level; we are going to make  
**The Luxuries of Life AS CHEAP As the Necessaries!**  
 At any one of our Establishments will be found a LARGE AND FINELY SELECTED STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Wines LIQUORS Porters, Ales, &c.  
 We are offering to the Retail Trade, great inducements in Tobacco and Cigars!  
 The attention of families is called to the Celebrated Imperial Beer, for which we are agents.  
 Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.  
**A. L. Gregory & Co.,**  
 PRINCIPAL HOUSE: E. side Middle St., opposite S. H. Scott. BRANCH HOUSES: N. W. Cor. Queen and Pasture Sts. (B. R. Depot). S. W. Cor. South Front and Middle Sts. Wholesale and Retail Liquor Dealers. Jobbers of Cigars and Tobacco, NEW BERNE, N. C. aug16 dw

**CLOTHING!**  
 FALL STOCK pouring in by every freight. Large and Complete in every Department. Call and examine and see for yourself. No trouble to show Goods. Our stock of SHOES and RUBBER GOODS can scarcely be excelled. Our prices are LOW, and our Goods will bear the test.  
**W. B. FLANNER.**

Ask Your Retailer for the **JAMES MEANS \$4 SHOE** OR THE **JAMES MEANS \$3 SHOE.** According to Your Needs.  
 JAMES MEANS \$4 SHOE is light and stylish. It has a stock of 100,000. NO BUCKLE LACES. It is perfectly made and fits in a work. It will outlast the best of shoes. JAMES MEANS \$3 SHOE is absolutely the best of the class. It has been placed on the market in which durability is considered before anything else.  
 Ask for the James Means \$4 Shoe at 25c. \$3 Shoe for 20c.  
 J. MEANS & CO., Boston.  
 Full lines of the above shoes for sale to  
**Howard & Jones,** NEW BERNE, N. C.

**Wanted!**  
**100,000 TONS COTTON SEED,**  
 For which Highest Market Price will be paid. We will furnish sacks on application. We will exchange Meal for seed. If you want highest price for your seed write or call on  
**W. P. BURRUS & CO.,** Cotton and Corn Commission Merchants, MARKET DOCK, NEW BERNE, N. C.

**Kinston Book Store,**  
 In Hotel Tall Building.  
 School books and school supplies a specialty and at living prices. Royalty's candy, the best in town; fruits, cigars, tobacco and snuff. Headquarters for fishing tackle, crockery, glassware, etc.  
 Agent for the New Davis Sewing Machine.  
 Respectfully,  
**JOHN L. HARTSFIELD**  
 Kinston, N. C.

**Baggage Transfer.**  
 Baggage taken safely and promptly to and from any part of the city. Wagons will attend Railroad, Steamers and Ferries.  
 Orders left at my office will have good attention and quick dispatch.  
 J. W. STEWART, Broad Street, aug16

**THE PLACE TO BUY GOODS LOW,**  
**ROBERTS & BRO.**  
 We keep constantly in stock Provisions, Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes. Don't fail to give us a trial when in need of anything in our line.  
 ROBERTS & BRO.

**The Mansion House,**  
 (Formerly Central Hotel).  
 GART. M. H. WATSON, Proprietor.  
 GEO. E. FRYMAN, Chief Mgr.  
 This hotel, which has been fully renovated, newly painted, thoroughly renovated, newly furnished, and is situated in the central part of the city, and is centrally situated to all parts of business, and within a very short distance of the capital, presents the most desirable place for the tourist, the business man, and the family.  
 The table is well supplied with the choicest of the season's produce, and the most surrounding country. The rooms are clean and well furnished, and furnished with every modern and comfortable convenience, and the attentive and efficient management for board by the day, week, or month, is guaranteed.  
 The good people of New Berne, and vicinity, are invited to stop with us when visiting Kinston, and are assured that we will do our best to make their stay as comfortable as possible during their stay. Please write to us.  
**JONES HE PAYS THE FREIGHT!**  
 JOHN L. HARTSFIELD, Kinston, N. C.