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SALUDA, POLK COUNTY, N. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1915.

ESTABLISHED MAY, 1894.

SHIP PURCHASE BILL HAS ROUGH SAILING

NINE DEMOCRATS UNEXPECTELY JOINED WITH REPUBLICAN FORCES.

TRUST'S WORK, SAYS REED

Missourian Congratulates "Hoary Old Monopoly" on Invasion on Democratic Territory.

Washington. - Nine Democrats in the Senate joined an alliance with recommit the Government

The sudden revolt turned in a twinkling an Administration advantage into a defensive, which appeared almost hopeless to many Democratic

Democrats who voted against the ruling of the chair were Bankhead of Alabama, Camden of Kentucky, Clarke of Arkansas. Hardwick of Georgia, Bryan of Florida, Hitchcock of Nebraska, O'Gorman of New York,

Senator Clarke of Arkansas sprang he surprise when he rose while Senator William Alden Smith of Michigan was concluding a long speech against he bill and asked him to yield to a notion. The Senator yielded and Senator Clarke, introducing his remarks with an appeal for consideration of other legislation moved to

send back the ship bill. poured from the cloak rooms to the chamber. The rush from the Repubmediate as they had been forewarned. passed over the veto.

PROTECT AMERICAN INTERESTS

Cruiser Montana and 600 Marines Are Gathered at Haitian Port.

Washington.-The cruiser Montana with 600 marines gathered from the Atlantic fleet at Guantanamo, has aken station off Port au Prince, Haiti, to protect American interests. A report to the navy department rom Rear Admiral Caperton, commanding the naval forces in Haitien waters, summarized by Secretary Daniels, says: 'Conditions unchanged and quiet at Port au Prince."

Admiral Caperton, who commands he cruiser squadron of the Atlantic et, has taken his flagship, the Vashington, from Cape Haitien to ing is at Saint Marc. Although Admiral Caperton does not discuss the military situation, it is supposed that attack President Theodore at the

Revenue Collections Short.

Washington,-Revenue collections by the Government in January failed by \$8,166,427 to meet the month's dispursement. Receipts usually are low t this time of the year but in Janury, 1914, the excess of disbursements was only \$4,512,262. Neither customs or internal revenue brought in the xpected returns. Customs receipts vere \$16,558,193, compared with \$23,-28,080 in January, 1914, and \$14,890, 82 in December.

Wheat Prices Soaring.

Chicago.-Smashing of high record ar prices continued in the wheat arket here. On top of an advance st week ranging from 7 1-2 to 8 3-4 lotations jumped as much as 2 1-8 at e very outset. May delivery selling \$1.54 a bushel as against \$151 7-8, the market closed last week. Ineasing urgency of European demand what was indicated by a decided esh upturn in prices at Liverpool.

olina

Snox

ates.

Mexicans Executed.

Laredo, Tex.—Gen. Jesus Carranza, S Son. Abelardo, and Ignacio Peraldi, embers of his staff, were executed by eneral Stantibanez, former Constituonalist general who deflected to Zaata, according to telegram received the widow of Genera! Carranba om the first chief at Vera Cruz.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

Secretary Bryan issued a statement enying the report that any nation d filed protest over proposed ship

A big sleet storm has done much nage in Chicago. When the Chicago women regised for the coming election they re required to tell their ages. The supreme court has advanced o M. Frank's appeal case until Febry 23 on request of the coun-



GABE E. PARKER

appointed commissioner of the Five Civilized tribes, is himself one-eighth Indian and a member of the Choctaw

THE LITERACY TEST FOREIGN TO THE AMERICAN IDEA, MR. WILSON THINKS.

Effort Will Be Made to Pass the Bill Over President's Veto, But Many Believe Cannot Be Done.

Washington.-President Wilson ve-The legislative pendemonium that toed the immigration bill because of followed had not been witnessed in the literacy test for admission of he Senate in many years. Senators aliens. His message was referred to the house immigration committee, whose chairman, Representative Burnlican cloak room was even more im- ett, will move that the measure be

Much informal discussion among members of the house followed receipt of the veto and there were many who believed the two-thirds majority required to pass the pill could not be procure Immigration bills containing literacy tests were vetoed by Prsident Cleveland and President Taft, but both failed of repassage.

Senate leaders insist there would be no trouble in repassing the bill in the upper house. That was done in the Taft administration but the lower house failed to muster a two-thirds majority.

In his veto message President Wilson told the house which originated the bill, that he had no pride of opinion on the question and that he was ort au Prince. The gunboat Wheel- not foolish enough to profess to know the wishes and ideals of America better than the body of her chosen Representatives know them." He asked, General Guillaume's revolutionary however, whether the bill rested upon forces are nearing Port au Prince to the conscious and universal assent and desire of the American people and pointed out that no political party ever had avowed a policy of restriction in this fundametal matter gone to the country on it and been commissioned to control its legislation.

SMALL BATTLES EVERYWHERE.

French Claim Germans Have Lost 20,000 Men.

London-Although no big battles, as battles go in this war, have been fought of late, there have been engagements in all the arenas from Asiatic Turkey to the English Channel in which the losses in men and material probably have been greater in the aggregate than in many of the battles of history. According to French reallied lines in Flanders, France and muntiny of 1858. Alsace on the first three days of the week cost them 20,000 men, to which must be added the losses suffered in repeated attacks on the Russian entrenchments in Central Poland.

All attacks in the West, the Allies' announcements say, failed except near Craonne, where it it admitted must consist of substitutes, such as the French lost 800 men, largely because of the collapse of an old quarry.

The Germans on the other hand, assert that they inflicted a severe defeat on the French at Craonne and Representative in Congress for the that they repulsed all French attacks in the Vosges and upper Alsace, with heavy losses.

Confer With Rockefeller. New York.-John D. Rockefeller, Jr., conferred with representatives of the Colorado mine workers for two and a half hours in the offices of the president of the Rockefeller Foundation at No. 26 Broadway. The condition of the employes of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Co., of which Mr. Rockefeller is a director, was discussed. Neither Mr. Rockefeller nor the ed. Tyler, Texas, and Malvern, Ark., miners officials would discuss the conference in detail. Mr. Rockfeller said

FIVE VESSELS SUNK BY GERMAN ATTACK

SUBMARINES GET THREE IN IRISH SEA AND TWO IN THE ENGLISH CHANNEL.

THE CREWS ARE ALL SAVED

It is Believed That the Crews of All The Vessels Were Allowed to Depart from the Ships.

London.-The toll taken by the German submarine U-21 in its raid in the Irish Sea in the vicinity of Liverpool, Gabe E. Parker, whom the president stands at three ships—the steamers Ben Cruachen, Linda Blanche and the Kilcoan, the last a small vessel. The Kilcoan's crew was landed on Isle of Man by a coastwise steamer. In addition a German submarine also torpedoed two British steamers n the English Channel near Havre-

> the Tokomaru and the Icarian. The Irish Sea raider escaped and shiping interest confident she had returned to her base, ordered a resumption of normal traffic.

This under-water Emden is the vessel which last September torpedoed in the North Sea the British cruiser Pathfinder with a loss of 246 lives and later destryoed two British steamers off Havre. In addition to the three vessels she is known to have sunk she chased at least five other steamers. These include the teamer Graphic with 100 passengers and a crew of 40 and the smaller boats Atreus, Ava Kathleen and Edymion. All these vessels escaped in zig-zag

flight. The Graphic's captain had his passsengers don life belts and sent the keep up a full head of steam. The captain also warned by wireless vessels from coming into the zone of the submarine's activity.

The Allan Line steamer Scandinavian from St. John, N. B., January 22 for Liverpool with 500 passengers on board, learned of the raid of the U-21 and put into Queenstown. After remaining in Queenstown for a short time the steamer proceeded for Liverpool.

DACIA SAILS WITH COTTON.

Will Follow Usual Course and Make No Efforts to Avoid Capture.

Galveston, Texas. - The steamer Dacia recently transferred from German to American registry and whica the British Government has declared war, sailed for Rotterdam via Norfolk are commanded by General Alvawith a cargo of 11,000 bales of cotton rado, former post commander here. for trans-shipment to Bremen.

would follow the usual course of trav- line to Vera Cruz is opened soon it is el and no special effort would be made | believed there will be much suffering by the shippers at \$880,000, was in- Capital come after a heated discussion sured by the Government War Risk at the session of the convention. It Bureau but it is stated insurance on was decided President Garza, his Govthe bottom was refused.

ture of the vessel for several days and have departed on a special locomotive. then it was explained that no attempt papers were received from the owner, the city in automobiles as there is E. N. Breitung of New York.

Rear Admiral Montagu Dead.

London.-Admiral The Hon Victor A. Montagu is dead. Rear Admiral Bontagu was 79 years old. He served with the fleet in the war with Russia in 1855, in the China War of 1857 and ports, German attacks against the with the naval brigade in the Indian

> Bread 50 Per Cent Flour. that henceforth bread may contain no from the British machine guns. more than 50 per cent of flour or rye meal. The remaining ingredients barley, maize, oats, rice or potatoes.

William M. Brown Dead. Twenty-fourth District of Pensylvania that state, died here of pneumonia.

Big Storm in Texas.

tion of Texas and parts of Arkansas canal. and Oklahoma felt the effects of a severe windstorm, which at Tyler, Texas, and Malvern and Garland City, Ark., assumed the proportions of a tornado. Falling temperatures also were noted. No serious delay to traffic or communication lines were reported. No death had been reportreported the greatest property damage. At Tyler the damage is estimatthere had been an exchange of views. ed at approximately \$15,000.



MISS ANNA O'GORMAN

Miss Anna O'Gorman, second daughter of the senator from New York and Mrs. O'Gorman, together with her recently in Washington society.

WILL ESTABLISH NEW SEAT OF GOVERNMENT AT CUERNAVA-CA NEAR BY.

stoke hole so that the steamer could Commanded By General Alvarado the Carranza Forces Are Expected to Enter Mexico City Soon.

> Mexico City.-The Provisional President Garza and his Government left the Capital for Cuernavaca where a new seat of Government will be stab-

The last contingents of the army of evacuation have passed out and the army of occupation lingers on the outskirts of the city, but is expected to enter soon.

All the commercial houses and banks and even private dwellings are barred and shuttered, although no disorder has attended the fleeing of the Zapata and Villa forces.

The National Palace, the Federal telegraph and postoffices and other Government establishments are closwould be considered a fair prize of ed The incoming Carranza forces

Food prices have soared beyond the Capt. George McDonald, master of reach of the needy. The supply of the vessels, announced that the Dacia | food is low and unless the railway to avoid capture. The cargo, valued | The Government's decision to quit the ernment and members of the conven-The Dacia cleared January 22. Un- tion should proceed after midnight to favorable weather conditions, accord- Cuernavaca. Colonel Garza and Gen. ing to the captain, delayed the depar- Ernesto Santoscoy are reported to

The deputies who have not left alwould be made to sail until important | ready will be forced to proceed from no fuel for the locomotives.

TURK INVASION OF EGYPT.

First Skirmish of the War in Suez Canal Region Occurs.

London.-The advance guard of the

The dispatches do not disclose the size of the Turkish force engaged, but say the fight took place east of El Kantara which is on the Suez Canal and is the terminus of the caravan route from Rafati, the border station befrom Rafati to Ei Kantara is 143 miles and, as the British had filled in all the and former Lieutenant Governor of wells along the caravan route, the in- by the district committee. vaders would have had to carry their own water. Even El Kanatara is supplied by a pipe line from a fresh water Dallas, Texas.-The Eastern por-stream which runs under the Suez

> No Records of Blease's Administration Columbia, S. C.-Governor Manning in a special message to the senate asked that the general assembly apthe fact that there were no records removed. The message was referred to the judiciary committee for action. pensions, have passed the house.

SERIOUS FIGHTING IN EAST WAR ZONE

BOTH RUSSIAN AND AUSTRO-GERMAN ARMIES HAVE AS-SUMED OFFENSIVE.

QUIET REIGNS IN THE WEST APPROVES THE PRIMARY BILL

Campaign in the Carpathians Vital to Both Sides Russians Are Attacking Austro-German Forces.

London.—With the armies in France and Flanders recuperating after strenuous fighting of earlier days of the week and no local actions being recorded, interest in the war situation has been transferred to the Russian offensive in East Prussia and the attempt of a strong Austro-German army to dislodge the troops of Emperor Nicholas from their positions in the Carpathians.

In East Prussia a Russian offensive has developed in the extreme north, where renewed fighting seems to confirm a belief that a definite effort to advance north of the Mazurian Lakes younger sister, Agnes, made her debut district, where previously the Russians were defeated has been decided on by North Carolina law-makers had any the Russian-General Staff.

More vital to both sides, however, is the campaign in the Carpathians. where southwest of Dukla Pass the Russians have delivered an energetic attack. According to their account of the combat they compelled the Austro-Germans to retreat, leaving behind ammunition and stores. This attack, according to military observers, indicates a Russian attempt to turn the flank of the Teuton Allies. If it would have serious consequences for the large Austro-German army in and about the Carpathian Passes.

Russian military experts anticipated that the Austrians will deliver their main attack with their extreme right in Western Bukowina, aiming to achieve a signal victory and thus give Roumania cause to pause. The only thing holding Roumania in check at present it is said is uncertainty as to what Bulgaria will do. Bulgaria it is asserted still demands that part of Macedonia now under Serbian rule as the price of her neutrality and Serbia is reported unwilling to make this con-

CARRANZA TAKES MEXICO CITY.

General Orbregon Head of the Carranza Forces Now In Capital.

Mexico City-The capital is again in possession of the forces of General Carranza who, while acting as provisional president was forced to leave Mexico City, early in November under threat of Villa and Zapata's advancing troops. The new authorities have reestablished order and a general feel-

ing of confidence prevails. It has been determined that the shooting which occured before the national palace, when Gen. Alvaro Orbregon at the head of the Carranza forces, reached that place was done by snipers who were hidden on the cathedral roof. Gen. Orbregon said the shots were undoubtedly directed towards him. The perpetrators have not been captured. Three soldiers were killed and a number wounded

during the fighting. All saloons are closed. Commercial houses and banks declare they will resume business immediately.

20,000 additional Carranza troops entered the capital. The Zaptista troops have retreated southward.

French Official Statement.

Paris-It is comparitive quiet along Turkish army undertaking an inva- the battle line in France, judging from sion of Egypt has reached the British the official announcement by the in this region took place. Official French war office. There were artillereports say the clash was a small af- ry engagements, some of them fairly troduced at the city hall by Attorney fair, only one British officer being violent at different places and one General W. T .Bickett and in the Vienna.—The Vienna Zeitung pub- wounded, but dispatches from Cairo or two infantry encounters are men- Representatives' Hall by Governor lishes a ministerial decree ordering declare the invaders suffered severely tioned. Apparently long sections of the line showed no activity whatev-

District "Jim Crow" Bill.

Washington-A bill by Representative Clark of Florida requiring District of Columbia transportation com-New York.-William M. Brown, tween Egypt and Syria. The distance panies to provide separate accommodations for white and negro races, was favorably reported to the house

> Consider Naval Appropriation. Washington-The House met to begin consideration of the naval appropriation bill carrying about \$148,000,-000. Indications were that the measure would provoke lively debate. The agricultural appropriation bill, carrying more than \$22,000,000 was passed in the House and sent to the Senpoint a committee to examine into ate. Only two of the appropriation bills the urgent deficiency and the of the previous administration. All District of Columbia-have passed of these records are said to have been the Senate. All of the big supply bills except the naval, the sundry civil,

GENERAL ASSEMBLY HEARS W. J. BRYAN

NO BUSINESS TRANSACTED BY EITHER BRANCH OF THE LEG-ISLATURE.

Also an Advocate of Recall.-Pleads For Woman's Suffrage.-Crowds Hear Speeches.

Raleigh.-The initiative, referendum and recall, extending even to the judges, woman's suffrage and the extended application of the income tax for national and for state revenue, together with a presentation of the relation of the legislator to his constituency were the overshadowing features of the address of William Jennings Bryan, Secretary of State in President Wilson's Cabinet, to the members of the North Carolina General Assembly.

These views of Government policy were presented in a clear-cut manner and without regard to whether the predictions in these directions or not. The initiative and referenrum, he insisted, are fundamentals of Democratic principles, and he was for them



HON, WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.

even to the recall of judges-even though his own father was a judge, "and a good one, too," boasted the speaker. In advocating weman's suffrage Mr. Bryan declared that no state which has tried it has ever turn-

ed from it. Effort for world peace and the policy of the Administration to this end, and tributes to the official course of Secretary of the Navy Daniels constituted a pleasing prelude to discussion of legislative matters. The theme was really, according to previous indication, "Man's Duty to Government." He spoke on "Man's Relation to Sociey," in the auditorium of the North Carolina Social Service Conference, and stated that he would at Durham discuss "Man's Duty to His God," thus in the three addresses covering the whole scope of the three-

fold relations of man. Mr. Bryan was heard by 3,000 or more people in the city auditorium and by an audience that overflowed the Representatives' Hall galleries and jammed the corridors in his address to the legislators. He was in-Craig. The joint legislative committee, consisting of Senators Gardner and Cooper and Representatives Page and Roberts of Buncombe had Mr. Bryan in hand and he was a guest at the Governor's Mansion during his

stay in the city. There was a brief reception in the executive offices of Governor Craig between the two addresses, the Govnor and the state officers constituting a receiving line with the distinguished guest. Then there was a luncheon at the mansion following the address to the legislators, with the legislative committee and the officers of the Conference on Social Service

as guests with Mr. Bryan. Neither branch of the Legislature transacted any legislative business. In presenting Mr. Bryan to the General Assembly Governor declared that he first presented him to a North Carolina audience 20 years ago and had averaged one or more such presentations every year since and there-

fore, ought to have his hand pretty will in by this time.