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Rig Champion of the Prize Ring Gets Beaten in Eighth Round.

A BLOODY AND TERRIFIC COMBAT

Both Men Put Up a Fair and Vigorous Battle For the Championship-Both Satisfied.

Ring-side, San Francisco, Special .-After fighting a battle of eight rounds that was fraught with brilliant and courageous work, Robert Fitzsimmons Friday night night forfeited his last claim upon the heavy weight championship. He was knocked to the floor by James Jeffries and counted out after he had so badly punished the chimpion that it was a foregone conclusion among the spectotors that the Cornishman must win. Bleeding from a number of cashes in the face, apparently weakening, and clearly unable to cope with Finzsimmons' superior skill, Jeffries delivered two lucky punches as Fitzsimmons paused in his fighting to sneak to him, and turned the tide. The battle was brief, but noteworthy, and will live in pugilistic history. Fitzsimmons tried once to rise from the mat, but sat down again in helplessness and heard himself counted out, where but a moment before he had aparently all the better of it. "I will never fight recovered to talk. "The fight was won fairly and to the best man belongs the

"You are the most dangerous man alive," said Jeffries, in return, "and I consider myself lucky to have won when I did."

Jeffries added: "I know Fitz had a cutting punch and would land it some time in the fight. He is certainly a wender. He is the greatest fighter at his weight that ever lived. As old as he is, he is the shiftiest and cleverest, the hardest-hitting man I ever met and I want to give him credit, as I know all who saw it will, for the great fight he put up. I have no plans for the immediate future."

Fitz said later that the blows that put him out were a left short arm jolt under the ribs and a right to the jaw. He added: "I fought in the way I did because my hands were gone when I entered the ring. I injured them . on Wednesday boxing with Hank Griffin. My right hand in particular was almost useless, I am confident now, even more so than ever, that in my first battle with Jeffries I was doped."

Dr. L. C. Cox, who has been summoned to attend the fighter, made an examination of the defeated pugilist. He announced that Fitz's ribs were not broken, but that his left side was badly bruised, the muscles being so constricted as to cause the Cornishman great

difficulty in breathing. Fitzsimmons had been fighting at a furious gait, cool and deliberate, and chopping the champion to pieces with the terrific rights and lefts that have made him famius. It was the draught horse and the racer from the tap of the gong. When the men came together Fitz. appeared rather worried, but upon the opening of the first round he assumed a confidence and fought with the deliberation of the general that he is. As early as the second round Fitz. had Jeffries bleeding profusely from mouth and nose. Again and again he landed on his bulky opponent, getting away in such a clever manner that brought down the house with cheers. It seemed indeed that Jeffries could scarcely weather the gale. In the eighth round the end came and under a series of hot exchanges Fitz, paused with his guard down and spoke to the champion. The latter's reply consisted of the two terrific blows that brought back to him the fleeing championship and forever removed the Veteran Fitz. from the fistic arena. Fitz. took his defeat with amazing good oncer. He walked to the centre of the ring and raising his hand addressed the multitude, saying: "The best man has won. Had L beaten Jeffries tonight I would have conceded him the championship and retired forever. I retire Just the same now, but without having accomplished my ambition. I am sat-

After the fight Champion Jeffries Was seen in his dressing room. He was jubilent over his success, despite the terrific scars of battle. He said to an Associated Press correspondent: "Well, I have won, just as I expected to. It was a fierce fight-the flercest I ever had-but I won. Yes I got a good beating, as far as the marks of battle count, but then I rather expected that." Ky.

SUICIDE OF DR. GRISSOM

Was For Many Years Superintendent

North Carolina Insane Asylum, Washington, Special.-Dr. Eugene Grissom, once well-known as an alienist and neurologist, committed suicide here Sunday at his son's home, by sending a bullet through his brain. Dr. Grissom had been dejected and morose for several weeks and had become physically and mentally weakened from the use of strong narcotics. He was a native of Granville county, N. C., served on the Confederate side until wounded during the civil war and afterwards was a member of the State Legislature. For 21 years he was superintendent of the North Carolina Insane Asylumn, at Raleigh, and gained a wide reputation as an allenist and lecturer. Before the American Medical Society he delivered a lecture entitled "The Borderland of Insanity," that attracted great attention. He was the author of "True and False Experts," a work devoted to showing the alleged inaccuracies of the expert testimony in insanity cases. Dr. Grissom was one time first vice president of the American Medical Society and several times presiding officer of the Association of American Asylumns. He was the president of the convention of 1886. He was a Mason of high degree. He was 71 years old.

Eleventh Week of Strike.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Special.-The beginning of the eleventh week of the anthracite miners' strike finds apparently no change in the situation, although the rumor has been revived azain said the battle-scarred veteran that an effort will be made some day of the ring when he had sufficiently this week to start up one of the collieries. The companies have a sufficient number of coal and iron policemen enlisted now to prevent trouble, should it arise, and all that would be necessary to get a mine in operation would be a sufficient number of miners and laborers to blast the coal and load it on the cars. No doubt plenty of ordinary laborers could be secured but it is a question whether the requisite number of miners could be persuaded to go into the workings.

> At strike headquarters the belief is as strong as ever that the operators cannot resume and that it is idle talk to even suggest such a thing. President Mitchell simply says that the situation is about the same and that the strikers are as firm as ever.

> Three hundred delegates, representing 10,000 Polish and Lithunian residents of the Wyoming Valley, met in convention here and after endorsing the strike, appointed a committee of 10 to visit New York, Philadelphia. Pittsburg, Buffalo and other large cities and solicit aid from the Polish and Lithunian people for their countrymen now on strike in the anthracite region.

Coal From Alabama to New Orleans.

New Orleans, Special.-Preparations are being projected by the Warrior River Coal and Transportation Company for beginning the transportation of coal by barge from the mines of the Warrior river in Alabama to this city by means of the recently constructed Lake Porgne Canal. The transportation company is incorporated under the laws of Connecticut and is capitalized at \$3,000,000. Mr. J. D. Risgle, president of the Warrior Paper Manufacturing Company, is president of the organization; ex-Governor Thomas M. Watler, of Connecticut, treasurer and attorney, and H. K. Waller, secretary. Mr. Oliver Gildersleeve, of the Gildersleeve Transportation Company, of New York, is one of the stockholders in the company.

Notes of News.

Henry F. King, a former resident of Baltimore, shot two Sisters of Charity at the New York City Foundling Hospital.

Gov. Robert M. La Follette, who was renominated by Wisconsin Republicans, in his speech attacked the friends of Senator Spooner.

A speaker in the North Carolina State Democratic Convention, at Greensboro, caused an uproar by denouncing ex-President Cleveland.

The inquest in the case of A. J. Latimer, who was fatally shot at his home in Prooklyn, developed the impression that his mysterious assailant was a friend of Mrs. Latimer.

President John Mitchell opposed a general strike and presented a new plan to the Indianapolis convention of coal miners.

William Ody, a negro who attempted to assault a young white woman, was burned at the stake near Clayton, Miss.

Joshua Anderson, white, who brutally murdered his wife, was hanged on the town scales at Owensboro,

SOUTHERN INDUSTRIAL

Two Large Mills.

Mollohan Manufacturing Co., of Newberry, S. C., expects to begin production by August 1. This company's plant has been under construction during the past year, and its first annual meeting of stocholders was held during the past week. Directors were elected as follows: Ja's. McIntosh, D. H. Wheeler, Geo. W. Summer, Z. F. Wright, C. E. Summer, Jas. M. McCaughrin of Newberry, Seth M. Miliken of New York, Edward F. Greene of Boston and E. B. Wilburn, who originated the enterprise. Geo. W. Summer is president: Mr. Wright, secretary, and Mr. Wilbur, vice-president, superintendent and manager. The company is capitalized at \$200,000, and its output will be fancy white goods. Buildings are all completed, and 11,000 spindles, 300 looms and a modern steam plant are about ready to operate.

Announcement was made recently that Dr. H. A. Ligon of Spartanburg, S. C., had decided to organize a \$200,000 cotton mill company. The enterprise is now entirely assured of establishment, and during this week the company obtained articles of incorporation under the title of Arcadia Mills. The encorporators met this week and elected the following directors: Messrs. H. A. Ligon, John B. Cleveland, E. D. Foster, G. M. Whitin, Smith of Glenn Springs, S. C., and T. E. Moore of Wellford, S. C. Messrs. C. R. Makepeace & Co. of Providence, R. I., have been appointed architects in charge of planning, erecting and equipping. The plant will have from 10,000 to 15,000 spindles. Dr. Ligon has been elected president and treasurer. The remaining necessary details are now under consideration.

Woodside Cotton Mills,

It was announced in May that Woodside Cotton Mills of Greenville, S. C., was to be organized, with capitalization of \$200,000, for building a cotton factory. No steps have as yet been taken to effect permanent organization but the company expects to do so in the near future. John T. Woodside is the active promoter of the enterprise. and will be its president, while J. D. Woodside will be treasurer. The incorporators include Messrs. J. L. Orr and J. H. Morgan, both presidents of cotton milis: G. A. Norwood, Hamlin Beattle and Henry Briggs, bank presidents, and other prominent business men of the city. Details are now under consideration, and will probably be announced soon.

A \$12 000 Enlargement

Berkley Knitting Mills of Berkley, Va., has decided to expend about \$12,-600 for improvements. The company begun the erection this week of an additional building 40x75 feet, two stories high, which increases floor space to a total of about 15,000 square feet. Fifteen additional knitting machines and sewing machines to suit will be installed, increasing capacity about 50 per cent., which makes the output between 600 and 700 dozen per day. A new boiler and engine house with new 60horse-power steam plant installed was completed recently. W. S. Bailie, Jr. is manager.

Lumber Notes.

The Mechanics' Lumber Co. has opened up a large warehouse at Little Rock, Ark., and will handle lumber, shingles, lath, sash, doors, blinds, etc. Mr. A. B. Beler has been appointed manager of the enterprise.

The Mahanah Lumber Co. of Brownsville, Tenn, has been chartered with a capital stock of \$10,000. The incorporators are Albert E. Mahanah, R. M nett and Mann Willis.

The Stone-Huling Lumber Co. erection of a large lumber plant and lumber sheds at Radford. If the enterprise is carried out it will contribute largely to the volume of business in that place.

It is stated that from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 oak staves for oil and whiskey barrels are now being shipped from Flemingsburg, Ky., to Ohio and Michigan. A large number of oak and walnut trees are also being cut and shipped.

Textile Notes,

Premier Cotton Mills of Helena, Ark., is now busily engaged installing machinery in its plant. The company is expending about \$75,000 to double the capacity of its mill. Announcement was made last March that the company had decided on this increased investment and had let contract for the improvements. The company will have 10,000 spindles operating when this installation is completed.

The second installment of machinery is arriving at Gainesville, Ga., for mill No. 4 of the Pacolet (S. C.) Manufacturing Co. It is being put up in position as rapidly as possible, and when all in place will give the company its original equipment as was designed. This latter is 50,000 ring spindles and 2,400 looms for manufacturing standard sheetings and drills. This branch mill represents a \$1,-000,000 investment.

Lumberton (N. C.) Cotton Mills held its semi-annual meeting this week, and the management reported that during the six months the plant has been in operation it has earned about 15 per cent. profit. The company is capitalized at \$75,000, and operates 5,000 ring spindles on the production of hosiery yarns.

The directors of Victor Cotton Mills of Charlotte, N. C., have passed a resolution advising a change in capital stock from \$150,000 to \$250,000. A meeting of stockholders has been called for August 12 to vote on this proposition. Probably enlargements are contemplated.

L. S. Roan and W. T. Roberts of Fairburn, Ga., have purchased Hutchison Manufacturing Co.'s cotton mill at Banning, Ca., and will continue the plant. Its equipment is 5,000 spindles for manufacturing wraps, varn and rope.

McComb City (Miss.) Cotton Mills is installing additional machinery, including 1,000 spindles, forty looms, intermediate, etc. Probably about \$15,-000 is being expended. The company has been operating 5,000 ring spindles and 180 looms.

Inman Cotton Mills, Inman, S, C. mentioned last week, was incorrectly reported as to number of spintles and looms. The plant will have 18,596 spindles and 444 looms, and its authorized capital is \$500,000. The nachinery will be driven by elec ri iter

William Cannon, a Birmingnam (Ala.) negro boy, confessed that he has murdered four negro babies.

A. E. Holton, United States District Attorney, was cowhided by N. Glenn Williams at Winston, N. C.

Two fine automobiles belonging to Lillian uRssell were burned at her summer home, Far Rockaway, L. I.

The first meeting of the new Balfour Cabinet was held in London. Earl Cadegan resigned as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Special Ambassador Whitelaw Reid made a speech at Liverpool, in which he told Britons not to fear American invaders.

The United States customs steamer Shearwater was wrecked in the Philippines, and 19 of the crew drowned.

Rear Admral Watson arrived at New York from London, where he went to represent the United States Army at the coronation.

John Willis Baer, the secretary of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, has tendered his resignation to take effect on October 1 and has accepted a position as assistant secretary of the Presbyterian board of home missions. Mr. Baer begins his new work in New York October 1.

The stogie manufacturers of Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, with one exception, have formed a trust, under a Delaware charter.

A \$5,000,000 Bank.

Chicago, Special.-American financiers are planning an international bank, with headquarters in New York and branches in Chicago, San Francisco, City of Mexico, Havana, Rio Janeiro and Buenos Ayres. According to President W. H. Hunt, of the Mexican Trust Company Bank, the institution Chambliss, G. B. Williams, J. H. Ben- will be known as the First International Bank of North America. Its capital will be \$5,000,000. The nucleus of the Bristol, Va., has in contemplation the enterprise is already in existence under the name of the Mexican Trust Company Bank, which has been in operation in the City of Mexico for one year.

Fire Ghief Overcome By Heat,

Owensboro, Ky., Special.-The plant of the Owensboro Planing Mill Company and the plant of the Continental Tobacco Company were destroyed by fire Wednesday. Loss, \$100,000. Chief of the Fire Department Alpert Tennes, was overcome by heat and is in a critical condition.

Serious Fire at Camden, S. C.

Columbia, S. C., Special.-The Columbia fire department has taken chemical engines and dynamite to stop the fire at Camilen. The loss at 1 relock was \$100,000 and relief had not arrived. The block containing the postoffice and bank is in flames and there seems no chance of saying any of the 15 business buildings in it.

FEARS FOR SAFETY.

Claimed That German Emperor Might Be Attacked

HE IS ASKED NOT TO VISIT POSEN

It is Thought, However, That the Emperor Will Decline to Change His Plans.

Berlin, By Cable.-Court Chamberlain Von Morawski, a Polish landed magnate, has appealed to Emperor William not to visit Posen during the army manoeuvres to be held in September, as His Majesty has planned to do. The chamberlain fears that some Polish fanatic might attempt to harm the Emperor. Racial feeling is described as at fever heat and several Berlin journals take the view that it would be unwise for the Emperor to expose himself unnecessarily.

It is scarcely likely that the Emperor will act upon Chamberlain Von Morawski's appeal, because His Majesty never permits himself to change his plans on account of the timidity of his advisers. He goes anywhere he thinks duty calls him; and, besides, it is his purpose to declare the government's Polish policy while in Polish territory and his giving up of personal supervision of the manouevres

would be unprecedented. The Polish question is regarded as the most pregnant in the government's domestic policy. While no observer believes the Polish agitation can really amount to much ultimately, it is embarrassing the relations with Austria and Russia. The Poles in Galicia enjoy local self-government and press privileges which are not in vogue in Prussian Poland, and continual contrasts are made in the Austrian press between the conditions existing Galicia and in the province of Posen that annoy this government and tend to weaken the Triple Alliance. Indications are not wanting that Russia is disposed to utilize the Polish passion by giving greater freedom to the Russian frontier a Prussian popu-

lation in sympathy with Russia. Count Von Bulow, the German imperial Chancellor, is well aware of the disagreeable features of the Polish agitation, and it is quite likely he will devise measures to quiet the extreme violence of the Polish feel-

Trouble at Paris.

Paris. By Cable .- A serious disturbance occurred Wednesday at 10:30 o'clock on the Terrance at Cafe de Musse de Cluny. The police cleared the cafe. Several persons were injured and 25 arrests made. Some disorderly meetings of Catholics were held during the course of the evening. resulting in scuffles and the making of arrests. The agitation provoked by the order of Prime Minister Combes to close the Congregationist schools recalls to some extent the scenes enacted when M. Ferry, then Premier, expelled the Jesuits in 1680. Demonstrations in favor of the nuns and the teaching friars are taking place in Paris and many places in the provinces, where the police presented themselves at the schools and ordered that the institutions be closed. Up to the present, however, no serious incident has been recorded.

Accused of Robbery.

Greensburg, Pa., Special-The climax in the alleged robbery of nearly a quarter of a million dollars in money and bonds from the venerable Jacob Byers was reached here when William S. Byers, a leading lawyer of the Westmoreland county bar and the Demoocratic nominee for Congress, was arrested on information containing three separate charges of larceny by bailee. and two of larceny. The information was made and sworn to by Jacob Byers, the reputed owner of the lost bonds and money, aged and infirm and who has been unable to rise for several weeks from what is believed to be his death-bed. The ball bond was fixed at the sum of \$250,000. Late tonight At-torney Byers had not secured bondse de la litory

Killed By a Woman.

Carbondale, Illa Special.-The Jaubet Brothers, who operated a small coal mine near Craville, were both shot to death at their home by the wife of one of the men. The tragedy resulted from an assault by the husband on his wife which was followed up by his brother after the former had been killed. The jury exonerated the wife.