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OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF POLK COUNTY.

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SUBSCRIPTION PRICE \$1.00 PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

VOL. IX.

COLUMBUS, N. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1903.

NO. 11.

LOWELL STRIKE ENDS

Long Fight of Mill Operatives Comes to a Close

TEXTILE COUNCIL DECLARES IT OFF

The Strike Began on March 30th, Involved 17,000 Workers and Cost Many Millions of Dollars.

Lowell, Mass., Special.—The textile council Sunday declared the great strike at the Lowell mills at an end. Every union affiliated with the council was represented and the vote was unanimous. Mule spinners and loom fixers were included in this vote. The meeting lasted an hour. There was no discussion. The situation was discussed carefully and with no suggestion of excitement. The vote showed every delegation favorable to a return to work at once. When asked for a statement, President Conroy said smilingly: "We now worship at the altar of defeat, but later we shall rise again and conquer."

Agent William Southwork, secretary of the agents, said: "It will be impossible to start the balance of the machinery so as to employ at once all who will come back. Running with an incomplete force for three weeks has disturbed the balance that usually exists between stock and prices in the various departments. A mill may have depleted stock in certain kinds of yarn and for that reason be unable to start all of its looms, even if the full complement of help is available. It is for the selling agents and the treasurers to decide, in view of the market, whether we shall attempt to run in full."

The strike began on March 30th, and involved about 17,000 operatives. The mills were shut down until June 1, when the agents opened the gates and the majority of the operatives went back to work. The strike has cost in wages about \$1,300,000.

It is understood that the agents will take back all the old help they have room for and will make no discrimination against the leaders of the strike movement. The high price of cotton precluded any hope of the success of the strikers' demand for a 10 per cent. increase.

War Against Mad Mullah

Simla, India, By Cable.—Major General Charles Comyn Egerton, who has been in command of the Punjab frontier forces since 1899, has been appointed to the command of the Somaliland expeditionary force which is operating against the Mad Mullah, superseding Brigadier General W. H. Manning.

General Manning who took command of the British expedition in Somaliland last November, after a reverse suffered by Colonel Swayne, has not proved successful in his campaign. Columns detached from the force have been badly mauled by the Mullah's followers, the most serious British defeat being the ambushing of Col. Plunkett's flying detachment of 208 men, with two maxims, on April 17, when Col. Plunkett, all his officers and practically the entire force were wiped out.

The last advice received in London, June 16, were to the effect that General Manning himself was surrounded and unable to assist Colonel Cabb, whose column was in a serious position at Callaby, and on half rations. One of the causes of the non-success of the expedition has been the cowardice of the native Somaliland regiment, of which so much was hoped when it was formed recently. Only a few days ago news came that the native camel corps had mutinied. The operations against the Mullah, who first raised the tribes against the British in 1899, have already cost \$2,000,000. A desire has been manifested to abandon the campaign, but in view of the predicament of General Manning's forces, it has been found necessary to order British troops in India, and when they arrive the British expedition in Somaliland consist of 800 British, 1,200 Indian, and native troops.

Safe Blower Blown Up

Noblesville, Ind., Special.—George Marvin, said to be from Chicago, is in the county jail here in a dying condition, as a result of an alleged attempt to blow the safe in a general store at Jolietville. Citizens of the village who were awakened by a terrible explosion found Marvin lying unconscious near the store, with one arm blown away from his body, otherwise so terrible mangled that he cannot live. When the citizens approached another man ran away, making his escape. The accidental dropping of a can of nitroglycerine was the cause of the explosion.

Resignation Accepted

Rome, By Cable.—The King has accepted the resignations of Interior Minister Giolitti and Marine Minister Bettele. Premier Sennardelli will take the interior portfolio ad interim, and Vice Admiral Merin will be Marine Minister. The other ministers have been confirmed in their present positions. A royal decree was issued today convening Parliament for June 25.

CLEVELAND NOT A CANDIDATE

New York World Publishes an Interview With the Ex-President.

New York, Special.—The World publishes a dispatch from Princeton, N. J., quoting former President Cleveland as saying: "It is perfectly absurd to suppose for an instant that I have any desire to re-enter public life. Nor have I remotely entertained the thought since I left Washington more than six years ago. The matter is as far from my thoughts as it was in 1896 when all must admit that it was not within my hearing or sight. I have no higher aspirations than to pass my days in peace with my family around me and to take no part in politics which any private citizen cannot take with utmost propriety."

"I have never spoken to anybody on the subject of a fourth candidacy. I have never written a single political friend one way or the other nor have I before been written to or spoken to by them. There is not a political leader of any prominence endeavoring to advance any movement to nominate me in any State, so far as I have been advised, nor do I anticipate that any such effort will be made by any leader, prominent or obscure, in any locality in the country."

"I have on several occasions within the year undertaken to perform the labor which usually falls to the private in the rear ranks but there has not lurked within me the hope of any reward save the consciousness of having made an effort to assist in bringing about salutary conditions in the party."

Could Not Agree

Jackson, Ky., Special.—The jury in the case of Jett and White, charged with the murder of Lawyer James K. Marcum, was discharged, having been unable to agree. At 8 o'clock the jury filed into the court room and Foreman Richard Millard said:

"Your Honor, we find no chance of coming to an agreement."

Judge Redwine said:

"I will keep you gentlemen until Saturday night, unless you get a verdict sooner. There is no reason why a verdict should not be reached in this case."

Foreman Millard said:

"One man has as much right to his opinion as another, and may stick to it."

It is believed from this that there was only one man between a verdict and it is conceded that only one juror then was for conviction. It is said the question of punishment had not been considered.

Later the jury again reported that it was unable to agree, and shortly after 9 o'clock it was discharged, so there will be another trial.

The dominant faction evidently expected acquittal. There was at least one juror who held out against this.

The scene after the announcement was in no wise exciting. Some who started to clap their hands were stopped by the court. The guards took immediate possession of the prisoners and they were closely guarded back to jail. People gathered around the court house discussing the case, but there was no disturbance or outward sign of trouble.

Attorney Byrd, after consultation, made a motion for a change of venue. Judge Redwine refused to hear arguments but of his own accord changed the venue to Cynthia, Harrison county, at the next term of court. Cynthia is not in Judge Redwine's district. He surprised the spectators by at once ordering the prisoners sent to Lexington under a detachment of soldiers accompanied by Elisor Jones.

The Battleship Muddle

The battleship Galveston, which was almost completed at the Trigg ship yards at Richmond, Va., was seized by order of the State court to satisfy creditors. A Washington special of Friday says: The time of the cabinet meeting was consumed in large part by the consideration of the legal questions involved in the decision of the United States government to disavow the decision of the court of Virginia and seize the incomplete gunboat Galveston at the Trigg shipyards in Richmond.

Trains Crash

Bristol, Special.—At the Bluff City crossing of the two railroads at Bristol late Monday night a freight train on the Southern railway plunged through a Virginia and Southwestern freight train. One engine was derailed and turned over and several cars were wrecked. The crew of the Southern train jumped to safety. No one was injured.

THE INVESTIGATION

Into the Postal Frauds Made Public by the Department

INTERESTING FACTS GIVEN OUT

Developed That Wholesale Stealing Has Been Going on Through Many Years.

Washington, Special.—Postmaster General Payne's instructions to Mr. Bristow, in regard to the charge of Seymour Tolloch, former cashier of the Washington City postoffice, regarding the irregularities in the postal administration, and also reports of the inspection and investigation of the Washington postoffice by inspectors between June 30, 1899, and July 31, 1900, together with the transcript of the Tolloch charges made some years ago and the conclusion thereon then reached by Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith. These papers constitute by far the most significant documents yet made public as a result of the sweeping postal investigation. The reports show the existence of many irregularities during the period involved. The inspector who investigated the irregularities reports that the files of the postoffice cashier show direct orders from superior authority for the disbursement of all the questionable items cited. The inspector urged "that the responsibility for the many illegal appointments, the payment of two salaries to one and the same person and the disbursement of the thousands of dollars for which practically no service was performed, should be placed where it properly belongs and the many abuses corrected."

In a summary of the several reports the Postmaster General says: "The charge of Mr. Tolloch is in its essence against President McKinley and Postmaster General Smith. President McKinley is no longer living; Postmaster General Smith, who carried out President McKinley's policy, has answered for himself. With regard to the present management of the Washington postoffice and the conduct of any and all men charged with wrong-doing who have been in the postal service under the present administration, a thorough and searching investigation is now being made."

The Postmaster General also says: "It will be seen that the whole subject was taken up by Postmaster General Smith and investigated by him. All expenditures referred to were allowed by the Auditor and Comptroller, with the exception of \$160."

Metcalf Dismissed

Washington, Special.—As a result of alleged indiscretion in matters pertaining to the award of contracts for printing the money order forms of the government, James T. Metcalf, for many years superintendent of the money order system of the Postoffice Department, was on Wednesday removed from office by the Postmaster General. A full investigation of the case will be made later. The dismissal is the result of acts of Mr. Metcalf in opposition to the bid of Paul Herman, of Rutherford, N. J., the lowest bidder by \$45,000 and in favor of the next highest bidder, the Kynkop-Hallenbeck-Crawford Company, of New York, of which Mr. Metcalf's son is an employee. The story is briefly told in the letter of dismissal signed by Postmaster General Payne.

Navy Appointments

Washington, Special.—After a conference with the President, Secretary Moody announced the following appointments to the navy, all of the appointees being from New York: Capt. Chas. E. Rice to be chief of bureau of steam engineering upon the retirement of George W. Melville in August next, Pay Director Henry T. Harris to be paymaster general upon retirement of Rear Admiral A. S. Kenney, Lieut. Col. George F. Elliott to be commandant of the marine corps when Major General Charles Heywood retires next fall. Col. Elliott is a native of Alabama. He is now in command of the marine barracks at Norfolk.

Jews Attack an Editor

St. Petersburg, By Cable.—Kroushevan, the notorious Jew hater and the editor of the Anti-Semite organ in Kischneff, the Bassarabets, the articles in which are believed to have been largely responsible for the massacre of the Jews in Kischneff, was attacked by a party of Jews in the street here. He was stabbed in the neck by one of the Jews. The wound is not believed to be fatal. His assailant was captured and proved to be a former student of the polytechnic school at Kieff.

Evidence Secured

It is now said that District Attorney Jerome, of New York, in person, secured the first evidence against Richard Canfield's splendid gambling house in East 44th street. Disguised in a white wig and pretending to be an elderly visitor from California he obtained admission to the place and still retains some of the chips he bought on the evening of his visit.

LIVE ITEMS OF NEWS.

Many Matters of General Interest in Short Paragraphs.

Down in Dixie.

Judge Emory Speer instructed the Federal grand jury at Macon, Ga., to investigate charges that a peonage system prevails in Georgia.

The jury in the Marcum murder trial, at Jackson, Ky., reported its inability to agree, but was sent back to deliberate.

A Raten, N. M., dispatch says: "Five men were killed by an explosion which wrecked mine No. 2 of the Raten Coal and Coke Company, at Blessburg, N. M."

A Lexington, Va., dispatch says: "The commencement exercises of the Virginia Military Institute began Sunday. The battalion inspection was the feature of the day. The board of visitors approved the reports of the heads of departments."

Christopher Davis, living near Hemlock, Ashe county, N. C., in a supposed fit of insanity is reported to have killed Levi Barker with an axe and badly wounded Alfred Barker and the wife of Davis.

At The National Capital.

It is said the President has urged the District Attorney to expedite the preparation of indictments in the Postoffice Department investigation.

The Attorney General has advised Secretary Moody that, if necessary, he can use force for the removal of the Galveston from the Triggs' shipyard, Richmond.

Booker T. Washington asked the President's advice on Lord Gray's invitation that the negro investigate racial conditions in South Africa.

At The North.

Arbitrators have settled the difficulty between the Webster Coal Company and its employees, of Altoona, Pa.

The suit of Isidor Wormser to break the Metropolitan Interurban Railway deal in New York elicited some testimony relating to alleged blackmail.

The funeral of Miss Helen Bishop, victim of a criminal assault, was held in Wilmington, Del.

The third floor of a building in New York occupied as a box factory caved in, burying about 30 persons in the debris.

A Glasgow, Mont., dispatch says: "News has reached this city that Jas. McKinney, the last of the Glasgow fugitives, was shot to death after he had made an ineffectual attempt to kill Miss Darnell, who had discovered the outlaw hiding in her father's house."

The gold output of Alaska, \$40,000,000 per year, will be greatly increased by the early building of a new railroad from the southern coast at Resurrection Bay, northward to the Tana river, definite announcement of which was made here today.

Ten thousand textile strikers in Philadelphia held a street parade and mass meeting.

At a celebration of Bunker Hill day in Boston the Liberty Bell and "John Brown's Bell" were carried in a parade.

From Across The Sea.

Servia's new King is expected to reach Belgrade on June 24.

In Russia's note of congratulation to King Peter I of Servia he was strongly urged to punish the assassins of King Alexander and Queen Draga.

An explosion of lyddite wrecked the Woolwich arsenal in England and killed 14 persons.

Brazil and Bolivia have arranged a modus vivendi in the Acre dispute until October 1.

The Socialists, according to complete returns of the German elections, elected 54 members of the Reichstag. Dr. Lappoll, the physician at the Vatican, says the Pope is "wonderfully well," considering his age.

United States Ambassador Tower will give a dinner to the German Emperor during the coming naval maneuvers at Kiel, toward which port Rear Admiral Cotton's squadron sailed.

A Berlin dispatch says: "The United States European Squadron arrived at Nyberg, Island of Fuen, Denmark, Saturday, and will remain there until Tuesday. The warships will anchor at Kiel Tuesday afternoon."

Miscellaneous Matters.

Lick Observatory observers have found that the variable star Omicron Ceti is undergoing extraordinary fluctuations.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Sage, of New York, planned a mausoleum at Troy, N. Y., to cost \$30,000.

President Vreeland, of the Metropolitan system, and J. H. Schiff testified in New York in the suit of Isidor Wormser to break the Metropolitan Interurban Railway deal.

The one hundred and forty-seventh commencement of the University of Pennsylvania was held in Philadelphia.

Senator Hoar addressed the students at the University of Iowa commencement.

David M. Parry, president of the National Manufacturers' Association, reports that a company is to be formed to insure employers against labor strikes.

President Roosevelt regards the settlement of the differences between the coal miners and the operators in Pennsylvania as a vindication of his policy in intervening last year.

The President has appointed Col. George F. Elliott commandant of the Marine Corps, to succeed Maj. Gen. Charles Heywood.

Postmaster General Payne dismissed from the service of the Government James T. Metcalf, superintendent of the money-order division of the Postoffice Department.

The report of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow on the charges of S. L. Tulloch against the administration of the Washington Postoffice was made public.

Czar Nicholas' telegram to King Peter of Servia is regarded as saving the Belgrade assassins from punishment.

President Castro granted a concession for part of the Bermudez asphalt lake to Findlay Brown, of Philadelphia.

M. Kroushevan, editor of an anti-Semitic paper at Kischneff, was attacked on a street in St. Petersburg, it is alleged, by Jews.

Guilty of Murder.

Omaha, Special.—The jury in the case of Line Linnier, Company I, Twenty-fifth Infantry, charged with the murder of Sergeant Robert Yours, of the same company, has brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree, but eliminating the sentence of capital punishment. The verdict under United States laws carries with it imprisonment for life. The killing occurred at Fort Niebarr, Neb., April 17, 1903.

Serious Collision.

Boston, Special.—The battleship Massachusetts, which left here Saturday afternoon for New York, was in collision, 27 miles southeast by east of Boston lightship with the schooner, Martha T. Thomas, of Thomaston, from Appalachicola, with lumber. Captain Watts, of the Thomas, says the battleship struck his schooner a glancing blow on the starboard side, tearing off the main chain plates, carrying away rails and damaging some planking.

Ex-Postmistress Arrested.

Baltimore, Special.—Dora Campbell, 26 years old, formerly postmistress of Maysville, Ga., was arrested here on the charge of embezzlement of postal funds. She resigned her position in Maysville, it is said, last May, and came here for treatment at a hospital, where she registered as Dorothy Horn-don. Miss Campbell is held at police headquarters for the action of the United States authorities.

Charged With Poisoning Husband.

Knoxville, Special.—James Lovely, a young man of LaFollete, Tenn., near here, died a few days ago. Some apprehension was caused as to his death and a post-mortem examination was ordered by the coroner. The physicians reported and the jury returned a verdict that Lovely had died of poison. Mrs. Lovely was arrested. The case will be taken up by the Campbell county grand jury, now in session. Lovely had been married but three weeks and three days when he died.

Chicago Strike Settled.

Chicago, Special.—An amicable adjustment of the hotel and restaurant strike here was reached and the strikers will return to work Friday morning, after two weeks of idleness. All differences between employer and employees are to be settled by arbitration. The obstacle, which for the past week has prevented a settlement, the demand of the joint board of the strikers that union workers only be employed, was waived by the strikers.

Convicted For Receiving.

New York, Special.—Robert A. Ammon was convicted of feloniously receiving stolen money, the proceeds of the 250 per cent. Franklin syndicate. The amount specifically stated in the indictment was \$30,500. The jury was out just 51 minutes. Ammon took the verdict nonchalantly. Just before he was taken back to his cell he said: "Well, I have got as much nerve with me as Miller had."

Sunday Riots.

Paris, By Cable.—Several riots arising out of collisions between clericals and anti-clericals are reported from several towns in the provinces in connection with religious processions. At Brest an anti-clerical mob attempted to seize the host from the hands of the priest as the procession was about to re-enter the cathedral. A free fight ensued, in which 15 persons, mostly women, were injured. Less serious troubles occurred at Nantes and Angiers.

New Mexico and Arizona.

The population of New Mexico exceeds that of Arizona by about 73,000, being 195,310. Of that number 166,946 are whites.

BURNED AT STAKE

Fate of a Negro at Wilmington, Delaware, Charged With Assault

THE WORK OF AN INFURIATED MOB

He Was Taken Out By a Mob of Two Thousand Men, Shot to Pieces and Body Burned.

Wilmington, Del., Special.—A mob of a couple thousand Monday attacked the county work house where George White, the negro, was held on a charge of assaulting and killing Helen Bishop, on Monday last. The guards defended the place and a boy and a man, members of the mob, shot a fusillade for a time between the men and the guards. Four members of the mob are said to be shot, but in the confusion it is impossible to obtain the names except that it is known that Peter Smith, aged 17, was shot in the back. So far as known, none of the guards was injured.

The negro was taken from the work house by the mob, who started with him for Price's corner, the scene of the assault and murder. The mob has cut all wires leading to Wilmington, which is five miles from the work house and at this writing it is difficult to obtain reliable information. The mob said they would burn the prisoner at Price's corner.

The negro was taken to the scene of the crime. He there confessed to having assaulted that girl. He was then burned at the stake and his body riddled with bullets.

The crime for which White was lynched was one of the most revolting in the criminal annals of Delaware. The victim, Miss Helen S. Bishop, daughter of the Rev. E. A. Bishop, D. D., superintendent of the Ferris Industrial School, would have been 18 years old next October. She was a student of the Wilmington High School, and was on her way home from the school last Monday, when she was attacked. The industrial school, which is four miles from here, where her parents made their home, is about three quarters of a mile from Price's corner, where the girl usually left the trolley car when she came from school. Late Monday afternoon a farmer working in the field saw a young woman stagger and fall in the road. She got up and fell again and then she tried to crawl. The farmer and his sons went to her assistance, but when they reached the girl she was lying unconscious in the road. They found her to be Miss Bishop. She had three ugly gashes in her throat, her body was torn in many places. In one hand she clutched a small pen knife which she used at school, in sharpening pencils. There was every evidence that Miss Bishop had made a desperate resistance in defense of her honor and her life. The wounded girl was taken home and died the next afternoon without regaining consciousness.

The entire neighborhood was almost instantly aroused, a man hunt was immediately instituted. Suspicion was soon fastened on George F. White, a negro, just out of the work house, and who was engaged as a laborer on the farm of Edward Woodward, near the scene of the assault. White was found in bed that same night and when taken into custody denied all knowledge of the crime. He was identified by several persons, who said they saw him in the vicinity. A knife which Mr. Woodward said belonged to him was found where the girl was assaulted. The negro was brought to Wilmington, but was later transferred to the work house, where the police thought he would be safe from mob violence.

Mills to Shut Down

Eufaula, Ala., Special.—Owing to the unsettled condition of the market and the scarcity of cotton, the management of the Eufaula Cotton Mills have decided to close the plant until September 1. During the intervening time the machinery will be thoroughly overhauled.

Track Nearly Cleared

Asheville, Special.—Officials of the Southern Railway here having just come in from the Saluda Mountain landslide on their track near Molise, say that they have a great force of hands at work clearing away the debris. General Passenger Agent Hardwick thinks that at the present rate through trains should pass the slide by Thursday.

A Crazy Student

Washington, Special.—John H. Henselman, Jr., a student at Ann Arbor University, who apparently is suffering from overstudy, is detained here by the police pending the arrival of his father from Covington, Ind. The young man arrived in the city and attracted attention at his hotel by distributing tips of five-dollar bills to the waiters. It is understood he wrote a letter addressed to President Roosevelt threatening that unless the latter's influence was used to further certain alleged inventions and land deals of magnitude two or more men would be killed.