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NO. 6.

## TAL BOMB MARS ALFONSO'S WEDDING

esses King and Queen, But Decimates Royal Party.

TEEN KILLED, MANY INJURED

own Coach Shattered by Missile, Which Fell Just in Front of It, But Royal Couple Are Unharmed—Thrown From a Balcony.

Madrid, Spain.—Alfonso and his bride had come for the altar and were receiving an ovation from their myriad subjects such as even this proud capital had never seen before when suddenly they were brought face to face with the peril of assassination in its deadliest form.

Roses flung from every side were falling in a soft cascade upon the royal couple. The young Queen, in unguessed delight, was bowing right and left in acknowledgment of the deafening chorus of welcome and congratulations, and the King, ignoring the multitude, was feasting his eyes on the face of his bride, when a bunch of roses flung from a balcony fell with a rush as though made of lead in front of the chariot and just behind the mules drawing it.

There was a terrific crash and a little smoke rose in the air. Death and consternation in an instant supplanted the mirth and rejoicing. A score of men and women lay dead or mutilated. There was a moment of paralysis and terror. All eyes turned instinctively



King Alfonso of Spain.

toward the bridal couple and saw their pale faces amid the ruins of their carriage gazing pitifully at the terrifying scene around them.

The first man to regain his self-possession was the Duke of Comacinas, who rushed forward, opened the door of the royal coach and fairly dragged the King and Queen to the ground. Others of the royal escort instantly surrounded them and they were led to another carriage.

Immediately before the outrage the Queen remarked to the King that she could be glad to reach home. The explosion followed her words.

Bleeding and wounded officers threw themselves around the royal carriage, and the Queen gazed with horror on the dead and dying. One officer lay dead with his hand raised in salute.

The young King speedily mastered his emotion and gave all his attention to his terrified bride. The line of march was quickly taken up to the palace, which was only a quarter of a mile away. Neither the King nor the Queen was hurt, although their escape was a little short of miraculous.

The bride made a brave effort to control her feelings, but the fearful transition from joy to horror was too much for human nerves to endure and presently she burst into tears. If the truth must be told, the King himself wept in sympathy.

Meantime at the scene of the outrage the first paralysis was succeeded by great confusion. The crowd, when it realized what had happened, became infuriated and surged towards the spot intent upon wreaking vengeance upon the author of the crime. Quickly a cordon of troops was formed, and it was with the greatest difficulty that the dead and injured were cared for and removed.

The following are the killed: Captain Barro, commanding part of the King's escort; Lieutenant Reysent, Lieutenant Prendergast, the Marquis of Calosa and her daughter; Don Antonio Calvo and his niece, six years old; six soldiers, one of whom was a royal groom, who was leading a horse drawing the coach carrying the King and Queen. Two of the horses drawing the coach were killed.

The indignation of the people over the outrage was great. Some French detectives were almost lynched merely because they had a foreign appearance. During the afternoon, following the tragedy, King Alfonso went with Queen Victoria to the Palace Chapel, where they offered up lengthy prayers.

## POMP MARKS WEDDING.

Marriage of King and Princess a Gorgeous Spectacle.

The wedding and its tributary ceremonies of King Alfonso XIII. and Princess Ena of Battenberg, who chose the name of Victoria to please

her subjects, were impressive as the Spanish spirit, rich in romance, could make them. Alfonso's Ministers had discounted the future as well as borrowed from the past to honor their young monarch and his northern bride. They marshaled the provinces of Spain in a bounteous pageant for a kaleidoscopic picture of the whole historic country with which to charm the eyes and ears of Princess Ena—Princess Victoria, the Spaniards already called her. Beautiful floats representative of the Kingdom's every part had been built and peopled to follow the bridal train. The ceremony itself not only was invested with the solemnity of the Roman ritual and honored by the presence of Toledo's Archbishop and the Pope's Special Nuncio, but an almost classic air was lent to it by the traditions of the Church of St. Jeponimo el Real, wherein it was performed. And all Europe—all the world was represented in the sparkling thousands of guests that thronged the royal chapel.

Wedding weather greeted the King and Princess when they awoke, he in the Royal Palace, she in that of Prado. Princess Ena, according to immemorial Spanish custom, donned her wedding finery at the Senate House, whence she was escorted from the villa of the Prado by half of the noble ladies of Spain, who superintended the adjusting of the wedding veil.

The royal progress to the church of King and bride was like a scene from the "Arabian Nights," fairy tale coaches made of crystal and gold, Arabian horses with tails and manes twined with roses, and harness plated with gold and studded with precious stones, troops in gorgeous uniforms, military bands, delegations from Aragon and Castile in the gay and picturesque native costumes, while everywhere were music and flowers, glitter and pomp.

Boars of welcome hailed Alfonso, followed by louder cheering when the bride's coach followed his. Roses were showered on them from balconies, hurled at them over the heads of the regiments strung along the sidewalks, tossed under the feet of the horses from roofs and upper windows. On all sides gleamed the rich colors of the country. The same patriotic idea was carried out in the interior decoration of the church, the blazing hues being heightened by thousands of incandescent lights and embroideries of gold and silver. On a dais were two gold armchairs, in one of which King Alfonso, arriving twenty minutes before his bride, sat impatiently, sending courier after courier to the entrance to watch for her until her coach rolled up to the door.

Conspicuous because of the simple dignity of their attire among the shining uniforms of Princes, Grand Dukes, Archbishops, nobles, marshals, admirals and generals were Minister Collier and Special Envoy Whitridge of the United States.

Two hundred choristers sang the professional as the royal couple advanced to the altar, King Alfonso flanked by Prince Carlos and his little namesake, Princess Ena escorted by her mother, her brother and her future mother-in-law.

The blonde bride in her wonderful robes of white and silver seemed a fitting figure in this fairy pageant wedding. Her gown was a gift from the King and cost \$7000. It was of white brocade overlaid with silver embroidery and Spanish lace. The latter was valued at \$50 a yard. The lace was caught up with posies of orange blossoms.

This wedding robe, while magnificent as a work of art, would shock a Parisian dressmaker by its elaboration. The bodice was high. Spain would be horrified to see any bride go to the altar décolleté, as English princesses do.



Queen Victoria of Spain.

A coronet of brilliant sparkles beamed the wedding veil of old lace.

Alfonso, attired in the uniform of a captain general and wearing among his decorations the Order of the Golden Fleece and the English Order of the Garter, met his bride in front of the altar, and they stood together until the time came for them to kneel side by side on two cushions of softest silk lying on the dais. But before that solemn moment came the Northern Princess, her eyes smiling through tears, moved quickly down the steps to the dais and embraced her mother tenderly, returning to the King's side just as Cardinal Sancha began the wedding service.

The ceremony, which lasted nearly an hour, terminated with the nuncio pronouncing the Pope's benediction on the newly married couple and the chanting of the Te Deum. Following this all Madrid broke into frantic demonstrations of joy, while cannon boomed and church bells chimed.

As the ceremony closed King Alfonso

embraced his bride and her mother. This glimpse of domestic tenderness, as well as the democratic touch given by the presence of many poor people in the galleries, who were there by the King's request, made the scene an effective one, to which a melancholy sequel quickly succeeded.

## Wedding Cost \$10,000,000.

London.—A correspondent at Madrid makes a calculation of the cost of the wedding and arrives roughly at a total expenditure of \$10,000,000. He puts the outlay for decorations by the municipality and private citizens at \$125,000.

Having regard for the necessity of every woman invited to the wedding ceremony and the various festivities equipping herself with an elaborate new robe, ornaments and in many cases jewels, he believes that not less than \$3,500,000 was paid to milliners, dressmakers and jewelers.

The restoration of the royal state coaches, new harness and trappings cost more than \$150,000. More than \$1,250,000 was expended in preparing and redecorating the Prado Palace, including the building of new kitchens, in furnishing the Chateau of La Granja for the honeymoon and in restoring the apartments in the palace at Madrid for the new Queen.

New uniforms for the troops and court servants cost \$150,000. In addition to all these there is the outlay for the bullfight, a military review, and the various fetes, which it is known will amount to many thousands of dollars.

## British Observe the Day.

Dover, England.—A salute of twenty-one guns in honor of the royal wedding at Madrid was fired by the warships of the Channel Squadron in this harbor. The battleships at Sheerness and elsewhere were dressed in rainbow fashion, with the Spanish ensign at the mainmast. All fired royal salutes at noon.

## CONGRESSMAN KILLS HIMSELF.

Robert Adams, of Pennsylvania, a Suicide in Washington.

Washington, D. C.—Representative Robert Adams, a member of Congress from the Second District of Pennsylvania, comprising a part of the city of Philadelphia, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head with a pistol at his apartments in the Metropolitan Club chambers. The shooting occurred shortly after 7 o'clock a. m., and Mr. Adams died at 11.30 at the Emergency Hospital, where he was taken half an hour after he had fired the shot. He was unconscious when found and did not rally.

Financial reverses and the prospect of failure to be returned to his seat in Congress are believed to have been the cause of the suicide. Mr. Adams was a bachelor, fifty-seven years old.

## 3 CHILDREN DEAD IN A TRUNK.

They Had Been Missing Four Hours, When Mother Found Them.

Kankakee, Ill.—Three girls, aged eight, six and two years, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Adelford Vanslette, were found smothered to death, seated upright in a trunk. They had been missing for four hours.

The circumstances of the deaths are mysterious. Search had been made everywhere, according to the mother's story, when at 9 o'clock p. m. the mother found the three children seated upright dead in an old trunk.

Apparently they had made no struggle or effort to release themselves. The mother thinks the children crawled into the trunk while playing and that the trunk accidentally locked itself.

## PENNSYLVANIA BOLLERS.

L. Emery and R. Blankenburg Lead the Anti-Machine Ticket.

Philadelphia.—The State Convention of the Lincoln party (anti-machine Republicans) which numbered 278 delegates, representing every county in the State, nominated the following ticket: Governor, Louis Emery, Jr., McKean County; Lieutenant-Governor, Rudolph Blankenburg, Philadelphia; Auditor-General, Major George W. Merrick, Tioga County; Secretary of Internal Affairs, Elisha A. Coray, Luzerne County.

## FATAL "JAG" ON SHELLAC.

Convicts in Blind Convulsions on Wood Alcohol Varnish.

Rawlins, Wyoming.—William Wardlaw and Jesse Keating, convicts, died at the State penitentiary from drinking wood alcohol out of a bottle of shellac varnish in the broom factory. They allowed the shellac to settle and drank the alcohol off the top. Both died in horrible convulsions, having become totally blind. At death the entire surface of the body was black as shoe leather.

## SMOOT TO LOSE SEAT.

Senate Committee Against Him by a Vote of Seven to Five.

Washington, D. C.—The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, by a vote of seven to five, adopted the following resolution submitted by Senator Dubois, of Idaho:

"Resolved, That Reed Smoot is not entitled to his seat as a Senator of the United States from the State of Utah."

## John D. Rockefeller Sails.

John D. Rockefeller, accompanied by his wife, his daughter, Mrs. E. Parmelee Prentice; his niece, Mrs. W. W. Benjamin; his sister-in-law, Miss L. M. Spellman; Dr. H. F. Biggar, his physician; his secretary, a trained nurse from Mrs. Rockefeller and a valet, sailed from New York for Europe on the Hamburg-American steamship Deutschland. He will return in July.

## STOCK RAISERS AND PACKERS EQUALLY GUILTY

Both Oppose the Bill For Rigid Governmental Inspection.

## DISEASED CATTLE SLAUGHTERED

Figures Showing That 200,000 Live Animals Were Rejected at Chicago Last Year—Beef Trust Combined Against the People.

Washington, D. C.—It is not alone the meat packers but the stock raisers who are in the business of fooling the public, and certain members of Congress are getting ready to prove, not by magazine writers, but by the official records, that these stock raisers ought not to receive sympathy. Coupled with the exposure of the stock raisers is to come an attack on the canners of fruits and vegetables. Just now the President is interested in the figures proving how diseased live stock is sent to the slaughter houses. In Chicago there are only twenty-three establishments under the inspection of Federal officials. The others have city inspection. In the country at large fifty cities have in all 152 establishments where meats are inspected.

The figures from these in the Bureau of Animal Industry for the last year show that 165,164 animals were condemned by Federal and city inspectors, all having come with disease from the stock farms.

This proves that the inspection was not as lax as alleged in recent stories, but it shows the stock raisers to be ignorant or criminal. Of the live stock condemned for disease the figures give 226,262 hogs, 19,879 cattle, 9701 sheep and 9322 calves. Of these the city inspectors discovered in fifty cities 19,899 hogs, 4289 calves, 898 cattle and 411 sheep. Tuberculosis was the chief disease. In fact two-thirds of all condemned were found with this malady. The records show that 4913 animals were found suffering with abscesses or pyemia; 1705 with enteritis, peritonitis or mitris; 1384 with septicemia, and 13,533 with hog cholera.

It is hardly necessary to say the shippers could not have been ignorant of these conditions. Their anxiety now to rush to the support of the Chicago packers indicates that they fear not loss of trade, but a more rigid inspection. An official of the Bureau of Animal Industry says that the inspection of live stock now is meagre and that, with a proper force, twice as many cattle, hogs and sheep would be condemned. The stock raisers have been warned several times, but have felt that, with the Beef Trust to aid them, they could defy the department except in notorious cases.

It is certain that they get animals through without inspection. Then they evade the law by insisting that live stock traveling interstate is not subject to Federal inspection. Some of this stock is killed outside cities, and there is no inspection of any sort. Few of the cities have one-third the force necessary, and so, with the assistance of the Beef Trust, the stock raisers get rid of diseased cattle. The figures for last year, incomplete as they are, show part of the truth.

## OUR BEEF SCANDAL ABROAD.

Question of Protecting British Public to Be Raised in the Commons.

London.—The revelations regarding the beef packing industry in the United States have caused a sensation here. Questions will be raised in the House of Commons with a view to ascertaining how far it is in the Government's power to protect the British public. The sale of these goods already has been considerably affected. The London newspapers praise President Roosevelt for his courage in probing the matter.

Inquiries at Liverpool in the American Provision Exchange elicited the view that the local supervision was too keen to permit of bad goods reaching British importers.

## SPEECHES BY ROOSEVELT.

Veterans of Both Sides Cheer His Memorial Day Addresses.

Old Point Comfort, Va.—President Roosevelt joined here with surviving members of both the Blue and the Gray in paying appropriate and impressive tribute to the Nation's dead.

In the morning the President delivered a patriotic oration in the beautiful grounds of the Naval Hospital at Portsmouth and directly afterward unveiled a handsome marble shaft, erected by the Army and Navy Union in the cemetery adjoining the hospital grounds, to the memory of its fallen comrades.

The ceremonies at Portsmouth were under the auspices of the Army and Navy Union. The memorial exercises were preceded by an imposing parade through the principal streets of Portsmouth. Nearly 4000 sailors and marines of the North Atlantic fleet participated in the parade. In addition there were organizations representing the Army and Navy Union, the Grand Army of the Republic, the United Confederate Veterans and many civic and patriotic societies.

Portsmouth was elaborately decorated with a wealth of patriotic colors. Business houses and residences were ablaze with bunting.

## PARAGRAPHS OF LATE NEWS

Epitome of Current Happenings of Interest Briefly Told.

Otis Blockinger was ground to pieces in a paper mill at York, Pa.

Miss A. W. Wilson, of Baltimore, and other Southern women were elected officers of the Southern Woman's Board of Foreign Missions of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

The 14,000-ton British battleship Montagu ran on the rocks at Shutter Point, Lundy Island, during a fog and may be a total loss.

President Roosevelt delivered the memorial day address at Portsmouth, Va.

It is stated that former Finance Minister Shepoff may be asked to form a new Russian Cabinet.

Distinguished Spaniards presented Princess Ena with an address of welcome as Queen.

Illness has forced the Chinese Emperor to postpone the customary spring diplomatic audiences.

Chief Secretary for Ireland Bryce asked the British House of Commons to authorize a loan of \$22,500,000 to provide laborers' cottages in Ireland.

Ex-Premier Giovanni Giolitti has formed a new Italian Cabinet, largely of Conservatives.

Declaring the reported agreement between Austria and Hungary on the tariff question false, the Hungarian Cabinet has resigned.

Russia has promised to inform Germany of the provisions of any Anglo-Russian agreement before its consummation.

Korean rebels have seized the walled town of Hongju, and Japan has sent troops to retake the place.

The case of Richard Canfield, the gambling house proprietor, who is being sued for \$59,500 in fees by Attorney John Delahanty, came up in New York.

Upton Sinclair, author of "The Jungle," in a letter to the President, calls for the publication of the packing house report, and says that the stirring up of public opinion is the only way to stop the sale of diseased meat.

Lightning struck a house at Seaford, Del., in which 22 negro berry-pickers were having a dance, and three of them were badly burned.

The subcommittee of the Democratic National Committee which will prepare for the Congressional campaign is to meet on Thursday in Washington.

Five employees of the Golconda Cattle Company were swept away and drowned when the dam in Pole Creek Canyon, Nevada, broke.

J. V. Johnson, who murdered his brother-in-law, Quinn Johnson, was lynched near Wadesboro, N. C.

Governor Lea, of Delaware, has called an extra session of the Legislature for next Thursday to elect a United States Senator and transact other business.

The Russian Parliament's defiance of the Government has developed a new crisis, which may hasten the long-expected revolution.

Princess Ena, future Queen of Spain, interceded with King Alfonso and secured a pardon for a man condemned to death.

The German Reichstag, after approving the Emperor's proposal for a colonial office, refused to grant the money to pay its expenses.

In the negotiations of new reciprocity treaties the German Reichstag decided to make no tariff reductions below those in force under similar treaties.

Japan, it is understood, is to permanently run the railways of Manchuria.

The Austro-Hungarian tariff difficulty has been settled.

Four important bills passed by the present Congress will greatly increase the power of the Federal Government.

The bill passed by the Senate is expected to check the flood of immigration.

Samuel Shenaul stabbed his brother to death at Ivanhoe, Va., in a quarrel over a card game.

Tax valuation statistics of the railroads in West Virginia show that the Baltimore and Ohio owns nearly one-half of the total railroad properties in the State.

The headless body of Clyde Waldron was carried to Wiles on an engine in Giles county after he had been decapitated by the train.

Portsmouth plans to make its coming reception to President Roosevelt rival that once given to Lafayette by the town.

Josephine Terranova, who killed her uncle and aunt, was again examined by alienists to determine her sanity.

## AMERICANS HELP MEXICANS

Our Troops Participated in a Riot of Miners

## CALLED TO STOP AT THE BORDER

Arrival of Arizona Rangers at Cananea Was Quickly Followed By Suppression of the Riot Started by Strikers at Greene Copper Mines, Ringleaders Taking to the Mountains After Anywhere From 11 to 50 of Their Followers Had Been Killed.

Naco, Ariz., Special.—A telephone message was received from Cananea, Mexico, at 8.30 Saturday morning, reporting that peace has been restored there.

After the arrival of the Arizona Rangers many of the ringleaders in the riot ran into the surrounding mountains, and no further serious trouble occurred after their flight. Governor Ysabel, of Sonora, arrived and immediately gave orders permitting the armed Americans who were there from Bisbee, Douglas and all parts of Arizona to accompany him to Cananea. The Americans organized, and in command of Captain Tom Rynip, former captain of the Rough Riders and now commander of the Arizona Rangers, left with the Governor on a special train for Cananea.

According to advices received from Cananea two Americans—George and Will Metcalf—and ten Mexicans and one child were killed there. A. S. Dwight, general manager of the Cananea Consolidated Company, was only slightly wounded. George Metcalf was Col. Greene's rental and lumber agent and Will Metcalf was his nephew. The number of wounded is not known, but is believed to be about twenty.

## Bomb Fiend Dies Trapped.

Madrid, By Cable.—The capture and suicide Saturday night at Torrejon de Ardos of Manuel Morales, the chief suspect in the bomb outrage against King Alfonso and Queen Victoria, adds another dramatic chapter to the incidents surrounding the royal wedding. Morales was recognized in the little town of Torrejon de Ardos, midway between Madrid and Alcala. A guard sought to detain him, but Morales, drawing a revolver, shot the guard dead. Then he turned to flee, but a number of the inhabitants of the town were upon him, and turning the revolver upon himself, he sent a shot in the region of his heart, expiring a few minutes later. Senor Cuesta, proprietor of the hotel from the balcony of which Morales threw the bomb, viewed the body and completely identified it as that of his recent guest.

## 11 Die Under Trolley Car.

Providence, R. I., Special.—Eleven persons are dead, a score seriously and many others slightly injured as the result of the overturning of a crowded electric car at Moore's Corner, in East Providence, early Sunday morning. More than 100 young men and women, who had spent the evening at Crescent Park, a pleasure resort on the Providence river, six miles below this city, were on a chartered car returning to their homes in this city. Oneinyville and Thornton. It is believed that two of the injured will die.

## Youth Kill His Sweetheart.

Roanoke, Va., Special.—Dewitt Sigmon, 20 years of age, shot and killed his sweetheart, Miss Sallie Shively, in the latter's home, near Roanoke. There was no witness to the tragedy except the principals. Sigmon says the girl was handling a pistol and in trying to take it from her the weapon exploded, the ball entering the girl's breast. Sigmon summoned a doctor and gave himself up to the sheriff. The girl was dead when the physician reached her. Sigmon is in the Roanoke jail.

## Alabama Bank President Surrendered

Birmingham, Ala., Special.—The bondsmen of Gordon Dubois, former president of the First National Bank of Ensley, Ala., asked for release and Mr. Dubois was confined in the county jail. He was arrested last week by Federal officials on the charge of misappropriating \$48,000 of the bank's funds.