

of the children may die. The Franklins were caught in the wreckage of their home.

It is feared that the death list in Tyler may reach a dozen and the number of injured will probably aggregate two-score when reports of the casualities are all received.

Twelve buildings were wrecked in the confusion it is difficult to compile an accurate list of the casualities. Wires are down in all directions from Tyler, but reports from farmers are that\_farm houses all around Tyler were blown, down.

It is impossible to ascertain the loss of life in the rural regions, but it is known that the tornado swept everything clean for a distance of five Three miles from town the miles. wind demolished the home of Irwin Franklin, severely injuring Franklin and his wife and four children. The tornado tore a path through Tyler 100 feet wide. Buildings, telephone and electric light poles were laid flat in the storm's path while great damage was done in other parts of the city.

Hattisburg, Miss., Special.-A tornado passed over Jones county north of here Friday and the town of Mossville, of several hundred inhabitants, is reported to have been blown away. At least two are dead and several injured.

The town of Noso, as well as the town of Service on the Laurel branch of the Gulf & Ship Island Railroad were blown away. Whether or not there were any fatalities cannot be learned.

Advices from Dallas state that the tornado swept Tyler, Smith county, Texas, killing four persons and doing considerable damage.

Memphis, Tenn., Special.-Severe wind and rain storms visited the South and Southwest causing loss of life and much damage to property. In. Smith county, Texas, several people were killed by a tornado, including C. A. Francis and wife; Mrs. W. Francis and child; and a negro named Mose Lee. Much ' damage was wrought by the storm, small buildings and outhouses especially suffering.

Many points in Mississippi report

train the of

Bruner, his mother's maiden name bebegin their terms of imprisonment in general plan of puntshmant. A copy Ludlow street jak and pay the fines. But it was agreed among counsel that an appeal would be taken from Judge Bischoff's decision and a stay of the order obtained meanwhile. Whatperienced in years fell. It was acing Kincaid, and she being also a companied by terrific wind and light- native of the good County of Rowan ning. His father was for many years editor and publisher of The Carolina Watch-RIOT IN JAPANESE HOUSE. si restant in most in the moon thoda man, of Salisbury, a power in the newspaper world of its day, and T: ever the decision of the Appellate Ven Will Sel dwellings. The toronado struck them Division, it is certain that the Court being merely a handful of scattered Pair Tor Only : ... OUT THE AIR An Exciting Debate Precedes the Past of Appeals will be asked to pass on the matter before any final order is entered, as both sides realize the im-portance of the decision. Lawyer Robert C. Beatty, who rep-resents the Typothetae in the proceed-fugs, said that he was immensely pleased with the decision and ex-pected that ht would be upheld by the highest courts. "It is the first time," he said, "that such a decision has been rendered with penalties of sufficient importance to the violators of injunctions issued of Appeals will be asked to pass on K. Bruner was for some time asso-<text><text><text><text><text><text><text> Jones county and all are very small, sage of the Budget. CASH WITH ORDER \$4.55 ciated with him on that paper. Ha towns destroyed. They are all in was devoted to the study of miner-Mossville, Service and Soso are the alogy and became an expert. ber probably correct. from 6. to 10 with the smaller num-Yellow Fever at Galveston. Reports of the number killed range Galveston, Tex., Special.—On the steamer Crispin; which arrived in the roads from Para, Brazil, three miles out from Galveston, Sunday cally demolished by a tornado Friday. small Mississippi towns were practi-Meridian, Miss." Special.-Three there were two cases of yellow fever. The two mon affected aper. Third Engineer Davis and Third Officer Three Towns Demolished. reported toy have carried buildings in te the violators of injunctions issued in fabor cases to make the punished feel the weight of the law. Mere fines, which can be haid by the union out of its funds on by a special assess-ment, are of no practical use in deits path completely off the lots on which they stood. Nearby fields were Pritchard. branches of several trees were literbarring men from doing what these men did, namely, urge, on their fol-lowers to disregard the Court's orders and proceed in their plans of threats, assaults and intimidations without ed with small household articles. News Notes. L. S. Norrison, a resident of Moss-The South-Carolina legislaturo ha ville, who came here after the storm, increased the State fax levy one mill, said that he was out of doors during the blow and was compelled to grasp The Georgia, Southern & Florida hindrance, as though there had been a wire fence to keep from being Railway has announced a cut of 19 no such injunction issued.". Alfred J. Talley, counsel for the union men, said that he believed the decision would be reversed on appeal, blown away: . He said the dead at per cent. in the salary of employes. Mossville were Alex Windham and Secretary Taft, in a speech at Grand Rapids, Mich., declared Lin-coln would pursue the same course as wife, negroes. Near the town he said as the men punished acted, he thought, without full knowledge of the effect and meaning of the Court's injunction. four white persons had been killed, a man and his wife and their two children whose names he did not learn. day. McKinley and Roosevelt if alive to. cheap capital.

the New York Merchants' Association's first registration day for the spring trade, 419 buyers, or the next largest number on record for such a date, inscribed their names at association headquarters. The second day's registration left no record unbroken. All the hotels that cater to the out-of-town buyers were overrun. "The buyers and out-of-town merchants," says The Times' story, "swarmed about the hotel corridors last night, telling their New York friends that the business outlook was, brighter than it had ever been before. Many who went to the theater in the evening spent intermission time presdicting a great era of prosperity for the country." Though some of the country's great industries are in a very unsatisfactory condition for the time being, the facts just narrated certainly do not indicate general hard times, either pres-

ent or prospective. Prosperity has received some hard and temporarily crippling blows, but it is far from dead yet .- Charlotte, N. C. Observer of Feb. 16.

## Pittsburg Flood-Swept.

Pittsburg, Pa., Special.-Spreading ruin and disaster in its path, the annual flood of the rivers and small streams of this section holds Pittsburg in its grasp. At 10 o'clock the water had reached a stage of 26 feet and was rising a half foot an hour. The weather bureau predicts 30 feet and possibly a foot higher when the crest of the flood arrives. While the weather conditions are much colder and snow flurries are experienced at intervals the changed conditions will have absolutely no effect on the high water. At the headwaters the rivers continue to rise and scores of cities and towns in western Pennsylvania, eastern Ohio and West Virginia are partially inundated. In the Pittsburg district alone the damage, it is expected, will amount to several million dollars,

T. K. Bruner Dead. Raleigh, N. C., Special Hon. T K. Bruner, who for 21 years has "served the State as Secretary of Ac-

all parties concerned, reciting the ville, near Laurel, several lives are on four different Black Hand head-He was 52 years of age and ; was decision and the penalties, and fol-lewing that the men would have to quarters in this city show the same reported lost. born in Salisbury, the son of J. J. scheme of organization and the same At Jackson, the heaviest rain ex-

similar sentence. William J. S. Anderson, fined \$100.

Thomas Bennett, fined \$100, The cause of this drastic action/ dates back to a period in 1906 when Typographical Union No. 6 ordered a strike against the association of master printers known as the Typothetao of the City of New York. The men struck for a closed shop and an eighthour day, which the employers refused to grant.

The Typothetae took counsel and, on the plea that the strikers were practicing intimidation against their employes who remained at work, Justice Blanchard granted an injunction restraining the officers and members of Typographical Union No. 6+from interfering with the workmen who remained with the Typothetae.

Shortly thereafter Robert C. Beatty, counsel for the Typothetae, applied to the Supreme Court for the punishment of officers and members of the Union for contempt of court in failing to obey the terms of the injunction. Mr. Beatty charged that the acts of violence complained of were still being perpetrated, and made specific charges against certain members of the union.

Upon these representations Justice-Bischoff appointed Adam Wiener, of No. 320 Broadway, a referee to take testimony in the controversy and to report back to the court. The referee continued his hearings until December last, and a short time ago submitted his report to Justice Bischoff.'. The latter affirms the report, and says: \* ....

The findings of the referee upon the questions specified in the order of reference are all supported by the evidence of the full degree of cogency and probative value required for the purpose of the proceeding.

'The questions involved have been fully discussed by the referee, in the opinion filed with his report, and I am in accord with the reasoning em-ployed by him. If the solemn orders of this court are to have any efficacy, punishment sufficient as a deterrent should be visited upon the respondents whose disobedience has been established in the present case; and I am satisfied that the mere impositiou of a fine in the present case, within the statutory limit of \$250, would afford no adequate penalty in the case of the officers of the respondent association, but would rather operate as fixing a small fine at which exemption from the embarrassing features of an injunction might be purchased. As to the other respondents, who are operating at daily wages, a fine is presumed sufficient punishment."

order would be entered, on notice to sualy cownpour of rain. At Moss-The entire State will mourn his loss.

are named. The assigns o organization are all divided into sections. The pickpockets, thieves and the bullies or "sluggers" employed by the members are not admitted to their meetings, which can be attended by only those who have "earned

honor." Penalties are graduated from small fines to branding with the knife or the iron. For lesser offenses it is provided that the brand may be made on the body. For greater ones it must be affixed on the face, "so that

all members may always know the traitor on sight." For the more heinous offenses of warning a victim or revealing any of the deeds of any members the penalty is death.

Under the chief or head, who is known only to the head circle of those who have "Earned Honor" is the Camuffo dy Lustra, the spy and scor' overseer, to whom all members of the various sections must report. The lowest penalty for the disobedi ence of his orders is the branding of the emblem of scorn upon him. The by-laws set the price to be paid for spies, thieves and pickpockets at \$27.50. For bullies and "beaters," \$10, but for the administration of the death penalty it is considered dis-

honorable and dangerous to hire, a third party, and only members of the society are chosen, who act without remuneration in fulfilment of the sacred oath. Members of the society also swear to know no blood relations - neitherrigther nor son, if the offense be against them both. Members of the same circle also ane sworn to indulge in no feuds with fellow members. Here are a few of the penalties provided:

"He who refuses to obey the orders of the chief, the overseer or of any members bearing insignia of having

'Earned Honor,' shall at first offense be branded by knife on the body beneath the clothing. For second offense shall be liable to death at the word of the chief.

"The member who will attempt to reveal the secrets of the society or. ycar, on his birthday, she getr up in who permits any one of his family to time to eat breakfast with him."reveal its secrets, that member shall be punished with death. The chief shall detail not more than three of those who have 'Earned Honor' to accomplish his finis.

"The member who shall forsake a fellow niember, becoming a coward, shall be punished according to the severity of the harm that befalls the fellow whom he deserted at the or-ders of the head's circle, even to death." death."

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The city detectives say these by laws vary in different localities, but fragments of rules found in the raids damage by heavy winds and an unu-In the usual course of things an riculture, died here Sunday morning.

water would, greatly improve the paintings in the Louvre, and other museums in France.

Dr. Jameson, best known as the leader of the spirit Hefore the Boet war, resigned as Premier of Cape Colony because of the wictory of the Dutch in the Parliamentary elections

**Gashier** Locked in Vault.

Hickory, N. C. Special.-What was equal to a Western scene was the bold robbery of the bank at Granite Falls, a town of several hundred inhabitants, on the C. & N. W. Railway, about six miles from Hickory at '6 o'clock Saturday night, when Cashier W. G. Whisnant was, held up at the point of guns by three masked bandits, who took from the cashier's desk \$2,700, after which locking him in the vault and making good their escape. So far it is not known from whence they came or whither they went, but they were evidently professionals.

Retirement of Major Vance.

Washington, Special.-Major Zeb ulon B. Vance, Fifth Infantry, United States army, son of the late Senator. Vance, was formally placed on the retired list of the army, according to the finding of the army exemination board. He failed to stand the test of horsemanship recently ordered by the President. It is understood that he will go to Charlotte to reside. He is 49 years of age and has served 24 years in the army.

WIFELY DEVOTION.

to her husband."

What does she do?"

"Mrs. Rogers is a perfect slave

"Would you believe it? - Every

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and La Follette, one Lor, b Returns received by the Chicago ;

Tribune in a National straw vote, just completed, show that President : Roosevelt's policies are just as heartily indursed now by the mass of Relati publicans as they ever were A. 88.

11:0-2 JUST FOR PRACTICE. "Would you advise a givi to marry for love?" asked the innocent, young Wer char alls prives for the thing. "Well,", replied the experienced widow cautiously. "she might the first time or two as an experiment."-Nashville American. 1. 1. 1 V 1 1



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