

THE DAILY JOURNAL

VOL. XI.-NO. 99

NEW BERNE, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 20, 1892.

PRICE 5 CENTS.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

FOR RENT—My residence. Contains six comfortable rooms in good order. Kitchen with pump inside. Passage through centre makes it convenient for two small families. Large garden attached. C. T. HANCOCK.

FOR SALE—The lumber taken from the Bath House, lost of Broad street, now piled on the shore. JOHN STANLEY THOMAS, Proprietor, Yacht Club.

\$2.00 will be paid for the largest watermelon in North Carolina. Must weigh as much as 70 pounds. J. W. Address—this Office.

HUNYADI Jaous Mineral Water, the best Natural aperient. For sale by JAS. REDMOND.

R. D. V. JONES, late in charge of the prescription department of Peiham's Pharmacy, Asheville, N. C., has opened a Prescription Drug Store, 215 custom house. Special care is given to the selection of preparations for prescription use only. The patronage of the public is solicited. July 19th.

PURE CORN WHISKEY for sale by JAS. REDMOND.

DUFFY Gordon Imported Sherry, for sale by JAS. REDMOND.

DO you need a Crush Hat? GORDON'S, LATE HATMAKER, at 215 BARRINGTON & BAXTER'S.

IMPORTED HOLLAND GIN, Burke's Home Ate and Burke's Guinness Stout, for sale by JAS. REDMOND.

FOR SALE—John's box of wardrobe robe in a perfect lounge by day and a perfect bed by night, and you can put away as much clothing or other articles as in the average wardrobe. You can get three articles for the price of one. No extra charge for packing or shipping. Mrs. Dr. Talmage, wife of the celebrated preacher, says these robes are very, very nice. Price in Creton, \$10, \$12, \$14, \$16, \$18, \$20, \$22, \$24, \$26, \$28, \$30, \$32, \$34, \$36, \$38, \$40, \$42, \$44, \$46, \$48, \$50, \$52, \$54, \$56, \$58, \$60, \$62, \$64, \$66, \$68, \$70, \$72, \$74, \$76, \$78, \$80, \$82, \$84, \$86, \$88, \$90, \$92, \$94, \$96, \$98, \$100.

75,000 CIGARS at very low figures to wholesale and retail trade for sale by JAS. REDMOND.

CARRETT'S COGNAC BRANDY need very much in the city. For sale by JAS. REDMOND.

FIVE Hundred pairs of Rubber Shoes for children, 10, 12, and 15 cents per pair. BIG IRK.

MISB. SACRAMENTAL, PORT and SCUPPELONING WINES for sale by JAS. REDMOND.

DUFFY'S MALT WHISKEY for medicinal use for sale by JAS. REDMOND.

I. CALVIN SCHAEFFER'S WILD O. HERRY ROCK AND RYE, put up expressly for throat and lung diseases, for sale by JAS. REDMOND.

THE London Times predicts that Gladstone's party will soon go to pieces. The wish is father to the thought.

THE Republican National committee has elected Mr. Carter of Montana, as chairman and Chris Magee, of Pennsylvania, as secretary.

THE military authorities in Idaho are arresting miners by the wholesale. It is said all the union miners will be locked up. No one can go in or out of the district without a military passport.

THE leader who brought us victory in 1884 again leads the ticket in 1892, and with a harmonious and zealous following may safely expect to be as successful at the polls as he was in the convention. —Baltimore News.

GLORIOUS old Zeb Vance will be greatly missed in this campaign, but there will be no lack of Democratic canvassers. We have plenty of good stump speakers in the ranks of the Democracy, and not one of them will refuse to respond to the call of duty.

A DISPATCH of 17, says: Yesterday was the quietest day Homestead has experienced since the beginning of hostilities. Only about twenty men are at work in the mills. It is reported that negro workmen are to be imported from Virginia. The company will build 100 dwelling houses for the workmen inside the enclosure.

CLEVELAND and Stevenson is a ticket that will inspire confidence in the business community and inspire the gallant hosts of Democracy with enthusiasm everywhere and when November rolls around the ballots for the ticket will fall into the box in simply overwhelming numbers. —Indianapolis Sentinel.

THE Wilson Advance says: "Senator M. W. Ransom will come home and make the campaign of his life this fall." This announcement is no surprise, but it is nevertheless gratifying. No body doubts the fidelity of Senator Ransom to the Democratic party. "It is the pride of his life to be a Democratic Senator from North Carolina. In this campaign he will be our Hector in the fight."

TEAR down the stockade about its work, cut the live electric wires, smash the hot water pipes designed to scald asailing strikers, and then invite non-union men to come and work if they do not wish to employ union men. That would make the issue more sharp and clear—which is, and which is not to be concealed, the maintenance by the State of the inalienable right of every man, union or non-union, to sell his labor without molestation wherever he is able to find a satisfactory market.—S. Ringfield, Mass. Republican.

NEW BERNE.
An Interesting Sketch from the Earliest Days to the Present.
By MISS KATIE MATHEWS, OF THE NEW BERNE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

New Berne, one of the oldest towns of the state, is beautifully situated at the confluence of the Neuse and Trent rivers. It derives its name from Berne, one of the towns of Switzerland, the place of nativity of Christopher Baron De Graffenried, in 1709, emigrated to this state and settled near this place. He had purchased of the Lords Proprietors ten thousand acres, and five shillings of quit rent. In the month of December 1710 the Palatines as they were called, because they were from the Palatinate, were brought over by De Graffenried and Lewis Mitchell, they also brought over with them 1,500 Swiss.

LOCAL NEWS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. W. Smallwood—Notice.
W. D. McIver—Mortgage sale.
N. S. & W. D. Line—Schedule change.
M. B. Burton—Administratrix notice.

A train of five cars with an excursion from Winston passed through for Morehead last night. No passengers were taken this side of Burlington.

Yesterday the Presbyterians commenced building a two-story addition to their parsonage, with one room on each floor, 18x18. Repairs to the parsonage will also be made.

A gentleman in this city wants the largest water melon grown in the State and will pay \$2.00. The first melon received that weighs 70 pounds or over will be considered to be the melon.

Quarterly conference will be held at Bethel church, Vanceboro circuit commencing Aug. 17th. Rev. J. W. Gurganus, the pastor, assisted by Presiding Elder R. B. John and Revs. E. S. Barton and J. A. Pezzini, will commence a meeting to last about eight days.

Mr. F. W. Hancock, Secretary of the North Carolina Pharmaceutical Association, is sending out the announcements of its thirtieth annual meeting. It will be held in Raleigh in the Knights of Phebus Hall, Wednesday and Thursday, August 10th & 11th. The board of Pharmacy will meet with the Association. All applicants for examination are requested to report to Wm. Simpson, Raleigh Secretary of the board.

The historical sketch of New Berne which we publish today will be found to be instructive reading and worthy of preservation. There are but few who can peruse it without gaining many points of information to which they have hitherto been strangers. Among the number on the subject that were written to compete for the \$10.00 prize offered by Prof. Edward Graham Daves, of Baltimore, this was selected as the best, and without doubt it reflects great credit on the young lady author, Miss Katie Mathews, and honor on the New Berne Collegiate in which she was trained to literary work.

Yacht Club's Pleasure Day.
The yacht sailing race yesterday afternoon for a purse of \$5 was won by James Duffy with his yacht, Winnie.

Three boats entered in the race for the silver cup. Harry Stevenson's "Black Bess," Robert Ross' "Lisabella" and Geo. N. Ives' skill. The race was won by Mr. Ives.

Three boats entered in the ladies' rowing race. One was rowed by Miss Kate Bryan another by Miss Marion Radcliff, and the third, a different style boat, by Maggie Bryan and Faith Brock, the fourth by Misses Isabel Bryan and Annie Klem. Miss Marion Radcliff was the winner, but it was a close race. The boat rowed by Misses Bryan and Brock came very near with the winning one.

The prize was a handsome gold charm and chain.

Seven boats entered in the men's rowing race for a silver cup. It was won by Messrs. Thomas Daniels and Herbert Willis. Both cups were prettily engraved and were the gifts respectively of Jewellers Eaton and Hibbard to the club.

There were two hundred yard dashes for run by boys for which no purse was offered. The regular dash was won by Mr. Wm. Mc Carthy. The prize was a box of fine cigars.

The swimming race for a gold pen was won by Herbert Willis.

The prizes were presented at night with appropriate remarks.

The fire works took place on the water. They were quite pleasing and were witnessed by a good crowd distributed in the yacht club house on the wharf and along the river shore.

"Be there a will and wisdom finds a way"—CRABBE.

In other words if you have a will to buy, bring your cash along and we'll show you a way—a way to buy your Clothing Cheap. At this time of year when our stock is broken you can buy Suits cheaper than at any other time. We have just received by Express a lot of Black Cadet Boxes. Such as are worn with the high turn down Collars. Late style leather Belts in Black and Russett. Don't forget our line of Sample Goods.

J. M. HOWARD.
One Million Dollars.
One Million Dollars to loan.
Apply at address.
WALK IN OFFICE.
Jul 15 1892 Newbern, N. C.

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The original settlement of New Berne is said to have taken place between the foot of Craven street, and the eastern terminus of Broad, where stood a lofty eminence of land called Council Bluff, because here the Indians built their council fires, and held those serious deliberations which were significant of life or death to the infant colony.

De Graffenried was a brilliant adventurer, courtly and imposing in his person and manners, ingenious and captivating in his speech, and in almost every sense fitted to be the successful leader of a perilous enterprise. He and Lawson, the surveyor of the colony and its earliest historian, while ascending the Neuse, were seized by the Indians. Lawson was massacred, and De Graffenried narrowly escaped, he became acquainted with the country and sold his interest to Thomas Pollock, for \$200 sterling, and returned to Switzerland.

If the Indians had massacred De Graffenried instead of Lawson, who seems to have been a gentleman and a scholar, they would have rendered a public service to posterity. The descendants of De Graffenried afterwards tried to buy from the heirs of Thomas Pollock the possession of this property. But the law and lawyers were against them and they had to abandon the contest.

In the year 1711 the infant colony was an unexpected Indian war. The Tuscaroras, which was the name of this Indian tribe and their savage confederates were set for the destruction of New Berne and its vicinity. At last the conspiracy was ready and the blow fell. Twelve hundred savages plunged into the sea of blood, old men, women and children perished without number.

In the year 1712, it was thought there remained only 2,000 taxable all free men of sixteen years, were taxably and one third of these were slaves. It should be remembered that De Graffenried, while a prisoner among the Tuscaroras, just before the massacre began, effected an advantageous treaty with the Indians which protected his Palatine in many ways.

Twenty years after this short but decisive struggle with the Indians, the act of incorporation took place. A general assembly of the burgesses, elected by the people, met when the Governor chose to call it, and at any place which he might appoint.

In November, 1733, the general assembly being then in session in the town of Edenton an act was passed for the better settling of the town Newberne in the precinct of Craven, by which it was formally incorporated, and has since for a Court House, church, and market place. The area of the city so defined by this official transaction, covered two hundred and fifty acres. It was a remarkable feature of the legal settlement of New Berne, that if any owner of property died without heirs, or without disposing of his property by will, the said property was reverted to Callen Pollock and his heirs and assigns.

In the year 1749, James Davis, a citizen of Virginia, established in New Berne the first printing press in North Carolina. The laws hitherto had been only in manuscript and much confusion resulted. After careful revision by the Legislature, they were printed, in 1752, by James Davis, and bound in a small folio volume in yellow and unskilfully tanned leather, hence it was always known as "Yellow Jacket." This was the first book printed in North Carolina. In 1764, the laws were printed by Andrew Stewart (who was a Scotchman), in Wilmington, on a press he set up there.

On the 1st of June, 1764, Mr. Davis issued, in New Berne, "The North Carolina Magazine or Universal Intelligencer," the first periodical paper attempted in the province. It was a semi-sheet, in quarto pages and for a long time very dry. His printing office was in New Berne, on the corner of Broad and East Front streets. It was reported that a gentleman and lady, in recent years, picked up the old type.

The first incorporated academy was erected in 1766 in New Berne. It rested for some time under the disadvantages imposed by the established ecclesiastical "oligarchy" prohibiting any principal save a "clerkman." The first "large and commodious" building, for a school house, erected at great expense, was burned down accidentally in 1795, when by an act of Assembly, a room in the "Palace" was used for the school room.

The old brick academy which still stands on Railroad street was erected in 1806, the corner stone of the additional elegant graded school (which is now occupied by Prof. G. T. A. Lang) was laid in 1884, just one hundred and twenty years after the first act of the Legislature.

In the old school, building (which I have mentioned above), many famous men were educated for future careers of honor and usefulness, the chief ones are Gaston, Stanley, Badger, Spaight, and Hawks. This old square, two-story brick academy has had intimate connection with the establishment of the Presbyterian Church of New Berne. The first "large and commodious" building, for a school house, made of wood, and the lower house of the Legislature sometimes met in it.

About the year 1788, considerable attention seems to have been paid to the necessities of life, as a special meeting of the Commissioners was held to see who felt inclined "to undertake and build a fence to inclose the town of New Berne," said fence to be six feet high, close enough to keep out dogs and wild animals, of good substantial material, and with strong gates communicating with the outer world. This enclosure, when finished, stretched almost parallel with New street, from river to river. The builders

were allowed fifty pounds for its construction, and as in the history of walled cities, watchmen were appointed to keep the portal. Domestic animals, such as cattle, horses and sheep, must have been rapidly on the increase, as municipal regulations were passed fixing the number allowed within the corporate limits and a public pound was built, where all vagrant animals were seized, and put up at public auction. The owners of lots were also required, under a penalty of twenty shillings, to cut down the trees and clear up their premises, and also to remove all wooden chimneys, except such as were against the peril of fire.

From 1774 the period, when Governor Arthur had arrived in 1773, the Governor took up his residence here, and the Governor up to the breaking out of the Revolution, this town gradually increased in population in intelligence and political importance. But it was preserved for the administration of Governor Tryon, which began in 1785, to arouse the existing interest in the public mind towards New Berne the centre of commerce and as a strategic influence, and to reorganize its history the most desirable atmosphere of colonial age.

Governor Tryon's palace was completed in October, 1779. A space of six acres was condemned and enclosed, bounded by the streets Eden, Metcalf and Pollock, and the Trent river. Bricks and prepared material were imported from England, and John Hawk, from Mohr, who was situated in London and employed on a stone of masonry as the architect. There were three buildings, the main centre building was the "Palace" of brick, eighty seven feet long and ninety five feet deep. The porch on the right of the palace was the residence of the Governor and the family, and the one on the left served as a kitchen and storeroom. De Graffenried, the first Governor, was the first to occupy the palace, and he was succeeded by the first Governor, John Tryon, who was the first to occupy the palace.

The first assembly of the representatives of the people of North Carolina, independent of royal authority, met at New Berne, on the 20th of July, 1776, at the residence of James Oglethorpe, the first Governor of the State, who was the first to occupy the palace.

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ple and Roman Catholics were referred from older times, and they have rapidly increased in number. Being now over 100,000, they are the most famous chief of the State.

Coming and Going.
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SALE, LIVERY, FEED
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Opposite the Gaston House.

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