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COLUMBUS, POLK COUNTY, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1909.

NO. 47.

Senator Elkins Says That The Bill It Now Stands Will Never Become a Law.

Wishington, Special.—Senator El- | wards reducing raw materials withkins of West Virginia Tuesday out corresponding reductions in the sounded what is believed to be the duties on manufactured articles, as in its present shape, when he declar- and shoees. such a bill as that presented to the petroleum is still retained in the House for adoption by the ways and new measure, as it exists in the Dingmeans committee would never be ley bill. the Senate would remain in session to escape without additional taxation. until Christmas, if required to do so, to get a bill more acceptable to all sections of the country. This is the and, though the Senate will have no opinion also expressed by many other opportunity to consider the measure Senators. They maintain that a close for possibly a month, there are almalysis will show that such a bill s that now proposed would be most farmful to the interests of the South and that, as millions of dollars of money belonging to Eastern capitalists are invested there, such a bill will never become a law.

Objections to the Bill. man will come higher to him.

and, if placed in operation, would coffee. be both burdensome to the Ameriand otherwise be hurtful to American rtade relations.

can industries.

ing on the same subject.

proced features, which would enable Senate will agree to pass it. trade arrangements.

work to increase duties.

body finishes with it, its best friends will not be able to recognize it. Aldrich Opposes Bill.

That ten is taxed and beer allowed

The sterm of opposition to the bill

has already broken in the House,

ready signs indicating that when that

Semator Aldrich objects to the bill because he does not like the maximum and minimum features, the in-Among the objections set out are heritance tax, and other equally unthat it increases the taxation on the satisfactory parts of it. He especialnecessities of life, and that those ar- ly opposes the inheritance tax clause ticles actually required by the poor because in his opinion, it would conflict with any of the State laws bear-That the maximum and minimum ing on the same point. He is also features of the bill are loosely drawn strongly opposed to a tax on tea and

Senator Alldrich's opposition came as a surprise to his colleagues in the Senate and to President Taft. It is That the drawback provisions of practically certain that the Senate the bill will work out injuriously to finance committee will figure very the wheat raisers of the great West, largely in shaping up the measure and otherwise be hurtful to Aemri- when the Senate gets wold of it, and as Senator Aldrich is the chairman That the inheritance tax provisions of this committee what he says with interfere with the State laws bear- respect to his opposition is taken to mean that there must be a consider-That the bill is lacking in any reci- able amount of rebuilding before the

the United States to make favorable! The outlook is for a hard fight in the House, especially from Southern That the system of valuation based Representatives, and an equally hard on the American wholsesale market fight in the Senate from those memprice is of doubtful wisdom, and will bers who think the bill, as it now stands, would not be acceptable to That too much has been done to- the people of the country generally.

ed with its maintenance.

Goethals, of the isthmian canal comhundred feet of embankment of the toristy because of difficulties connecrebuilt Panama Railroad line which Thursday's dispatches from Colon report had settled about thirty feet. was a mile and a half from the Gatun dam, and therefore, has no direct bearing in connection with the construction of that portion of the canal waterways. The settling occurred at a place where the re-located road is being constructed over a swamp. The road is being raised from a height of 6 feet to 95 feet above sea level.

"Unless there is some unforeseen difficulty such as labor trouble or an eqidemic of some kind, I feel confident that the canal will be opened by January 1. 1915," said Colonel Goethals Friday. "I was originally an advocate of a sea level canal at Panama. That was at a time when I seemed to be the demand of commerce and from general information concerning conditions that would be about two years ago, observation and York for Panama Saturday.

DEPRESSION DOES NOT EFFECT THE DAM Washington, Special. - Chairman careful study convinced me that the construction of a sea level canal would involve expense so great as to mission, who is about to return to make it impracticable and at the Panama, said Friday that the three same time would result less satisfac-

> "Since that time everything that has come to my attention has srengthened my belief in the advantage of a lock canal."

Colonel Goethals declared that reports of engineering difficulties that would be met on the isthmus have been greatly exaggerated.

"There is not a single thing in connection with the lock canal," he said, 'that can be called unusual beyond the question of the magnitude. Engineers have performed similar work elsewhere. There are no doubtful poblems. If I knew of anything that might jeopardize the stability of this work after its completion, or make doubtful its successful construction, would promptly make a report on it, but there is nothing of that kind."

President Taft Friday again told Colonel Goethals that if the great waterway can be completed by the close of 1913, he wanted to see that feat accomplished. Colonel Goethals, al formed my judgment upon what though not thinking it likely of accomplishment, told the President he would put every force to work to expedite matters to carry out the President's orders. Colonel Goethals left encountered. Going to the isthmus Washington and will sail from New

A CRISIS NOW REACHED IN THE BALKANS

on account of the irreconcilable atti- minister of foreign affairs, having bill was laid before the House. tude of the Austro-Hungarian gov- failed, Austro-Hungary is expecting Declaring that there would be no ernment, has now reached a most forthwith to deliver an ultimatur mula for the settlement of the dif- the Servian crown prince.

Paris. By Cable.—It is held in offi- | ficulty acceptable to Baron won cial circles that the Balkan situation Aehrenthal, the Austro-Hungarian

KIDNAPER BOYLE IS LANDED BEHIND THE JAIL BARS

araigned on a charge of kidnaping in the trial of the Boyles was over. harm him. The prisoner looked ried, he would say nothing.

Morcer, Pa., Special.-Heavily ma- greatly relieved when he saw only a nacled to Sheriff Chess. and guarded scattering of people at the Mercer by several detectives, James Boyle, station. Boyle was hurried into a waiting bus and taken to the jail of the kidnapers of little Bifty where he was locked in a cell on the Whitla, was brought here Friday second tier. An armed guard was Tom Pittsburg and lodged in the placed in front of Boyle's cell, and a Mercer county jail. His wife, it is patrolman will be stationed outside nama, Cuba. The ill-fated Maine said, will be brought here from Pitts- the jail all night. Sheriff Chess said burg and the couple will be formally that the jail would be guarded until sultant war with Spain and ours was

a few days. Boyle feared violence | The officials questioned the prisonon his arrival in Mercer, and on the er about his wife's identity but other lourney from Pittsburg asked Sheriff than to say that there was no ques-Chees if he thought the crowd would tion about the fact that he was mar-

************ **NEWS FROM WASHINGTON**

Major Francis P. Fremont, Fifth United States Infantry, is to be dismissed from the army as a result of his conviction by court-martial in Cubs on the charge of insubordination, President Taft having approved the sentence of the court Wednesday. Major Fremont is a son of the "Pathfider," and is now stationed at Plattsburg Barracks, New York. An official statement regarding the

reasons for dismissal says: "Major Fremont was convicted of death knell of the Payne tariff bill in the case of free hides and boots tharges of knowingly making false statements in regard to another ofed in the most emphatic terms that That the countervailing duty of ficer of the army and of making false statement in regard thereto to an inspector general in violation of the 61st Article of War, end of making derogatory statements to junior officers about their senior officer in violation of the 62d Article of War."

Roosevelt Order Revoked.

The last remaining vestige of the Roosevelt order taking marines off the battleships and cruisers of the United States navy was swept away Friday when President Taft, after the matter had been considered at a sabinet meeting. directed that an order be issued restoring the marines to exactly the same duties that they performed prior to their being ordered ashore. After Congress had placed a provision in the navy appropriation bill to the effect that a certain percentage of the marine curps should be assigned to ship duty, an order was issued the day before President Roosevelt went out of office restoring the marines to ships but placing them under the orders of the captains of the vessel on which they were to serve. Under the old wder of things the marines were givm specific duties. One of these was to fight certain guns of the secondary battery. The order placing them un-Her the direction of the ship's captain made it possible to assign the marines to any sort of duty and to Reprive them of fighting any part of the ship's battery.

Punish Kidnapping by Beath. To define the crime of kidnapping and provide punishment therefor, in the District of Columbia." This is

the title of a bill that Representative Rodenburg (Ill.) introduced Tuesday. It was suggested by the harrowing experience of bttle Willie Whitla, of Sharon, Pa.

Wants to Finish Canal in July, 1913. It developed Wednesday that during a recent conversation between President Taft and Chairman Goethals of the Isthmian Caral Commission the President expressed his desire that the canal be completed by July 4th, 1913. Colonel Goethals however, is not at all sanguine of accomplishing any such results, holding to his heretofore expressed opinion that Jnauary 1, 1915, will see the canal open to navigation. Colonel Goethals will leave New York for Panama next Saturday.

In order to expedite discussion of the tariff bill in the House, unanious consent Saturday was given that the sessions hereafter shall begin at 10 instead of 11 o'clock a. m.: that a recess should be taken at 6 and that resuming at 8 o'clock the sessions should continue until 10:30 p. m. each day. The request for unanimous consent was made by Mr. Payne, who said that there already were 40 or 50 members who had indicated their desire to speak.

Mr. Clark, of Missouri, the minority leader, asked how long general debate would continue. He said he was much embarrassed by his lack of information. When his Democratic colleagues asked for time in which to speak he found it difficult to make allotments. Mr. Payne replied that he was suffering under a similar embarrassment, but did not supply the information desired.

Without any intimation having been given as to when the general debate on the measure shall cease the

ssension in the Democratic ra stage and that the next few Belgrade. After this, if Servia re- of the House with regard to the tariff days will decide between peace and fuses to make complete surrender, and that the Fitzgerald amendment War. The efforts of Great Britain, no doubt exists in Paris that Austo the rules made it possible for the France and Russia to present a for- tria-Hungary will dispatch an army minority to express its views upon amendments to the bill by a record vote, Representative Harrison, of New York, discussed various features of the Payne measure.

Silly Canard.

On last Saturday morning it was flashed over the wires all along the line that the U.S. Battleship Mississippi had been blown up at Guantacame quickly into mind and the re a nation on tiptoe of expectation Message after message said it was se reported, till finally before noon the report was declared only a silly conard. The Mississippi is safe and the 750 men said to dead are living and happy.

Arms Against Government.

CRAZY SNAKE IS THEIR LEADER

Two Hundred Red Men, Armed to the Teeth, Rise Against Lawful Authority and Announce That They Will Pight to the Death.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Special .-Five companies of Oklahoma militia marched Sunday against Crazy Snake's band of Creek Indians, halfbreeds and negroes, entrenched in the Hickory Hills, 7 miles from Herietta.

A battle is regarded as inevitable, as the heavily-armed troops set out either to capture or exterminate the murderous band, which since Thursday has caused the death of six men, the wounding of many others, and brought about a condition of terror. Leaving Henrietta at 3 o'clock with seven miles to go, and encumbered with arms and equipment, it was expected the troops could not reach the Indians before 7 o'clock.

Crazy Snake's men number about 200, all armed with modern rifles and plentifully supplied with ammunition. They had prepared for two months for this final stand against lawful authority. They sent out word that they would fight to the death.

Crazy Snake's band strongly entrenched itself early in the day and was reinforced from time to time.

Crazy Snake Commands. Crazy Snake is in personal command. This was established by testimony chocked out of his college-bred son by means of a mice new inch rope. Young Harjo, strung up by the determined deputies until nearly dead. gasped out that his father was in command; named the Indian who killed the deputies, told the officers how to trail the band and did everything which a storical Red Man is supposed not to do.

This first real Indian uprising of years has held this region on edge for three days. It broke out last Thursday when several deputy sheriffs went to Herietta to arrest negro cattle thieves. They were fired on by negro half-breed friends and forced to retreat. Returning with additional forces they were fired on by the band, then augmented by some of Crazy Snake's Indians. Three negroes were killed and five wounded. according to the official reports, al ough it is thought that many more Indians were wounded. This clash resulted in 41 arrests.

Marshal Edward Baum and Deputy Sheriff Herman Odom were the deputies killed.

Have Negro Allies. A Stidman special says an engagement between officers and Indians occurred near there Sunday morning, in which several Indians were wounded. Both the Indians and negroes. many of the latter allied with the Creeks, took their wounded into the hills, which made it impossible to tress before the students of Guilford learn definitely the casualties. The number of the dead since Thursday is placed unofficially at six.

The bodies of Marshal Baum and Herman Odom were taken to Eufaula. There was evidence that Crazy Snake and his family had left hurriedly in the night.

After Chitti Harjo, Crazy Snake's son, struggled hard against yielding, whispered "Let down, tell-allknow" the noose was lossed and he Men," gave a complete list of Indians who participated in the fight of the previous night and confessed that his father, instead of being in Washington, was at the head of the outlaw bands mer Creek nation.

in the yard this morning?" asked Deputy Jones.

Harjo's Confession. "These were his tracks," said the Indian, who then told that Charles Coker, reputed as a dangerous Indian outlaw, had fired the shots which lilled Baum and Odom. His confesship over the Creeks.

to catch."

Creek Indians in Oklahoma in News of Interest Gleaned From All Sections of the State and Arranged For Busy Readers

> New Interest in Good Roads. Lexington, Special.—Discussion of ood roads, bonds and special road x goes on apace in Davidson. Since he recent visit of the Davidson een a remarkable increase in good arious sections of the county are ublishing letters weekly in the local ress advocating bonds for roads. At o time in the history of Davidson has here been such interest manifested in he road question. This is partly due the condition of the highways at his time. The roads were never worse nd indeed are well-nigh impassable places. The Davidson farmers seem etermined to do something and it bould not be surprising if under a w applying to Davidson, a bond lection is called at no distant date. he Dispatch, which sent the Daidson farmers to Mecklenburg, is ow carrying on a popularity contest Davie and Yadkin counties for the tme purpose—of sending 45 farmers tom those counties on a trip to lecklenburg to see the roads there.

> > Burned With a House.

Weldon, Special.-Fire Saturday ight completely destroyed the handome country dwelling known as the Vhitehead place, near Weldon, and wned by Mr. W. B. Drewry. The Vill Carroll, and their four-weeksld baby, barely escaped with their wes, and a colored boy, who slept h the barn was burned to death. Vhen Mr. Carroll awoke the bed was n fire and his wife's hair was burnag. Clasping the sleeping infant to er breast, Mrs. Carroll fled from the oom in her night robes, followed by er husband. The night was cold and br several hours they were exposed the night winds before help could trive. Mrs. Carroll is prostrated. he body of the colored boy was enirely consumed only his heart being oft in a charred condition. The buildng was a splendid two story barn. ewly remodeled, with metal roof and ras valued at \$2,500. It was insured br \$1,500.

Parents Desert Child.

Asheville, Special.—An interesting ase of desertion has come to the atention of the police of the city. The leserted is a baby girl two or three veeks old and the victim of the evilent plot at desertion is an old nero woman named Lillie Jackson. It vas just dusk when the man, having very appearance of a high-bred entleman, told the old negro that he ind his wife had been suddenly calld away for a few days and giving ther plausible excuses requested that he woman keep the child until their eturn. The man gave the woman \$3 n money, a quantity of clothing for he babe and also some prepared baby lood. He left and since that time as never been heard from. The wonan took good care of the child and s deeply attached to it. It will be urned over to one of the charitable nstitutions till a home can be found

Dr. Elliot at Greensboro.

Greensboro, Special.-In an adbllege Wednesday Dr. Charles W. fliot, retiring president of Harvard miversity, denied that competition between endowed and State educaional institutions is hurtful. He aid competition everywhere helps and promotes growth, adding 'that s why protection to American in-'Public Spirit the Virtue of Free

Death Due to Drink.

Burlington, Special.-The lifeless & Sal'sbury, Special .- John Ridscattered among the hills of the for- Monday morning in a barn near his in Salisbury collecting arounts are and near the body of Mr. Fauceste, that time.

Death by Assassin. Wilmington, Special.-Jerry Eig-

sion also revealed for the first time ford, a young white farmer and store some of the real secrets of general- teeper, living near Freeeman's, Col- committee assignments in the Senate "Coker is an expert shot," he said, lay night by an assassin, who fired "and was fully 300 yards distant apon him through a window of his when he made fine targets of the hose, where he lived alone. The committee to be known as Conservabodies of the officers. He is scouting theriff was notified and with blood-, i'en of Nelionel Resources. This wall now with the band and will be hard hounds traced the supposed assassin be an important committe. Schatter Ho and across Cape Fear river, where Simmons goes to the Finance Com-. With Crazy Snake's whereabouts | Cleveland Russ and Stilmore Russ, mittee to fill the vacanc; carsed lay dead man was to marry Tuesday. | nance, entrency and banking,

Y .M. C. A. Convention.

The sixth annual convention of

Y. M. C. A.'s of North and South Carolina, held in Charlotte, N. C. ermers to Mecklenburg there has and one of the most successful of the entire series, came to a close Sunday bads sentiment. Leading farmers in night at a meeting held for the speaial benefit of the delegates. A meeting was held for these in the moreing and in addition there were usual special services for men and boys at other hours. At the meeting Sunday night talks were made Messrs. R. H. King, of Charleston S. C., Julian M. Smith, field seems tary; James E. Johnson, secretary of students' and boys' work; J. & Kluttz, office secretary of the interstate executive committee; D. L. Prebert, secretary of the Charlotte M. C. A.; P. M. Colbert, secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at Winston-Salems. E. E. Barnett, secretary at the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill; L. P. Hollis, of Greenville,, &. C.; G. C. Huntington, of Charlotte, and Dr. George J. Fisher, of New York. Unanimous was the sentiment. expressed that the meeting had been far more than worth while. "It has more than fulfilled our expectstions," said many. General regret: was expressed that the meeting wheeling had been so fruitful in results and scupants of the house, Mr. and Mrs. so pleasant had, like everything else, to come to an end at last. Before adjournment, suitable resolutions were passed expressing much gratification at the cordial reception and splendid entertainment of the body by the citizens of Charlotte.

Ex-Police in Jaill.

Durham, Special.-Albert V. Sorrell, the ex-policeman, wher is being sued by Henry F. Edwards for \$10 -000 damages for allienating the affections of his wife and destroying the happiness of his home, is now in jail. He was arrested on a warrant for bond and bail to sustain the astion and being unable or unwilling to give bond in the sum of \$5,000 he was committed to jail: late Tuesday night. There he has remained since then. This combines a civil and at criminal action and the \$5,000 from required is not an appearance bend but is one to sustain the action that is now brought by Edwards. On this account the bond has not been given. Sorrell is worth all of \$10,000, but since his person is attached in these later action he cannot get to his property to secure his bond. He and his advisers are unwilling that his friends should take up responsibility: of probably having to settle the dame age suit and he went to jail.

Family Has Narrow Escape.

Fayetteville, Special.—The family of Oliver Thratt, a trucker and inventor, living on the outskirts, Tuesday morning narrowly escaped a harrowing death, when between I 2 o'clock the father was awakened by a burning shingle falling on hand. The household was aroused and made their escape just in time. for as they fled from the building the roof came crushing in. They were housed and clothed by kindly neighbors. It was afterwards learned that the \$600 insurance policy, which was burned with the house, expired at. ncon of the same day.

State Boundary Question.

Washington, Special.—The preme Court of the United States granted the petition of the State North Carolina for leave to file lustries is harmful to those very in- original bill in that court for a delustries." Dr. Eliot's subject was limitation of the boundary between that State and Tennessee at crossing of the Tennessee river.

Gets Good Lift.

body of Dolph Faucette was found way, a blacksmith by trade, is new iome, about six miles north of Bur- gregating 420,000 to which '- has "Those were your father's tracks ington. The verdict of the coroner's fallen heir by the estate of he brother the yard this morning?" asked cury was that death was due to ex- cently in Alabama. The two brothers sessive drinking. W. M. Beckom came to America from Un land in was found asleep in the same room, 1004 and had been separated since

> II. C. Esnafore on The extant Comriffeer.

Washington, Special.-In the new Overman is placed upon the new almost definitely established, the offi- brothers, were arrested. one of the the retirement of the venerable Seccers prepared with the aid of the number being a rival of young Big- ater Teller. This committee miltary to crush the Indians in the ford for the hand of a Miss Squires charge of all matters pertaining to fight which it was believed was im- of an adjoining county, whom the revenue and taxation as well as