



Most garden soils in North Carolina require heavy fertilization in order to produce good yields of high quality vegetables and flowers. Also, the soils are generally deficient in organic matter. When good stable manure was plentiful it was not difficult to keep up both the fertility and the organic content of the garden soils, but with the decline in the horse population, the city gardens at least have lost their principal source of organic materials.

Plant food in the form of salts of nitrogen, phosphorus and potash can be adequately supplied by mixed fertilizers commonly called "commercial fertilizers". These are made up of various inorganic materials and sold according to specific formulae such as 5-10-5, 6-8-6, 8-8-8, etc. These figures mean that in a 6-8-6 formula, for example, the mixture contains 6 per cent available nitrogen, 8 per cent available phosphoric acid and 6 per cent available potash. Two hundred pounds of such a mixture contains somewhat more available plant food than a ton of stable manure but furnishes none of the valuable

organic matter, beneficial bacteria and minor elements supplied by manure.

Commercial fertilizers are made up of concentrated salts and must be used carefully. If they are allowed to come into contact with germinating seeds, roots or leaves the may cause severe injury. Therefore, mixed should be thoroughly mixed with the soil in the garden or well watered in when applied on top as in lawn fertilization.

Most fertilizer recommendations are given in pounds per acre which may be confusing to a gardener having a few 25 foot rows. He does not usually have a pair of scales handy. But he can easily obtain a tin can holding one pint or a measuring cup holding one-half pint. A pint of commercial fertilizer weighs approximately one lb. So if the recommendation in the bulletin is 1,000 pounds of an 8-8-8 fertilizer per acre it would mean approximately 2 1/2 pounds per 100 square feet which would be 2 1/2 pints by measure. For 25 foot rows spaced 2 feet apart that would figure 50 square feet of about 3 cups of fertilizer per row. An acre contains 43,560 square ft.

SCANNING THE NEWS

AS THE second session of the 84th Congress convenes, probably the paramount issue to be solved is the plight of the American farmer, which includes about 22 million people deriving their income from agriculture. The income of these people has dropped 1.5 million about 8% to about 4% of the total national income.

Often the argument is used today that this income drop is less dangerous to the nation's whole economy than it was, say in 1929, because the farm population has dropped from about one-fourth to about one-seventh of our total population. The fact is, however, that in 1954 farm spending for the business of farming was 7.2% of our total national spending, about the same proportion as it was in 1929 despite the tremendous drop in farm population. And farm spending for capital goods, that is for dwellings, farm buildings, cars, trucks, machinery and equipment was 8.1% of the national total spent for capital goods, as compared to 6.6% of the national total for such goods in 1929.

Farmers buy a considerable portion of their hard goods and most of their soft goods from small merchants in their home communities. How these small firms are hurt by the spread between low farm prices and high consumer retail prices is indicated by the statistics which show that corporations with assets of more than 100 million dollars showed increased net incomes after taxes from 6.1 billion dollars in 1952 to 7.4 billion in 1954. During the same period small firms with assets between one-quarter million and a million dollars showed a steady decline from 479

million in 1952 to less than 400 million dollars in 1954.

Much of this debate over the steady decline in farm income will hinge over the question of surpluses held by the Commodity Credit Corporation. These surpluses today are valued at about \$7 billion, according to the Department of Agriculture, although this is not wholly correct, since about \$2.1 billion represents loans to farmers, much of which may be repaid.

The farm surplus is represented as farm output which exceeds demand. Actually, the more correct representation would be output which exceeds ability to buy. So as a matter of fact farm surpluses reflect under-consumption and not over-production, for millions of people, not only in this country, but throughout the world, are hungry and need this food.

Is this surplus dangerous to our economy and is it costing too much, will be one of the questions the Congress must answer. One means of measuring surplus is the extent by which annual farm production in any given year exceeds domestic consumption, plus export consumption. For the eight years from 1947 through 1954 the average annual "surplus" of all farm products lumped together has been about 1.6% of annual production. In recent years, 1952 through 1954 this surplus has been about 3%, with a high of 4.2% in 1953 and a low of 2.1% in 1954. Major industries, even in times of high prosperity, regard as desirable a gap of 5 to 10% between their productive capacity and their actual production.

invested in the Board of Education of Yancey County by the laws of the State of North Carolina, the Board of Education of Yancey County, through its Secretary, Hubert D. Justice, will offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the courthouse in Burnsville on February 11th, 1956 at 11:00 o'clock A. M., the following described property:

BEGINNING on a sugar tree on the bank of Brush Creek, it being the corner of the first school house lot, and runs down Brush Creek 300 feet to the mouth of the spring branch; then West to the public road; then up and with the center of the road to the corner of the first lot; then with the first lot to the BEGINNING, containing (1-2) one-half acre, more or less.

AND BEING the same lands as described in a Deed dated June 4, 1921 from A. D. Masters and wife, Sarah Masters to the Board of Education of Yancey County as appears in the Public Registry of Yancey County in Deed Book 58 at page 168.

The Board of Education of Yancey County reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

The highest bidder shall be required to deposit with the undersigned the sum of ten percent of his or her bid made on said property on the day of sale.

This the 10th day of January, 1956.

YANCEY COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

By Hubert D. Justice
January 19, 26, Feb. 2, 9th

PRELIMINARY CERTIFICATE OF DISSOLUTION

State of North Carolina
Department of State

To All to Whom These Presents May Come—Greeting:

WHEREAS, It appears to my satisfaction, by duly authenticated record of the proceedings for the voluntary dissolution thereof by the unanimous consent of all the stockholders, deposited in my office, that the BLACK MOUNTAIN RAILWAY COMPANY, a corporation of this State, whose principal office is situated in the Town of Burnsville, County of Yancey, State of North Carolina (Charles Hutchins being the agent therein and in charge thereof, upon whom process may be served) has complied with the requirements of Chapter 55, General Statutes, entitled "Corporations," preliminary to the issuing of this Certificate of Dissolution:

NOW, THEREFORE, I THAD EURE, Secretary of State of the State of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the said corporation did, on the 19th day of December, 1955 file in my office a duly executed and attested consent in writing to the dissolution of said corporation, executed by all the stockholders thereof, which said consent and the record of the proceedings aforesaid are now on file in my said office as provided by law.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereto set my hand

SUBSCRIBE TO THE RECORD

NOTICE OF SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST

NORTH CAROLINA
YANCEY COUNTY

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a Deed of Trust executed by Clarence Ray, and wife, Marilyn Ray, to the undersigned, as Trustee for The Northwestern Bank of Burnsville, North Carolina, on December 30, 1952; and default having been made in the payment of the same, the undersigned Trustee will, at the Court House door in Burnsville, North Carolina, at 10:00 o'clock A. M., on January 28, 1956, sell for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described tract or parcel of land in South Toe Township, Yancey County, North Carolina:

BEGINNING at a birch just below Clarence Ray's house and runs N. 47 1-2 degrees E. 430 feet to a stake on a ridge; thence S. 53 1-2 degrees E. 300 feet, S. 43 degrees E. 304 feet to a stake in Clyde Huskins' line; thence with said line about N. 80 degrees W. 815 feet to a stake; thence N. 9 degrees E. 87 feet to the BEGINNING, containing 4 acres, more or less. This December 27, 1955.
Bill Atkins, Trustee.
Jan. 5, 12, 19, 26

and affixed my official seal at Raleigh, this 19th day of December, A. D. 1955.

Thad Eure, Secretary of State
Recorded December 27, 1955,
in Record of Corporation's Vol. No. 2, page 67.

Lowe Thomas, C. S. C. Yancey County, N. C.
Jan. 5, 12, 19, 26

YOUR brain budget

- Garrulous means (a) surly; (b) talkative; (c) boisterous.
- Jongleur is another word for (a) juggler; (b) jockey; (c) jumble.
- A pannier is (a) a sifter; (b) wicker basket; (c) wind instrument.

ANSWERS:
1. Talkative
2. Juggler
3. Wicker basket

PROVEN RESULTS

NO OTHER MEDIA CAN MATCH THE TIME-TESTED, ACTION-GETTING SERVICE OF NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING.

CLASSIFIED OR DISPLAY; QUICK RESULTS—RIGHT AWAY! THE YANCEY RECORD

NOTICE OF SALE

NORTH CAROLINA
YANCEY COUNTY

The Board of Education of Yancey County, being of the opinion that the old Deyton Bend High School site in Brush Creek Township, Yancey County, North Carolina, has become unnecessary for public school purposes, signed an order at a regular meeting of said board on January 9, 1956, directing the sale of said old school site and in said order appointed Hubert D. Justice, Secretary of said Board of Education to advertise and sell said property in the name of the Board of Education of Yancey County at public sale as prescribed by law:

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of said order and the power

Are you buying Fresh Flour?

Remember when fresh flour was as near as the old mill down the road? Fresh flour is still that near... Chesterfield flour, milled in Asheville. It's full of the old-fashioned goodness of fresh ground wheat. Makes the lightest, fluffiest and tastiest biscuits you ever popped in your mouth! Insist on Chesterfield flour, in the bright new bag with the green four leaf clover.

A Product Of The Famous EARLE-CHESTERFIELD MILL COMPANY

Pre-Clearance SALE

Only Three More Days

	Regular Price	Sale Price
Grade Plow "Hi" Wheel Genuine "Bridgewater"	\$6.50	\$5.24
Plant Setters, Genuine "Lynchburg"	\$5.15	\$3.99
Cyclone Seed Sowers Old Reliable "Cyclone"	\$3.95	\$3.29
Mole Traps Old Reliable "Victor"	\$1.95	\$1.50
Postmaster Fumigant, Soil Fumigant—Control Weed Seeds, Fast, Easy Apply	.70	.68
Brood Chamber Complete, Long Lasting Aluminum Cover—Wood Impregnated With Pentachlorophenol for Resistance to Weather	\$9.85	\$8.95
Super Complete, Stand, 10 Frame Size, Treated For Long Service	\$3.12	\$2.99
220B Hudson Sprayer 3 1/2 Gal. Cap. Heavy Duty Sprayer	\$8.57	\$7.35
291B Hudson Sprayer 3 1/2 Gal. Heavy Duty Galv. Tank will last for years	\$9.12	\$7.98
Plant Bed Covers 28x24 Thread Count—Metal Grommets, High Quality Cotton cover	\$9.95	\$9.59
Plastic Cover High Flex Plastic Cover—Fumigate and Eliminate that weed picking	\$15.95	\$14.95
Rat Poison Contains Warfarin, the most effective Rat Killer available	\$1.00	\$.72
Hen Scratch 25 lb. Pa. made from highest Quality wheat and corn	\$1.15	\$1.00
Egg Mash 25 Pa 20% Protein	\$1.17	\$1.10
Egg Mash 50 Pa 20% Protein	\$2.16	\$2.16
Egg Mash 100 Pa 20% Protein	\$4.31	\$4.10
Poultry Litter 50 Pa Processed Poultry Litter. Ideal for Lawns and Flowers	\$1.50	\$1.50
Flour 25 lb. Print, Self Rising, K. Cream	\$2.20	\$1.99
14-14-14 Fertilizer 100 Pa, Pelleted, Free Flowing, 14% N, 14% Acid, 14% Potash, Requires less than 1/2 amount of regular fertilizer	\$4.50	\$4.25

FARMERS FEDERATION
J. N. BARNETT, Manager
BURNSVILLE, N. C.

The Light refreshment

Buy it by the carton

PEPSI COLA BOTTLING CO.
SPRUCE PINE, N. C.

Nothing without wings climbs like a '56 Chevrolet!

Ever level off a mountain with your foot? Nothing to it. Just point this new '56 Chevy uphill and ease down on the gas.

Up you go with a quiet (hydraulic-hushed valve lifters now in all engines—V8 or 6); rush of power. This is the car, you know, that broke the Pikes Peak record. The car that conquered towering grades and vicious switchback turns to prove its superior performance, handling ease and cornering ability.

These are built-in qualities that mean more driving pleasure and safety for you. Chevrolet also offers such safety features as seat belts, with or without shoulder harness, and instrument panel padding as extra-cost options.

There are 19 new Chevrolets—all with Body by Fisher. Drop in and drive one.

CHEVROLET

ROBERTS AUTO SALES, Inc.
PHONE 236
BURNSVILLE, N. C.