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The Third Phase of Great Fight Is on the Eve of Its Beginning

When Hostilities are Resumed Between the Allies and Germans the Conflict Will Eclipse All Previous Battles. French General Joffre Ready for Fray. German Squadron Sinks British Fishing Boats.

PARIS, Sept. 5.—The new eastward sweep of the German's right wing threatens to cut Paris off from south and east France. The French and British left, terribly harassed, has fallen back on the reserves and every effort is being made to strengthen the line before the Germans strike again. The Germans themselves have felt the effect of their rapid southward dash and are reported today to be bringing up fresh troops from the rear before the beginning of the third phase of the great battle which has lasted nearly three weeks. Three combined German armies which have crossed the Meuse have driven the French centre back a considerable distance and it is evident that when hostilities are resumed they will be on a scale eclipsing any previous conflict already taken place.

GERMAN SCOUTING PARTY REPORTED AROUND PARIS. PARIS, Sept. 5.—Scouting parties of German Uhlans are reported close to the outer ring of forts but there is no information here of the whereabouts of the German fighting wing other than to the east of Paris. A dispatch from Bordeaux today says that General Joffre informed the minister of war that he was in readiness to meet the supreme assault of the Germans. General Joffre said that he expected the fighting to begin at any moment. An official announcement says "The enemy is pursuing his turning movement. He continues to leave the entrenched camp of Paris on his right and to march in a southeasterly direction."

MESSAGES SAY GERMAN MOVEMENT IS DIVERTED. LONDON, Sept. 5.—An official communication from Bordeaux, now the seat of the French government, speaks of the German movement on Paris as having been diverted to the eastward before the invaders reached LaFere Sous Jouarre, thirty miles east of the city. This would seem to confirm the German announcement that the allied forces had been driven to and in some cases across the river Marne. According to other sources information that the German troops are much nearer Paris than has been indicated has been received. It is officially said that they are now Chantilly, twenty miles north of the capital. The Daily Mail's correspondent at Gisors, French town near Beauvais, estimated that a loss of the city, at forty thousand of the Germans two hundred thousand. He says a moderate estimate of the German losses is twenty per cent.

REPORTED THAT GERMANS SINK BRITISH BOATS. ROME, Sept. 5.—The Pres. Besuru announced tonight that the German squadron had sunk fifteen British fishing boats in the North Sea. The crew were taken to Wilhelmshaven as prisoners of war.

DISPATCH TELLS OF THE AUSTRIAN DEFEAT. ROME, Sept. 5.—Sergius Sazonoff, the Russian Foreign Minister has telegraphic the Russian Embassy here of the Austrian defeat near Lemberg. It is quite greater than at first appeared. The Austrians in retreating left on the battlefield besides 25,000 men, nearly 300 cannon, flags, ammunition, cartridges and thousands of horses. The minister adds that the Russians have also invaded Austria from Tomaszow. As a whole the Austrian division was practically annihilated. Among the killed were General in Chief and his staff. A large number of prisoners were taken, including several officers. RUSSIA LANDS 100,000 MEN TO HIGH GERMAN. ROME, Sept. 5.—Russia today landed an army of 100,000 men, 100,000 of whom are being sent to the front.

AUSTRIA NOW LOOKED UPON WITH SCORN. ROME, Sept. 5.—An official statement issued by the Russians says "At the beginning of the war Austria was our most serious enemy because with the exception of four army corps sent against Serbia, the entire Austrian army was directed toward Russia. Following Serbia's annihilation of the four army corps sent against her, we have already defeated an army of 200,000 between the Vistula and Dniester. The result is that ten Russian corps will now be sufficient to check Austrians leaving us twenty corps free to launch against Germany."

BRUSSELS IS QUIET. LONDON, Sept. 5.—A Reuters dispatch says Brussels is extremely quiet since most of the German army of occupation has been sent to the vicinity of Termonde, where fighting is going on. A higher German officer, lying wounded in a Brussels hospital, is quoted as having told his attending surgeon that the German army, in his opinion, would lose three-quarters of its effective force before capturing Paris. An unnamed German Prince is reported to have succumbed to his wounds. CORRESPONDENT DESCRIBES ADVANCE ON LEMBERG. LONDON, Sept. 5.—The Petrograd (St. Petersburg) correspondent of the Post, describing the Russian advance on Lemberg says "The Austrians were concentrating two more army corps toward the east of their position to face the Russian Kiev district army, but the Russians attacked before the concentration was completed. On Wednesday morning the Russians were established all around the northern, eastern, and half of the southern face of the capital. Lemberg stands high above the surrounding country, its obsolete defenses being supplemented by modern entrenchments. It would seem that the rout of the Austrian army, whose double duty it was to cover Lemberg and also the right flank of the Austrian forces in Poland, was so absolute that the Russians must have entered Lemberg at the heels of the runaways, for at 11 o'clock Thursday morning Lemberg was entirely in Russian possession. The military stores of every kind, explosives, powder magazines, complete wireless and telegraph installations, in short, the whole equipment of the important military center, fell intact into the hands of the victorious Russians. The capture of Lemberg, which was protected by thirty small forts, entailed a harder task, as the Russians were obliged to capture all the forts, and the Austrians made desperate resistance. The Russians have been fighting continuously for eight days after a previous week or ten days of marching. The fighting and marching troops of the Russian left wing covered nearly a 15 miles in seventeen days, capturing Lemberg on the 17th after two days of hard fighting. All the towns in Russia, with a German form of name, were changed to the Slav form. This is not due to the fact that Russia is at war with Germany, but in Russia's appeal to the inexorable tribunal of history against the avowed treaty, the inviolable nation consistently display a toward helpless redoubt. F. F. Uznal, has returned from short visit to his farm at Astoria.

WIVES OF BELGIAN SOLDIERS



Photo copyright, 1914, by American Press Association. They are shown lined up to get the allowance of about 10 cents a day from the government while their husbands are fighting.

FRENCH SAY IT'S "GOOD NIGHT" WITH THE GERMANS IF THEY GET IN OPEN FRANCE. Gives Graphic Description of Conditions on the Firing Lines.

"The More You Kill of Them The More There Are" Says Newspaper Man in France. Gives Graphic Description of Conditions on the Firing Lines.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The correspondent of the Reuter Telegram Company says: "On men, though cheerful, are angry at the continued retreat. They don't understand the necessity for it. They are all amazed at the unending numbers of the Germans. They say 'The more you kill of them the more there are of them, but if we ever get them in the open it's good night.' 'The fighting along the line of the German advance has been incessant and desperate. I saw a horse the other day in an officer's dragoon's hand. It was the only horse I had for sale, with the warning that the animal was not in the best condition. 'Hang it,' said the officer, 'he will last four days and that's about my average since the war began.' He had already had four horses shot under him. 'The war is very hard on the horses, and the condition of some of the poor beasts which I've seen passing southward toward Paris would better not be described. Nevertheless, the army is still fit in every sense of the word and its transports are intact and fills the road with a column of motor vans nearly 60 miles long.' 'The country through which the armies have passed is devastated. Dynamited bridges and tunnels mark the retreat of the allies, and blazing villages mark the advance of the Germans. 'The weather has been splendid. These nights of full moon have not been wasted by the Germans, who move forward by night as well as by day. Many kilometers have been gained on the road to Paris under the harvest moon. 'That the Germans are in a great hurry is evident. They advance regardless of risks and sacrifices. The speed at which they advance is the cause of constant wonder to people who know the country and the distances. 'At a village, which was full of troops a few days ago, attempt was made to halt them. The allied troops fell back, and save for the rear guard actions, the Germans seemingly marched from La Fere to the lines of Paris unopposed. 'The march of the German right

on Paris is notable for its staid course as well as its syclonic speed and force. Leaving Lille, Arras, Amiens, and Beauvais untouched, they have marched like an arrow's flight. 'In all the towns along the road the mobilization of the French territorial army is in full swing, and the trains are packed with reservists and recruits going to war, or with fugitives fleeing away from the war. 'Hunger, thirst, and the suffering from the heat are the lot of the fugitives in the over-filled trains from Paris to the coast. Even the cross channel steamers are so packed it is hard to fill one's lungs with sea air. 'The war is already giving birth to numerous stories of unknown origin, which are spreading like folk-lore legends. One of these is current fiction that the French armies carry so-called turpin powder, which is supposed to asphyxiate Germans by companies and by battalions. C. S. Attmore, Jr., is spending the week-end with relatives at Stonewall.

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YOUNG MAN IN SERIOUS TROUBLE

FORCED TO MARRY GIRL WHOM HE WRONGED, NOW WANT-ED FOR FORGERY.

KINSTON, Sept. 5.—Trouble in bunches has come to Frank Galloway an inmate of the Lenior county jail. An agent of the National Department of Justice, the local white slave officer and county authorities early in the week took Galloway out of a South Queen street barber shop where he was employed and gave him his choice of going to jail or getting married. Galloway, a well-dressed youth, became a bridegroom, after the register of deeds had held up Cupid's program for several hours until the permission of a St. Louis woman could be secured for Galloway to become her son-in-law. States Court first, and that he will then be required to answer to the forgery charge in South Carolina. The pathetic part of the little drama was that Mrs. Galloway refused to leave her husband. He declared he married her in good faith, and the girl's devotion was evidently genuine. She protested that she would kill herself if they were separated, and the Sheriff allowed her to share Galloway's cell in the jail here until he should be taken away.

DR. E. G. HARGETT HANDLES HOG CHOLERA.

(News and Observer.) Dr. E. G. Hargett, assistant State veterinarian, returned yesterday afternoon from Richlands, Onslow county, where he had been to assist in handling an epidemic of hog cholera. He says about twelve hundred hogs have already been lost in the Richlands section as a result of the epidemic. Serum is being administered freely, he says, and the outlook is some better.

LAW FIRM CHARGED WITH "FEE GRABBING" BY JUDGE.

Says McCall and Bennett Colleague With Magistrate Jones.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 5.—Charging in open court that the law firm of McCall & Bennett has colluded with Magistrate W. A. Jones Jr., Judge W. P. Brown of this city caused a sensation here when he talked of "fee grabbing" in the Superior Court. He declared that the Buncombe County Bar Association should oust the two attorneys who are members of the local legal firm. He charged that a client of his, whom he represented in the Superior Court on an appeal from the magistrate's tribunal, was adjudged guilty by Magistrate James, though the plaintiff was not court of the justice of the peace and no evidence was submitted to allow a judgement against his client. Mr. Bennett was in the court room at the time that Judge Brown made his charge and was called on for a statement by the speaker, but declined to answer.

SEVERAL CHANGES. New Faces Seen at Big Department Store.

Miss Sara Fuqua of Savannah, Ga., has arrived in the city and will be connected with the ladies ready-to-wear department of S. Coplon and Son's big department store. Miss Eul Eison of New York and Miss Grace Oglesby of Baltimore will be in the millinery department. Miss Eula Ewell of this city will be connected with the dress goods department. Jonas Levinson, of Goldsboro will be connected with the mens ready-to-wear department.

First Baptist. Morning service 11 a. m. Evening service 8 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Preaching by Rev. L. B. Padgett. The male quartet will sing Sunday evening. The Baraca Quartet will sing in the Sunday school. A cordial invitation is extended to all. A special invitation to visitors traveling men and all other persons.

SUPERIOR COURT BEGINS TOMORROW

JUDGE PEEBLES WILL PRESIDE OVER TWO WEEKS TERM.

The September term of Craven county Superior Court will convene tomorrow morning with Judge Peebles presiding. This will be a two weeks term of the disposition of jail and civil cases. There are a large number of both civil and criminal cases to be disposed of during this term, but only one murder case, this being against Clyde Kennedy, white, for the murder of L. W. Sarrilaudt early Sunday morning, August the ninth. Alex Curtis and Sid Gaudier will be also tried, for being accessories to the crime. Kennedy will make a desperate fight for his freedom. He has employed lawyers who are members of the New Bern bar, also one from Wilmington and one from Jacksonville, all of whom are able lawyers and will no doubt put up an able defense for their client. Solicitor C. E. Ibarrensky, will be assisted in the prosecution by Attorney D. E. [Name].

WAR INSURANCE BUREAU ORGANIZES

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY APPOINT THREE ON ADVISORY BOARD.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The Bureau of War Risk Insurance, recently created by Congress, with William C. De Lanoy of New York as director and J. Brooks B. Parker of Philadelphia as assistance director, was organized in the Treasury Department today. The Secretary of the Treasury appointed William Wallace of Boston, Hendon Chubb of Jersey City and William N. Davey of New York as an advisory board whose duty it shall be to fix the rate of premiums to be charged on vessels and cargoes engaged in the European trade. The bureau has been placed under the customs branch of the Treasury Department, a charge of assistant Secretary Andrew J. Peters. All applications for war risk insurance should be addressed to the director of the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C. The bureau will be ready to issue insurance

GRIFTON THE SCENE OF BLOODY FIGHT

ONE DEAD AND TWO WERE WOUNDED—ALL NEGROES.

A telephone message received last night from the Journal's Kinston representative told of the killing of Leland Morris and the wounding of Joe Daniels, colored, at Grifton late yesterday afternoon by Henry Waters, also colored. The killing grew out of a quarrel which occurred in a negro restaurant over the small sum of twenty cents. Waters escaped after emptying his revolver in the crowd but was later captured and taken to Kinston where he was placed in jail. During the attempt to make his escape Waters was wounded but not seriously. Just as soon as the necessary policies and forms can be prepared. This preliminary work is now being prosecuted and will be completed within a few days.