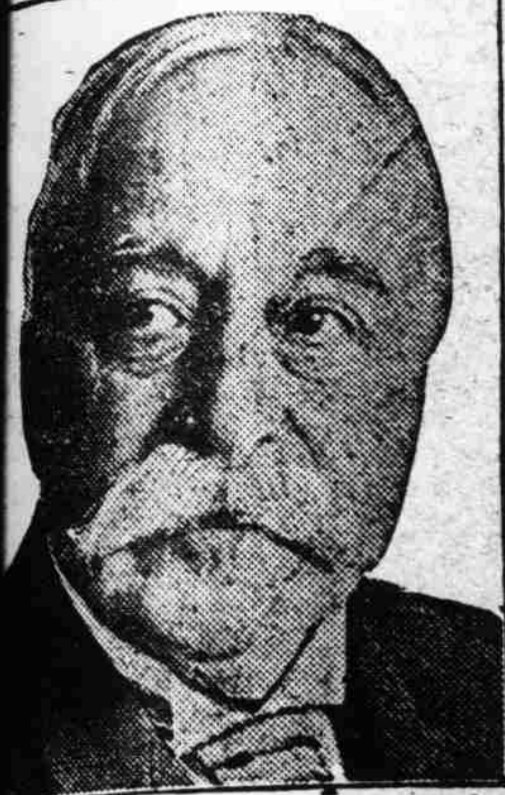


The Polk County News

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ADMIRAL GEORGE DEWEY



Admiral George Dewey has been inducted by Secretary of the Navy Daniels to resume command of his old flagship Olympia at the time of the great naval display marking the formal opening of the Panama canal. The Olympia, it was decided, will share honors with the battleship Oregon, and if Admiral Dewey cannot go to the Philippines it is hoped he at least will visit the cruiser at the San Francisco exhibition.

ALL FACTIONS ARE READY FOR PEACE

ZAPATA SAID TO BE LATEST RECRUIT TO THE CARNEGIE CAMP.

CARBALJAL WANTS TO BE OUT

Provisional President Has No Desire For the Leading Part in the Future Government of Mexico.

Washington.—Official advices received from the Washington administration was meeting with success in bringing Provisional President Carranza, General Carranza, General Villa and General Emiliano Zapata into harmony for the restoration of peace in Mexico.

From these four leaders—representing all the factors concerned in the establishment of a stable government answer to the counsel and advice which the United States has been tending to smooth the way to a complete agreement.

General Zapata promised to cooperate with the Constitutionalists in the work of pacification. Two emissaries from General Carranza to General Zapata are due in Vera Cruz tomorrow and will explain to Zapata the concessions and reforms planned by Carranza. Officials were confident an amicable understanding would be reached.

General Carranza, through the American consul accompanying him, indicated he would make satisfactory arrangements concerning the amnesty and guarantees desired by the Carrabal government.

Carranza has arrived at Tampico. While there he will meet Reginaldo Cepeda who has been authorized by Provisional President Carrabal to make preliminary arrangements for the transfer of the government to the Constitutionalists.

Provisional President Carrabal himself, sent for the Brazilian minister who is caring for the interests of the United States in Mexico and asked him to inform the Washington government that he and his associates wanted no share in the new administration but simply an amnesty and guarantees for the property of all Mexicans regardless of political affiliation.

Mr. Carrabal's statement was transmitted to American Consul Sillman to assist in preparing the way for the forthcoming peace conferences.

Doubts which officials had expressed over General Villa's attitude also were quieted when word came from him that he would do all in his power to restore peace in Mexico and would unite with the other Constitutionalists leaders toward that common purpose. Villa's message was sent in response to the personal appeal of the Washington government.

Another Plague Infested Rat.

New Orleans.—Finding of another plague-infested rat, the eighth, was announced by W. C. Rucker, federal assistant surgeon general supervising the fight against bubonic plague here. The rodent was captured in Saint Ann street, 15 blocks from the point where the first case of the disease developed June 27. All officers of the transportation departments of railroad steamship companies here have been called to a meeting to get instructions from federal authorities as to what they should do.

GERMAN EMPEROR HOLDS WAR CONFAB

TALKS WITH HIS MILITARY HEADS AND ALSO HIS CHANCELLOR.

HOPE TO REMAIN NEUTRAL

Other Powers Will See to Make Probable War Strictly an Austro-Serbian One.

Berlin.—Important conferences were held at Potsdam between the German emperor, the imperial chancellor, Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, and the strategic heads of the army and navy to determine definitely the German policy in the crisis.

The British and French ambassadors, Sir Edward Goschen and Jules Cambon, called on the minister of foreign affairs, Herr Von Jagow, with communications from their governments. Authentic information has been received in Berlin that Russia, though not mobilizing her army, is taking certain precautionary military measures.

Runs on savings banks by small depositors in various parts of Germany were the outstanding features of the day, which despite the first bloodshed of the Austro-Serbian conflict, registered a slight but distinct increase in optimism regarding the situation.

The British ambassador made no concrete proposals. It is understood he told the German foreign minister that Great Britain's object was not to intervene in the Austro-Serbian controversy but sought a basis on which Great Britain, France and Germany by action at Vienna and St. Petersburg, could prevent the spread of the conflict.

The French ambassador proposed that Germany use her influence at Vienna in view of moderation. He was informed Germany was willing to let the other powers try but as Austria's ally she could not interfere with Austria's freedom of action.

The official announcement of Russia that no mobilization of her army had been ordered was supplemented by trustworthy information from Warsaw that among the precautionary military measures taken were the withdrawal of troops in Poland from the immediate frontiers of Germany and Austria for concentration in the interior; the recall of the Russian troops from their summer camps.

CHURCH IS DECREED MENACE.

Villareal Says Catholic Activity Has Been Yoke to Mexico.

Tampico, Mexico.—A decree limiting the scope of the Roman Catholic church in the state of Nuevo Leon on the ground of "public health, morality and justice," was issued by Antonio L. Villareal, governor and military commander. He said:

"During the life of the nation the church has been a pernicious factor in disruption and discord and has entirely forgotten its spiritual mission." The most drastic feature of the decree is the prohibition of confession. Villareal gives as his reason for this the charge that the confessional and the sacrality in Mexico have become a menace to morality.

Raise Suffrage Funds.

Washington.—Arrangements for converting into coin the donations of old gold and silver that are being made to help in the "votes for women" campaign have been made by the National Woman Suffrage Association.

The fund realized by this "melting pot" plan is to be used in the suffrage campaigns in Montana, Nevada, North and South Dakota, Nebraska, Missouri and Ohio. The women hope it will amount to \$50,000.

President Receives Irish.

Washington.—A delegation from the Ancient Order of Hibernians which has just closed its convention in Norfolk, Va., was received by President Wilson. P. F. Cannon of Massachusetts, national vice president, headed the visitors.

Would Reward Workers.

Washington.—Reward for officers who had charge of Panama Canal work is proposed in Representative Dent's bill favorably reported by the Military Affairs Committee. It would extend the thanks of Congress to Colonel George W. Goethals, Brigadier General William C. Gorgas, Col. H. F. Hodges, Lieutenant Colonel William L. Sibert and Commander H. H. Rouse, a naval civil engineer. The measure would authorize the President to appoint Colonel Goethals and General Gorgas major general.

MISS MARY M'CAULEY



Miss McAuley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward McAuley of Washington, is to be married early in the fall to Naval Constructor Herbert Seymour Howard. She is one of the most prominent society girls at the capital and made her debut three seasons ago.

JONES DROPS FROM FIGHT IN SENATE

CHICAGOAN WROTE THAT HE DIDN'T WANT TO EMBARRASS WILSON.

SENATORS MUCH RELIEVED

Senator Tells Jones That He Has Been Sinned Against and That the People Will Revenge.

Washington.—President Wilson ended the bitterest fight of his Administration by withdrawing the nomination of Thomas D. Jones of Chicago to be a member of the Federal Reserve Board. Mr. Jones had written urging this action.

The message of withdrawal reached the senate just as Senator Reed of Missouri, one of the Democrats opposing confirmation of the appointment was concluding a vigorous denunciation of the International Harvester Company, of which Mr. Jones is director, and those responsible for its existence and operations. It created a mild sensation, and cut short a debate that promised to run indefinitely.

With the brief message, the president sent copies of Mr. Jones' letter and his reply. Opposition to the nominee had been based on his connection with the harvester company, which is under indictment as a trust. The senate banking committee had submitted a majority report adverse to confirmation, signed by all the Republican and two Democratic members. Mr. Jones wrote that this report was "based on a distortion of facts and perversion of the truth."

While Senator Reed was speaking Secretary Tumulty held a conference with Senators Hollis and Pomerene, who with Senators Lee and Maryland and Shafroth have been most active in urging the confirmation of Mr. Jones.

CEPEDA GIVEN AUTHORITY.

Washington.—Reginaldo Cepeda, Senator from the state of Coahuila and intimate friend of General Carranza has been selected by Provisional President Carrabal to negotiate the transfer of the Government at Mexico City to the Constitutionalists.

Mr. Cepeda, who was in hiding in Mexico City during the Huerta dictatorship left Vera Cruz for Tampico to meet Carranza. He has full instructions to arrange for the transfer of Government.

Jose Castellot, personal representative of Mr. Carrabal, conveyed this information to Secretary Bryan. Messrs. Mangel, Norvelo and Urueta, who it had been supposed would constitute the Carrabal delegation, merely volunteered their services and have no credentials from Carrabal.

Offers Reward of \$5,000.

Columbia, S. C.—A reward of \$5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the man, who shot Dr. James H. McIntosh, well-known physician of Columbia, was offered by J. W. Norwood, a Greenville banker. Citizens of Columbia launched a campaign to raise \$1,000 for the arrest of the assailant, who is supposed to have escaped in an automobile. The shooting was the immediate subject for attacks on lawlessness in South Carolina by candidates for the United States senate speaking here.

FIRST GUNS FIRED IN EUROPEAN WAR

REPORTED ENCOUNTER OF AUSTRILIANS AND SERBIANS NEAR SEMENDRIA.

UNDER STRICT CENSORSHIP

News of Activities Cannot Easily Seep Through Sieve of Censorship.—Towns Under Martial Law.

Vienna.—No declaration of war has been issued and it is believed none will be since Serbia never subscribed to The Hague convention. The sending of his passports to the Serbian minister, M. Jovanovitch, by the Austrian foreign office, however, is deemed equivalent to the declaration of war. This action was taken when the report that the Serbian minister had left Vienna was found incorrect. M. Jovanovitch will leave immediately. In his absence the Russian ambassador will take charge of Serbian interests.

There were patriotic demonstrations throughout the day, although a heavy rain fell. Great crowds gathered in front of the war office and cheered the officers who appeared. Processions filled the streets.

A general mobilization in Montenegro is reported. Italy has informed Austria that, in the event of an armed conflict with Serbia, she will adopt a friendly attitude in accordance with her relations with the triple alliance.

Proclamations have been posted ordering partial mobilization. The Austro-Hungarian Bank has raised the bank rate from four to five per cent and the committee of the Bourse has decided to close the Bourse to "prevent an unwarranted disturbance of industrial interests and to counteract disquieting reports."

The Neue Frier Presse says the minister of finance will raise \$65,000,000 for the government's immediate requirements and adds that negotiations between the powers for localization of the conflict will continue. It was said by one diplomat that "France has no intention to expose herself too much on Serbia's behalf."

The Imperial decree issued gives the government enormous powers to ensure the secrecy of its measures. Authorities are entitled to open all letters. Only telegrams approved by the censor can be dispatched. Newspapers publishing details of military preparations or movements can be suppressed.

All the railways are guarded by sentries with orders to use their arms on any person who fails to stop when commanded.

The prospect of war is not regarded here as child's play. The Serbians put 400,000 men into the field during the Balkan wars. Both officers and men are passionately patriotic. It is expected that Serbia will attempt to hold the front along the Danube and the Drina with only a weak force, while the greater part of the army will be concentrated in the central district, probably near Nish or Kragueratz and another strong force in Novipazar, which will be destined for offensive operations against Bosnia.

AUSTRIA ANXIOUS TO FIGHT.

Gave Serbian Minister Passports and Sent Him Home.

London.—The latest developments appear to furnish new proof that Austria is determined to make war on Serbia. The possibilities of a general European war seem greater than ever have confronted the present generation.

The Serbian reply to the Austro-Hungarian ultimatum was an acceptance of almost all the imperious demands, except that Austrian officials shall participate in the investigation and fix the responsibility for the anti-Austrian propaganda. Serbia proposed an appeal to the Powers at The Hague for the settlement of that feature.

A formal declaration of war is not expected because Serbia is not a party to The Hague convention, which requires this.

Prosperity at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg.—An expenditure of nearly \$2,000,000 for a great new passenger and freight terminal on the north side and for a fine passenger terminal at Smithfield and Water street for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company is taken to mean that Pittsburg is rapidly coming into its normal state of prosperity. Work has already begun on the improvements laid out by the railroad company and within 60 days several thousand men will be employed on the work.

Polk County Hotel Directory

In the Land of the Sky—Charming and Captivating Scenery—Life Giving Ozone.

Perched on the edge of the SALUDA Appalachian plateau, with altitude of 2,250 feet, and approached from the south by a steep grade that calls for double locomotive service from Meirsoe, a few miles distant, is Saluda, the second point of interest on the southern approach of "The Land of the Sky." The ascent is made amid scenes of absorbing interest, dark and repelling forest, being replaced in quick succession by sunlit openings where passing glimpses can be caught of the flora of this most exquisite section. Rocks rise suddenly to alarming heights above the railroad bed, almost within reach of the startled traveler, to give place with just as startling rapidity to gorges through which dash some bold mountain stream on its way to join the silvery Pacolet River winding its way along the valley below.

Here and there can be caught glimpses of the recently constructed and splendid automobile road connecting the South—through a scenic landscape of wonderful loveliness with the older thoroughfares through Flat Rock, Hendersonville and Asheville, to the Tennessee line, and there is not one inch of this steep ascent that is not filled with promise of beauty, amply fulfilled when the traveler reaches his destination on the summit.

The accomplishment of the ascent brings not only fulfillment of promise of yearnings after the beautiful, but with it comes a sense of relief from the depression brought on by the heated spell in the lowlands. The rarified air from the surrounding heights plays in constant currents, laden with a wealth of life-giving ozone, and the incense of flowers, and there never occurs a night during the hottest season of any year when warm covering can be dispensed with. The scenery is replete with never-fading charm and variety, and the visitor to Saluda need never be at a loss for points of delightful interest, in quest of which to utilize the rapidly stored energies evolved from existence in this bower of joy and health.

Saluda is an up-to-date and progressive town, with possibilities that are apparent at a glance to one who cares to look. It is making rapid strides, and keeping pace with the startling development apparent throughout this entire beautiful and favored section, but to the thousands who visit its hospitable hotels and boarding houses with unflinching constancy year after year, its quaint and quiet allurements grow with each returning season.

"There is more ozone in the atmosphere in and around Saluda than at other points in the range of the Blue Ridge Mountains owing to the conditions created by the currents of air from the higher altitudes in passing into the Tryon Valley below Saluda." —From Engineers' reports to U. S. Geological Dept.

TRYON

Tucked away among the foothills of the Southern Appalachians, 1,350 feet above sea level, on a gently undulating plateau of exceptional beauty and fertility, is the charming village of Tryon, one of the most delightful all-year-round resorts in America.

The plateau is pierced by the gorge of the Pacolet River, the waters of which, turbulent at times as they tumble down the mountains in their tortuous course to the valley, shimmer in the brilliant sunlight like a giant rope of silver.

This lovely hamlet, which looks for all the world as if it were a bit of English landscape transferred to the heart of heroic American mountains, forms the lower gateway to the "Land of the Sky" and the "Sapphire Country." It is the first station in North Carolina on the Spartanburg Division of the Southern Railway, twenty-eight miles northwest from Spartanburg, S. C., and forty-two miles southeast from Asheville, N. C., the route of which follows almost without deviation from Charleston, S. C., to Asheville, N. C., the historic Wilderness Trail over which the pioneer of early days trekked from the sea to the valley of the Ohio.

The Carolina Home

Mrs. W. C. Robertson, Proprietress. Central location. Baths. Commercial rate \$2 per day. Weekly rate \$7 to \$8. SALUDA, N. C.

The Charles

MRS. J. W. LAMOTT. Rates: Commercial \$2 per day. Weekly \$7 to \$10. Special Family Rates. No consumptives taken. SALUDA, N. C.

Melrose Inn

A quiet and delightful family hotel. Modern. Rates upon application. SALUDA, N. C.

Poplar Glenn

J. L. RENTZ, Proprietor. SALUDA, N. C. Large outside rooms. Hot and cold baths. Delightful breeze. Mountain spring water. Rates: \$1 to \$2. Special to families.

The Esseola

MRS. J. K. CAMPBELL. Fine view. Lithia Water. Conveniently located. Rates: \$8.50 to \$10 per week. SALUDA, N. C.

Pace House

MRS. H. H. FUDGE, Proprietress. Rates: \$8 per week and upward. Beautiful grounds. Tennis courts. SALUDA, N. C.

Iona Lodge

MRS. S. S. OEHLER, Proprietress. Located in Saluda, near Piney Mountain. Fine water and scenery. Modern house. Rates: \$7 and up. Special rates to families.

The Pines

MRS. M. E. LEONARD, Proprietress. Hot and cold bath. Central location. Rates: \$7 and up. Special rates by the month and to families. SALUDA, N. C.

Fairview House

MRS. H. B. LOCKE, SALUDA, N. C. Modern conveniences. Fine location. Good table, fine water, near postoffice and library. No tubercular patients received. Terms: \$8 to \$10 per week. Special rates to parties.

The Mimosa

TRYON, N. C. A Most Delightful Summer Resort in The Blue Ridge Mountains of North Carolina. Where you can get the very best fare with all the comforts and conveniences of a MODERN HOTEL. At Reasonable Rates. An Ideal Place to Spend the Summer. JOHN A. MACRAE