

# Thirteen Cases Are Cleared During Last Week's Jones Co. District Court

The following fines and sentences were handed out during the last session of district court in Jones County.

James Simmons was ordered to make restitution and pay the court cost and was given a 30-day suspended sentence for a worthless check.

Thomas Rouse paid cost for driving without a license.

Richard Moore was given a 30 day sentence, and was ordered to pay a \$25 fine for being publicly drunk and indecent exposure.

Allen Wilder was ordered to pay costs for violation of inspection law.

R. A. Morton was ordered to pay costs for trespassing in a wildlife area with fire arms without a permit.

Vonabe Monette was ordered to pay costs for having no operator's license and a stop sign violation.

Gordon Brown was ordered to pay costs for having no chauffeur license.

George Franks was ordered to pay costs for a moving violation.

Elijah Jones was ordered to pay costs for failing to report an accident.

Clarence Smith was ordered to make restitution and pay costs for a worthless check.

Levonne Murle was found guilty of being publicly drunk and was ordered to pay costs and was sentenced to a 30-day jail sentence.

Palmore Swope Jr. was ordered to pay a \$50 fine and costs for careless and reckless driving.

James Meadows was ordered to pay costs for being publicly drunk.

## Jones Arrests

William B. Miller of route 1, box 172, Pollocksville, was arrested during the holidays and charged with his second offense of being publicly drunk. Alvin Irvin of Richlands was also booked over the holidays and charged with being publicly drunk and assault with a deadly weapon.

## TV Programs to Give Important Tobacco Facts

The latest development in tobacco production will be the topic of five special television programs planned for early January.

The programs will be presented by six extension specialists over four commercial television stations and the University's educational television system.

All phases of tobacco production will be covered. However, the emphasis will be on mechanization and the proper use of pesticides, according to Dr. William Collins, who is in charge of the extension tobacco program at North Carolina State University.

Appearing with Collins on the programs are two other tobacco specialists, S. N. Hawks and Ben Kittrell. Other participants will include Furney Todd, a plant pathologist; R. L. Robertson, an entomologist; and Rupert Watkins, an agricultural engineer.

The viewing schedule for the "tobacco workshops" is as follows:

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## Dies in Home Fire

Thirty three year-old Rufus L. Sutton of the Wooten Crossroads section died in a fire at his home early Christmas Day, which is believed to have started from a stove explosion. His wife and children escaped injury in the blaze which badly damaged their home. Sutton apparently was overcome by fumes as he also tried to reach the door, since his body was found near the front door by firemen when they had brought the blaze under control.

## ESCAPEE CAUGHT

Walter Seymour Jr., sometime Kinstonian, was caught last week near the city after escaping Tuesday night from the State Prison Camp at Newport in Currituck County. Seymour is serving a sentence imposed in Lenoir County Superior Court for a series of offenses. He is also wanted in Illinois for stealing a truck.

shows:

— Saturday, January 9, from 7 to 9 a.m., Channel 9 (WNCT-TV) Greenville; and Channel 6 (WECT) Wilmington.

— Saturday, January 16, from 7 to 9 a.m., Channel 5 (WRAL-TV) Raleigh;

## Gov. Announces Caswell Memorial Commission for '70

Governor Bob Scott Tuesday announced the reappointment of Dr. J. Carlyle Sitterson of Chapel Hill, Mrs. J. Rogers Brooks of Kinston, and Colonel Paul A. Rockwell of Kinston to the Governor Richard Caswell Memorial Commission for terms expiring November 30, 1975.

Mrs. Virginia C. Wallace of Kinston was appointed to the Commission, succeeding the late Edmund H. Harding of Washington for a term expiring November 30, 1977.

Mrs. Kenneth R. Downs of Pineville was appointed to succeed Mrs. W. H. Belk of Charlotte for a term expiring November 30, 1975.

William H. Rowland of Kinston was appointed to succeed Charles R. Holloman of Raleigh for a term expiring November 30, 1977.

Henry B. Herring of Kinston was appointed to succeed the late Mrs. W. M. Bellamy of Wilmington for a term expiring November 30, 1977.

The Governor Richard Caswell Memorial Commission was created by the 1955 General Assembly for the purpose of acquiring and maintaining a perpetual memorial to Governor

## Youth Badly Hurt

Seventeen year-old James Avent Jr. suffered six wounds from a .22 caliber automatic rifle allegedly in the hands of George Laws Jr. of 1608 Hayes Street, Kinston, at about 4 p.m. last Wednesday. Laws is charged with assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill and Marvin Chester Bryant of 901 Chestnut Street, Kinston, who took Laws from the scene in his car after the shooting has been charged with being an accessory before and after the crime.

## JONES SUIT FILED

In Jones County Superior Court George Earl Koonce has filed suit against David M. Jordan for damages of \$2259.44. The damages are the result of an automobile accident.

## DRUNK WITH HEROIN

Herbert L. Brown of 607 Quinerly Street was charged with public drunkenness after his arrest last Wednesday night and subsequently charged with having heroin on his person after one package of the illegal narcotic was found on his person.

Richard Gaswell in Lenoir County, just west of Kinston.

# PRESIDENT AND CONGRESS PLAYING DIRTY POOL WITH INFLATION PROBLEM BUDGET SHOWS

by Jack Rider

One neither has to have a degree in economics nor political science to understand that both President Nixon and congress are playing dirty pool on the inflation problem.

Politically each is pointing at the other and playing the old game of the kettle calling the pot black and collectively they look at the private sector of the nation which produces all wealth and try to hang the cause of inflation on higher wages for truck drivers and higher profits for widowed holders of a few shares of stock.

The tabulation included with this article was introduced into the December 22, 1970 Congressional Record by Congressman Neal Smith of Iowa, was pointing with pride to the accomplishments of the about to expire 91st congress.

At a time when labor unions and private corporations are be-

ing hung by the thumbs for asking more for their services and their capital the president and congress have come up with an increase of 11.6 per cent in federal spending, despite the fact that the current year's budget is expected to run well over \$10 billion in the red!

When one looks a trifle more closely at this tabulation, and notes that it does not include the huge increases which become effective January 1st in the social security tax bite and further reflects that the increase already scheduled is likely to be considerably less than will finally be written into the

law shortly after the 92nd congress is convened the magnitude of federal perfidy on the issue of inflation multiplies.

When one reflects further, as this tabulation shows, that but for the final reduction of almost \$3 billion in the budget of the department of defense the increase would have been hideously higher.

And although the President and Congress both took some pleasure in this kind of tabulation, it needs to be born in mind that even after congress cut \$1.8 billion off the President's budgetary requests, the budget still went up almost \$15 billion.

Only two items in the tabulation showed decreases over the previous budget year: Defense, already noted and foreign aid which fell \$24.6 million.

The smaller tabulation included with this article shows the adjusted per cent of the total budget allocated to defense and to assorted welfare, health, housing and education projects, lumped under the heading "Human Resources."

In 1957 the total federal expenditure was \$69,433,078,427, which means that in that long ago year federal spending on these "Human Resources" projects totalled some more than

\$14,700,000,000. This year if the estimate proves reasonably accurate the federal expenditure in these several fields will exceed \$59 billion.

This represents an increase in just 14 years of about \$44 billion or more than 400 per cent, and yet a vast majority of the people in the nation still complain that not enough is being done in these several categories.

There are few unions or corporations capable of claiming a record of more than a 400 per cent increase in the past 14 years.

Today more than one person out of six who is working, is on either a federal, state, county, or city payroll. They total nearly 12 million. Another 22 million draw social security checks and about two million more draw either compensation or pension checks from the Veterans Administration. Still another six million draw welfare checks.

In many instances, of course, these lists overlap, reducing the total number to considerably less than the total of these figures might reflect. Many persons draw social security and welfare checks. Many others draw veteran and social security benefits and many who work in government draw veterans benefits for wartime injuries and disabilities.

So when the President or any economy-talking member of congress begins blowing the whistle on pay raises for union workers or profits of private enterprise they should first take a look at what's happening to the budgets of the nation's biggest business which they are "managing."

## APPROPRIATIONS BILLS PASSED BY 91st CONGRESS, 2nd SESSION, FOR FISCAL 1971

Dept. or Agencies	President Nixon's Request	Amount appropriated	Request compared to appropriation	Amount appropriated last year
Education	\$3,966,824,000	\$4,420,145,000	up \$453,321,000	\$3,813,777,650
Legislative	421,414,889	413,054,220	down 8,360,679	344,326,817
Treasury-Post Office	9,567,693,900	9,525,711,000	down 41,982,000	8,783,245,000
Independent Offices-HUD	17,468,223,500	17,709,525,300	up 241,301,800	15,111,870,500
State, Justice, Commerce and Judiciary	3,251,200,000	3,108,074,500	down 143,125,500	2,354,432,700
Interior	1,839,974,600	1,835,474,700	down 4,499,900	1,380,375,300
Transportation	2,553,816,437	2,458,134,605	down 95,681,832	1,929,738,630
District of Columbia (Federal funds)	109,088,000	108,938,000	down 150,000	168,510,000
Foreign assistance	2,876,539,000	2,534,310,000	down 342,229,000	2,558,910,000
Agriculture	7,748,354,500	8,090,856,550	up 342,502,050	7,488,903,150
Military Construction	2,134,800,000	2,037,814,000	down 96,986,000	1,560,456,000
Space, Atomic Energy and Public Works	5,263,433,000	5,238,517,000	down 24,916,000	4,756,007,500
Labor — HEW — OEO not including Social Security	18,759,377,000	18,969,352,500	up 210,015,500	15,934,376,550
Defense	68,745,666,000	66,595,937,000	down 2,149,729,000	69,640,568,000
Miscellaneous increases requested	1,701,836,738	1,525,365,538	up 176,471,200	278,281,318
<b>Total</b>	<b>146,408,240,674</b>	<b>144,571,209,913</b>	<b>down 1,837,030,761</b>	<b>129,595,765,115</b>

## Spending on National Defense and on Human Resources

Fiscal year	Defense resources	Human resources
1957	55.7	23.2
1958	53.7	26.2
1959	50.6	26.3
1960	49.8	27.6
1961	48.4	29.7
1962	47.8	28.7
1963	46.9	29.2
1964	45.2	28.9
1965	41.9	29.9
1966	42.2	31.0
1967	44.3	32.0
1968	45.0	32.1
1969	44.0	34.4
1970	40.1	37.0
1971 (estimate)	36.7	40.8