

BRYAN'S HOME COMING HAILED WITH ENTHUSIASM

Throng Cheers Speech in Madison Square Garden, New York City.

HIS VIEWS ON POLITICAL ISSUES

Declares Regulation of Trusts the Paramount Issue—Favors Income Tax—Believes in Government Ownership of Railroads.

HONORS PAID TO BRYAN.

San Francisco, Cal., October, 1905.—Bid friends good-bye. Honolulu.—Few days' sightseeing. Japan.—Received by Mikado and civic and military bodies. Present at reception to Admiral Togo. Korea.—Greeted by Korean and Japanese officials. Philippines.—Addresses Filipino Assembly. Visits important seaports and is made a Datto. China.—Visits Shanghai, Hong Kong and Canton and makes addresses. India.—Honors bestowed by English dignitaries, after which he visits principal cities and Straits Settlement. Egypt.—Succession of entertainments in Cairo and Alexandria. Palestine.—Addresses vast assemblages and makes tour of historic places. Hungary.—In Budapest is received with highest honors. Turkey.—Centre of interest of capital. Italy.—Period spent in quiet and sightseeing, with occasional banquet. France.—Welcomed by foremost tribunals and called upon for several addresses. Switzerland.—Receives highest honors of Swiss Government. Norway.—Present at coronation of King Haakon. Makes address. Russia.—Present at session of Duma in St. Petersburg. Addresses that body. Germany.—Honored by the Kaiser and highest officials. England.—Delivers Fourth of July address. Guest of Ambassador Whitelaw Reid. Meets King Edward VII. Holland.—Receives every attention and visits points of interest. England.—More receptions and honors.

New York City.—William J. Bryan's welcome to America by the Democracy of the United States in Madison Square Garden will stand as a record reception to a man in private

form Mr. Bryan was cheered for five minutes. Then, when he was introduced, to reply to Augustus Thomas' address of welcome, the crowd let loose its enthusiasm, and for eight minutes, while Mr. Bryan stood, the audience roared their welcome, standing on chairs and waving flags, hats and handkerchiefs in the air, with the band feebly trying to drown the tumult with a medley of national hymns.

The meeting was opened by Harry W. Walker, who spoke on behalf of the Commercial Travelers' Anti-Trust League. He said only a few words, and then introduced Governor Folk, of Missouri, who spoke fifteen minutes.

When Tom L. Johnson, Mayor of Cleveland, was introduced as the presiding officer he received a warm welcome, which caused Mr. Johnson to smile broadly. He got a round of applause when he said if a halt was not soon called the corporations would make the laws of the country and the people would be compelled to live under them.

Mr. Johnson then introduced Augustus Thomas, the playwright, to make the speech of welcome. Mr. Thomas has a voice of great power, and he was heard in every part of the hall. Then Mayor Johnson came forward again to remark that this was the happiest night of his life, and introduced Mr. Bryan. Then came cheering for the Nebraska as he stepped forward.

Mr. Bryan in his introductory remarks told how his love for our form of government had been quickened by his visit to other lands. He spoke of the progress of arbitration among nations, and coupled with this the hope that the United States would not adopt in its foreign relations the policy of collecting private debts by the use of the Navy. Then Mr. Bryan set forth the issues for which he will contend in the next Presidential campaign. The most notable of these was the Federal ownership of trunk railroads.

A synopsis of Mr. Bryan's recommendations follows:

1. Arbitration treaties which provide for submitting disputes to The Hague or some other tribunal for investigation before declaring war or beginning hostilities.
2. The Navy not to be employed for the collection of private debts against other countries.
3. The Philippines to be dealt with after the manner of Cuba.
4. An amendment to the Constitution providing that each new Congress shall convene in regular session a few months after the election of its members, instead of thirteen months later, as at present.
5. An amendment to the Constitution providing for the election of United States Senators by direct vote.
6. An amendment to the Constitution specifically authorizing the Federal Government to levy an income tax.
7. The compulsory arbitration of all labor disputes, but no compulsory acceptance of the commission's findings.
8. An eight-hour day.
9. No "government by injunction."

TRAINS GIRLS FOR WIVES

Cleveland Starts a New Department in High Schools.

Scientific Cooking and the Care of Babies Taught—Instructors Will Be Women of Experience.

Cleveland, C. O.—Girl pupils in the Cleveland high schools are to be taught scientifically how to become good wives. Superintendent Elson and his assistant, Hicks, outlined their plans for a technical branch of the high school which would be devoted exclusively to the teaching of girls in the arts of housewifery, whether they intend to take up that profession later in life. The instructors will be women who have succeeded as wives, and will be much more practical than theoretical. The girls will be taught to sweep, to sew, how best to purchase household supplies and how to care for babies. They will have real babies to dress and care for under the watchful supervision, of course, of the teachers who have gone through all these experiences.

Superintendent Elson said: "This is not a fad or an experiment. We are going at this earnestly and scientifically. The average girl who marries to-day is woefully ignorant of the duties expected of her, and therein lies a lot of domestic misery, and to this fact can be traced the wedge which has broken up many homes which should have been permanent and happy. We are going to fit our girls to be wives, not servants. The first year they will take up the arts—applied arts and elementary sewing. The second year elementary chemistry in its relation to household duties and a more advanced course in sewing and the arts—that ability to make home beautiful and attractive.

"The third and fourth years will be devoted to scientific cooking. With good cooking, our divorce courts lose much business. We shall teach the girls how to care for the invalid, and especially how to care for babies; how to deal with the butcher and grocer and everything a wife should know. Even if our girls marry rich men and have servants to do their work this training will put them in a position to know whether their servants are doing the work properly. One important feature of the training will be the teaching of the girls to make their own clothing and millinery."

CRAZY OVER BANK FAILURE.

Man Grows Violent Brooding Over Loss of \$80.

Chicago.—Johann Kindler, eighteen years old, became violent and alarmed passengers in an Ashland avenue car while brooding over the loss of \$80, which he had deposited in the failed Milwaukee Avenue State Bank. Kindler is held pending an investigation of his sanity. He is the second person to become mentally deranged as a result of the failure. In addition, three persons, including a teller of the defunct bank have committed suicide, and one man fell dead following the flight of President Paul Stensland and the closing of the bank.

TRAGEDY OF THE PLAINS.

Dead Mules Hitched to Wagon Containing Two Dead Men.

Roswell, N. M.—J. S. Mercham, of Portales, while driving across the desert near Kenna, found a covered wagon, with two dead men on the seat, and four mules dead in their harness. Mercham made no investigation, but hurried to the nearest telegraph office and sent to the Sheriff here the facts of his discovery. Officers started at once for the scene, carrying medicines and a small supply of nourishing food, fearing that inside the wagon there might be women and children who are sick or starving.

THREE DEWEY PRIZES FOR \$103.

Inglorious End of Spanish Ships Captured at Manila.

Washington, D. C.—Three Spanish ships captured by Admiral Dewey in Manila Bay on May 1, 1898, were sold by the Navy Department for \$103. These ships were advertised at several Asiatic ports, the total cost of advertising being \$28, and the Navy Department is quite well satisfied that the bids were sufficient to cover the expense of advertising. The three ships are the *Albay*, *Maniteno* and *Mindano*. They have been stripped of everything movable, and are simply old hulks practically useless for any purpose of the navy.

Estimates of Canada's Crop.

The first estimate of the wheat crop yield issued by the Northwest Grain Dealers' Association is far short of that of the sanguine crop experts, who figure on one hundred or 125,000,000 bushels. In their circular the grain men placed the average yield at 19.4 bushels per acre, or an aggregate crop of 77,207,000 bushels.

Nebraskans Call on Hearst.

The Nebraskan delegation of Bryan men called upon William R. Hearst at the headquarters of the Independence League in New York City.

NEW LAWYERS TURNED OUT

Result of the Supreme Court Examinations at August Term.

Raleigh, Special.—The State Supreme Court gave out the list of names of the successful applicants to practice law in North Carolina who stood the examination on Monday. There were sixty-seven who applied for the examination, but from sickness and other causes eight did not appear. There were forty from the State University, nine from Wake Forest, three from Trinity, two from Shaw University, colored. Two failed, one of these a negro, while of the fifty-nine who passed one is a negro, J. T. Sanders, of Charlotte, who is in the real estate business.

Licensed Attorneys, August Term, '06

- M. L. Davis, Carteret county.
- J. S. Duncan, Carteret county.
- Donald Gully, Wake county.
- C. A. Hall, Person county.
- E. C. Hobbs, Gates county.
- A. K. Powers, Pender county.
- Charles Scarlett, Orange county.
- W. H. Weatherspoon, Durham county.
- S. F. Wilson, Yancey county.
- J. G. Adams, Buncombe county.
- T. S. Beall, Guilford county.
- Elijah Cox, Onslow county.
- L. L. Caudle, Mecklenburg county.
- J. B. Clark, Bladen county.
- O. M. Gardner, Cleveland county.
- J. R. Hoffman, Guilford county.
- R. S. Hutchinson, Mecklenburg county.
- D. C. Humphrey, Wayne county.
- H. C. Jones, Mecklenburg county.
- C. C. Loughlin, New Hanover county.

- P. G. Monk, Washington City.
- J. R. Moore, Columbia, S. C.
- J. S. McNider, Perquimans county.
- J. H. McMullan, Chowan county.
- J. H. Nowell, Bertie county.
- J. D. Proctor, Robeson county.
- B. H. Perry, Vance county.
- H. H. Phillips, Edgecombe county.
- R. H. Sykes, New Hanover county.
- N. L. Simmons, Beaufort county.
- F. L. Sale, Beaufort county.
- J. W. Winborne, Chowan county.
- Isaac C. Wright, Sampson county.
- W. T. Wilson, Forsythe county.
- J. K. Wilson, Pasquotank county.
- G. C. Weaver, Buncombe county.
- J. M. Hoyle, Lincoln county.
- E. T. Snipes, Hertford county.
- W. V. Prier, Henderson county.
- H. K. Biggerstaff, Buncombe county.
- R. G. Lucas, Mecklenburg county.
- Benjamin Lovenstein, Durham county.
- J. H. Howell, Haywood county.
- O. J. Moore, Caldwell county.
- J. A. Parker, Harnett county.
- C. C. Lisenbee, Buncombe county.
- H. B. Fisher, Buncombe county.
- A. C. Jones, Charlottesville, Va.
- J. T. Sanders, (Col.) Mecklenburg county.
- L. B. Vreeland, Mecklenburg county.
- Archibald Currie, Mecklenburg county.
- S. B. Sparrow, Gaston county.
- T. B. Higdon, Rowan county.
- J. P. Fizzelle, Greene county.
- W. S. Lowdermilk, Richmond county.
- B. S. Wamble, Catawba county.

Cotton Crop Short.

The excessive rain has badly damaged the cotton crop throughout the cotton belt in this state. A reporter talked with persons from different sections of the State, and they all report large weed that presents a very fine appearance, but they say the fruitage is short and that the bolls are rotting. Farmers have brought sample bolls here, showing that the rain is proving very destructive to the staple just at this time, rotting the few bolls that are left. Much of the fruit has fallen off the stalks and is rotting in the fields, with the result that the crop is being ruined.

GOOD AND HARD

Results of Excessive Coffee Drinking.

It is remarkable what suffering some persons put up with just to satisfy an appetite for something. A Mich. woman says: "I had been using coffee since I was old enough to have a cup of my own at the table, and from it I have suffered agony hundreds of times in the years past. My trouble first began in the form of bilious colic, coming on every few weeks and almost ending my life. At every attack for 8 years I suffered in this way. I used to pray for death to relieve me from my suffering. I had also attacks of sick headache, and began to suffer from catarrh of the stomach, and of course awful dyspepsia. "For about a year I lived on crackers and water. Believing that coffee was the cause of all this suffering, I finally quit it and began to use Postum Food Coffee. It agreed with my stomach, my troubles have left me and I am fast gaining my health under its use. "No wonder I condemn coffee and tea. No one could be in a much more critical condition than I was from the use of coffee. Some doctors pronounced it cancer, others ulceration, but none gave me any relief. But since I stopped coffee and began Postum I am getting well so fast I can heartily recommend it for all who suffer as I did." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville." "There's a reason."

Young People Meet.

Charlotte, Special.—The opening of the convention of the Young People of the Associated Reformed Presbyterian church took place at the East Avenue Tabernacle. Miss Lillian Morrison, general secretary of work, took charge of the meeting, and after a few introductory words of greeting outlined the plans and purposes of the convention. Following the address of the general secretary,

retary, it was made the order to enter into the election of officers for the convention. Miss Ola Barron and W. W. Boyce, Jr., of Kock Hill. Mr. J. H. Ross and Miss Rachel McMaster were named as the nominating committee. After a short retirement they suggested the following officers, who received the unanimous vote of the convention: President, Rev. William Duncan; vice-president, Rev. J. P. Snipes; treasurer, Mr. R. R. Steele; secretary, Miss Minnie Alexander.

Telegraphic Briefs.

Secretary Shaw will stump the South. The Appomattox river has partly submerged Petersburg, and other Virginia rivers are overflowing, causing great damage. A. L. Christ, a telephone lineman, had a narrow escape from death in Martinsburg. Richard Warren, a negro accused of assaulting a young white woman, was caught in Southampton county.

WORN TO A SKELETON.

A Wonderful Restoration That Caused a Sensation in a Pennsylvania Town. Mrs. Charles M. Preston, of Elkland, Pa., says: "Three years ago I found that my housework was becoming a burden. I tired easily, had no ambition and was falling fast. My complexion got yellow, and I lost over 50 pounds. My throat was terrible, and there was sugar in the kidney secretions. My doctor kept me on a strict diet, but as his medicine was not helping me I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. They helped me at once, and soon all traces of sugar disappeared. I have regained my former weight and am perfectly well." Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Lawn Mowers' Hospital.

Grass-cutting machines of every size and shape, from tiny hand machines only six inches wide up to pony mowers of thirty-inch blades, meant for service on bowling greens and lawns of manorial dimensions, are now pouring into repairing shops for "fixing up" for the season. Most of them require the aid of the mower dentist, for their "teeth" are worn and blunt; many show signs of severe usage and of having been out in the rain for prolonged periods. A thorough overhaul works wonders. The machine that looked so disreputable and "seedy" on entrance to Messrs. Green's "hospital," in Southward street, is sent home in gay fresh paint with blades gleam and keen almost as razors. While foreign machines stand repairing badly, the English lawn mower can be rejuvenated from year to year.—London Daily Mail.

SHE HADN'T.

Fair Buyer—Our club is going to give a lecture on socialism. Have you any literature on the subject? Clerk—Did you ever read "Looking Backward?" Fair Buyer—Read looking backward? How absurd. How could I?—Chicago News.

Health and understanding are the two great blessings of life.—From the Greek. So. 36-'06.

GOOD AND HARD

Results of Excessive Coffee Drinking.

It is remarkable what suffering some persons put up with just to satisfy an appetite for something. A Mich. woman says: "I had been using coffee since I was old enough to have a cup of my own at the table, and from it I have suffered agony hundreds of times in the years past. My trouble first began in the form of bilious colic, coming on every few weeks and almost ending my life. At every attack for 8 years I suffered in this way. I used to pray for death to relieve me from my suffering. I had also attacks of sick headache, and began to suffer from catarrh of the stomach, and of course awful dyspepsia. "For about a year I lived on crackers and water. Believing that coffee was the cause of all this suffering, I finally quit it and began to use Postum Food Coffee. It agreed with my stomach, my troubles have left me and I am fast gaining my health under its use. "No wonder I condemn coffee and tea. No one could be in a much more critical condition than I was from the use of coffee. Some doctors pronounced it cancer, others ulceration, but none gave me any relief. But since I stopped coffee and began Postum I am getting well so fast I can heartily recommend it for all who suffer as I did." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville." "There's a reason."

Young People Meet.

Charlotte, Special.—The opening of the convention of the Young People of the Associated Reformed Presbyterian church took place at the East Avenue Tabernacle. Miss Lillian Morrison, general secretary of work, took charge of the meeting, and after a few introductory words of greeting outlined the plans and purposes of the convention. Following the address of the general secretary,

NORTH CAROLINA AFFAIRS

Items of Interest From Many Parts of the State

MINOR MATTERS OF STATE NEWS

Happenings of More or Less Importance Told in Paragraphs—The Cotton Markets.

Charlotte Cotton Market.

These prices represent the prices paid to wagons: Good middling...93-4 Strict middling...93-4 Middling...95-8 Good middling, tinged...95-8 Stains...71-2@83-4

General Cotton Market.

Galveston, steady...91-4 New Orleans, steady...95-16 Mobile, nominal...91-4 Savannah, quiet...9-9 Charleston, quiet...9-9 Norfolk, quiet...93-4 Baltimore, nominal...9-8 New York, quiet...9-8 Boston, quiet...9-8 Philadelphia, quiet...10-05 Houston, steady...93-16 Augusta, steady...93-16 Memphis, quiet...95-8 St. Louis, dull...93-4 Louisville, firm...101-2

Three Miles of Track Gone.

Asheville, N. C., Special.—A cloudburst Thursday afternoon near Hot Springs, between Asheville and the Tennessee line, his completely tied up traffic on the Knoxville division between here and Knoxville. Only meagre particulars can be secured at this time. The Asheville division superintendent's office reports that it does not know the extent of the damage; that communication is badly interrupted and that traffic for the time is suspended. It is said, however, that the cloudburst washed away about three miles of track; that the road-bed is badly damaged; that several small bridges are gone; and that a big land-slide occurred. The big steam shovel used in building the local freight yards here has been sent to the scene with several work trains, the derrick engine and big forces of men. The superintendent of the Knoxville division and Superintendent Ramsbur, of the Asheville division, are on the scene. Telegraph wires and poles are down. No trains are able to pass the scene and everything is tied up.

New Washington Enterprise.

Washington, N. C., Special.—Another new enterprise has recently been incorporated in this city. The new company will be known as the Novelty White Brick Company. The company is capitalized at \$100,000 in \$40,000 of preferred 6 per cent stock, and \$60,000 common stock. This company is organized under the auspices of the Washington Investment Company, who are now engaged in developing Washington Heights, a residential suburb of this city and the manufacturing plant will be located on these heights. They will manufacture sand, lime and other kinds of brick and building material.

Big Saw Mill For Durham County.

Durham, Special.—The contract has been given for machinery to install a large saw mill plant several miles south of Durham. This plant will be owned by Charles and Eglish Penny, and the timber on the Triet tract of land, containing about 1,100 acres, will be cut. On this land there is a great deal of pine and hard wood timber and people of experience in such matters who have examined the timber say that 10,000,000 feet of lumber can be cut from the land.

Knew He Would Die.

Goldboro, Special.—A peculiar death occurred in a restaurant in this city. A young negro, who gave his name as Tom Smith, was eating dinner and remarked to those around him that he had had one stroke of paralysis at Kingston a few days ago and felt like he was going to have another. In a few minutes the stroke came and he died without a struggle.

No Yellow Fever in Natchez.

Natchez, Miss., Special.—A report to the effect that there were two cases of yellow fever at the Natchez City Hospital, one mile from the city, was denied in emphatic terms in a concise report signed by Surgeon White, Marine Hospital Service, in charge at New Orleans, Dr. E. H. Archibard, expert and bacteriologist of the Louisiana State University, Dr. L. Sexton, of New Orleans, and Dr. J. F. Hunter, secretary of the Mississippi State board of Health. The patients came from Louisiana.



W. J. BRYAN, SKETCHED ON BOARD SHIP WHILE PREPARING HIS SPEECH.

life who is not a military hero. In some respects the reception to General Grant, upon his return from his four round-the-world eclipses it, because it was a series of ovations throughout the country, with interest wrought to white heat by one of the most fervid political campaigns in the nation's history. But Mr. Bryan's was a hearty, sympathetic welcome, reaching, at times the pitch of wildest enthusiasm when the multitude in the sweltering atmosphere of the great auditorium arose to its feet and wildly cheered. Democrats had come from far and near in special trains to pay him homage. He was surrounded by men who had been at each other's throats in 1896, variously supporting Bryan, McKinley and Palmer. All were now united in the opinion that Bryan was the man to lead them. Democratic pomp and circumstance were assembled to welcome the Nebraska. There were eighteen United States Senators and ex-Senators, and twenty Democratic Governors and ex-Governors. There were representatives of every State in the Union: from Hawaii and from the Territories. At his first appearance on the plat-