

### ELIAS CASE DISCHARGED.

#### Old Man Platt's Memory Almost Fails Him as Witness on Stand.

New York, June 11.—Hannah Elias was discharged late yesterday on motion of District Attorney Read, acting for District Attorney Jerome, at the conclusion of the testimony of John R. Platt, the aged millionaire who caused her arrest for extortion. Mr. Platt proved a disappointing witness. The questions bearing directly on the charge on which the woman's arrest had been made, he answered repeatedly, "I don't know." His helpless case and his apparently unreliable memory surprised those who attended his examination. He did not remember whether he had given Hannah Elias large sums of money during the past ten years, as charged and did not remember signing certain of the papers in connection with his charges against her. The ordeal was a trying one for the aged man, and his replies became scarcely audible toward the last. As soon as he had left the witness chair, Assistant District Attorney Rand said: "Your honor, I think the parties to this miserable scandal ought to be allowed to stew in their own grease. There is no evidence before you that will possibly serve to hold this woman on a charge of extortion. I request that she be discharged." The magistrate thereupon discharged the woman. Immediately afterwards she was rearrested on a writ in the civil suit originally brought against her by Mr. Platt to recover \$658,000. She was released a few minutes later on a \$20,000 bail and was escorted by two detectives through the crowded corridors of the criminal court building to her carriage.

### Buncombe County Ticket.

The democracy of Buncombe county held a large convention last Saturday and named the following ticket:  
For State Senator—Charles A. Webb.  
For Representatives—J. D. Murphy, J. Frazier Glenn.  
Board of Education—Jason Ashworth, Julius C. Martin, R. J. Gaston.  
Board of County Commissioners—M. L. Reed, J. F. Wells, C. P. Weaver, M. S. Glenn, R. C. Clayton.  
Sheriff—J. Henry Reed.  
Register of Deeds—A. B. Fortune.  
Tax Collector—J. Kelly Chambers.  
Treasurer—T. L. Duckett.  
Croner—Dr. W. E. Hemphill.  
Surveyor—A. H. Starnes.

### Bar Association Meets in Charlotte, June 20-22.

The sixth annual meeting of the North Carolina Bar association will be held at the Colonial club in the city of Charlotte on June 20 to 22, 1904. The association will convene at 8:30 o'clock, p. m., on Monday June 20, and will be called to order by the chairman of the executive committee, F. A. Woodard, of Wilson, and the sessions will be presided over by W. D. Pruden of Edenton, president of the association. The speech of welcome will be made by W. C. Maxwell of the Charlotte bar. The response will be delivered by Robt. W. Winston of Durham. The annual address will be delivered by Hon. Burton Smith of Atlanta. Capt. Chas. Price of Salisbury, will deliver an address entitled, "What Constitutes a Lawyer?" Robert C. Strudwick of Greensboro, will deliver an address on "Law and Lawyers in Washington State." Julius C. Martin of Asheville will deliver an address entitled "Supervision of Quasi-Public Corporations."

### Married Women. A. B.'s.

The question of the marriage of women college graduates is constantly receiving the attention of educators. A table compiled by Secretary Arthur E. Bestor, of the alumni association of the university of Chicago, shows that for the past ten years only nineteen per cent of the total number of women graduates have married since their graduation. On the other hand over fifty three per cent have become teachers. The report shows that since the policy of segregation was inaugurated the percentage of marriages has dropped to practically nothing, while the percentage of teachers has increased in proportion. The first class of the women graduates out of a possible three. The next highest is the class of 1896 with a total of thirty-three per cent of marriages. Since then the percentage has been growing smaller. This may be accounted for by the fact that these graduates have had less opportunity to get married, but the number of teachers has increased at enormous rate.

It has been noticed that on moving day the Russians army was in van.

### KNOX NOT AGREEABLE.

#### Republicans Say Appointment Was Influenced by Corporations.

Pittsburg, June 10.—The appointment of Knox as senator, has raised a storm in western Pennsylvania. Charges are made here that corporations had Governor Pennypacker to make the appointment. It is rumored that the Standard Oil Company, the United States Steel Corporation and the Pennsylvania railroad, dictated the appointment. Bank officials say that the appointment was dictated by President Roosevelt. Many republican leaders are disgruntled.

### RURAL CARRIERS PAID BY MILE

#### Mr. Bristow Announces New Plan of Regulating Salaries of the R. F. D. Carriers

Washington, June 7.—Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow has announced that the salaries of the rural free delivery mail carriers will be adjusted on the basis of the number of miles traveled. Further than this Mr. Bristow would not discuss the adjustment, which is now being made in the classification of the carriers. The postmasters throughout the country will be notified as to the adjustments in their respective offices. The following statement regarding the outside business privileges of the rural carriers was issued at the postoffice department yesterday, and the order will be promulgated at once by the postmaster general:

Under the law rural carriers are not permitted to solicit business for person, firm or corporation, and cannot during the hours of their employment, carry any merchandise for hire, except that they may carry merchandise for hire for and at the request of patrons residing on their respective routes, provided the same shall not interfere with the proper discharge of their official duties, and under such regulations as the postmaster general may prescribe.

Under this provision of law no mailable matter may be handled by rural carriers while serving their routes, unless the proper postage has been prepaid, with the single exception of county newspaper, which under the law, are permitted to be carried free throughout the county in which they are published, to actual subscribers, residents on rural routes, must be deposited at the postoffice, the same as papers for other subscribers.

The hire for merchandise carried on request of the patron of rural free delivery must be paid by the patron. Carriers will not be permitted to receive any compensation from the seller of such merchandise. Articles or packages that are not mailable, which the patrons desire the rural carrier to carry, must be delivered to the carrier in person, and in carrying merchandise for hire rural carriers are not permitted to leave their routes as officially laid out or to accept anything that will be any way delay the delivery of the mail or in any way interfere with the efficiency of the service.

### Crawford for Elector.

The unanimous and spontaneous endorsement of Hon. W. T. Crawford in the county convention last Monday for Presidential elector for the 10th Congressional district, when his friends knew that he did not want it, evinces unmistakably two things. First, that the democracy of Haywood county has that old time confidence in Mr. Crawford as a man and as a leader, and that he is just as strong with that democracy today as he ever has been. Secondly, it shows that the democracy is looking to Mr. Crawford to take the lead. For many democrats believe, and not without reason, that his acceptance of this honor—and task, for it is a task with no emoluments attached—would add strength to the democratic ticket. If, however, the congressional convention at Hendersonville, June 21, should be of the opinion that it would be best to select some other man, it would be perfectly agreeable to Mr. Crawford, who has been elector before and who does not desire the place. But whenever and wherever made, he has never failed to answer democracy's call, and will serve willingly in any capacity which the party may desire.—Courier.

### Speaker Cannon Will Not Accept.

Washington, June 10.—"I decline the nomination. The clerk will call the roll again for nominations for vice president." This is a statement of what he will do at the Chicago convention, made today by Speaker Cannon, when asked the direct question. "What will you do if the convention nominates you despite your objections?" "Do the same thing again," he replied.

### FOUR TAR HEELS ELIGIBLE.

#### One Hundred and Twenty Candidates Pass the Examination.

Montreal, June 7.—Dr. Parkin has received at McGill University the report of Oxford examiners upon the papers of candidates examined on April 13th and 14th throughout the United States. Altogether 120 candidates have passed from the different States and Territories of the Union and thus become eligible for selection as Rhodes scholars. They include:

- Alabama—James H. Kirkpatrick.
- Arkansas—Neil Caruthers.
- Georgia—R. P. Brooks, T. H. Wade.
- Kentucky—Clarke Tandy.
- Louisiana—Ralph C. Manly, A. K. Reed.
- North Carolina—William W. Arrowood, Thomas P. Sprunt, Henry Trantham, J. Horner Winston.
- South Carolina—Wilson P. Mills, Eugene S. Towler, W. H. Verner.
- Tennessee—John A. Harding, G. C. Scoggins, John J. Tigert.
- Texas—Stanley R. Aahby, Louie N. Bromberg, Newton J. Marshall, Harry P. Steger.
- Virginia—A. Paul Bagby, H. Lewis Brown, W. A. Fleet, Beverly D. Tucker.

### BREESE FOR SENATOR IN 34th

#### Transylvania Democrats Adopt Strong Resolutions Endorsing Him

The following resolution was adopted at the convention of the Democratic party of Transylvania County in convention assembled on June 11th, 1904.

"Whereas Transylvania is one of four counties comprising the 38 Senatorial District of North Carolina and"

Whereas Transylvania County has not been given a senatorial candidate for more than 18 years but has given loyal and enthusiastic support to the nominee from her associate counties and"

Whereas at last senatorial convention a motion was made and carried recommending the rotation of the said nomination and acknowledging the fairness of Transylvania's claim;

Therefore, be it resolved by the county convention of the Democratic party of Transylvania county that we earnestly appeal to delegates to the coming senatorial convention for this Senatorial district soon to assemble that they give the nomination to Transylvania's nominee, W. E. Breese Jr. of Brevard, the unanimous choice of Transylvania county for the said nomination, a man whose ability is unquestioned and whose Democracy has been abundantly tested and who is capable of representing this district with honor, benefit and dignity.

### Senator Bailey for Parker

Washington, June 7.—Senator Bailey of Texas has returned from New York where he has been for two or three days with his youngest son, who is undergoing treatment. Senator Bailey will leave for Texas June 7, and will attend the Democratic State convention that will be held at Houston June 21.

The senator expressed surprise at the reports printed in some of the New York papers of yesterday, describing the conference held at the Holland House between Senator Gorman, ex-Senator Smith of New Jersey, Col. Guffy of Pennsylvania, and Senator Bailey.

Senator Bailey knows nothing about such a conference. He said to-day that he has never in the Holland House, that he did not see Senator Gorman while in New York; that he saw ex-Senator Smith just long enough to exchange greetings and that he has not seen Col. Guffy for more than a year. Senator Bailey said that he did not discuss politics while in New York, and that if he had there would have been no departure from what he said some time ago regarding the nomination of a Presidential candidate at St. Louis. Senator Bailey has declared a preference for Judge Parker, and thinks Texas should and will be instructed for him.

In his last stump speech in Congress General Grosvenor declared that "the hysterical cry of imperialism has been laughed out of court by the people as unworthy of consideration." Has the fact been laughed out of sight that imperialism has thus far cost the people about \$800,000,000 with no dividends either on Republican preferred stock or "Steal Com."

### CHRIST'S SECOND COMING.

#### A Rochester Band Gets Ready for the Millenium.

Firm in the conviction that within a year or so Christ will again visit the world, a band calling itself the Society of Christian Brethren has recently taken up its abode in Rochester, here to work and watch and pray for the millennium.

There are seventy-two persons in the band, comprising thirty-one families. The Christian Brethren have been working in the south and West for several years, although not very much has been known about them in the east.

The originator and leader of the Christian Brethren faith is Capt. L. T. Nicholas, who was born in Indiana in 1844. He makes no pretense to divine inspiration. He is tall and slender, and has a kindly face, with a surprisingly high forehead.

Bushy, dark curly hair, turning gray, covers his head, and a scraggly beard, not so patriarchal as Dowie's, conceals his firm set lips. He talks in a low, soft, well modulated voice.

The brethren have not started their campaign in Rochester yet. They are waiting for the spring. Then they will begin work. They propose to go up and down the canal, from one end of the state to the other, and sound the warning to the people. New York city will be visited, although Capt. Nicholas seems to be a little timid about advancing on wicked Gotham after the hippodrome performance of Elijah Dowie.

The band has rented a large, old-fashioned house on East avenue, the most stylish residence street in the city. It will remain here until spring, when it will remove to a four acre plot of ground purchased on the outskirts of the city.

Carpenters, masons, bricklayers and other tradesmen are included in the band, and they will erect the buildings needed for their accommodation. That the brethren have money is shown by the fact that they paid \$7,500 for the land and assumed a \$4,500 mortgage.

The society is not organized on the communistic principle. It is said that there is nothing in common among them except ideas and religious work.

Each man has his own property and his own bank account, earns his own living and is obliged to rely upon himself for a livelihood. Each family has a room entirely to itself, and as far as possible each family has a cook stove and a complete housekeeping establishment of its own.

The society has strict rules concerning the manner in which its members shall live. They may not use in any form tea, coffee, lard, pork, pie, cake, tobacco or liquor. Some of these things are forbidden because they are considered unhealthy, others because they are luxuries and others because they are sinful.

They kill their own beef and mutton and dress it, because they say that then they know it is clean. They never buy meat at a market. The exact date of the beginning of the millennium is put at 1941. They say that it will take Christ forty years to subdue the rebellious and wicked kingdoms of the earth, so that according to their calculations the Lord is now apparently due.

But Capt. Nichols has discovered that in reality the world is now living in 1897, and that the present calendar is seven years ahead of the true date. He therefore says that the millennium will begin in 1948 by the present calendar, although 1948 will in reality be only the year 1941.

Capt. Nichols establishes the date of the millennium by the Bible. In the first place, the words of the Bible, "A day with the Lord is as a thousand years," are pointed out. The next reference is made to the commandment, "Six days shalt thou labor, and the seventh," etc.

The millennium, argues the Christian Brethren, is to come with the first Sunday on God's calendar after the creation of man. The problem, then is to figure out the exact time that has elapsed since the creation of man to the present day.

Capt. Nichols has taken the account of "Abraham begat Isaac" straight down through the whole narrative. He has figured out the time that has elapsed from the statement made of the duration of these men.

The table of dates that the Christian Brethren have finally figured out is as follows:

	Years
From the Creation of Adam to the flood.....	1,656
From the flood to the offering up of Isaac.....	422
From the offering up of Isaac to the giving of the law by Moses to the people on Mount Sinai.....	330
From the giving of the law of Moses to the end of the wanderings in the Wilderness.....	40
From the end of the wanderings in the Wilderness to the close of the few years of the subjugation of Canaan.....	5
From the subjugation of Canaan to the end of the rule of Judges from the rule of Judges to the end of the reign of Kings.....	150
From Kings through captivity under the Babylonians.....	503
From the year of the return from captivity to the birth of Christ.....	70
From the birth of Christ.....	483
Total.....	4,059

Thus, say the Christian Brethren, 4,059 years is the time that had elapsed from the creation of man to the birth of Christ, and 1,941 years after the birth of Christ, or the year 6,000, is the period that they have settled upon as the date of the millennium.

### NOTED GEORGIAN DIES IN N. C.

#### Judge Turner Excongressman Dies While on Visit to N.C.

Raleigh, June 9.—Hon. Henry G. Turner, who a month ago resigned the justiceship of the Georgia supreme court, on account of ill health, died suddenly here, of kidney trouble, after 2 o'clock this morning, aged 65 years. He was a native of Franklin county, N. C. He served four years in the Twenty-third regiment in Lee's army and served 14 years in Congress from Georgia. The body was taken to his late home in Quitman, Ga. this afternoon, accompanied by his brother, Vines E. Turner, of Raleigh, whom he was visiting and by Colonel Thomas S. Kenan.—Charlotte Chronicle.

### Interesting Treasury Decision

The decision of the treasury department the other day that imported wooden legs shall pay duty as "family supplies" is only one of several constructions that place the humor of the gentlemen who construe our tariff laws beyond the comprehension of the average voter. The law permits free entry of animals intended for breeding purposes, but a man who tried to import a Plymouth Rock cockerel was compelled to pay a duty of 3 cents a pound. The wise tariff adjusters pondered and studied over it for weeks, and enough red tape was unwound to fill a bushel basket. But it was decided that a chicken was not an "animal," therefore it could not come in free. This recalls Secretary Shaw's decision that frogs' legs should be classified as poultry for revenue purposes. It may take a long time to decide these little things but when iron, steel or sugar happens to want something the matter is settled off-hand and usually in favor of iron, steel or sugar.

### Value of the Japanese Yen

When the public reads that 100,000,000 yen has provisionally been set apart by Japan for war purposes it may perhaps put an exaggerated estimate on that amount. Although Japan has a gold standard, the yen is of silver currency, and fluctuates with the price of silver, so that at the moment 100,000,000 of them means scarcely more than 210,000,000. But even this is an immense amount in a country in which the wages of a skilful artisan are often not more than 3 yen a week. The Japanese currency system is decimal. Ten cents, the sen into 10 rin, the rin into 10 mo, the mo into 10 shu, and the shu, finally into 10 kotsu. Government accounts do not take account of any value smaller than a rin, but estimates by private tradesmen often descend to mo and shu, which are incredibly minute fractions of a fourth ing. No coin exists, however to represent these lilliputian sums.—London Chronicle.

### Abner McKinley Dies in New York.

New York, June 11.—Abner McKinley, the only brother of the late President McKinley, died of Bright's disease and a general break down at his summer home at Somerset, Penn., this morning. He had been suffering from an affection for two years and the end was not unexpected. Two months ago he became so ill he was compelled to give up an office in New York and retire from active business. He was a lawyer by profession and had practiced in New York since 1897, his office being at No. 52 Broadway. He was born in Canton, O., and practiced law in that city before coming to New York.

### John Alexander Dowie Refused Lodging in London.

London June 11.—John Alexander Dowie arrived this morning with his wife from Holland. He was escorted by his deacons in search of lodgings and was met everywhere with refusal as hotel managers are afraid of reputations of rowdiness which marked his former stay here. Ultimately unable to find accommodations Dowie went to Zion's headquarters which have been connected with police headquarters, in anticipation of a possible onslaught by mob.

### Welcome to His Little Judgeship.

A Greensboro special of the 7th to the Raleigh News and Observer says: "Judge T. J. Shaw is receiving many congratulations upon the advent to his home, which has been childless for the fifteen years of his married life, of a sweet and beautiful little baby boy."

In his allegations against Bourke Cockran Mr. Dalzell virtually declares that Senator Hanna was engaged in a secret intrigue to hire gold Democrats to vote and speak for McKinley.

### A VERY QUEER CASE.

#### Suit of Curtis Against the Pythians Attracts Great Interest.

Asheville N. C. June 10.—On the night of April 4, 1904, District Deputy Grand Chancellor George L. Hackney, of the Knights, of Pythias, in company with other Pythians, of this section of the State instituted a lodge at Canton. One of the candidates for membership in the order was John Curtis, a lumberman of Haywood county. Curtis had paid \$10 initiation fee, and had taken his first rank and was almost through with the second when he refused to go any further and demanded his \$10 be refunded to him before leaving the hall. Little attention was paid to the demand, as it was thought that Curtis would either drop the matter or conclude the taking of his ranks.

Several days after the incident at Canton, and after Mr. Hackney had returned to Asheville, he received a letter in which the writer stated that the \$10 must be returned or there would be trouble, but nothing has since been heard of the matter until today, when Mr. Hackney was served with a State warrant, charging him with assault on Curtis, and with taking and carrying away with him and still retaining the sum of \$10. Mr. Hackney in company with Alf S. Barnard, who will represent the grand lodge in the matter, will leave Asheville Tuesday morning and will reach Canton in time for the trial, which is set for 10:30 o'clock.

The serving of the papers on Mr. Hackney this morning upon the charges of Mr. Curtis soon leaked out and has caused a considerable stir among the Pythians of this city. It is the first occurrence of this kind that has ever been noted in North Carolina, and in view of the fact that it has to do with the largest secret order in the country, the outcome will be watched with a great deal of interest.

### CONVENTION OF BANKERS

#### The State Association to Meet at Asheville June 14th—The Stronghold of the Moonshiners—Revenue Officer Make Raids

Asheville, June 6.—Active preparations are being made for the eighth annual convention of the North Carolina Banker's Association, which will meet here on June 14, for three days' session. Among the prominent financiers who will attend the State convention is Hon. Ellis H. Roberts Treasurer of the United States. Mr. Roberts will address the convention on Wednesday June 15. A reception committee will be appointed by President Kerr, of the board of trade, to-morrow morning, and this committee will have charge of preparations incident to the convention. The session of the body will be held in the ball room of the Battery Park Hotel. The officers of the State association are: Lee H. Battle, of Greensboro, president; F. H. Fries, of Winston-Salem; Andrew Moreland, of Wilmington, and J. C. Braswell, of Rocky Mount, vice president; C. N. Evans, of Charlotte, secretary and treasurer. The executive committee is composed of the following: Geo. W. Montcastle, of Lexington; John F. Bruton, of Wilson; R. L. Watts, of Reidsville, and W. H. Twitty, of Charlotte.

There are many sections in western North Carolina where blockade liquor is made, but the stronghold of the moonshiners would seem to be in and near that little place designated on the map of North Carolina with a dot and called Talmage. The little place was named after the distinguished Presbyterian divine, but there are those who aver that the name should be changed. Every few weeks revenue men invade the precincts of Talmage and when they finish with their work of destruction the records invariably show that thousands of gallons of illicit "fire water" have been destroyed, while in the wake of the revenue men may be found heaps of chopped up copper. Three successful raids were made at Talmage the past few days by Deputy Collector A. S. Patterson and Special Ganger R. B. Sams. The raids were all made the same day and aside from the capture of these valuable apparatus, 4,800 gallons of beer, 40 bushels of meal and one bushel of malt were destroyed. Near Euphatic Springs Mr. Patterson, J. M. Davis, and R. B. Sams located a moonshine still, and in the raid captured and destroyed 600 gallons of beer, two bushels of meal, and captured "red-handed" a moonshiner named T. C. Hutchinson. At Eulalia and Wolf mountain revenue officers captured two moonshine outfits, but the operators had gotten wind of the approach of Uncle Sam's men and carted their "stuff" away. At Evelyn Deputy Collector Patterson and Deputy Collector J. M. Davis captured an illicit still and destroyed 50 gallons of beer. Deputy Collector R. H. Harding and Special Ganger G. W. Samuel captured a still in the Brushy mountains of Wilkes county and destroyed the apparatus.