

BUSINESS LOCALS.

LOST—Some where on the street, (supposed to be on either South Front or Middle streets) a purse. Beside some money, it also contained a small chain of silk. Finder will please return to JOURNAL office. Jan 18 3c.

NOBLY furnished rooms in pleasant locality with Board by day, week or month. Apply at the JOURNAL office.

IMPORTED HOLLAND GIN. Burke's Base Ale and Burke's Guinness Stout, for sale by JAS. REDMOND.

FOR SALE—One second-hand Piano. Apply at the office of CLARK & CLARK feb 3

75,000 CIGARS at very low figures to wholesale and retail trade for sale by JAS. REDMOND.

WHEN? CALVIN SCHAEFFER'S WILD I. CHERRY ROCK AND RYE, put up expressly for throat and lung diseases, for sale by JAS. REDMOND. Jan 26

HAVE moved on Broad street, Stall No. 7, E. Fishers old stand. Fine Sausage meat, (10 cent per lb. Jan 26) VIRGIL S. BRYAN.

GARRETT'S COGNAC BRANDY used very much in the sick room. For sale by JAS. REDMOND. Jan 26

FIVE Hundred pairs of Rubber Shoes for children, 10, 12 and 15 cents per pair. Jan 15

HUNYADI James Mineral Water, the best Natural aperient. For sale by JAS. REDMOND.

THE Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York contains MORE ADVANTAGES with FEWER RESTRICTIONS than any Investment Insurance Contract ever offered. It consolidates Insurance, Endowment, Investment, Annual Income. No other company offers this policy.

PURE CORN WHISKEY for sale by JAS. REDMOND.

LARGE lot of handsome Lace Curtains, Chenille Curtains, Covers, Rugs, etc., just received at Jan 9

R. E. Hudson House Painter, Paper Hanger, Kalsominer, Orders Promptly attended to. Apply at L. H. Cutler's store.

DUFF Gordon Imported Sherry, for sale by JAS. REDMOND.

SMOKE Genuine Cuban Tobacco. outfit

MISH SACRAMENTAL PORT and SCUPPERNON WINES for sale by JAS. REDMOND.

NEW DRUG STORE—Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals, O. P. Popular Proprietary Medicines. All varieties of Druggists Sundries, Trusses and Bandages, New crop Garden Seeds, Fine and Large Cigar Cigarettes and Tobacco, ALL NEW. Promotions accurately compounded (and not at war price), our motto and our success. O. C. GREEN, Druggist and Apothecary, Middle St., four doors from Pollock. Jan 25

DUFFY'S MALT WHISKEY for medicinal use, for sale by JAS. REDMOND. Jan 26

THE New York Herald says: Silver is lower in London than ever known before within man's memory.

THE New York World's Washington correspondent on the 10th telegraphed—"Senator Hill is losing friends." Yes and by the thousands.

SOME man asks: "Is there a maelstrom?" We should think, Ask Dave Hill about it. He has just seen his hopes all sucked in.—Wilmington Messenger.

The Philadelphia Record says: Senator Hill does not appear to be progressing in his march toward the Democratic candidacy for the Presidency. Appearances indicate that his little "boom" will be stuck in an Empire State mid-winter snowdrift, where it may cool its heels indefinitely.

LINCOLN'S birthday was very generally celebrated in Northern cities on the 12th instant. Many speeches were made and many letters received. At Philadelphia the principal speakers were Attorney General Miller and Secretary Noble. Of course these gentlemen mentioned Lincoln but they devoted most of their time to praising the present administration.

A BILL has been introduced to pay Mr. Davidson the \$1,000 he expended in trying to oust Senator Call. It ought not to be paid. There was no reasonable pretext for making the contest which a prejudiced Governor and a foolish ex-Congressman invented because they hated Mr. Call. They have had the fun; let them pay the fiddler.

"THE London Times is still discussing American affairs and sermonizing on the "abyssal depths of folly and perversity to which American politicians have descended in their competition for office and pursuit of votes." This attempt at castigation reminds one of the whipping of the big man by his little wife. It pleases the Times and does not hurt us."

THE movement for the organization of a new or white Republican party in South Carolina is taking practical shape. A confidential circular has just been issued calling a conference to meet in Columbia on the 15th. This conference is preliminary to the State convention which meets April 12th to select delegates to the national Republican convention.

IN connection with the enormous snafu now visible, it is mentioned that a ludicrous noonday phenomenon has been seen at Lake Benton, Minn., the heavens having been bisected by a luminous band bang with fire balls. From now on we may look for further portents in the Minnesota sky, beneath which the Harrison convention will be held.

LOCAL NEWS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. P. M. Draney—Hardware Howard—Mary gather, etc. New Home Theatre—The Minstrels.

Counterfeit silver dollars are said to be all out. Look out for them.

The race track at the Fair grounds was postponed today at 2:30 o'clock.

On account of Judge Brown's failing to arrive on time yesterday court was postponed to this morning at ten o'clock.

Two clever staff correspondents of the Raleigh Chronicle gives the New Berne Fair a splendid write up which will be duly appreciated by our readers. We give the greater part of it this morning.

Tickets for the Amateur Minstrel's entertainment will be on sale today by the New Berne Drug company. The entertainment will take place tomorrow night and 35 young men who have been carefully preparing themselves for several weeks will participate in it. The programme is a good one.

Those who left their names for seats at the Sam Jones lecture prior to the tickets being placed on sale are requested to come to the Y. M. C. A. Hall at once and make their selection. Others will do well to secure their seats quickly also. Tickets are being sold and choice seats taken rapidly.

From the Goldboro Argus we learn of the burning of a large mill belonging to the Neuse Lumber Company, two miles from that city, on the banks of Neuse river. The clear loss after allowing for the insurance, \$11,500 is \$18,000. The plant gave employment to fifty men, besides those who got logs all of whom are thrown out of work by the fire.

Important to Oyster Growers.

The Governor and Attorney General have decided, in a test case, that the Shell Fish Commissioners have no right to interfere with the Pamlico Oyster Company in cultivating or harvesting its crops, and that the recent oyster law does not apply to them. The full text of the Attorney General's decision and the correspondence will be published in our next issue.

Sunday School Meeting.

The meeting held Sunday afternoon in Centenary M. E. Church in behalf of the State Sunday School Association was attended by the Sunday school of that church, by those of Henocock street M. E. Church, the Baptist Church, Presbyterian Church and the Church of Christ, also by a number of other people.

The principal address was by Mr. F. S. Blair, the State Organizer, who gave a sketch of the International Sunday school work and of that of the State organization. Mr. Blair's address was followed by several others. From New Berne Mr. Blair will proceed to Morehead.

Let our people interest themselves more and more now in this cause and be prepared when the State Convention assembles here on the last three days of next month to give and receive all the good possible from its meetings.

Yard Accident.

A slight accident at Morehead yesterday morning between 5 and 6 o'clock, resulted in damaging the two A. & N. C. R. E. engines which were there to the extent of about \$100, and incapacitating them for bringing up their respective trains, passenger and freight. There were no cars attached to either engine at the time.

It was not long at the time the accident occurred, and it happened by one engine backing down on another which was standing still. The boiler was struck by the wind at the time caused a misunderstanding of the signals whistled to each other by the engineers, and this led to the trouble. No one sustained injury thereby.

Upon receiving information of the accident Superintendent Dill immediately made up a special train at New Berne and sent it on to Goldboro in place of the regular one. It arrived there in time to make both Northern and Western connections, and was back on time last night. An engine was also dispatched to Morehead, which brought up the freight train, and though it was behind hand in starting it arrived in Goldboro on schedule time.

KE-KI-OU-KAH'S LECTURE.

The Indian's Story of Progress When Allowed to Remain in One Place, Rightly Treated—Just Causes of Complaint.

900 Treaties Made—All But One Broken by the Whites.

Ke ki-ou-kah, or Star, the Christian Indian of the Cheyenne tribe who is travelling and lecturing with the object of acquainting people with the existing state of affairs among both the civilized and savage tribes of Indians and their past and present relation to the white people and the United States Government is a very interesting speaker. He is master of his subject, is well read, has a splendid voice, and is possessed of good oratorical abilities.

He is 31 years of age and he was educated in a Kansas college being placed there in 1876 when the Government removed 4,800 Cheyennes from Wyoming territory to the Western part of the Indian territory. He commenced lecturing in the fall of 1884 and has travelled and lectured in 20 States and been pretty well over North Carolina lecturing in colleges and churches and to the citizens generally. He is a Missionary Baptist and he gave a quarter of an hour talk Sunday afternoon to the Baptist Sunday School in this city. He lectured that night to a crowded house at Centenary Methodist church, (the other churches being closed to give their congregations the opportunity of hearing him) and again Monday night in the Y. M. C. A. Hall and all were listened to with close attention by every hearer.

Mr. Star says that of the 264,000 Indians in this country 180,000 are savages. Think of it, ye Christians, 180,000 heathens in our country in spite of our boasted civilization, philanthropy, christianity and missionary zeal.

These 264,000 Indians are divided into 62 tribes, 27 of these tribes, embracing 125,000 Indians, are in the Indian Territory, advancing in prosperity and happiness.

Though the bulk of the Indians in the territory are in reality civilized and Christianized, the Cherokees, Choctaws, Creeks, Seminoles and Chickasaws are spoken of as the five civilized tribes, because they manage their own affairs without intervention of Government Agencies. They have their Upper and Lower House of Chiefs, corresponding to State Legislatures to make laws and there is a regular judicial department and a full set of officers for administering the laws made.

There is nothing except the color of the inhabitants to indicate to a traveller that they are not in a flourishing white community. The houses are good, the people orderly and industrious, churches and schools flourishing and farms well tilled and kept in excellent order by improved modern implements and many of the inhabitants are possessors of wealth, some reaching as high as \$300,000.

These and the fact that the 1,571 Cherokee Indians in Cherokee and Swain counties, North Carolina, have become so adapted to the customs of the whites that they have been made regular citizens, and the franchise bestowed upon them by the Legislature show the Indians can be made useful members of society. Why have these yielded to the influences of civilization, and why have not the same results been accomplished with those who yet adhere to the customs of their ancestors and gain their subsistence by the hunt and chase and fishing rather than by till?

The first part of Mr. Star's lecture answered these questions fully. It is because the first mentioned have for fifty years been kept within the pale of civilization and the others as persistent thurst out.

Of the 900 solemn treaties made with the various tribes granting them a reservation for their future home as long as "water runs, grass grows and the sun rises and sets," only one remains unbroken today, and that is the one made by Jackson fifty years ago when the five tribes of which we have spoken particularly were placed where they still live by President Jackson.

The policy of force against the Indian is an expensive one. It costs the United States annually \$28,000,000, and in times of war with the tribes the United States expends on an average \$1,000,000 for every Indian killed, but General Miles, Reno, and all the other old generals who have for years been engaged in suppressing Indian outbreaks state in their reports that in all the troubles that come under their notice they never killed an Indian to be the aggressor.

A prime cause of Indian wars is this: A party of several hundred immigrants adventurers or land sharks will come along and settle on the Indian reservation, which, according to the terms of the treaties, they have no more right to do than they would to seize on a white man's farm. Others come, and still others. The Indians make complaint, but the matter is not remedied, and finally in desperation as he sees himself dispossessed of what he owns, he resorts to this plan of freeing himself from those invading his land, and as he believes that if he kills and scalps a man that man will not come back and trouble him again soon, that is the method he resorts to. Then the United States Government sends its soldiers,

overpowers the Indians and moves them to another place several hundred miles farther from civilization, and as the tide of emigration has advanced this occurrence has been repeated again and again.

Another cause is that the agents who are appointed to deal with the Indians are rascals and the confiscating and scam of civilization, who cheat and defraud them, steal the things the Government sends in payment of lands of which they have been deprived, and sell them whiskey under the influence of which they get up fights and another removal takes place. The agents do all they can to keep them from elevating themselves, because in their being kept in ignorance and savagery lies the agents' hope of unlawful gain; and strange to say, such is the force of political influence, not only do these vile men receive appointments to agencies, but when their crimes are fastened upon them they are not prosecuted but allowed to resign and retire with their ill-gotten booty, and another of the same stamp takes the place of the retiring one, who goes off after a service of four or five years at a salary of \$1,500 to \$3,000 to live in luxury on an accumulated fortune of fifty, a hundred or a hundred and fifty thousand dollars—some of them being so shameless as to glory in their depredations and boasting of how they stole it!

The plan of exterminating the Indians into hostilities and then driving them back to less desirable quarters has been kept up until it has got to its limit, and the problem now resolves itself into two issues, justice to the Indian and his civilization, or a continuance of the present methods and extermination, and it rests with the enlightened Christian people of our country to see that the former policy is the one adopted and carried to accomplishment by their representative, the United States Government.

THE NEW BERNE FAIR.

THIS YEAR IT WILL BE LARGER AND BETTER THAN EVER.

Great Preparations.

Being Made For the Event by the People of the East Carolina Metropolis.

NEWBERN, N. C., Feb. 12. Newbern is full of bustle, expectation, preparation for the coming fish and oyster fair, which will be larger, better, more attractive than ever this year. All who attended last enjoyed the excellent feast, both to the eye and the inner man, which the fine fish and oysters provided, and pronounced the affair a complete success. If they are here this year they will be even more highly gratified. From all indications the coming fair will be a success in every particular, for the members of the association have gone to work to make this the greatest display of Eastern North Carolina's fish and oyster products ever held. Your correspondent today, in company with the clever secretary, Mr. Reizenstein, drove out to the fair grounds and enjoyed a pleasant hour inspecting the buildings and grounds. The race track has been greatly improved in this department. The aquarium will be fitted with live fish of many varieties. No pains will be spared to make this display the best of its kind ever shown in the South. The exhibit will include oysters, scallops, clams and all shell fish; in fact, almost every species of water animals will be shown. There will also be a splendid show of all the apparatus used in fishing and catching game.

In the machinery department Captain Gray was hard at work fitting pipes and getting everything in readiness for the operation of the different inventions which will be displayed in the machinery exhibit. Among the novel things will be a complete printing office, printing a daily paper; the WHALES will greet visitors each day, containing notes of the fair, filled with interesting news. Machinery of various kinds will be in operation in this department.

Mr. J. A. Meadows has charge of the agricultural department. He expects to show the finest collection of farm, garden and field products ever seen in this section. The floral exhibit is twice as large as last year, occupying two rooms and the ladies of Newbern will make a large display of beautiful flowers and plants. The department of poultry products will be unusually complete. In fact the display in Floral Hall will be far beyond previous exhibits.

The show of poultry last year surpassed any display of the kind your correspondent has seen, and it will be much larger and better this season. The association has this year built a large shelter in which the fowls will be placed in coops, providing protection from inclement weather, also built new stalls for horses have been built and the stock department promises to be excellent, and to present a fine show of cattle, hogs, sheep, etc.

Among the amusements will be ball-noon ascensions by Prof. Ward on Wednesday and Thursday; a fat man weighing 907 pounds; a little pig owned by Mr. Wells of All-ams, which weighs only 1508 pounds and is 37 months old, 71 feet long, almost 8 feet about the girth and nearly 4 feet high, besides many side-shows, etc; but no fakery, gambling or drinking will be allowed. The association has always taken a firm, positive stand against these evils, and this renders the fair much more pleasant and safer for ladies and children.

A premium of \$100, is offered to military companies in the competitive drill. Companies desiring to enter this contest should notify the secretary of the association at once.

Arrangements for the cent-mile race have been made with all the railroads in the State and schedules will be so fixed that there will be no delay in reaching Newbern.

The Newbern juvenile band, composed of boys from 7 to 16 years of age, will aid other bands in furnishing music during the week. An Italian string band has been engaged to play in Floral Hall. There will be a grand display of fireworks Wednesday and Thursday nights, embracing almost every variety of pyrotechnics. The Newbern factory, erected last summer, will be enlarged to twenty tons capacity per day, and will furnish free all the ice needed for the fair.

Among the curiosities in the fair line to be shown is one called "The Fish and Oyster." It is a large fish, weighing 40 pounds, the remains of which were taken from the fish market in Newbern. It has a big job before it, but it is expected to be successful.

Tuesday evening Rev. Sam Jones will deliver a lecture for the benefit of the local Y. M. C. A. If rooms cannot be secured at the hotels, pleasant accommodations may be found in private houses, taking boarders during the fair. A list of the houses at which accommodations may be secured, and the rates at the ticket office, and the visitor may have no apprehension in regard to securing rooms and good fare.

Those who miss this excellent opportunity for seeing the great display of fish, game and oysters will have cause for regret. The inhabitants of the North Carolina will never have a better chance to visit the Eastern part of the State than this. The visit will be profitable and highly enjoyable. People who hear only grumbling and talk of "hard times" in their section should come to Newbern; they do not talk that way here. Come to the fair and you will not hear much talk of "hard times" in this country. The people of this section seem to be prosperous and contented and the outlook for the truck crop this year is fine. The fish and oyster industry has been very successful this season. The quantity of fish which is generally termed "on a boom," but is growing steadily all the time. Her lumber interests, water power, fine soil and timber lands are beginning to attract the attention of capitalists and do not hesitate to predict that within four years the population of this section will be increased by thousands.

Again, let us say to you, do not miss the Newbern fair. H. B. Staff Correspondent State Chronicle.

Coming and Going.

Presiding elder W. S. Rone returned to his home in Goldboro yesterday morning.

Miss Lavinia Collins, of Beheprville, Md., who has been visiting her sister Mrs. W. B. Blades, left returning home.

To the Members of the Atlantic Steam Fire Engine Company No. 1.

You are requested to assemble in your meeting room tonight at 7:30 o'clock. Every member is requested to be present.

W. D. BARRINGTON, Foreman.

"Many gather what others will scatter."—PROVERB.

Do not scatter your money for things that are of no worth. There is no economy in buying the Cheap-est Clothes, they are shoddy and will do no service. When you get ready to buy Clothing, Hats or Shoes. Come where reliability is considered of the utmost importance. Just in a new lot of Stacy Adams & Co's Shoes in lace and Congress. See our Common Sense ones in wide toes at 3.00, the best Shoes in the market for the price.

J. M. HOWARD.

THREE ROOMS For rent. All on first floor. Water convenient. C. T. HANCOCK.

The Minstrels.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

Get There!
The Great Evangelist,
Young His...
Subject...

THEY ARE MANY!

Those strong Working Horses and Mules and Fast Drivers just selected and bought by Benj. Hahn for SAHNS & CO.

For sale on Reasonable terms. Come early and get your choice.

Eugene Wallau, Expert Piano and Organ TUNER AND REPAIRER. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Mutual Life Insurance COMPANY OF NEW YORK ISSUES EVERY DESIRABLE FORM OF POLICY.

Its New Distribution Policy is the Most Liberal ever offered by any Insurance Company.

Assets, Dec. 31, 1891: \$159,507,138.68.

Endowments and Death Claims paid last week: \$369,837.51.

Average Daily Payments: \$61,647.92.

C. A. EATLER, At Journal Office.

PLEASED PATIENT!

TRUNKS!
Small Trunks!
Large Trunks!
Cheap Trunks!
BARGAIN STORE.

Cheaper Trunks in the City. Copartnership Notice.

Stop! Stop!
AND SEE THE Largest and Best Selected Stock of WATCHES, JEWELRY Silverware and Novelties

WARRICKS, Jeweler, The Jeweler, Middle St., opposite Baptist Church.

Barrington & Baxter For the next Thirty Days will close out their

WINTER CLOTHING, Boots and Shoes, At a Great Reduction.

Lucas & Lewis. Middle St. Restaurant, BREAK ROOMS FROM POLLOCK. Open in every style at all hours from 7 a.m. to 2 a.m.

ONSLOW Co. Hams (new lot), N. Y. Pig Hams, Pale Cream Cheese, Best Creamery Butter, Purest Lard, Florida Oranges, Choice Lemons, Oatmeal, Buckwheat, and the "Best Flour on Earth."

Middle St. Restaurant, BREAK ROOMS FROM POLLOCK. Open in every style at all hours from 7 a.m. to 2 a.m.

J. E. LATHAM, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, Importer of Cotton, Country Produce, and all special drive commodities.

JOHN McSORLEY, Boot and Shoe Maker, POLLOCK STREET, NEW BERNE, N. C.

THE best possible advertisement for a firm is pleased patrons. They always come again and bring their friends. That is why every month sees an increase in the amount of our business.

New Carriage Shop, Just opened on Broad street, where all kinds of CART, WAGON & BUGGY WORK will be done on short notice. Also, we have a FIRST-CLASS HORSE SHOER from the West, whose shoe stands on his merit. Give us a call and we will give satisfaction. H. WINFIELD & SONS, Jan 14 1892

