

Big Celebration Grows In Interest As Time Goes By

Horse Racing And Aeroplane Flights Were The Features Yesterday. Mrs. Bayard Wooten Takes Trip Up In Skyland.

Yesterday, the second day of the Big Home Coming Celebration, Spring Racing and Aviation Meet, was even more of a success than on the first day.

It might also be said that the events on the program surpassed those of the previous day, but an assertion like this would be rather far fetched on account of the fact that it would be hard to surpass the events of that day.

The Races

The horse racing was again one of the features of the day and proved most interesting. There were five heats in all and the winners were as follows: The first heat was won by Lucy, time 2-30, second by Billy Hal, time 2-30, third by Lucile, time 2-37, fourth by Billy Hal, time 2-28, fifth by Billy Hal, time 2-32.

The Aeroplane Flights

Next on the program came the flights in an aeroplane by Eugene Heth of the Berger Aviation Company. Mr. Heth first went up alone and dropped imaginary hand grenades at a target. Each of these went true and exemplified to the throngs below of the deadly work that an aeroplane can do in warfare.

On the second flight Mr. Heth carried along with him as a passenger, Mrs. Bayard Wooten of the Wooten-Moulton Studio. Mrs. Wooten is probably the only lady in New Bern who has been up in an aeroplane and she is very proud of this fact. As the big machine soared over the race track far into the clouds, the spectators craned their necks and followed the flight with their eyes until it had again alighted and Mrs. Wooten had alighted amidst the cheers from many throats.

The third flight consisted of a race between the aeroplane and an automobile driven by Ben Williams. In this race the aeroplane was the winner.

The Fireworks

Last night the North Beach Fireworks Company gave a most spectacular pyrotechnic exhibition in front of the grandstand. Hundreds of spectators went out to view this display and in the opinion of each and every one the exhibition was exceptionally good. This same exhibition will be repeated tonight and those who did not witness it last night will miss a great opportunity if they fail to see it.

CASE NOT CONCLUDED

Interesting Civil Action Consuming Much Time.

The argument of the case of Pate vs. Blades was concluded yesterday afternoon and it was given to the jury but at a late hour last night they had not come to any decision.

In this case the plaintiff is the defendant for failure to pay a debt which he claims to be his. The debt, made in 1899, is for \$100.

IN THE PHASE

A. A. Hines, of New Bern, is the plaintiff in the case of Pate vs. Blades.

NEW MEMORIAL CONTINUES TO INTEREST

Reports from Mrs. E. C. McWhorter, manager of Centenary church which has undertaken an operation for apartments at Morehead City about the middle of the month, are to the effect that the building is nearly ready.

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Mediators Depended on by Huerta to Save Administration



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THE two leading members of President Huerta's delegation to the mediation board at Niagara Falls are R. Emilio Rabasa and Luis Elguero. Rabasa is said to have brought President Huerta's resignation to be handed to the board if certain concessions are made to the Mexican dictator. Rabasa and Elguero on their first visit to the United States said that they marveled at the rapidly moving American people, the tall metropolitan buildings and the great facilities for rapid transit. Rabasa is at the right in the illustration.

Charles R. Thomas In The Lead So Far

Ballots Cast In Six of Nine Counties Have Been Tabulated. Result Of Primary Will Be Known Some Time Today.

(Special to the Journal) GOLDSBORO, May 28.—The members of the Executive Committee of the Third Congressional District, have been hard at work all during the day and until 11 o'clock tonight, counting the returns from the different counties.

With the exception of Sampson, Onslow and Pamlico counties, all of the returns have been tabulated and it is found that Hon. Charles R. Thomas of New Bern is somewhat in the lead of Hon. George E. Hood of this city.

Mr. Thomas has unofficial returns from Onslow county which give him five hundred first choice votes there and while Hon. George E. Hood lead him by a hundred and fifty or two hundred votes in Pamlico county there is every reason to believe that his vote in Onslow county will offset this and that when the final count is made, that he will have the largest number of votes.

The committee will probably conclude their work tomorrow by noon. There is a probability that Mr. Whitfield of Sampson county, who yesterday voted with J. C. Thomas, Wm. Webb, H. L. Gibbs and J. R. Lowrey to not nominate a candidate unless he receives a majority of all the votes into a convention will change his decision, but to throw the primary back election tomorrow and will vote against this action.

Rule No. 7 of the official rules for holding a preferential primary to elect a congressman, says:

"That the Congressional Executive Committee shall meet and canvass the vote of the candidates for the office of congressman of the different counties of the district, and in counting the same, shall be guided by the majority of all the members of the county."

FIRES BROADSIDE INTO THE LIQUOR QUESTION IN U.S.

Says That Prohibition Does Prohibit.

CITES MANY STATISTICS.

His Lecture Was Heard By Many And Enjoyed By All.

Sam Small, Georgia's gifted prohibitionist orator of national fame, delivered at Centenary Church last night to standing room crowd his celebrated blood and hair, tooth and toe-nail lecture of irony, sarcasm, fun and fact on the great national evil, the legalized liquor traffic, swaying the audience for nearly two hours with the power of his magnetic oratory and the influence of his magnetic personality, carrying people time after time into storms of uproaring applause and abandoned-like convulsions of laughter.

Growth of Prohibition

For 29 years, Mr. Small has been in the fight for national prohibition. He has grown grey calling with the voice of a man who knows not fear, and whose course has been influenced by neither praise nor blame to the people of the nation to wipe the map of the United States clean of an evil which drags annually from one home in every five a young man to send him to a drunkard's grave and that starts one daughter out of every seventh home annually along the scarlet pathway of shame. He entered the fight when the advocates of prohibition had the doors of the churches closed upon them and has lived to see the time when the churches of the land have enlisted whole-souled in the cause of prohibition, when 72 per cent. of the territory of the nation is dry and the passing of a national law that makes it possible for any State in the Union to free itself from the curse of liquor by passing the necessary laws.

Today, Mr. Small said that more than 50 per cent of the intoxicating liquors sold in the United States is sold in the States of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois and Wisconsin. Add to these six, four more Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota and Missouri and in the 10 States named 73 per cent of all the intoxicating liquors sold in the United States is dispensed. There are 14 Southern States with a population of more than 32,000,000, in which there is less intoxicating liquor sold than is sold in the city of Chicago alone. And is due to the fact that part of these States have State-wide prohibition and others are getting ready for it.

Does Prohibition Prohibit?

Mr. Small said that through the statistics of the Internal Revenue Department and the records of railway and express companies it is now possible to ascertain the place where every gallon of whisky, brandy or beer is manufactured, where it was shipped, to whom it was shipped and to whom it was delivered. Following this statement, Mr. Small set about answering the question, "Does prohibition prohibit?" by drawing upon statistics for the past year as compiled by the Internal Revenue Department and as accepted by the national brewery association and incorporated in their own directory or handbook. The figures showed that the people of Georgia, where they have State-wide prohibition, consumed last year 2.14 gallons of intoxicating liquor per capita. In Missouri, 21.1 gallons per capita were consumed, or just 10 times as much. That State does not have State-wide prohibition. And in Wisconsin where they almost have "free liquor," the consumption for that year amounted to 69 gallons per capita, or nearly six gallons per month. 1.5 gallons per week, for every man, woman and child in the State. The speaker asserted that prohibition does prohibit and that its failure to prohibit entirely is due to the fact that the dry States cannot protect themselves against the whisky dealers in the States where there are no prohibition laws.

The National Fight.

Mr. Small pointed out the rapidity with which the prohibition sentiment has swept over the country, reclaiming vast areas and driving the saloons from the land, putting them out of business last year at the rate of one for every 24 saloons, night and day. There are now 10 States that are dry and 12 more that will be dry within the next few months. The whisky interests are being crowded more and more into re-

SEC TY BRYAN WILL REACH NEW BERN TOMORROW

To Be Accompanied By Senator Simmons

COMING BY GOLDSBORO

To Make Address At The Fair Grounds In The Afternoon.

Tomorrow is "Bryan Day" the big day of the big week, and there is not the least doubt but that there will be between eight and ten thousand visitors in the city to hear the "Great Commoner" speak.

Secretary Bryan, accompanied by Senator F. M. Simmons, of this city, who is to introduce him to the vast crowd which will be assembled in the grand stand, will arrive tomorrow morning shortly after 9 o'clock, coming by way of Goldsboro.

In this party will be several newspaper men representing the Washington newspapers and also the Associated Press representative. At Goldsboro they will be met by several of New Bern's most prominent citizens.

After arriving in New Bern Secretary Bryan will go to the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Blades where he is to be entertained and will remain there until leaving for the Fair grounds in the afternoon.

Secretary Bryan's renown as a speaker is well known all over the civilized world and those who do not seize this opportunity to hear him may be losing the opportunity of a life time and it may be that they will never again have an opportunity of hearing him.

Just what subject Mr. Bryan will take, has not been announced. However, there is a probability that he will tell his hearers of the stand that the United States is taking in regard to the Mexican situation. However, no matter what his subject, his address will be well worth hearing.

MAY WHITE SALE STILL GOING ON—MANY ATTEND.

The big special May white sale which has been in progress at S. Copley & Son's store for the past week, is still in progress and hundreds of bargains are being found there each day by the shoppers. Every lady in New Bern should take advantage of this opportunity to secure great bargains.

RECEPTION TO FOLLOW CONFEDERATE MONUMENT UNVEILING JUNE FOURTH.

(Special to the Journal.)

WASHINGTON, May 28.—A reception here in honor of Mrs. Daisy McLaurin Stevens of Missouri, president general of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, and Sir Ezekiel, sculptor of the Confederate monument being erected at Arlington National Cemetery, will follow the unveiling the memorial on June 4th. The reception according to plans announced today, will be at the Pan-American building under the auspices of Secretary of State Bryan and the Arlington Confederate Memorial Association.

Many other hospitalities, including a luncheon in his honor by Hilary Herbert, former secretary of the navy, will be accorded Sir Moses during his visit to the United States. He is native of Virginia, but for many years has lived in Rome.

stricted territory and today more than one-half of the saloons in the United States are located in 20 of its cities.

The fight being waged by the national Prohibition Association is for national prohibition. The liquor interests have raised, Mr. Small said, \$5,000,000 to be used in attempt to secure legislation favorable to the traffic of spirits. The national association is bringing all possible pressure to bear upon the government at Washington with a view to secure such legislation as will sweep the curse of drink from the land. It is a government business, fostered and protected by the national government and the advocates of the cause of prohibition are striving to bring to pass the time which Uncle Sam shall no longer be a dealer in "booze."