

Military Activity In Russia Has Been Confirmed in Dispatches

No Mobilization Orders Have Been Issued—Soldiers Have Been Supplied With Ammunition—Emperor William Sends Message to the Czar—All Europe on Qui Vive

HUNGARIANS LOYAL TO THEIR EMPIRE

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS BEGIN, REPORTS CORRESPONDENT AT ST. PETERSBURG.

BERLIN, July 29.—The correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger at St. Petersburg sends a dispatch which says that while mobilization has not begun, there are undoubtedly movements of troops. The correspondent adds that the greatest secrecy is being maintained in regard to army and navy movement, and the government will not allow any military information to be sent out.

A dispatch from Munich says the Czech reservists are fleeing from Bohemia across the line into Germany to escape service, as they do not want to fight against the Slavs. Austrian police and troops are guarding the frontier and no one is allowed to leave Austria without a pass.

The municipal saving banks were stormed all day by anxious depositors. At one time over 2,000 orderly persons surrounded the main bank. They were mostly persons with small savings and working people. Under the law only \$37 can be withdrawn by each person without previous notice.

Panicky runs on the banks are also reported from other cities. The heaviest withdrawals were from the big banks which paid out gold and only ten percent of the deposits were withdrawn. Safe deposit boxes are in great demand.

A report that the kaiser was coming to the palace at Berlin brought an immense multitude to Unter Den Linden at 11 o'clock tonight. There was a renewal of Saturday's parades and demonstrations, and there was also much singing of patriotic songs, largely by students.

BERLIN, July 29.—Emperor William today sent to Emperor Nicholas of Russia a telegram concerning the international crisis. The message crossed on its way to St. Petersburg a similar telegram from Emperor Nicholas to Emperor William.

France Gets Ready.

PARIS, July 29.—France continues quietly to prepare for war. The troops of the active army gradually concentrating near the frontier. A military guard has been placed in the great flour mills at Corbeil near Paris. The bankers in Paris are laying in large stocks and the city authorities started forming today a reserve store of 15,000 tons of flour.

The police department is exercising a general surveillance over Austrians and Germans in Paris where many thousands of them reside. This perfect of police today ordered the discontinuance of the service of the public at tables on the sidewalks and on the terraces in front of cafes in consequence of disorders which have occurred since the beginning of the international tension.

The government made an appeal to the press to keep calm and carefully to verify its news concerning the crisis before publishing. Adolphe Messimy, minister of war, today visited the military wireless station on the Eiffel Tower and ordered the staff to be doubled, the officers to remain on duty night and day.

Russia Fleeing.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 29.—Great patriotic demonstrations took

place among the populace here today and reports from Moscow state that similar manifestations occurred there.

It was announced today that in Yalta and the surrounding districts in the Crimea, a state of reinforced protection, or a modified form of martial law, had been proclaimed by the government.

BERLIN, July 29.—Military activity on the Russian side of the frontier is confirmed by many advices which have reached the ears of German officials, but it was stated here today that no mobilization order had been issued by the Russian war office.

The Russian regiments, which have been moving forward to occupy strategic points on the frontier, have been fitted out with 350 trounds of ammunition per man, while hasty purchases of forage have been made for the cavalry. A number of German regiments have been moved toward the frontier as a precautionary measure. The men are equipped for service.

The present mobilization order affects only the Russian frontier. It is confined to the military districts of Kiev, Odessa, Moscow and Kazan. The peace footing of each of these districts is four army corps, each numbering 40,000 men, or a total of 640,000 men. The command to mobilize doubles this total, so that 1,280,000 men are affected by the order.

There was the most intense activity in diplomatic circles here today, but no tangible developments were reported. A French diplomat said he saw some ground for optimism, but the German foreign office declared there was nothing on which to base a judgment one way or the other. The German crown prince arrived at Postdam today, and a family council was held in the new palace. The Emperor and Empress, the crown prince and other princes of the imperial family were present. They conferred for an hour.

An important official conference was called here this evening owing to the reported mobilization of the Russian army. It was still in progress at half past seven.

COLORED BISHOPS TO MEET HERE SOON

GOVERNOR CRAIG IS EXTENDING AN INVITATION TO BE PRESENT.

Sunday August the ninth to Monday the seventeenth the bishops and general officers and members of the constitutional boards will meet in the St. Peter's A. M. E. Zion church in honor of the fiftieth anniversary of the existence of the local church.

The congregation prior to 1864 was connected with the M. E. church, South. Elder J. W. Hood who is now the Senior Bishop of the church came to New Bern as a missionary of the A. M. E. Zion church a distinctive colored organization having withdrawn by the approval of the A. M. E. church North in 1796. Operated in the Northern and New England States, January the twentieth 1864. Elder Hood received this organization as part of the connection they then worshipped in St. Andrew's chapel on Hancock street later built D St. Peter's church on Queen street 1879 where they now worship and are now remodeling.

On Monday, August the tenth, welcome addresses will be delivered by his Excellency Governor Craig, His Honor Mayor A. H. Bangert and other local representatives.

ANOTHER CLUE COMES TO LIGHT IN NELMS CASE

Much Wanted Dispatches Have Been Found.

INNES GUARDED MESSAGES

Marshall Nelms Announces His Intentions of Renewing Search.

ATLANTA, July 29.—Close on the discovery that the identity of "Mrs. V. E. Innes," "Mrs. Hardman," and "Margaret Mims," is the same, it was learned to-day that from eight to ten telegrams that passed between Victor Innes and Eloise Nelms Dennis have been found.

From Western cities where Innes has been for several months at a time it was learned that Innes sent telegrams to Mrs. Dennis in Atlanta some time over his own name, but more often over an alias, and that the telegrams he received from Mrs. Dennis were sometimes signed by her name and some times by others.

The copies of these telegrams are in the hands of the officials of the telegraph companies in Atlanta and Western cities, and will be turned over to the court so that copies may be made in the event that counsel so advises the companies.

These discoveries were closely followed by the arrival in Atlanta of Marshall Nelms, who had been in Washington to obtain Federal aid in the search of his missing sisters, Eloise and Beatrice, and in learning exactly the relations that existed between Innes and Eloise.

The telegrams so far found show that Innes, in his correspondence with Eloise, used every precaution to safeguard himself against untoward consequences in the future. He evidently cautioned her to do the same. Their real names seldom appear.

Even the money that was sent Innes by Eloise, it was learned, was often sent to another name in Los Angeles, Carson City or Portland. One of his favorite aliases is said to have been Kavanaugh. Also he called himself "Your Uncle Bennett" and she signed herself "Your Niece." Nothing of the contents of the telegrams could be learned from the Atlanta officials of the Western Union. They would go no further than to admit the telegrams had been found and that they would be given to the court for copying if counsel agreed.

Young Nelms was reticent concerning his conferences with high Government authorities in Washington, on his appeal for a Federal probe, and made denial of the report that an investigation has been started by Washington. He expressed himself as disappointed over the attitude of the Government.

It is known, however, that young Nelms is under a strict pledge of secrecy, and that the Government really has set in motion the machinery of its secret service at all points involved in the great mystery.

Nelms was met at the Terminal Station by his mother, Mrs. J. W. Nelms, and after lunch, had a conference with Attorney Reuben Arnold, laying before him the results of his Washington trip.

In addition to his plea for Federal action, young Nelms, while in Washington, took steps to gain all possible information relative to Victor Innes' New York career, believing these facts might possibly aid in the general investigation. He told on his arrival here that he engaged private detectives, and that already they are at work on this phase of the mystery.

Clairvoyant Traced.

"These detectives will interview Innes' New York wife, Mrs. Viola Sickles; her lawyer, Attorney Andrew J. Smith, and all other persons who can tell of his conduct while he lived in New York," he said.

Mrs. Nelms to-day renewed her efforts to trace the movements of Professor LaVoux, clairvoyant and mind reader, who was in Atlanta several weeks during the first of the year, so firm is she in her conviction that there is a striking resemblance between LaVoux and Victor E. Innes. Although this theory generally is discredited by the police, attorneys and other investigators, Mrs. Nelms is determined to gather all information possible concerning the operations of the clairvoyant.

THE CAMPAIGN AGAINST DEADLY EQUINE DISEASE

Roper Lumber Camp Is Quarantined.

ANOTHER HORSE IS KILLED

City Veterinarian Making Strenuous Attempts To Eradicate Maleady.

In company with Dr. E. G. Hargett, city veterinarian, Deputy Sheriff E. H. Bayliss yesterday went to the camp of the John L. Roper Lumber Company, near Vanceboro, where they found one horse affected with that deadly equine disease, the glanders. This animal was promptly killed and four others were placed in quarantine until an examination can be made to discover whether they are affected.

The animal killed yesterday was the fifth which Dr. Hargett has humanely dispatched in that section during the past week. It was less than two weeks ago that the discovery was made that the disease was prevalent in that section and during this time twenty-five or thirty horses which were exposed to the disease have been examined in an attempt to discover whether they had contracted it.

B. B. Flowers veterinarian of experience and who is in the employ of the State, spent several days here last week making an examination and assisting Dr. Hargett in his work. He returned home on Sunday but will probably return again within a few days and render further aid. According to statements made by Dr. Hargett there is grave danger of the disease spreading to other parts of the country and entailing a loss of thousands of dollars and probably a loss of human life as the disease is communicable to humans as well as to horses.

The value of the animals already killed will amount to more than a thousand dollars and there is every reason to believe that others must be put out of their misery before the campaign comes to a close.

VISITS NEW BERN AFTER ABSENCE OF TWENTY-FIVE YEARS

B. S. Koonce Among Visitors Here Yesterday.

WAS AGREEABLY SURPRISED

Sky Scrapers, Car Line, Paved Streets and Many other Improvements.

Twenty five years ago B. S. Koonce, who was at that time residing at Richlands Jones county paid New Bern a visit. At that time Richlands was nothing more than a village while New Bern was already showing unmistakable signs of becoming the metropolis of this section. There were no paved streets, no car line, no sky scrapers and in fact none of the modern improvements which are now seen here, but never the less the place impressed Mr. Koonce and he went away carrying a pleasant memory of his visit.

During the intervening years Mr. Koonce left Richlands and moved to Chadbourne where he is now making his home. A few days ago he decided to spend a few days at Morehead City and yesterday morning he arrived in the city enroute to that point. Arriving here he was very much surprised. He had heard of New Bern's phenomenal growth during the past few years but had no idea that such rapid strides had been made. He decided to spend the day looking over the place and this he did and in conversation with a reporter before leaving on the afternoon train he stated that judging from the progress made in the past few years, that this city bids fair to become one of the most talked about on the North Carolina coast in the course of a few more years.

DIVORCES ARE DOUBLING IN NEW YORK CITY

THE TANGO CRAZE SAID TO BE THE REAL CAUSE.

NEW YORK, July 29.—New York has just been brought face to face with the fact that the number of divorces during the first six months of this year show an increase of fifty per cent over the corresponding period for last year. Indeed, the county clerk estimates that if the court business that went to the Bronx after January 1st had remained in New York county the number of divorce decrees recorded would have been doubled. As a result of these figures all sorts of investigations are being made in an attempt to discover the cause. Many factors are cited as being to blame, but the one which faces the heaviest indictment is undoubtedly the new dances, and particularly the tango. One of the most ingenious reasons advanced is that of too great poverty or too great wealth. As these have been existing causes for years it is difficult to understand how they could have lately contributed to the increase in the number of divorces. By suffragists it is argued that the man-made divorce laws are much too easy and that if women had the vote it might be more difficult to sever the marital ties. From the attendants in the court where divorce trials are held, it was learned that if the women who sued for and obtained divorce, brunettes dominated, while the majority of women who sued their husbands were blonds. It is also estimated that the greater per centage of women defendants especially in undefended cases are under 25 years of age, while the majority of men divorced by their wives are between 35 and 45.

RESCUED ONCE, HE DROWNS.

Bathers Drug Singing Man Ashore, Then He Dives Again.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 29.—After having been once rescued by other bathers and warned to keep in shallow water, Louis Schlet, twenty-three of Bristol, climbed to a spring-board this afternoon and dived boldly into Lake Compounce, the famous bottomless lake in Southington, certain parts of which have never been sounded.

Schlet did not appear and his first rescuers dived after him several times. After several minutes the body reappeared in another part of the lake. Though a pulmoner and other methods of resuscitation were vigorously employed, it was impossible to arouse any spark of life. Medical examiner Stedman of Southington gave out a verdict of death from heart disease rather than drowning.

CARABAJAL IS GIVEN SUPPORT OF PRESS

DELEGATES WILL GO TO SATILO BUT BY A CHANGED ROUTE.

MEXICO CITY, July 29.—The delegates named by President Carbajal to confer with Carranza started for Saltillo today but changed their plans at the last moment, going by way of Vera Cruz and Tampico instead of by rail via Gonzales Junction as they had announced at first.

No details of the instructions of the delegates have been obtainable but the newspapers are adveted abrogation of the constitution of 1857 under which Carranza purposes the establishment of an arbitrary government pending the institution of reforms and the holding of elections.

This indicates the existence of a strong opposition to the present plan of the Constitutionalists.

Carbajal has the united support of the press which is discussing public matters with more freedom than at any time since the Madero regime.

Washington, July 27.—The Brazil-Continued on another galley.

In coming to New Bern from Chadbourne, Mr. Koonce paid special attention to the condition of the growing crops and he states that all along the line the farm produce is in the best condition he has ever seen it and it is the belief, and being an agriculturist he is in a position to know, that the present crop will be one of the best in many years.

MRS. VICTOR HALL NOW BEING TRIED ON MURDER CHARGE

Prosecution Claims That She Killed Husband.

ENTERS PLEA OF NOT GUILTY

Intense Excitement Prevails In Little Town Of Louisa.

LOUISA COURTHOUSE, VA., July 29.—In a court room packed to the doors, Mrs. Victor Hall, arraigned for the murder of her husband in his store at Green Springs Depot, on the morning of April 15th, yesterday entered a plea of "not guilty" and entered upon her fight for life.

Mrs. Hall, dressed entirely in black, and accompanied by her two daughters, her father-in-law, Nicholas Hall, and her brother, Herbert Dowdy, arrived at the court house half an hour before the time set for the opening of the trial.

Until court convened she was closeted with Attorney Lindsay Gordon, who will lead the fight in her behalf. A few moments after the court was opened, Mrs. Hall entered the room. The attorneys were already in their seats to begin the struggle.

Prisoners Unhappy.

Mrs. Hall's face bore an unmistakable expression of uneasiness, but no fear. She very quietly and with considerable dignity took her seat and waited for her arraignment.

As many of the venire as the jury box would hold appeared ready when the judge rapped for order and directed Clerk Porter to open court.

Attorney Gordon asked permission to make a short statement regarding the settling of an estate in which he is interested. While his explanation was being made the crowd waited and stirred impatiently.

"Is the Commonwealth ready in the case against Mrs. Hall?" the judge asked.

"If your honor please, the Commonwealth is ready," replied Commonwealth's Attorney Bibb.

Mrs. Hall Is Arraigned.

"Is the defense?" Judge Shackelford asked.

"It is replied Attorney Gordon.

Continuing, Mr. Gordon said: "If Your Honor Please, we wish to enter a general demurrer to the indictment."

"The clerk will arraign the prisoner," the judge ordered.

"Mrs. Hall, stand up," commanded Clerk Porter.

Mrs. Hall arose and gazed coolly and steadily at the clerk while the indictment was read. Indeed, she seemed to be interested in its superfluous verbiage.

"What say you," concluded the clerk. "Are you guilty or not guilty?"

"Not guilty," replied Mrs. Hall, in a low voice, but distinct in every part of the room.

Believes Her Innocent.

During the reading of the indictment, Nicholas Hall, father of the murdered man, but one of the staunchest friends of the accused woman, leaned far forward to catch every word. His face bears the marks of deepest pain. He believes that Mrs. Hall, the accused is innocent of the terrible crime with which she stands charged, but in his heart there lurks the fear that the net which the commonwealth is weaving relentlessly around her may become too close, and that the mass of circumstantial evidence may crush her beneath its weight and make her appear guilty, whether she is or not.

Mrs. Hall's two daughters were seated with Nicholas Hall. Neither seemed to realize the tragedy of the situation, but smiled and nodded to acquaintances. They, next to their mother, were the cynosure of the gaze of most of the women in the court room.

Prefers New Law.

Four were then summoned before the judge. During the examinations it developed that the accused wishes to be tried as the law now exists, rather than under the law as it existed when the crime was committed.

The new law passed by the last Legislature allows the jury at its discretion to send a prisoner, convicted of first degree murder, to the penitentiary for life instead of to the electric chair.