

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE DAILY JOURNAL is a six column paper, published daily, except Monday at \$100 per year; \$150 for six months. Delivered to city subscribers at 50 cents per month.

THE WEEKLY JOURNAL is a 32 column paper, published every Thursday at \$1.50 per annum.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One inch one day \$1.00; 50c for each subsequent day.

Advertisements under head of "Business Column" 10 cents per line, and 5 cents for every subsequent insertion.

No advertisements will be inserted between local matters at any price.

Notices of Marriages or Deaths, not to exceed three lines will be inserted free. All additional matter will be charged 5 cents per line.

Remittances for transient advertisement must be made in advance. Regular advertisements will be collected promptly at the end of each month.

Communications containing news of a dispensation of local matters are solicited. No communication must be expected to be published unless it contains objectionable persons who withhold the name of the author or the initials of some more than one column of the same.

Any person feeling aggrieved at any party or person, commission can obtain the name of an attorney by application at this office and having where the grievance exists.

THE JOURNAL.

J. S. SUHR, Editor.
J. HARPER, Business Manager.

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HOW AND WHAT TO STUDY.

Education is advancing in North Carolina. The State University at Chapel Hill, and the denominational colleges at Wake Forest, Trinity and Davidson, and the academies and schools all over the State, are meeting the objects of their establishment in a manner highly satisfactory to the friends of education, but in all of these how and what to study is an important enquiry.

It is impossible for any one to be constantly engaged in study. Man is a trinity and his life, to be a successful one, must conform to the demands of his three fold being. Physical, mental and moral development are essential elements of education, and the neglect of any one of these is fatal to a well rounded and fully matured manhood or womanhood.

Everybody has a different system of study. Much depends upon strength and temperament. To study beneficially one must feel like it. We do not eat when we are not hungry, nor sleep when we are not tired, neither can we study when the brain is fatigued.

A man can never succeed in a profession in which his heart is not engaged, neither can a child profitably study a subject in which he is not interested. One of the highest as well as the most difficult, duties of the teacher is to get the child interested, delighted, fascinated, if you please, with his studies, and in proportion to his success will be his pupils' advancement.

Perhaps the hardest part of a student's life is to learn how to concentrate his mind on what he is studying. The moment the mind relaxes and loses its grasp the book should be abandoned and recreation taken.

How much one should study depends upon the individual case. No fixed rule can be applied, but it is safe to say that little children should not be required to study more than two hours a day. They may study three hours if they are inclined to do so, but more than this will usually result in injury.

A very high authority in educational work has said, "A man should not study more than four or five hours a day, or at the most six hours. The brain must not be overtaxed. A student should never forget this. A student should take at least nine hours every day for sleep and should get what recreation he can in the open air."

We once knew a distinguished Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of a neighboring State, who was noted for training young men for the bar. He always had a class of twelve, and it was properly estimated an honor to be one of them. He used to say, "Three hours a day is enough to read law." His advice was, "Get up at sunrise and read the morning papers until breakfast. Eat slowly until you are satisfied and then walk out and see what is going on around you. Read law until twelve o'clock, and then go to the gymnasium or wood pile and exercise your muscles for

an hour. Take a good square meal about one o'clock, and after dinner think over what you read in the morning. Never be satisfied until you can recall in the afternoon every principle studied in the morning without reference to the book. In the evening read some vigorous English author for an hour, or go into society. Nothing is more beneficial to a young man than the society of virtuous and refined women."

The Lancet reports an international congress recently held in Paris at which was presented facts and theories worthy of attention. In this congress England, France, Prussia, Belgium, Italy, Switzerland, Mexico and the United States were represented.

"So far as the debates bore on questions connected with the public health, the following were the principal points elucidated: First, teaching was to be based exclusively on scientific principles, deductions from actual experiments. Instead of being told, the child was to be made to discover, if possible, that which it is desired to teach. Every natural proclivity was to be encouraged. A child should never be forced in any direction, and should never be overworked. The classes were to follow each other in such a manner as to provide the greatest possible change, and thus prevent weariness. But, above all, the children were to be fed, and well fed.

"For the preservation of the morality of children the congress was strongly in favor of mixed schools. Just as brothers and sisters were brought up together in the family, so ought boys and girls to work together at school, and they should have both master and mistress.

"Madam Corrodi, a Russian delegate, described the torture of children set to uninteresting tasks of Latin and Greek, taught like parrots, not allowed to think, and so uselessly and stupidly overworked that suicide among school children had become quite epidemic in Russia."

HE FOUND A LUMP OF GOLD.
The History of the Biggest Nugget Ever Unearthed in America.

[Brooklyn Eagle.]

It is fit that a man should mine the jawbone of the earth to get metal for the teeth of man and this he does, and thus does the gold he gets find its way back to mother earth. More gold is buried with the dead than was lost in the sea and earth since the argosies of Castile were sunk in Biscay and the caravels of Solo, the Jew, were lost among the Moluccan reefs and shoals off the Malay peninsula, and which was called Ophir.

A strange thing is this gold. Gold in the hands of man is most unjustly and unequally distributed. In the earth its distribution is even more lacking in law and balance. The geologist is yet to come who will trace, like a placer miner, its outcroppings and signs, through alluvial deposits, stream washings, ledge and vein, to the grandest pocket of the earth. What a find it will be! The philosopher's stone alone could rival it. But somewhere there must be gold in plenty.

Did it in the earth's first whirl from chaos sink like a plummet to the center? Are the outcroppings of the hills and mountains but flakes and wires whirled and spun upward from the golden ball thousands of miles below the surface? Possibly.

How many know where the largest single lump of native gold ever seen in America was found? In California? No. In Colorado? No. In the Black Hills, Cour d'Alene, Nevada, New Mexico? No. In Old Mexico, Peru, Bolivia, in Potesti, in the Callao of Venezuela? No. Where, then? In North Carolina. And its story is as weird and fateful as the Kinegold's.

A poor and ignorant Irishman, living in the mountains, solitary and lonely, propped open the door of his cabin with a lump of metal. He had found it sticking out from a water washed gully and carried it home as a curiosity. Though no larger than a small cymling, it was a dull yellow, irregular in shape and pieces of stone were imbedded in it. For over two years a fortune lay upon the floor of his hovel, while he toiled, early and late, making a little whiskey and digging ginseng root to earn a scanty living. A companion mountaineer, who had known more of the outside world, thought this strange stone might be sold at Asheville as a curiosity for a lot of money—\$10 perhaps. This was in the flush of days before the war. He had seen quartz crystals from Boan Mountain bring that much. A third mountaineer was called in consultation. Ten dollars was a lot of money. The third man had been a traveler, a regular globe trotter. He went to Asheville four times a

year and had been clear to Wilmington.

Walking around the lump, he gazed at it from side to side, touched it with his toe, spat on it and breathed heavily.

"Hit air with nuthin', er hit air a pile," said he. "Hit air nothin' but brass, er hit air—" he looked around on the other twowith a queer expression—"gold."

"Er hit air brass"—he drew a clasp knife and scraped the dull metal till a new surface glittered—"vinegar'll rust hit. Er hit air gold, hit won't."

He poured some vinegar from a jug which was brought to him upon the fresh facing of the lump. The three men hung over it intently. Five, ten, fifteen minutes passed and still the metal shone clear and un tarnished.

"Hit's goold!"
"And I've heard goold was with more'n \$200 a pound!" said the second.

"What a d—d fool I have been!" groaned the owner of the cabin. "For two years I've worked an' wealth I never dreamed of kicking under my feet."

"I claims a third," broke in the assayer. "Ye'd never a knowed what hit war but for me."

"An' a third for me," said the other.

The owner of the gold gave a sullen assent. They obtained a pair of steelyards and weighed the gold. It turned the scales at over a hundred pounds avordupois, and they roughly estimated it to be worth \$25,000, over \$8,000 apiece. That night all three sat up and watched the treasure, unable to sleep from excitement and thoroughly suspicious of each other.

The next day they started for Asheville aloof with the gold slung to a pole and carried between two. It was the devil's gold. At the first halting place the Irishman and the second mountaineer conspired to kill the third, and he was shot dead from behind. Hastily throwing his body into a clump of bushes, the murderers faced each other in the road. Suspicion roused in each guilty breast saw treachery in the other's glance.

"Here," said one, forcing an uneasy laugh. "There's only one way to settle this. Let's divide the gold and each go his way."

"Agreed," said the other. The lump was laid in the roadway and chopped in two with a hatchet.

"Take your choice," said one. As the other bent to lift his half his companion split the head of the stooping man with his hatchet. The gold was his. With blind fatuity he dragged the second victim to the side of the road, lifted the blood stained treasure and went on. At Asheville he took it to the bank and had it shipped to the United States mint. In less than a week and before any return could be had from the mint the bodies of the two murdered men had been discovered and the crime traced directly home. The miserable wretch was thrust into jail and there he died within a year. The witch gold fortune never crossed his hands, remaining, I believe, in the Federal Treasury for lack of ownership.

The region where the lump was found has been scoured foot by foot, but not another lump like that has ever been discovered in that or any other section of America. It is said that a few weeks ago an English company which is working the Nacooche mine in Georgia took out a nugget weighing 1,000 penny-weight, yet the North Carolina lump weighed over 1,500 ounces.

In family government let this always be remembered, that no reproof or denunciation is so potent as the silent influence of a good example.

Catarrh

Is a constitutional and not a local disease, and therefore it cannot be cured by local applications. It requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, working through the blood, eradicates the impurity which causes and promotes the disease, and effects a permanent cure.

effects a permanent cure. Thousands of people testify to the success of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for catarrh when other preparations had failed. Hood's Sarsaparilla also builds up the whole system, and makes you feel renewed in health and strength.

Catarrh

"I used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catarrh, and received great relief and benefit from it. The catarrh was very chronic, especially in the winter, causing constant discharge from my nose, ringing noises in my ears, and pain in the back of my head. The effect to cure was complete."

my head in the morning by having and splitting was painful. Hood's Sarsaparilla gave me relief immediately, while in time I was entirely cured. I am never without Hood's Sarsaparilla in my house as I think it is worth its weight in gold." Mrs. G. B. Clark, 1208 Eighth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists. Prepared by J. C. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. **100 Doses One Dollar**

SYRUP OF FIGS

Presents in the most elegant form THE LAXATIVE AND NUTRITIOUS JUICE OF THE FIGS OF CALIFORNIA, Combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, forming an agreeable and effective laxative to permanently cure Habitual Constipation, and the many ills depending on a weak or inactive condition of the **KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.** It is the most excellent remedy known to **CLEANSE THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY** When one is Bilious or Constipated —SO THAT— **PURE BLOOD, REFRESHING SLEEP, HEALTH AND STRENGTH NATURALLY FOLLOW.** Every one is using it and all are delighted with it. ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR **SYRUP OF FIGS** MANUFACTURED ONLY BY **CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.** SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

ELY'S CATARRH CREAM BALM

Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. TRY THE CURE. A particle is applied to each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 59 Warren Street, New York. Instantly

CLARK'S TRADE MARK CREAM SALVE

25 Cts. F. S. Duffey, druggist, agent, New Bern, N. C.

JOE K. WILLIS, PROPRIETOR
EASTERN NORTH CAROLINA Marble Works,
New Bern, N. C.

GREEN, FOY & CO. Bankers.
Do a General Banking business. **NEW BANKING HOUSE,** Middle Street, fourth door below Hotel Albert. **NEW BERNE, N. C.**

The High Arm Davis. Simple, Durable and Light Running. The only vertical feed Machine. All sewing done without busting. Sent on approval. **J. M. HINES, Agent.** New Bern, N. C.

NOTICE. ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD CO., Secretary's Office, New Bern, N. C., Oct. 23, 1899. A special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad Company will be held at New Bern on the Third Thursday (21st) in November, 1899.

Bath Rooms Ready At my shop on Middle street. Plenty of water, hot or cold, and good large rooms. **July 1st J. B. BROWN.**



Push Will Tell.

Remember that our success guarantees you the same high grades as ever, the same quantities, measure and weight always just and generous; but that

PRICES ARE LOWER THAN EVER. Less profit and more patronage is our idea of future trade. We don't worry about patronage. **Make Prices Right,** and trade will be sure to follow. Goods in our line have been too high; there's no denying it. We aim to bring them down to a proper level; we are going to make

The Luxuries of Life AS CHEAP AS THE NECESSARIES! At any one of our Establishments will be found a

LARGE AND FINELY SELECTED STOCK OF Foreign and Domestic Wines LIQUORS Porters, Ales, &c.

William H. Oliver, AGENT FOR THE **Marine Board of Underwriters** OF PHILADELPHIA, **NEW BERNE, N. C.** All communications in regard to loss or damage of vessels or cargoes sent to me by telegram or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

Wanted! **600** TONS COTTON SEED. We furnish Sacks on application, and pay Highest Market Price for seed. Will exchange Meal for seed.

For Sale. **100,000 BRICK.** **500 Tons Agric'l Lime** Consignments solicited of Cotton, Corn, Rice, and all produce sold in this market. **W. P. BURRUS & CO.,** Cotton and Corn Commission Merchants, MARKET DOCK, NEW BERNE, N. C.

Ask Your Retailer for the JAMES MEANS \$4 SHOE OR THE JAMES MEANS \$3 SHOE. According to Your Needs. **JAMES MEANS \$4 SHOE** is light and stylish. It has the best quality of leather. It is made with the best machinery. It is perfectly fitted to the foot. It is the only shoe of its price which has ever had such a success. It is the only shoe of its price which has ever had such a success. It is the only shoe of its price which has ever had such a success.

Howard & Jones, NEW BERNE, N. C. NOTICE: The subscriber having duly qualified as administrator of the estate of John Hughes deceased, hereby notifies all persons having claims against the estate of the said John Hughes, deceased, to present them duly authenticated, for payment, on or before the 1st day of November, 1899, or else this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. Persons indebted to the estate must pay to **JAMES G. HUGHES,** Administrator, New Bern, N. C., Oct. 30, 1899.

FOR MEN ONLY! POSITIVE FOR LOST or FADING HAIR. **COURE** Of the loss of hair and falling out. **Every Piano Warranted for Five Years** with satisfaction guaranteed to every purchaser. **STERLING ORGAN Factories** **JONES HE PAYS THE FREIGHT.** **Gaston House Barber Shop** **New Bern, N. C.**

We are offering to the Retail Trade great inducements in **Tobacco and Cigars!** The attention of families is called to the Celebrated

Imperial Beer, for which we are agents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

A. L. Gregory & Co., PRINCIPAL HOUSE: E. side Middle St., opposite S. H. Scott. BRANCH HOUSES: N. W. Cor. Queen and Pasture Sts. (R. R. Depot). S. W. Cor. South Front and Middle Sts. Wholesale and Retail Liquor Dealers. Jobbers of Cigars and Tobacco. **NEW BERNE, N. C.** Aug 16 dw

Wanted Oysters! The Pamlico Oyster Company desires Oysters, culled, rough culled and unculled, delivered at the Company's wharf, Ocracoke. Also, wanted, several vessels of one thousand bushels capacity and upwards, for use as lighters. For additional particulars apply to the undersigned at Ocracoke. **F. WINSLOW,** Gen. Manager.

HOME AND FARM, LOUISVILLE, KY. The Leading Agricultural Journal of the South and West. Made by Farmers for Farmers. As a record of successful agriculture, **HOME AND FARM** has no equal. Every topic relating to agriculture is openly discussed in its columns by the farmers themselves. No expense is spared in securing a full account of every notable success on the farm. It is distinctly the **FARMER'S OWN PAPER.** A record of their daily life, presented in a form and language which make it plain to all. ITS LIST OF CONTRIBUTORS contains the names of the most progressive farmers of the South and West. They do not limit themselves to theoretical farming, but of the actual conditions which confront us to-day: B. F. Johnson; Waldo F. Brown; Henry Stewart; John A. Stahl; A. E. Ford; Jeff. Weiborn; Hugh F. Brooks; John C. Edgley; George S. Rogers; R. E. Smith; and a host of others make this journal indispensable. Moreover, it is equally **A HOME MAGAZINE** to every subject of interest to the home-maker is fully treated. **Mary Haraden, Lois Cletchy, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Davies, Miss Cabell, Miss Mosley, Alice Winston** and a score of others will contribute regularly. **FAITH LATIMER** has charge of our Children's Department, and she has the peculiar faculty of being both an interesting and instructive writer. **THE MYSTERY OF THE NATION** (a thrilling story appearing in the issue of June 1st), by John E. Hatch, and is receiving great attention. Short stories by distinguished writers appear from time to time in our pages. **BILL ARPS LETTERS** appear in each issue, and this humorous philosophy has never been more interesting than at the time. **THE HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE** of **HOME AND FARM** speaks boldly and fearlessly in behalf of the farmer, better still in behalf of the farmer's better friend, the farmer's friend, the farmer's friend, the farmer's friend. Co-operation among the farmers, and the motto is "Don't Trust." **Our motto is "Fair Trade and Farmer's Rights."**

THE STERLING CO., Manufacturers of **THE STERLING PIANOS.** Quality of Tone, Beauty of Design, Finish and adaptability for standing in time have no equal. Every Piano Warranted for Five Years with satisfaction guaranteed to every purchaser. **STERLING ORGAN Factories** **5-Ton Cotton Gin Series** **"JONES HE PAYS THE FREIGHT."**