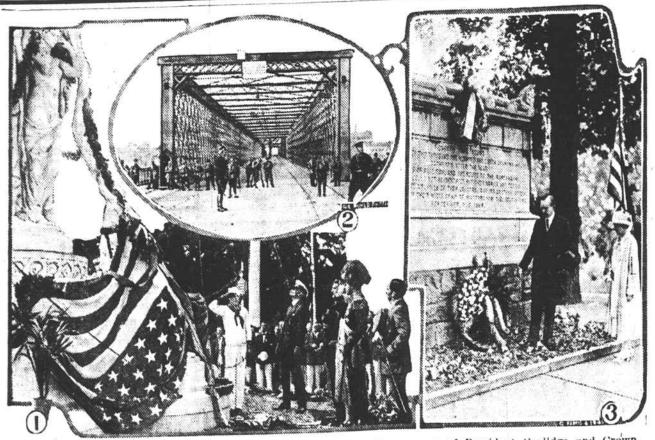
NEWS, TRYON, N. C.



1-Scene at unveiling of Ericsson monument in Washington in presence of President Coolidge and Crown Prince of Sweden. 2-Troops of Marshal Pilsudskl guarding bridge across the Vistula at Warsaw. 3-President and Mrs. Coolidge placing wreath at tomb of the Unknown Dead at Arlington National cemetery on Memorial day.



House Ratifies Settlement of French Debt-Egypt May Lose Independence.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

 $S^{\,\rm O}$ FAR as the house of representatives is concerned, the settlement of the French war debt to the United States which was reached by the foreign debt commission and Ambassador Berenger is accepted. The Burton bill ratifying the arrangement was passed by a vote of 236 to 112, after the house had rejected a motion to recommit with instructions to the ways and means committee to hold the measure until the funding arrangement is approved by the French parliament.

Eighty-eight Democrats voted in the negative on the bill, and were joined by twenty Republicans, two Farmer-Laborites and one Socialist. Fifty-one Democrats and one Socialist, voted is the affirmative with 184 Republican. The measure now goes to the senate, which, however, will await action by the French parliament. Unless this is forthcoming within two weeks the senate probably will not pass the bill before next winter, which would be a great dis-

ity of our people to meet that test than I am about the liquor traffic. brutal and ruthless as I know it to A LBERT J. BEVERIDGE, former senator from Indiana, whose opinions on such matters are always

cerned about the willingness and abil-

worthy of consideration, severely criticized the recent order of President Coolidge empowering local officers to become agents of the government to help in prohibition enforcement. Mr. Beveridge was addressing the Historical society of Pennsylvania, and said in part:

"To make local officials also federal officials is in practical effect to destroy our political subdivisions, or, at the very least, to subject towns, cities, counties and state to a national control centralized at Washington. "The former officer of our regular army who devised this change in the American system and who is in charge of the execution of it, tells us

the constitutional pretext for it. He says that the hitherto exclusive police power of the states is now shared by the central government. If this military and bureaucratic exposition of constitutional law is sound, the planners and builders of American institutions wrought in vain.

"It is obvious that if local officials can be made national officials to execute one national law, they can be made agents of a general and centralized government to enforce other national laws in every locality. If a careful President, like our present natz Moscicki of Lemburg college, ad- Free Scouring Tests of

gravated by the action of the Egyptian assize court which recently acquitted six out of seven persons accused of political assassinations and other crimes. Judge Kershaw, British president of the court, resigned in protest, and the British government has declared to the Egyptian government that it does not accept the court's judgment and reserves full liberty to take what steps it considers necessary to protect the safety of foreigners. As a precautionary measure a warship was sent from Malta to Alexandria. Official opinion in London was that the situation was 'distinctly grave." The trouble goes back to the murder of Sirdar Sir Lee Stack in November, 1924, by National-

ists. Zagloul, a Nationalist leader, then resigned as premier. He always has been considered unfriendly to Great Britain. Some of the murderers of Stack were executed. Those recently acquitted also were accused of this crime and Lord Lloyd, British high commissioner, says the court was so influenced by Zagloul's electoral victory that it did not dare pass sentence on them, though the evidence of their guilt was complete.

MARSHAL PILSUDSKI didn't want to be president of Poland, after all. He was elected by the national assembly, but declined the honor because he had no confidence in the people who elected him. He still insisted that the constitution must be changed. Next day the assembly chose for president Prof. Ig-

may be eliminated unless he stages

tive-born American has captured

ship. Jess Sweetser accomplished

this feat in impressive style at Muir-

field, Scotland. Then the American

Walker cup team, of which Sweetser

was a member, went into action at

St. Andrews, winning three of the four

two-ball foursomes the first day. The

second day the Yankees clinched the

possession of the trophy by winning

three of the eight individual matches.

The British won four and one was all

another military coup.

American Foul-Brood Can Be Controlled by Water-Formalin Solution.

Control of Bee

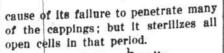
(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Widespread interest has been aroused throughout the beekeeping industry by the apparent success of some recently discovered disinfectant methods in the treatment and control of American foul-brood. Disinfectants such as an alcohol-formalin solution are being used with fair success, and eliminate to a great extent the large losses previously caused by the necessary destruction of all combs infected with this diseuse of the brood of bees.

The use of the alcohol-formalin solution as a disinfectant is a step in advance in the control of the disease, says the United States Department of Agriculture, but apparently there is still room for improvement which will eliminate the danger of occasional cases of failure. For that reason, and because of the great inerest in the subject, the bee culture laboratory started preliminary work early in 1924 for the purpose of making an exhaustive study of the efficiency of various disinfectants, including the commercial alcohol-formalin solution as well as water-formalin solutions.

Results of Tests.

A discussion of the results of the ests completed to date has been published in Department Circular 284, which is now ready for distribution. It was hoped that the results of the investigation by laboratory methods would form a basis for practical work in the aplary. As the work has developed, numerous difficulties have been encountered which indicate that the problem of the perfect sterilization of American foul-brood combs is neither simple nor yet fully solved. The results obtained with various dilutions of alcohol and of a alcoholformalin solution as the carrier for 20 per cent of their volume of formalin are not sufficiently complete to warrant conclusions as to their relative efficiency. All of these solutions are unsatisfactory, in that they do not completely sterilize all sealed cells in 48 hours. A 20 per cent solution of formalin in water, without alcohol, is slightly less efficient than the al-



Satisfactory Results.

In view of the cultural results obtained, however, a 20 per cent solution of formalin in water was found the most satisfactory disinfectant for sterilizing infected combs, with regard both to germicidal action and low cost, provided the proper precautions are taken. All honey should be extracted, all brood cappings should be completely removed, and the combs should be treated at least twentyfour hours, or forty-eight hours if it is found desirable to wash them in water after treatment.

Care must be taken not only with the process of disinfecting combs infected with American foul-brood, no matter what solution or method is used, but equal or greater care must be exercised in the treatment of the diseased colonies themselves to eliminate the danger of recurrence of disease from that source. The successful sterilization of the combs will otherwise be of little avail.

A copy of the circular may be secured, as long as the supply lasts, by writing to the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Poison Bait Effective

in Control of Cutworm

An inexpensive poison bait is usually very effective in controlling the cutworms in a newly planted strawberry plantation. The following results obtained in these experiformula is enough for about five acres and you can make up smaller quantities according to the same proportion:

Bran, 20 pounds.

Paris green, 1 pound. Cheap sirup, 2 quarts. Three lemons. Three and one-half gallons water.

The bran and paris green are mixed dry. The juice of the lemons is squeezed into the water, and the peel and pulp is chopped to fine bits and added to the water, then dissolve the sirup in the water and fruit mixture and stir the liquid into the bran thoroughly in order to dampen it evenly.

It is suggested that the polson balt be applied in the evening, since cutworms are night feeders, and the balt will thus be fresher than if it is applied earlier in the day.

One-Third of Limestone Being Used in Illinois

Losses Nearly as Heavy as Disease Is Seen Caused by All Other Diseases.

Much Harm Done

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

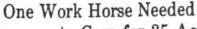
to Winter Wheat

Winter injury to wheat causes nearly as heavy losses to that crop as do all wheat diseases combined, says the United States Department of Agriculture. The acreage of winter wheat annually abandoned, largely because of winter-killing, averaged 9.9 per cent during the 23-year period from 1901 to 1922, inclusive, according to Department Circular No. 378, "Comparative Hardiness of Winter-Wheat Varietles," just issued by the department. During the 14-year period from 1909 to 1922, inclusive, frosts or freezing caused an average loss of 3.5 per cent of the wheat crop and plant diseases 3.9 per cent, according to crop correspondents of the department.

With a view to developing winterwheat varieties of greater hardiness, investigations were conducted at 26 experiment stations in the United States and Canada during one or more of the six years from 1920 to 1925. inclusive. In the experiments 45 winter-wheat varieties and strains were grown in uniform nurseries.

Data as to comparative hardiness show that the varieties Minhardi, Buffum No. 17, Minturkl and Odessa are considerably more cold resistant than the standard Kharkof used as a check Padui, Turkey (Minn. No. 1488), and Beloglina are somewhat more hardy than Kharkof. Kanred and Nebraska. No. 60 are probably slightly hardier than Kharkoff. Nebraska No. 28 and Blackhull are much less winter hardy than Kharkof. The ments are being used as a basis for breeding wheats to combine winter hardiness with other good qualities.

A copy of the circular may be obtained free, as long as the supply lasts, by writing to the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.



to Care for 35 Acres How many acres will one horse take care of and how many horses are needed on a 320-acre farm? Those are questions which are now being studied by economists at the Kansas State Agricultural college, reports I. N. Chapman.

"We have generally believed." Chapman says, "that one work horse is required for each 25 to 35 crop acres get it! where no tractor is used, but that on farms having a tractor one work horse is needed for 45 to 55 crop

acres. Farmer co-operators working in con-

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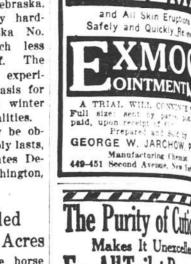
Prepared GEORGE W. JARCHOW A



Exactly She-Have you noted lowers her voice when she anything? He-Yes, and talses it ? or

Fresh

She-Let's do somethiz m He-All right, you pay be



appointment to the administration.

The settlement, as ratified in the bill, is estimated by the treasury to be a 50 per cent settlement as compared with a 26 per cent settlement with Italy and an 80 per cent settlement with Great Britain, the percentages being based on the proportion of the total principal plus interest at 41/2 per cent to be paid. The debt is to be funded over a 62-year period with no interest for the first five years, after which interest shall commence at 1 per cent, increasing to 31/2 per cent in 1965.

WITHOUT a record vote the senate passed the house bill designed to build up the army air serv-Ice and creating the office of second assistant secretary of war who would be charged with the supervision of the air corps and the co-ordination of Ms activities with other governmental agencies. The senate also passed the navy air expansion bill, and both measures went to conference.

WHILE the senate judiciary sub-committee was deciding that all prohibition measures should be shelved, there were two outstanding pronouncements on the booze question. Senator Borah of Idaho, addressing the Presbyterians assembled in Baltimore, came out so strongly in favor of prohibition and against the attempts to weaken enforcement that he was immediately hailed by the most enthusiastic drys as their national leader and a fit man to be nominated for President by the Republicans in 1928. Certain political speculators who have been trying to find signs of the waning of Coolldge's strength called attention to the fact that the Anti-Saloon leaders have kept away from the White House ever since the President made it clear he was not disposed to let Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Andrews be disciplined for his testimony before the senate committee, and made the most of this in their guessing that the drys were preparing to oppose the renomination of Coolidge.

Borah was unsparing in his denunclation of liquor and the liquor traffic, but, being a conservative constitutionalist, he made his strongest point when he said:

"Even a greater question than the liquor question is the capacity of the American people for constitutional government. The question of the hour is: Shall we live up to and enforce that provision of the Constitution until in the orderly method pointed out by the Constitution we see fit to change it? Can we enforce the law which we have deliberately made?

"It is perhaps as definite and specific a challenge of our love for the Constitution, our capacity for self-government, as could be presented to our people. I am infinitely more con-

Qualities Needed by "Ideal Club Husband"

Atlantic City .- The wisdom of Solomon, the patience of Job, the skill of David's body servant and the iron will of Jonah, who would not give in to the whale, go to make up the "ideal club husband," as publicly pledged and privately described by members of the General Federation of Woman's Clubs.

mittedly a simple instrument in the chief executive, would use wisely this unlimited and essentially autocratic hands of the dictator. The situation power, a heedless President might use in Poland is confusing and danger-The Warsaw correspondent of it recklessly." ous.

The house judiciary committee has the Chicago Tribune says: asked Attorney General Sargent for "Nobody in Poland, even Marshal Pilsudski's closest friends, can get an an extended opinion on the legality of the President's order, and also has reexpression from him on his program quested Mr. Coolidge to give it an or plans. Nobody in Poland knows expression of the limits to be placed from where to expect orders or inon the system if it is legal, the states structions, nor where the ship of in which it will be invoked and the state is drifting. The police and pubsalaries which will be paid to mulic services are becoming demoralnicipal or state officials drafted into lized." The opposition to Pilsudski is growthe federal service.

R EPRESENTATIVE TINKHAM of Massachusetts wants the house to investigate the Anti-Saloon league's capitol pay roll and to compel a disclosure of its congressional campaign expenditures. He more than intimates that the league pays congressmen for introducing or supporting bills. This Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the league, flatly denies, and he declares the wet organlzations are more in need of investigation than is the league.

of America, which won in the strug-CHARGES and counter-charges made exceedingly lively the closgle, believes the women should be especially protected in industry by law. ing week of the Republican sena-The Woman's party representatives torial primary campaign in Iowa. Senwere supported by a number of libator Reed of Pennsylvania brought to erals from other countries, and later the senate's attention the fact that these forced the adoption by the con-Brookhart campaign literature had gress of two measures which amount been inserted in franked envelopes to a demand for equality in certain with a speech which Reed had made forms of industrial legislation. The opposing the unseating of Brookhart, defeated women, headed by Mrs. Beland mailed to Iowa voters. Brookmont, began laying the foundations hart and his campaign manager defor a new international association nled responsibility for this and the which, while not hostile to the alliformer declared It was a "frame-up ance, will work solely for equal rights bearing the earmarks of the Daughin everything. erty gang." Major Lund, campaign manager for FOR the first time in history a na-

Brookhart, sent this telegram to Senator Reed of Missouri: the British amateur golf champion-

"Reports that Cummins campaign forces using an unlimited amount of money, estimated at \$500,000, and backed by federal and state patronage. State now flooded with paid Cummins workers in districts, counties and even precincts. As striking contrast, we have Brookhart, a poor man, backed only by people of Iowa and campaign committee laboring day and night to conduct a campaign with entire expenditure not exceeding \$5,-000.

Managers for Cummins said their organization was large but that all the workers were contributing their time free.

or of an ideal club husband.'

E GYPT may soon lose its recently acquired independence and again become a protectorate of Great Brit ain. At this writing it all seems to

NDER most trying conditions the depend on Zagloul Pasha, whose party American balloon Goodyear III won a great victory in the elections but whose return to the premiership won the Gordon Bennett trophy race which started in Belgium. Another will scarcely be tolerated by the British government. The situation is ag- American entry got second place.

square.

trol the government.

public activities, must encourage her | that covers a lot. Perhaps a sense in them, must go to conventions with of humor is a help to a club husband." her and help her and the other wom-"The ideal club husband must have en in all the ways a man can, as my wisdom and energy and foresight, so husband does," Mrs. Charles Sloan that his talents can fill in where the of Philadelphia told the Associated woman's leaves off," says Mrs. Wal-Press. Mrs. Sloan pledged \$10 from ter B. Leach, president of the Brookthe floor, as she announced, "in honline (Mass.) Women's club, who pledged \$10 "for the club husbands, "This is the third big convention and for my twenty-ninth anniversary which my husband has attended with with mine."

Wool Samples Are Made

coholic solutions in sterilizing in 48

hours the contents of sealed cells, be

Wool growers may have samples of their wools graded and scoured, free of charge, by filing an application with the bureau of agricultural economics, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., where a wool-scouring laboratory is now available for conducting such tests as facilities will permit. Applications should be mailed to G. T. Willingmyre, in charge of wool standardization. The applicant will be sent a parcel post mailing sack and instructions as to ing stronger and bolder daily, and he the proper method of duawing a sample so that it will be representative of any large lot of raw wool in the grease.

Experiments conducted in the lab-WOMEN in attendance at the In-ternational Suffrage alliance oratory during the past year have vielded valuable information on scourconvention in Paris had a lovely week loss or "shrinkage" of a large variety of scrapping, the main result of of domestic raw wools. The results which was the victory of the conserhave proved of great interest to many vative element in the exclusion of the wool growers and their practical apdelegates from the National Woman's plication will enable any producer to Party of America. The latter deobtain a reasonably accurate estimate mands equality of all rights for womof shrinkage of his wool. en while the League of Women Voters

Wool samples submitted to the department will be returned scoured, together with a report of the shrinkage and the grade in which the wool has been classified according to the official wool grades of the United States.

Grass and Grasshoppers

Good for Young Poults The Rhode Island experiment staion demonstrated pretty completely that turkeys could stand all the green food and milk they would eat, but should be fed pretty sparingly on grain, given perhaps half or so of what one would naturally think they leeded

Turkeys should be kept in in wet weather, at least should not be alowed to get wet, but allowed as great range as possible as soon as they are old enough to take it safely. It is best to feed them around home so as to have them back every night, but the greater range they can have the more natural the food becomes, as in that case they eat greens and insects. Where grasshoppers abound, turkeys Asuaus do well. It is important to select healthy

Approximately one-third of all the limestone used in the United States for agricultural purposes is used by farmers of Illinois, according to F. C. Bauer, chief of soils extension at the college of agriculture, University of Illinois, From 1906 to 1925, approximately 3,600,000 tons of limestone have been used by farmers of the state, two-thirds of this amount having been used in the last five years. Last year alone more than 800,000 tons were used. The various commercial concerns engaged in furnishing agricultural limestone have responded to

the growing demand and at the present time are supplying practically all of the limestone used in the state.



vines. Lubricating oil is cheaper than ma-

chinery. Drain the crank case of your tractor often.

Potatoes may be kept in good condition for late planting by greening or sun-sprouting.

Sweet clover that was seeded this spring should not be pastured until the plants have made a growth of at least a foot.

Sweet clover requires as much lime as alfalfa on soils tested and found sour. It may be seeded in wheat like common clover or with oats in the spring.

The care of trees is quite similar to the care of domestic animals. As a cow must be ked, housed, and doctored, a tree must be planted in a well managed soil, pruned and sprayed.

Few people realize that five eggs must be set for each good pullet raised to maturity. In order to have 100 choice pullets next fall it will be necessary to set 300 hatching eggs this spring unless your results vary from the average.

The film is one reel long and is a

ets.-Life junction with the department of ecohomics at the college have reported from various counties the number of

horses used per farm and the number of crop acres per work horse. In Lincoln county 14 farmer cooperators reported one work horse to 34 crop acres. Six of the farmers own tractors.

In Dickinson county eight co-operators report one work horse for every 33 acres and five of the farmers own tractors.

Washington county with 30 farmers reported showing an average of 26 crop acres per work horse and only four tractors.

Morris county with 32 farmers reporting shows an average of 24 crop acres per work horse with three farmers using tractors.

Chicks Offer Splendid Market for Extra Milk

Baby chicks offer a splendid market for milk. They make a more steady growth and keep in better condition on milk than on any other drink. It is better to give the milk sour. - The lactic acid of the milk is a foe to white diarrhea; it is tonic in its effects. Also, the chicks like it better than the sweet, separated milk. The sweet milk has the disadvantage also of gluing the eyes shut if the chicks dip in too deep.

The breeders who dip each tiny beak in sour milk as they take the chicks from the incubator are not offering feed so much as introducing lactic acid, and sweet milk doesn't answer this purpose.

Applying Spray

The delayed dormant spray is primarily a control for scale insects, but aphids or plant lice are also controlled if applied at the proper time. Oil sprays have come into wide use in delayed dormant spray because oil is especially effective in controlling scale and is pleasant to apply. Oil spways can be prepared successfully by growers, but unless the grower has a considerable number of fruit trees he will probably find prepared oil sprays now on the market a great convenience.

Raising Orphan Lamb

If the orphan lamb cannot be given to another ewe, it can generally be raised satisfactorily on a bottle. Of course it is better to get another ewe to adopt the lamb if possible. When necessary to raise a lamb on a bottle, it will need to be fed several times a day at first. The number of feedings can be reduced until, by the time the lamb is six weeks old, three or four times a day will be sufficient. A lamb creep should be provided where some ous sprays has proved its worth and ground grain can be kept for the lambs. They will soon learn to eat s particularly recommended. Several grain and this will help a great deal

in getting faster growth. Pullets for Breeders

Although breeding from pullets is not generally recommended, frequently very good chicks can be obtained from them. On an average old hens will mology. It will be circulated through probably give thriftler chicks but pullets which have not been greatly





Don't Let Baby

Suffer Needless Pain In Sum Hot weather is the time when most frequently becomes for

millions of modern know.through personal that much of this sul less. They know that prescription of a haby correct and prevent these mer ills.

Mother, don't Baby has Coll. Sour, Gassy F Cholera Morbus Teethina for regulate the 1 corrects acid c tion and helps F blood coursing The price is only the priceless value

well and playful again. FREE! SEND FOR USER C. J. MOFFETT CO., COLUMES TEETHINA Builds Better Bable



SO SIMPLE YET UNBELIEVABLY EFFECTIVE IN THE TREATMENT OF DISEASES OF THE BLOO POKE ROOT, PRICKL



cf Agriculture.)

ALFALFA WEEVIL CONTROL IS SHOWN IN NEW PICTURE FILM

Combat the Insect. Prepared by the United States Department

"Alfalfa Weevil Control," a new mo-

ILITARY leaders in Portugal have accomplished a bloodless coup d'etat and the cabinet and President Machado have resigned. Commander Cabecadas, Gen. Gomez da Costa and Senator Carmona now con-

Two measures of control are shown in the picture. Dusting with powdered arsenates is still in an experimental

stage, but appears to have promise of tion picture of the United States Deproving effective. The use of poisonpartment of Agriculture, gives a general idea of how to combat the insect and is of particular interest in the types of sprayers are shown, includwestern states. Alfalfa is described ing one with a very wide boom. Sevas the foundation of agriculture in the eral scenes showing sprayed and un-West-"a hog's dream of heaven"sprayed fields, side by side, are parand as one of the world's most valuticularly interesting in depicting the able forages. About 1904 or 1905 the benefits of this method of control. alfalfa weevil, which belongs to the same family as the cotton boll weevil, contribution from the bureau of entowas discovered in Utah. Since that time it has spread slowly but steadily the film distribution system of the De-

