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First Citizen's Bank's Handsome New Maysville Home Open



This is the handsome and spacious new home of the First Citizens Bank and Trust Company in Maysville, which has been opened for business recently. The bank is located on Main Street, on the old site of Maysville Methodist Church. Siegby Long, cashier and manager of the only Jones County branch of this Smithfield based bank has extended an invitation to everyone to come by and see this latest improvement. Long has been with First Citizens since 1952 and until January first of this year had served in several capacities in Kinston. He has been manager of the Maysville branch since that date.

Game Protector Found Not Guilty in Assault With Deadly Weapon Charges

Six Cases Cleared In Recorders Court During Past Week

During the past week submissions before the clerk or trials before Joe Becton cleared six cases from the docket of Jones County Recorder's Court.

Ray Jenkins of Morehead City paid \$25.50 in making good a check and paying the court costs, Charlie Richardson of Pollocksville route 1 paid \$26 for driving without a license, Richard Campbell of Trenton route 1 and Stella Smith Davis of Richlands route 2 each paid \$31 for speeding.

Moving violation charges against David Alton Johnson of Kinston and Harvey Floyd Andrews of Trenton route 2 were both dismissed.

A jury of 11 women and one man quickly found District Game Protector Douglas Ward not guilty last week in Jones County Superior Court on three charges of assault with a deadly weapon.

Ward had been indicted by three Pollocksville men who Ward said had been following his wife and two other young women about the area late at night.

Ward admitted having a .25 caliber pistol in his hand when he told the men what he would do if they ever bothered his wife again, but he denied pointing the gun at anyone, and also said it was not loaded.

In other cases cleared during the latter part of last week's term of court Lillie Bell Cox was divorced from Floyd Cox, Marjorie Ann Sumrell Batts was divorced from Cyrus Allen Batts, Benjamin Perry was divorced from Martha McDaniel Perry Cathleen S. McLean was divorced from John Tyler McLean.

Final judgment was ordered in a \$150 fine against Alton Bryant Kellum whose appeal to the state supreme court of a drunken driving charge had been denied.

Bonds were called in drunken driving charges against Willie Dixon, John Alford Jones and David Larnell Barfield, Jones lost a \$200 cash bond, M. R. Price who signed Barfield's bond had to pay off \$200 and as of Tuesday the Tri-County Bonding Company of New Bern had not yet paid off the \$200 bond for Dixon.

Big Still Destroyed

Four Wilkes Countians were captured early Monday at a large still in the Pleasant Hill end of Jones County by ATU and ABC officers, who netted a pickup truck, 13,000 pounds of sugar and a still with nearly 15,000 gallon mash capacity. The accused quartet is Julius Edgar Moore, Lawrence Edmond Wolfe, Billy Dean Transeau and Clyde L. Marley. Officers said the still could turn out nearly 2,000 gallons of stumphole whiskey per week.

Monday Crash Kills Two on US 17 North of Maysville Town Limits

Trenton Drowning

Twenty six year - old Ronald Cheston of Trenton was drowned late Sunday afternoon when the small skiff he and two others were fishing from capsized in Trent River just below Trenton. Despite the low water from the current drought the water in which the boat capsized was well over the heads of the three men. Cheston was unable to swim and the other two were not expert enough to help him ashore. Cheston's body was not recovered until late Tuesday. Jones County Coroner George Davenport ruled the death accidental.

A head-on crash just a few yards north of the Maysville Town limits at 4:30 Monday afternoon claimed the lives of both drivers involved.

Highway Patrolman C. W. Oakley said a southbound car driven by 20 year-old Larry Hubert Ward of Wilmington pulled head on into a northbound car, pulling a trailer, driven by 48 year-old John Claude Blake of Raleigh.

Blake died instantly and Ward died shortly after in a New Bern Hospital.

These are the 5th and 6th traffic deaths of the year in Jones County.

The dead men were the only passengers in the two cars.

Club to Meet

The Trenton Womens Club will present a special program on public affairs and the woman's place in community action at their next meeting, Thursday, October 10th at 8 p.m. in the Woman's Club house. Mrs. R. H. Morton is program chairman assisted by Mrs. H. B. Hargett Jr. and Mrs. J. A. Koonce. Members are urged to attend.

Three Jones Arrests

During the past week Jones County Sheriff Brown Yates reports booking three men at the county jail. William Murphy of Pollocksville was charged with probation violation, Isaac Bruce Weston of Richlands Route 2 and Albert Akeley of Lynn, Mass. were both charged with drunken driving.

Jones Central Takes Loop Lead With 7-0 Win Last Friday Over So. Wayne

First downs	6	11
Yards Rushing	158	146
Yards Passing	0	26
Passes	0/1	4/9
Passes Int. By	0	0
Punts	6/29	4/29
Fumbles Lost	0	2
Yards Penalized	24	39

For the night, Hawkins totalled 102 yards in 10 carries.

The game was mainly defense as neither team could manage many long drives. The Rockets' defensive line penetrated to drop the Vikings for losses nine times. Defensive stand-outs for the Jones Central Rockets were Bob Faulkner and Jack Bender who teamed to stop the Vikings with no gain ten times.

Other defensive men were Jimmy Smith, Leslie Strayhorn, Steve Banks, Kenneth Strayhorn and Joby Arthur who had nine

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Rhodesian Policy Has Placed United States in Extremely Dangerous Position

This paper has frequently referred to the cowardly position the United States has permitted itself to be trapped into by England on the issue of Rhodesia. Following here is a speech made in the United States Senate last week by Virginia Senator Harry Byrd Jr. Byrd reminded the nation, as well as his colleagues in the senate of the grave position that American duplicity has placed our nation insofar as this particular matter is concerned. Following here is the entire text of Senator Byrd's speech.

Last Thursday at the United Nations, Great Britain reminded the members that it is authorized to use force if necessary to halt oil shipments to Rhodesia.

Lord Caradon, the chief British delegate, says that British ships have been instructed to open fire if a vessel bound for Beira, Mozambique, refuses to halt for inspection of its cargo.

The Security Council resolution to which Lord Caradon refers was adopted April 9, 1966. Speaking in favor of the resolution, U. S. Ambassador Arthur J. Goldberg said:

And— calls on the United Kingdom Government to prevent movement of oil — To Rhodesia — by force if necessary.

Yes, Lord Caradon was on sound ground when he told the Security Council last week that its resolution of April 9, 1966, directs Britain to use force to prevent the shipment of oil to Rhodesia.

Article 5 of the Security Council resolution reads as follows: "Calls upon the Government of Great Britain to prevent by the use of force if necessary the arrival at Beira, Mozambique, of vessels reasonably believed to be carrying oil destined for Rhodesia."

Lord Caradon's letter dramatizes just how serious a predicament the United States has got itself into in its unwise and unprincipled effort to prevent Rhodesia from obtaining its independence from Great Britain.

I say that what the United States has done in regard to Rhodesia is one of the most unprincipled, one of the most outrageous, one of the most callous,

and one of the most foolish acts this Nation has ever undertaken.

In November 1965, the U. S. Ambassador to the United Nations actively supported the United Nations' resolution condemning Rhodesia as "a threat to international peace and security" and calling on the Security Council to take steps to put an end to Rhodesian independence.

Pursuant to that resolution, our Government severed diplomatic ties with the Smith government, and called for a voluntary boycott of Rhodesian products.

These voluntary sanctions caused great hardships on the Rhodesian people, but they did not succeed in forcing the downfall of the Smith government.

So the next step was the Council's resolution of April 9, 1966, calling on the Government of Great Britain to use force to prevent the movement of oil to Rhodesia, a step the British Government so far has not taken but apparently now plans to use.

When a voluntary boycott of Rhodesian products did not bring about the downfall of the Smith government, the Security Council met again on December 16,

1966, to consider the next logical step — the imposition of mandatory economic sanctions under article 41 of the United Nations Charter.

The U. S. Ambassador again actively supported this measure, assuring the Council that the United States would, to use his words, "apply the full force of our law to implementing this decision."

The Council voted to invoke article 41 — the first such vote, and the only such vote, for mandatory sanctions in the history of the United Nations.

The United States promptly complied. President Johnson issued an Executive order on January 5, 1967, declaring it to be a criminal offense for any American to engage in the import of a wide range of Rhodesian products, and several restricting U. S. exports to that country.

Still, it did not bring about the down-fall of the Smith government.

So, on Wednesday, July 31, 1968, the President of the United States issued Executive Order No. 11419.

This order is designed to close the economic noose on the peace-

ful country of Rhodesia by barring all U. S. imports from and exports to that country.

The order also prohibits aircraft or vessels under U.S. registration or under charter to a U.S. citizen from carrying cargo originating in or destined to be delivered to Rhodesia.

Additionally, the order prohibits the operation of U. S. airplanes to or from Rhodesia, and it bars the transfer of funds to or from Rhodesia.

That action was taken nearly 2 months ago, yet the Smith government still has not been brought to its knees.

So what is the situation today?

The United Nations under the leadership of Great Britain and the United States has already:

One, instituted a voluntary boycott of Rhodesia which has proved a failure.

Two, declared a mandatory boycott of all imports and exports to that country. This, too, has proved a failure.

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