

# Those Who Know The Least Most Often Qualify Themselves As Experts On The Race Issue

by Jack Rider

Presidential Advisor Dan Moynihan has been roasted by the liberals for asserting that a period of "benign neglect" was very much in order on the thorny problem of racial relations in our nation.

But the "experts" in this field, generally those who know the least about racial relations, are declaring Moynihan's advice to be heresy and there have been suggestions that he should be stripped of his 24-carat liberal credentials and banished south of the Mason-Dixon line.

Moynihan just happens to be one of the experts in this field who knows a great deal about what he is saying, but those who know much less are calling him traitor and worse.

The estimated Negro population of Lenoir County by the state board of health at present

is 23,358, and the white population is 38,675 in the latest estimate. The ratio for Jones County is 5,701 white and 5,304 colored.

It would seem that the people of such a county — white and colored alike — would have a better opportunity to understand each other than those people from areas in which racial relations are purely academic.

Consider that there are 16 states of the union in which the total Negro population is less than that of Lenoir County. . . nine sovereign states of the union that have less Negro population than the sparsely populated County of Jones.

In ascending order with their latest Negro population figures the lowest Negro populations are as follows: Vermont 519, South Dakota 727, North Dakota 777, Montana 1,467, New Hampshire

1,903, Wyoming 2,183, Maine 3,318, Utah 4,148, Hawaii 4,943, Alaska 6,771, Idaho 7,242, Nevada 13,484, Rhode Island 13,903, New Mexico 17,063, Oregon 18,133, and Minnesota 22,263.

Peculiarly enough, it is most frequent that the congressmen in both houses of congress from these states ordain themselves as the world's greatest experts on racial relations.

It is significant that the single County of Lenoir has more Negroes than the total Negro population of nine states, since the total Negro population of Vermont, South and North Dakota, Montana, New Hampshire, Wyoming, Maine, Utah, and Hawaii is only 19,985.

Even tiny Jones with 5,304 Negroes has more Negroes than the combined totals of Vermont, South and North Dakota, Montana and New Hampshire.

Yet these 16 states that have less Negro population than Lenoir County have 32 senators out of 100 in the United States Senate and without exception through the years they have voted to impose artificial racial relations on all the rest of the nation.

The consequences of so much ignorance will be felt for generations yet to come and no where will there be more serious consequences than in the realm of education.

These "experts without portfolio" have totally ignored that wherever massive forced racial mixing in public schools has come about there has followed automatic re-segregation.

Whether this is right or wrong, Christian or Un-Christian, legal or illegal is beside the point because it does happen, and is happening, and it will continue to happen.

In Jones County in the four-year span between the 1964-65 school year and the 1967-68 school year there was a 4.9 per cent drop in public school enrollment. Part of this loss of 153 students, at a time when school-aged children were increasing is represented by children who simply dropped out of all schools. And this happened to both white and colored children.

This same picture is seen in practically all other areas where distant theories are applied to practical policy, which is soon found to be impractical policy.

In this same period Kinston's public school enrollment dropped by 162 students and the Lenoir County public school system's enrollment dropped 411.

## Over \$1,000,000 in Social Security Benefits to Be Received by Jones Countians in 1970

by Congressman Walter B. Jones

Everyone in the First District is interested in payrolls which contribute to the economic well-being of all. I am not sure that Social Security payments can be classified as additional payroll, but no one can question the fact that the circulation of these funds contributes heavily to our economy. Recently, I was supplied a breakdown of payments within the First District and the figures I hope will be of interest to you. For the entire 19 counties according to the 1969 figures, there was 55,017 people drawing social security checks. The total figure for the District during the year '69 was \$42.8 million annual, while under the new law, this will increase to \$49.3 million each year.

We list below a breakdown of each county — the first figure being the total number of recipients as of December 31, 1969 and a comparison for each county's annual total under the old law and the new.

Receptients (thousands)	Benefits (millions)
Beaufort	5,475 4.2 4.8
Bertie	3,371 2.4 2.8
Camden	791 .6 .7
Chowan	1,748 1.4 1.6
Craven	5,970 4.7 5.4
Currituck	1,157 1.0 1.2
Dare	1,185 1.0 1.2
Gates	1,326 1.0 1.2
Hertford	2,868 2.2 2.5
Hyde	1,007 .7 .8
Jones	1,330 .9 1.0
Lenoir	7,062 5.5 6.3
Martin	3,450 2.6 3.0
Pamlico	1,429 1.1 1.3
Pasquotank	3,565 3.1 3.6
Perquimans	1,402 1.1 1.3
Pitt	9,299 7.4 8.5
Tyrrell	736 .5 .6
Washington	1,846 1.5 1.7

Further research revealed the following figures: for fiscal year '69, employees and employers of this nation contributed \$33 billion 908 million dollars. For fiscal '70 it is projected that this figure will rise to \$38 billion, 645 million dollars; while for fiscal '71 it will increase to \$42 billion, 253 million dollars.

The number of people participating in the social security program were 92.2 million in 1969, a projected figure for 1970 of 93.7 million and 95.5 million in 1971.

With respect to the benefits paid out by Social Security annually, that is Old Age Survivors Insurance and Disability, the figure for 1969 was \$26 billion, 175 million dollars, and the projected figure for '70 is

\$29 billion, 154 million dollars; for '71 — \$32 billion, 897 million dollars.

I have been asked many times about the actuary soundness of the Social Security program. I believe the figures listed above show an intake of some 25 per cent in receipts over disbursements.

### Lack of Support

Last week on Wednesday, April 8, the United States Senate once again refused to approve a Southerner for a place on the United States Supreme Court. Those who opposed the confirmation of Judge Harrold Carswell gave varying reasons. Some of the same ones who voted against the confirmation of Judge Haynesworth in recent months at that time stated that Haynesworth was qualified, but offered other excuses. But in the instance of Judge Carswell, the excuse of many was that he was not judicially qualified. Therefore, those who are adamant against the confirmation of a Southerner will use whatever excuse they can find.

An analysis of the confirmation vote showed a lack of support between President Nixon and the Senate, for 13 Republican Senators voted no in spite of White House pressure. The majority of the Southern Senators of both parties supported Carswell, with the glaring exceptions of Senator Spong of Virginia and Senator Gore of Tennessee, both Democrats; and in a major surprise, Republican Senator Cook of Kentucky voted against.

### Railroad Strike

Also last week in a most unusual action the Congress passed legislation to avert a nationwide railroad strike. In recent years resolutions have been passed by the Congress to force labor and management to further negotiate; but last week, the Congressional action also included the setting of wages as it relates to back pay and overtime. In other words, the legislation actually spelled out the terms of the settlement. There were four unions involved in this dispute, and three of the unions had overwhelmingly agreed to the settlement offered by the railroads, while the smaller union, the Sheetmetal Workers, by an extremely close vote, rejected the offer. In spite of the Congressional action in settling the 17-month old dispute, the present contract expires at the end of this year and negotiations on the new contract will begin sometime next fall.

I hope that this does not set

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## 1970 Jones Rabies Vaccination Schedule Listed

The Jones County 1970 Rabies Vaccination Schedule will be held Tuesday, April 21. The schedule is as follows:

1:00 p.m., Pollocksville, at Armstrong's Store; 1:45 p.m., Maysville, at Fire Station; 2:45 p.m., Trenton, at Health Department; and 3:45 p.m., Comfort, at Philyaw's Store.

Due to a lack of cooperation in the past, it was necessary this year to cut out a number of clinics, but authorities stressed that even though there has not been a case of rabies in Jones County for a number of years, Jones is subject to have it at any time because of the fact that rabies is still prevalent in Western North Carolina and numerous other parts of the United States.

If you are unable to attend one of these clinics, please take your dog to a Licensed Veterinarian for the immunization. When a person has been bitten by an animal suspected of having rabies it shall be duty of such persons to notify the County Health Department immediately.

The charge for the vaccinations will be \$2.00.

a precedent where each labor dispute will reach the halls of Congress. It seems logical that labor and management in this sophisticated age should be able to devise a mutual plan for avoiding costly and crippling strikes.

### FHA Anniversary

In the confusion of our present affluent society, we sometimes overlook or forget organizations which are making a great contribution to the stability of this and future generations. Such an organization is the Future Homemakers of America, who last week celebrated their 25th anniversary. This is a national organization where home economics students in junior and senior high schools assemble throughout the nation. It has a national membership of 804,000 in 12,000 high schools. North Carolina has 29,665 FHA members in 459 chapters. This office salutes the leaders and their membership.

## Jones Candidates

### SHERIFF

W. Brown Yates\*  
Dan Killingsworth  
Joe Monette  
Walter Cox  
M. Eugene (Buddy) Moore

### COMMISSIONER

James Barbre\*  
Charlie Battle\*  
Micaja Bonner  
Delmas Brown  
Charles Copeland  
George B. Franks  
Theodore Hicks  
Nick Mallard  
Hoyal Miller  
Osborne Mallard  
Horace B. Phillips\*  
Charles (Duffy) Smith  
Leslie D. Strayhorn  
Robert R. Green  
Preston Reynolds  
Ralph Howard  
Donald Bachelor  
Lindsey Maness, Ind.

### COURT CLERK

F. Rogers Pollock\*  
Harold B. Hargett Jr.  
Arthur Mallard

### SCHOOL BOARD

Kleber Bryant  
Raeford Becton  
Walter Ives\*  
Marvin Philyaw\*  
J. C. West Jr.\*  
John Booth\*  
Abbott Meadows\*

### CORONER

George W. Davenport

### CONSTABLE

Maggie Small  
S. A. Norris

### SENATE

Charles Larkins Jr.\*  
Reece B. Gardner

### HOUSE

#### Seat No. 1

Fitzhugh Wallace  
Guy Elliott\*  
John Talbot Capps  
Harold W. Hardison

#### Seat No. 2

Red Tingin  
Dan Lilley\*

### SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE

Howard Hubbard\*  
Walter Henderson

\* Denotes Incumbent  
Bold denotes Republican

## Roger Melville in Outstanding Air Force Unit

Sergeant Roger L. Melville of Route 1, Maysville, is a member of a unit that has earned the Air Force Outstanding Unit Award.

The 437th Military Airlift Wing at Charleston AFB, S. C. was cited for meritorious service from July 1968 to July 1969 for its support of military operations. This marks the fourth time in five years the wing has been honored as an outstanding unit.

Sergeant Melville, an aircraft maintenance specialist in the 437th, will wear the distinctive service ribbon to mark his affiliation with the unit.

The organization is part of the Military Airlift Command which provides global airlift for U. S. military forces.

The sergeant, son of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Melville, is a 1965 graduate of White Oak High School. His wife, Linda, is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wilford Philyaw of Route 1, Maysville.

## Land Transfers

Jones County Register of Deeds Bill Parker reports recording the following land transfers in his office during the past week:

From Odell Murphy to Alexander and Mary Preson 6.59 acres in Pollocksville Township.

From Leo W. Simmons and wife to Finnie and Lela White a tract in Beaver Creek Township.

From Rena W. Scott to Ruth and Charlotte Kornegay a tract in Cypress Creek Township.

From Eugene and Merle Cox Taylor to Ned and Ruby Taylor 3.3 acres in Trenton Township.

From Bruce and Myrtle Weston to Jean and Annie Weston a tract in Trenton Township.

## THREE HURT TUESDAY

Both drivers and one passenger were treated and released when cars driven by Lucille Rouse of 314 Rhodes Avenue and Virginia Daveson of 2002 Saint George Place collided Tuesday morning at the corner of Mitchell and Vernon. Damage was estimated at \$800 in the Kinston wreck.