

The Polk County News

VOL. XX. NO. 7.

SALUDA, POLK COUNTY, N. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 1914.

ESTABLISHED MAY, 1894.

S. COLVILLE BARCLAY



Colville Barclay, wife of the British ambassador at London, is spending the summer in Saluda, N.C., where she has a house.

WILL YIELD TO MEDIATION ENDS

STATUS OF AMERICAN DELEGATES RELATING TO U. S. PEACE PLAN.

CONCLUDE IMMEDIATELY

Policy is Not Yet Determined. The Peace Conference Fails in Its Purpose.

Niagara Falls, Ont.—Justice Lamar's ultimatum to Emilio Rabasa, head of the Mexican mediation delegation, stating that the United States insist on the acceptance of its ultimatum. Unless the Huerta delegation yield mediation will end at once.

is the firm determination of the United States as conveyed to the American Ambassador Da Gama of Chile, and Minister Suarez of Chile, the American delegates if their ultimatum had changed in view of the Huerta split and the reply.

an informal talk, but served as the mediators that the publications of the American delegates with opposite views on the type of men to be selected as provisional president, defined the unalterable attitude of the United States.

Huerta commissioners say they know what course of action Huerta may pursue.

mediators held no formal session. Minister Naon, of Argentina, in Washington. He is expected soon and will confer first with his colleagues who are anxious to see whether his conferences with the Huerta government will develop a new road toward solution of the problem confronting it. It has not the various plans formally presented.

action by the Americans of the Huerta plan, as well as that of the Mexican delegates will be decided as matter of form, to be with disapproval by the Mexican plan. Automaton that would adjourn the conference according to rules of procedure when they first convened. mediators, however, still have hopes to suggest for provision.

Tobacco Association Elects. Lexington, Ky.—The United States Tobacco Association elected the following officers: President T. M. Carr, Richmond, Va.; vice president W. L. Petty Lexington, Ky.; vice president H. P. Watson, Lexington, N. C.; third vice president, Drakes Branch, Va.; secretary, C. E. Webb, Winchester, N. C.

Speaker Case Postponed. Springfield.—Continued absence of the House Judiciary Committee from the city has further delayed the report of the committee which investigated the charges against Federal Emory Spear of Macon, Ga. The case is not now expected to come before the entire committee before 10 days. It is understood that a majority of the investigators hold that sufficient evidence was presented to warrant an impeachment.

IMPORTANT CASES BY SUPREME COURT

INTER-MOUNTAIN RATE ORDERS LUMBER DEALERS; AND PIPE LINE ACT PASSED ON.

THE RAILWAYS WIN CASE

Trans-Continental Roads Get Title to Oil Lands.—Court Recedes Until October.—14 Cases Left Over.

Washington.—The supreme Court adjourned until October after deciding the inter-mountain rate case, the California oil land grant case, the Eastern States retail lumber dealers' suit, and several other important cases pending for many months.

Just 14 cases in which arguments had been made were left undecided. These include cases involving the constitutionality of the "grandfather clauses," limiting the right of negroes to vote in Oklahoma and Annapolis, Md., the mid-Western land case, involving the validity of President Taft's withdrawal of oil lands from entry; the Nashville grain reshipping case; and the Henry case involving the right of Congress to compel individuals to testify before investigating committees.

The court during the term disposed of more cases than in any years since 1890. Five hundred and ninety-one decisions were handed down.

The court affirmed the decree of the New York Federal Court holding organizations of Eastern States retail lumber dealers had violated the Sherman anti-trust law by circulating among their members lists of wholesalers who sold lumber direct to big consumers.

The pipe line act of 1906, placing all interstate oil pipe lines under interstate commerce commission regulations was upheld by the Supreme Court. The court held, however, that the act is not applicable to the Uncle Sam Oil Company.

Transcontinental railways won their fight for title to \$700,000,000 worth of California oil lands when the Supreme Court held void the clause in the patents making the land revert to the Government if later found to contain minerals.

The Supreme Court recessed until October without announcing decisions in the Taft withdrawal oil land case, the grandfather clause cases, the Nashville grain reshipping case and several other cases.

Charges of blacklisting and unfair competitive methods figured largely in the so-called lumber trust suit which the Government brought against 10 retail dealers associations and 137 of their officers.

NEW SCHEME FOR PEACE.

A Conference Including Constitutionalists Will Be Held.

Niagara Falls, Ont.—Through the invitation of the United States government and the good offices of the three South American mediators, representatives of the two warring factions in Mexico—the Constitutionalists and the Huerta government—soon will be brought face to face in an informal conference, distinct from the mediation proceedings.

To save Mexico from further spoliation and the possibility of a foreign war, the Constitutionalists apparently have been prevailed upon to meet their countrymen—the Huerta delegates—in a conference whose object shall be the ending of the Mexican civil strife. The belief is general that this plan stands an excellent chance of being carried to success if recent differences between Generals Villa and Carranza are sufficiently composed to guarantee that the Constitutional delegation may work without embarrassment.

Arrangements for the meeting are in a formative state. The mediators and American and Huerta delegates, however, believe that they will be able to announce not only the personnel of the Constitutional delegation but the place of the meeting and its general purposes. The new plan has buoyed the hopes of the principals to mediation.

Would Have "Gaillard Cut."

Washington.—A proposal to honor the late Col. David Dub. Gaillard, who died from an illness aggravated by overwork on the Panama Canal, by naming Culebra Cut after him was laid before President Wilson by Representative Finley of South Carolina. Mr. Finley brought with him a resolution adopted by the Federation of Women's Clubs of South Carolina, proposing the change. The South Carolina Congressman said the suggestion had met with the hearty approval of the President.



Frank S. White, of Birmingham, elected some time ago to succeed the late Senator Johnston, has taken his seat in the upper house and Alabama now has a full delegation there for the first time in months.

ASQUITH YIELDS TO SUFFRAGISTS

PREMIER HAS CONSENTED TO RECEIVE A DELEGATION OF THE WOMEN.

IT IS A DISTINCT VICTORY

The Capitulation Follows Many Attempts For an Audience by the Militants.

London.—Premier Asquith has capitulated to the suffragettes. He has consented to receive a deputation of East End working women in Downing street.

Miss Sylvia Pankhurst's attempt to carry out her threat of a hunger strike at the entrance to the House of Commons until the Premier yielded to the demand that he listen to a delegation of women was largely responsible for the Prime Minister's decision. The victory is a distinct one, because Sylvia Pankhurst was arrested about a week ago for attempting to lead a procession of East End women to Westminster to demand the audience which Mr. Asquith has promised.

Holloway jail opened its doors to release Miss Pankhurst, weak and pale after her eighth successive hunger strike. The militant leader drove to Westminster and rebuffed Kier Hardie's efforts to persuade her to go home. She was sitting on the steps of the Central entrance to Parliament House, propped up with cushions and supported in the arms of friends when Mr. Lansbury came out with the news that Premier Asquith had surrendered.

The militants plans were arranged effectively. When their leader emerged from Holloway jail on the arms of two attendants, a motor car was waiting filled with cushions. Two nurses took her in charge. A group of militants had gathered outside Westminster, and when the car drove up they cried: "Here's Sylvia."

VILLA-CARRANZA SPLIT.

Villa Regarding General Natera, Will Proceed to Mexico City.

El Paso, Texas.—The split between General Carranza and Villa has been complete, it was learned on the highest authority. But Villa will proceed with his army south toward Mexico City, disregarding General Natera, whose appointment by Carranza as head of the new Central zone evidently caused the open breach between the Northern zone commander and the Constitutionalist commander-in-chief.

Congressman Sims Is Commended.

Washington.—President Wilson wrote to Representative Sims of Tennessee expressing appreciation for his conspicuous support of the Panama tolls exemption repeal bill when it was up before the house. "If I have been a long time about it," wrote the president, "you may be sure that it has not been because I have forgotten to express my very sincerest admiration for and appreciation of the part that you played in the contest which led to the repeal of the tolls exemption."

NINE AVIATORS DIE IN A MIMIC BATTLE

AUSTRIAN MILITARY MEN MEET TRAGIC DEATH IN SHAM FIGHT IN AIR.

BODIES BADLY MUTILATED

Aeroplane Makes Attack on Dirigible; Latter Ripper Open—Explosion Follows Immediately.

Vienna.—Nine burned and mutilated bodies, the splintered fragments of an aeroplane and the charred remnants of a big dirigible balloon are the mute records of one of the most sensational disasters which has occurred since man learned to fly. The catastrophe, which resulted in the death of all concerned, nine officers and men, followed a mimic attack by the aeroplane on the dirigible at a great height in the Austrian maneuvers and served to show, more than any previous accident to flying machines have done, the horrors that would be likely to attend aerial warfare.

The dirigible military balloon Koertling left Fischamend, 11 miles from Vienna, manned by Capt. Johann Hauswirth, in command, Lieutenant Ernst Hoffstetter, Lieutenant Bruerr, Lieutenant Haldinger, Corporal Hadima, Corporal Weber and Engineer Kammerer.

At the lapse of half an hour a military biplane, with Lieutenant Platz and Lieutenant Hoosta aboard, started in pursuit.

It was the intention of Captain Hauswirth to take photographs of the movements of the biplane, below and then to join in the maneuvers. At the same time he was to keep out of range of any of the mosquito craft which might seek to attack him.

As might a wasp bent on attacking some clumsy enemy, the aeroplane circled several times around the balloon, darting closer to her, and then away, always apparently steering off just in time to avoid an actual collision.

Meanwhile the balloon continued to rise until it was about 1,200 feet from the ground. The aeroplane, at a still greater height, maneuvered until it appeared to be nearly over the dirigible. Then it began its descent. It was the evident intention of the pilot of the aeroplane to take up a position directly above the dirigible, within striking distance, but owing either to a fatal miscalculation of distance or speed, the nose of the biplane struck the envelope of the airship and ripped it wide open.

A tremendous explosion followed, the balloon burst into flames, which enveloped the biplane, and in a moment the wreckage began to drop, crashing at length like lead to the slope of a hill. Almost at the same moment the wife of Lieutenant Hoffstetter, who had been married only a month, arrived in a motor car.

FIRE WAR SECRETARY.

Carranza Deposes Gen. Felipe Angeles From Cabinet Job.

Saltillo, Mexico, (via Laredo, Texas) Gen. Felipe Angeles, acting secretary of war of the constitutional cabinet, was deposed from that position by order of Gen. Carranza for disobedience of orders.

Angeles is general of artillery in Villa's army and a strong Villa partisan. His removal from the cabinet reduces him to the rank of general. He is a graduate of Chapultepec Military academy and has played a prominent part in Villa's campaigns.

It is stated that 30,000 men under Gen. Gonzales are being mobilized for the campaign to the south and that several detachments already have left for San Luis Potosi.

Can't Move Fast.

Washington.—While the house was sparring over the question of remaining in session to make progress on the sundry civil bill, Representative Levy of New York introduced a resolution to provide that congress adjourn July 15. He had it read from the clerk's desk, but efforts to get any further consideration for it were vain.

Big Transfer Gold.

New York.—What is said in the financial district to have been the greatest transfer of gold ever made between sub-treasuries occurred during the week when \$43,000,000 of the precious metal was delivered at the sub-treasury here. The gold in bars and coin came from other branches of the United States treasury and the shipment, it was said, was prompted by the fact that for the last six weeks this country has been losing gold to Europe on a large scale. Since the first of May \$53,000,000 has gone out.

Polk County Hotel Directory

In the Land of the Sky—Charming and Captivating Scenery—Life Giving Ozone.

Perched on the edge of the SALUDA Appalachian plateau, with altitude of 2,250 feet, and approached from the south by a steep grade that calls for double locomotive service from Melrose, a few miles distant, is Saluda, the second point of interest on the southern approach of "The Land of the Sky." The ascent is made amid scenes of absorbing interest, dark and repelling forest, being replaced in quick succession by sunlit openings where passing glimpses can be caught of the flora of this most exquisite section. Rocks rise suddenly to alarming heights above the railroad bed, almost within reach of the startled traveler, to give place with just as startling rapidity to gorges through which dash some bold mountain stream on its way to join the silvery Pacolet River winding its way along the valley below. Here and there can be caught glimpses of the recently constructed and splendid automobile road connecting the South—through a scenic landscape of wonderful loveliness with the older thoroughfares through Flat Rock, Hendersonville and Asheville, to the Tennessee line, and where is not one inch of this steep ascent that is not filled with promise of beauty, amply fulfilled when the traveler reaches his destination on the summit.

The accomplishment of the ascent brings not only fulfillment of promise of yearnings after the beautiful, but with it comes a sense of relief from the depression brought on by the heated spell in the lowlands. The rarified air from the surrounding heights plays in constant currents, laden with a wealth of life-giving ozone, and the incense of flowers, and there never occurs a night during the hottest season of any year when warm covering can be dispensed with. The scenery is replete with never-failing charm and variety, and the visitor to Saluda need never be at a loss for points of delightful interest, in quest of which to utilize the rapidly stored energies evolved from existence in this bower of joy and health.

Saluda is an up-to-date and progressive town, with possibilities that are apparent at a glance to one who cares to look. It is making rapid strides, and keeping pace with the startling development apparent throughout this entire beautiful and favored section, but to the thousands who visit its hospitable hotels and boarding houses with unfailing constancy year after year, its quaint and quiet allurements grow with each returning season.

"There is more ozone in the atmosphere in and around Saluda than at other points in the range of the Blue Ridge Mountains owing to the conditions created by the currents of air from the higher altitudes in passing into the Tryon Valley below Saluda." —From Engineers' reports to U. S. Geological Dept.

TRYON Tucked away among the foothills of the Southern Appalachians, 1,350 feet above sea level, on a gently undulating plateau of exceptional beauty and fertility, is the charming village of Tryon, one of the most delightful all-year-round resorts in America.

The plateau is pierced by the gorge of the Pacolet River, the waters of which, turbulent at times as they tumble down the mountains in their tortuous course to the valley, shimmer in the brilliant sunlight like a giant rope of silver.

This lovely hamlet, which looks for all the world as if it were a bit of English landscape transferred to the heart of heroic American mountains, forms the lower gateway to the "Land of the Sky" and the "Sapphire Country." It is the first station in North Carolina on the Spartanburg Division of the Southern Railway, twenty-eight miles northwest from Spartanburg, S. C., and forty-two miles southeast from Asheville, N. C., the route of which follows almost without deviation from Charleston, S. C., to Asheville, N. C., the historic Wilderness Trail over which the pioneer of early days trekked from the sea to the valley of the Ohio.

Times, not alone, but methods, have changed since those days of the early pioneers. Now a score of wonderful railroad trains speed every day along the old Wilderness Trail, bearing eager and busy passengers and the products of rich mines and fertile lands. Through that great gorge of the Pacolet River, in Tryon Township, the enterprising citizens of Polk County have constructed an automobile boulevard of great scenic beauty, connecting the great Southeast with Hendersonville, Asheville, and the upper mountain section.

The Tryon plateau is situated within a great topographical horseshoe, formed by the mountains which nearly surround it. The opening of the shoe is toward the Southeast.

You will make no mistake in selecting one of these excellent places to spend your vacation, in "The Land of the Sky."

The Carolina Home

Mrs. W. C. Robertson, Proprietress. Central location. Baths. Commercial rate \$2 per day. Weekly rate \$7 to \$8. SALUDA, N. C.

The Charles

MRS. J. W. LAMOTT. Rates: Commercial \$2 per day. Weekly \$7 to \$10. Special Family Rates. No consumptives taken. SALUDA, N. C.

Melrose Inn

A quiet and delightful family hotel. Modern. Rates upon application. SALUDA, N. C.

Poplar Glenn

J. L. RENTZ, Proprietor. SALUDA, N. C. Large outside rooms. Hot and cold baths. Delightful breeze. Mountain spring water. Rates: \$1 to \$2. Special to families.

The Esseola

MRS. J. K. CAMPBELL. Fine view. Lithia Water. Conveniently located. Rates: \$8.50 to \$10 per week. SALUDA, N. C.

Pace House

MRS. H. H. FUDGE, Proprietress. Rates: \$8 per week and upward. Beautiful grounds. Tennis courts. SALUDA, N. C.

Iona Lodge

MRS. S. S. OEHLER, Proprietress. Located in Saluda, near Piney Mountain. Fine water and scenery. Modern house. Rates: \$7 and up. Special rates to families.

The Pines

MRS. M. E. LEONARD, Proprietress. Hot and cold bath. Central location. Rates: \$7 and up. Special rates by the month and to families. SALUDA, N. C.

The Leland Home

A delightful private boarding place in a modern home. Large yard. Hot and cold water bath. Rates from \$7 to \$10 per week. SALUDA, N. C.

Fairview House

MRS. H. B. LOCKE, SALUDA, N. C. Modern conveniences. Fine location. Good table, fine water, near postoffice and library. No tubercular patients received. Terms: \$8 to \$10 per week. Special rates to parties.