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JONES JOURNAL



EDITORIA

Never Forget That These Editorials Are The Opinion Of One Man -And He May Be Wrong

Ignoring the Issue

less articles on the latest prostitution gram might have to be fitted to changof principles by our leader, LBJ.

That this so-called voting bill is clearly unconstitutional is too obvious to be document only by the will of two thirds dwelt upon, but long ago we were snatch- of congress and three fourths of the ed from beneath the protective cover states. This was not to delay, but to make

ing about LBJ's vengeance bill against ment. six southern states comes from the pious souls who have so largely supported all previous usurpations by LBJ, Earl sues are finally becoming alarmed at ists" to violence, and he admits further Warren and Company.

that the evil tree can give fruit, simply because a glossing over in one instance "force bills" contain powers no good the administration. has done something they might have man would want, and that no bad man Perhaps these two wanted done.

Each of us is hopeful that power will be used for good, but power is the most preme court's "amendment" of the conneutral of forces. It can be turned to stitution in its many school decisions bad just as easily as to good; and that are terribly upset by the same court Kinston Eagle fans, so if you have not is the inherent danger in permitting using the same illegal means to dictate armed yourself properly with a season any individual, or small group of indi- the legislative make up of every state ticket don't put it off another day. any individual, or small group of a in the union. viduals to have a single power for a in the union. single act that is not freely and specifi-"Right-thinking" people who felt Eis- long. It is still the biggest sports bar-

In recent weeks we have read count- would change and even the wisest proing times.

But they made amendment of this of that most precious of instruments. sure that amendment was wise, and pressure, initiates measures of imme-The thing we note, and with some even with this we have suffered such diate intervention and remedial legislairony, is that a major part of the bleat- gross absurdities as the 18th amend- tion."

corner-cutting on basic constitutional is- bums go far enough to provoke "rac-

should have.

Sincere men who applauded the su- their positions.

the enhower, Kennedy and Johnson were gain in the world. Those wise men in Philadelphia com- right in illegally using troops to back cally delegated by the people. mitted to simple, concise language the up illegal court orders are now frighten-system of checks and balances that was ed to see a bill such as this Johnson is This is only one of m most basically aimed at preventing too now pushing through congress against areas that must be strengthened and it much power falling in too few hands. the people of six once-sovereign states. is the determination of this Lenoir These same men spelled out with cry-stal clarity the method for amending venality rather than under the law al- academics and away from experiments this great document of human' rights ways have, and always will abuse the of the so-called social scientists. because they realize that the world trust given them.

Rule By Riot

In view of their positions' and the sanctity their views are given in some quarters it may be of some benefit to examine recent statements by two of the biggest men in the civil rights rack-

Last year Supreme Court Justice Hugo Black, a some-time Ku Klux Klan, parttime "liberal" and full-time opportunist, filed a notable dissent on the majority opinion of his fellow travellers on the nation's highest court. Here is what Hugo had to say about rule by riot:

"The streets are not now and never heve been the proper place to admin-ister justice.

"Use of the streets for such purposes has always proved disastrous to individual liberty in the long run, whatever fleeting benefits may have appeared to have been achieved. And minority groups are the ones who always have suffered and always will suffer most when street multitudes are allowed to substitute their pressures for the less glamorous but more dependable and temperate processes of law.

"Experience demonstrates that it is not a far step from what to many seem the earnest, honest, patriotic, kind-spirited multitude of today to the fanatical, threatening, lawless mob of tomorrow. And the crowds that press in the streets for noble goals today can be supplanted tomorrow by street mobs pressuring the courts for precisely opposite ends."

In the April 3 issue of Saturday Review Martin King explains why he cannot go along with the president, the federal courts or any other of his compatriots who frown on rule by riot. King puts it thisaway:

"The goal of the demonstrations in Selma, as elsewhere, is to dramatize the existence of injustice and to bring about the presence of justice by methods of nonviolence. Long years of experience indicate to us that negroes can achieve this goal when four things occur:

"1. Nonviolent demonstrators go into the streets to exercise their constitutional rights.

"2. Racists resist by unleashing violence against them.

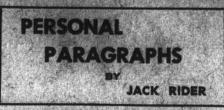
"3. Americans of conscience in the name of decency demand federal intervention and legislation.

"4. The administration, under mass

King candidly admits that his effort So now those who have supported cannot succeed unless his "nonviolent" arren and Company. Too many gliberals have supposed box has loosed upon the world. the evil things this political Pandora's that no minor act of violence will suf-fice, but that it must be a sufficient fice, but that it must be a sufficient As has been repeatedly said; these violence to bring "mass pressure" on

Perhaps these two "liberals" can have tea together' someday and reconcile

Next week is baseball time again for



A trip Saturday to Farmville, Virginia was a pleasure, both because of the company I was keeping and the business of the trip. The business was to see and study the accomplishment of the people in a very small and very poor county that had been chosen as one of the counties for exploitation in this public school integration war.

Prince Edward County has 14,000 people, about 60 per cent negro and its economy is poorer than that of any Eastern Carolina County. Since 1951 this county has been in constant litiga-tion with the NAACP and now the NAACP-controlled elements of our federal government. Prince Edward was one of the original counties ordered to mix its school racially in the May 17, 1954 decision of the supreme court.

They simply ignored the court as long as possible and then in 1959 the force of the entire federal apparatus centered upon this tiny settlement. And so they closed all public schools and opened private school for both white and colored children in the county - about 1200 white and 1600 colored children. At first the colored children responded until the outside agitators came in and prevailed upon them to turn down the opportunity for private school education.

But the private school for white children kept on going and in this, its sixth year it's still going strong. And the story of Prince Edward Academy is something to warm the heart.

Prince Edward Academy has a beautiful campus, \$400,000 worth of building, 16 school busses, a dedicated administrative staff and one of the finest faculties anywhere in the nation. Teachers average 17 year's experience. Prince Edward students have maintained superior levels of achievement in every department.

And for their 1237 students they have a budget for operation this year of \$369,293.63 - which, mind you, includes transportation. This is a percapita cost of \$290.45 per student. The great gap between the costs at Prince Edward Academy and in our local public schools is an awakening, and especially in view of the fact that the Prince Edward Academy student body - which includes all but six white childrew in the county — has a far better level of scholastic accomplishment than national averages.

Also during its five years of operation the graduates of the Academy have average nearly 60 per cent college attendance on graduation. The exact percentage being 57.4. Daily average attendance is 96.2 per cent - in spite of using busses junked by the state school system which cost the Academy \$100 each. Last year not one of these busses had to be towed in.

Why A Private School

Perhaps there are a few readers who accepted fact, because one could assure may wonder why a group of Lenoir himself that thousands of local school Countians has decided to buck the trend boards would never come up with a of the times to start a private school. concerted effort toward totalitarian gov-

For most the answer has to do with ernment. For most the answer has to do with entirent. the issue of racial integration of the public schools, and it may be that this is the catalyst which has spurred some of the interest in this effort. But, far more basic to the ultimate welfare of our nation is the need for private schooling to fight state social-base private schooling to fight stat

private schooling to fight state socialism. Public schools are an exact ex- government based upon basic principle

ample of state socialism. So long as of the representative republic are to they were controlled locally one did not survive they must find aid and comfort concern himself too much with this long somewhere outside the sphere of Wash-

This is only one of many academic

Cultivation of an educated curoisity and implementation of the questions this evokes is basic to education. There is some little evidence that much of the baggage that has attached itself to the public schools neither creates curiosity nor answers intelligent questions.

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JACK RIDER, PUBLISHER

In the past school year the drop-out rate was 2.7 per cent. Parents who pay directly for their children's education have a much more keen interest in keeping them in school-and this, keep in mind, includes every economic segment of the county.

Since the Academy was opened the county tax rate has fallen nearly 100 per cent, so for many parents the tuition cost really amounts to a considerable savings over the taxes they previously had to pay, and of course, this tax reduction is enjoyed by every property owner in the county.

The school plant, physically, is beautiful; designed for use and for lasting qualities, economy of construction and operation. But it is not cheaply built, by any stretch of the imagination. This is a step in the direction our society must take if we are not to surrender completely to the faceless tyrannies of a totalitarian bureaucracy.