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Bud Gibbs

29 MAR 17

YEAR IN ADVANCE

TO OUTLINE GERMAN POLICY

GERMAN POLICY—18 POINT—REICHSTAG MET YESTERDAY AND NEW CHANCELLOR MADE HIS FIRST UTTERANCE—RUSSIAN ARTILLERY IS ACTIVE.

(Thursday's Dispatch) With intense interest diverted from the moment from the fighting fronts, where there has been a noticeable slackening of hostilities, attention is focused on the convening Thursday afternoon of the German reichstag.

At the opening session will be heard the first utterances of the new imperial chancellor, Dr. Michaelis, governing his stand on the war, utterances that naturally will be momentous inasmuch as they will indicate whether, with the recent changes in the German government, Germany is to continue her war without abatement, or whether the expressed desires for peace that have been heard so often in Germany are anything but empty expressions.

The probable attitude of the chancellor already has run the gamut of diverse speculation, but as yet nothing has been evolved from the many unofficial discussions of the man and his ideas and intentions on which anything like certainty can be based.

Some writers express the belief that the new chancellor's learnings will be toward the peace views of the majority block in the reichstag; others have advanced opinion that his policy will be that of the militaristic party, and there are others who consider his assumption of office merely a part of a stop-gap program preliminary to the formation of something in the nature of a dictatorship.

After having tried ineffectually to overcome the French gains in the Verdun sector between the eastern edge of the Avocourt wood and Hill 304, the Germans have ceased their costly enterprise and are now contenting themselves with throwing shells into the positions which General Petan's men forced them to evacuate. Likewise, along the Chemin-des-Dames the violent infantry activity of the early week has ceased and artillery duels instead are taking place.

The British and the Germans continue their violent artillery duels in northern Belgium and Field Marshal Haig's forces are keeping up their harassing patrol raids on numerous sectors of the front. One of the most successful of the enterprises was carried out east of Monchy-le Preux in the Arras sector, in which the British gained ground and took prisoners.

On the Russian front, General Korniloff's army in East Galicia is stubbornly holding back the reinforced Austro-German armies, which at various points are endeavoring to wrest from them the positions recently won in the Halicz and Kalusz sectors. In the latter region, near the village of Novica, the enemy won a vantage point from the Russians but immediately afterwards, in a counter-attack, lost it again. The Germans are violently bombarding the Russian south of Brezany and near Halicz.

Late reports from Petrograd are to the effect that the disorders have been quelled. In Tuesday's fighting in the streets of Petrograd, six persons were killed and 238 wounded.

The weekly British admiralty statement shows that last week fourteen British ships of more than 1,600 tons, four of under 1,600 tons and eight fishing vessels were sunk by submarines or mines—a slight increase in tonnage over the previous week.

Complaint Against Curtis Go

Formal complaint has been made to the Federal Trade Commission against the Curtis Publishing Company of Philadelphia. The Curtis company publishes the Saturday Evening Post, the Ladies' Home Journal and other publications. The complaint alleges that the company engages in unfair business practices and that it stifles competition by refusing to sell its publications to dealers handling competing publications. The officers of the company have been cited to appear August 23 and show cause.

Sues Lexington Town

Lexington, July 17.—Complaint has been filed with the clerk of court wherein J. C. Smith, well known local merchant, seeks to recover \$40,000 damages from the board of commissioners of the town of Lexington for the death of his son, Julius, who was killed here by an electric current a few weeks ago.

ITEMS OF CURRENT NEWS

Happenings Here and There in the State.

After a hard day's work and while very hot, Fred. Lindsay, colored, of Charlotte, drank copiously of ice water and died in a short time.

John W. Neese of Graham, 25 years old, committed suicide by cutting his throat in the presence of his mother and brother. No cause assigned.

The annual reunion of the North Carolina Confederate veterans, which it was recently announced would be held at Durham next month, has been called off.

W. E. Sharpe of Burlington was re-elected president of the North Carolina Insurance Agents Association, in session in Asheville last week. Next meeting will be held in Charlotte.

J. Fred. Overman committed suicide by shooting himself, while on a Atlantic Coast Line train in the vicinity of Wilson. Said to be from Wayne county and his remains were sent there for burial.

Edwin Pou, son of Congressman Pou of the Raleigh district, has been accepted for service in the aviation corps of the United States army and has been sent to an aviation school at Toronto, Canada, for training.

Five members of one family—the Baldwins—were arrested in Gash's Creek settlement, Buncombe county, a few days ago. They were indicted for illicit distilling and all gave bond in the sum of \$500 each to appear and show cause.

A Salisbury colored woman got around the hog pen law by harnessing her pig and staking it out. She has no hog pen. Commended to Greensboro, where the hog pen question is acute.

At Hickory Paul Boyd, 13 years old, fell from a wagon load of straw on the premises of P. A. Setzer, and the wagon ran over him, inflicting injuries that caused his death. The boy lived with J. F. Wilfong, in the vicinity of Hickory.

Erection at an early date of a giant paper mill on Smith's creek, just outside the city limits of Wilmington, is proposed by the North State Pulp and Paper Company with offices in Wilmington, is the good news sent from the city by the sea.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED

Government Says the Demand is Great—Examinations for Civil Service Will be Held Every Tuesday—Examinations Passed on Promptly.

Mr. Josh Mounsey, assistant postmaster and secretary to the board of civil service examiners has received the following letter from the U. S. Civil Service Commission:

"The United States Government needs badly, great numbers of stenographers and typewriters, both men and women, for service in the departments at Washington, D. C., and the situation in Federal offices outside of Washington is scarcely less urgent. The supply of qualified persons on the Commission's lists for this class of work is not equal to the demand, and the Commission urges, AS A PATRIOTIC DUTY, that citizens with this special knowledge apply for examination for the Government service. At present all who pass the examination for the Departmental Service are certified for appointment. Examination papers are rated without delay.

"Examinations for the Departmental Service in Washington, D. C., for both men and women are held every Tuesday in 400 of the principal cities. Examinations for the Field Service (positions outside of Washington, D. C.) are held frequently.

"Local boards of examiners are requested to renew and redouble their endeavor to obtain applicants for stenographer and typewriter examinations. Regardless of what steps have already been taken in this direction, the effort should be increased. Editors of local papers should be appealed to on the ground of patriotism to insert AS OFTEN AS POSSIBLE a notice of the Government's need; the blue poster announcements should be displayed in prominent places; individuals should be urged to apply when there is opportunity for personal appeal; in short, the situation should be brought to the attention of the public in every proper manner that is available without expense to the Commission. The Commission has no appropriation from which it may pay for advertising."

Manufacture Airplanes

North Carolina furniture and other wood-working plants have been asked by the Council of National Defense how much of their machinery can be turned to making parts of airplanes for the great aviation army the United States is planning to send to the European war zone. Estimates are being secured on North Carolina spruce, oak and other woods for air ships.

ARRANGEMENTS READY FOR DRAFT

DRAWING OF NUMBERS MAY BE DONE TODAY, SAYS THE ANNOUNCEMENT FROM WASHINGTON—PAPERS RELIED UPON TO COVEY NEWS.

Washington, July 18.—Advices today to Brigadier General Crowder, the provost marshal general, indicated that the national lottery to determine the order of liability of 10,000,000 men registered for military service could be held next Friday. Preparations to make the drawing on that day went ahead rapidly, although a final decision as to the date cannot be made until the last governor has actually reported that the local exemption boards in his state state have finished their task.

Details of the mechanism of the drawing have not been revealed. It is known definitely, however, that present plans are for the lottery to take place in the capital building with the members of the senate and house military committee as witnesses. The entire proceedings is not expected to take much more than one hour.

General Crowder was in conference today with the newspaper correspondents over arrangements for the drawing. The press is relied upon to carry to individuals throughout the country the information as to when they will be required to appear before exemption boards, and for that reason every effort is being made to suit the convenience of the papers as to details.

The task of transmitting the long lists of names by telegraph is a problem of considerable proportions, but the press associations and telegraph companies are making efforts to insure both speed and adequate accuracy in transmission. There is more concern over the task of the individual newspapers after they received by wire the results of the drawing. In large communities, the problem of printing the serial numbers with the names of the men they represent in each district attached is one of staggering proportions.

In New York, where there are 189 of the 4,557 local exemption districts, a list of the names and numbers would fill several hundred newspaper pages. Even to give sufficient names and numbers to cover those likely to be called to the colors immediately means enormous work.

While the provost marshal general's office was busy clearing up the last details of the drawing, the proposition of alien registrants, other than enemy aliens, came before the senate in a resolution introduced by Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the military committee. It provides for the drafting for military service of citizens of countries at war with Germany who are now residing in the United States upon the same terms as American citizens are liable under the national army bill.

The resolution seeks to meet the views of the state department, however, by excepting from its action citizens of countries which have treaties with the United States prohibiting the enforced military employment of the nationals of each party in the territory of the other.

Train Crashes Into Auto

Smithfield, July 17.—This morning about six o'clock a Ford automobile in which were riding J. G. Greenlee, Dewey Greenlee, his 17-years-old son and Ray Crump, the 18-years-old son of E. F. Crump, was struck by the Atlantic Coast Line southbound train No. 85, when they attempted to cross the track near the Smithfield Cotton Mills and the Greenlees instantly killed. The Crump boy was so badly hurt that he died just before noon. It was a most horrible accident and the killing of the three has cast a deep gloom over the town and community. J. G. Greenlee, whose home was at Fayetteville, had been superintendent of the Smithfield Cotton mill for the past several months.

Card of Thanks

To The Star: I want to thank the W. O. W., friends and community for the kind sympathy which they have shown to me, in the sickness and death of my beloved wife, and also the illness of myself. M. H. SEPAUGH.

Jr. B. Y. P. U.

The Jr. B. Y. P. U. meets Sunday night at 7 o'clock. Subject, "The Death of Christ." GLADYS WEAVER, Pres.

FACTS ABOUT EXEMPTION

Who May be Exempt From the Army Draft and the Plan of Procedure—Names of Those Exempt and the Reasons Made Public.

The following facts relating to exemptions from the military draft, which are official, are of prime interest just now.

As soon as the names are sent from Washington, the local exemption board will commence work. Each man drawn will be notified and he must present himself to the board at a date specified for examination, if he desires to submit application for exemption. Failing to submit such application within seven days, he is enrolled and no application after that date can be considered.

Those Exempted

County and municipal officers, who are elected to office by popular vote, and whose office may not be filled by appointment for the unexpired term; custom house clerks; persons employed by the United States in the transmission of the mails; artificers, workmen employed in the arsenals and navy yards of the United States; persons employed in the service of the United States whose exemption is to be designated by the President; licensed pilots, mariners actually employed in the sea service of any citizen or the sea service of merchants within the United States; moral degenerates, or those found to have been convicted of a felony, etc., alien residents, citizens of other countries.

Exempted by Discretion of Board The husband or father who is the sole and entire support of a wife child or children; the son of a widowed mother entirely dependent upon him for support; the brother of orphaned children under 16 years of age, who are entirely dependent upon him for support.

The rules for the submission of application for exemption under these headings are as follows:

If the application is made by the husband or father, he must furnish a supporting affidavit, signed by his wife, giving the husband's name, age, place of residence; her name, place of residence, full name, ages and residences of their child or children, stating further the fact that she is the wife of such person and the mother of such child or children, and the approximate amount of her income and the independent incomes of such child or children. Petition for discharge from the draft must be further supported by affidavit signed by the head of a family residing in his neighborhood.

If the claim for discharge is filed with respect to such husband by his wife, affidavit must be signed by his wife, giving her name, place of residence, and certifying that she is the wife of such person and is totally dependent upon him for support, and the name, place of residence and ages of any child or children, the approximate amount of her income and the independent incomes of such child or children, and be further supported by two affidavits from neighbors in the community.

If Filed by Another Person If claim for discharge is not filed by the husband or wife, but by another person for such husband or wife, then the party making the request must sign an affidavit giving his own name, place of residence, and serial number of the husband, who is to be discharged; the name, place of residence of the wife, age, place of residence of the child or children, and that he is well acquainted with the applicant to be discharged, also with his wife, child or children, and that the applicant is the husband of such wife and the father of such child or children, and that he has personally made investigation of the sources of income of wife, child or children, and that the wife, child or children are dependent, entirely and exclusively, upon the physical or mental earnings of the husband.

Further, said person must present the marriage certificate of such applicant, or copy thereof, and the supporting affidavits of two disinterested neighbors who are heads of families, stating their own name, and information similar to that accompanying the affidavit of the husband or wife.

The son of a widowed mother must support his claim with affidavit similar to that filed by the husband, as must also the brother of parentless children under 16 years of age who are entirely dependent upon him for support.

Persons found by the board to be a member of any well recognized religious sect or organization whose existing creed or principles forbids its members to participate in war in any form, and whose religious convictions are against war or participation therein, in accordance with the creed of such religious organization, are exempt if they were members of such organization prior to May, 1917. Proper affidavit must be submitted with the application for exemption, giving name, age, place

of residence, creed, and supporting affidavits from persons competent to certify to the facts.

Ministers Exempted

Young men studying for the ministry and ministers of the gospel are exempt. It is understood that proper affidavits are to be submitted with their application for exemption.

Persons employed in industrial or manufacturing organizations or plants, where the services of those concerned are considered by the President to be of more importance to the government in their then occupation than in the field service, who claim exemption, will be examined by a district board consisting of one person, whose appointment and territory are designated by the President.

Local boards must decide claims for exemption within three days after filing for claims, and the local board then issues three classes of certificates—absolute, conditional and temporary. However, the local board, in its judgment, can cancel any of these certificates at any time they see fit, and the holder thereof must surrender it.

Exemption Badge

To prevent embarrassment among those who are exempt, the War Department has decided to give with each exemption certificate a bronze badge bearing the inscription, "Exempted, U. S." The design for this badge has been approved by Secretary Baker. It is intended to prevent those exempted from any suspicion of being slackers.

Publicity

Newspapers are advised that they have permission to publish names of men exempted and the reasons for exemption. The regulations provide that the records of the exemption boards shall be open to the public, including the affidavits filed by or in behalf of any men and the action taken by the board.

Train Wreck; Two Killed

Charlotte, July 17.—Two men were killed and many other persons injured at 5:05 this morning when train No. 2 on the A. T. and O. railway jumped the track at a 15-foot embankment two miles north of Huntersville, as a result of the removal, it is alleged, of spikes from the rails. The train, which is operated between Charlotte and Winston-Salem, was overturned and the engine and three cars were hurled over an embankment.

Those killed were Ernest Keatler, of Barber Junction and Prof. Jas. E. Walker, negro, head of the printing department at Straight University, New Orleans. Painful injuries were suffered by Engineer Joseph C. Laney, of this city, and Walter E. Sloan, of Charlotte and Statesville.

BANK SWINDLER IS ARRESTED

JETTON AND LACKEY ARRESTED. R. SALISBURY WITH MANY ALIASES AND LONG CROOKED RECORD—HE WAS PROMOTING CLEVELAND SPRINGS PROPOSITION.

Chief Harvey Jetton and Deputy Lawrence Lackey placed George R. Salisbury under arrest Wednesday afternoon on a charge of forgery in response to telegrams from Birmingham, Ala., and Salisbury is in jail, awaiting the arrival of officers to take him to Philadelphia where the offense was committed. Salisbury came to Shelby a month ago to sell stock for a local concern but was denied employment. He claimed Bryn Mawr, Pa., as his home. After the local people refused to make further advances to Salisbury he remained in Shelby as a guest of the Central Hotel for four weeks.

A few days ago Salisbury secured an option from Mr. John A. Darwin on the Cleveland Springs property for \$35,000. Salisbury had cards printed to launch a unique development plan for the Springs. He had just undertaken to sell 150,000 tickets for \$1 each which entitled the purchaser of each ticket to a day's accommodation at the hotel to be erected there within the next year. Each purchaser was to have the privilege of suggesting a name for the hotel and after the full 150,000 tickets were sold and all names suggested, a committee was to be appointed to look them over and pick out the most suitable name. The one who suggested the name that was accepted was to get the entire property free of charge and to assume the responsibility of furnishing the accommodation to the holders of the \$1 "meal tickets." Salisbury had his option on the Cleveland Springs property recorded and said out of the 150,000 "meal tickets" he sold he was to pay Mr. Darwin the \$35,000 purchase price of the property, build a

\$75,000 hotel and have the remainder for expenses and personal profit in promoting the scheme.

Wednesday afternoon Chief Jetton got two telegrams from Birmingham, Ala., the first reading: "Arrest Geo. R. Salisbury, charge forgery, search, hold all papers and effects. Advise if he will not return without requisition. T. J. Shirley, Chief detective."

In less than an hour came the following telegram from the famous W. J. Burns Detective Agency's Birmingham office: "Arrest and hold George R. Salisbury and notify chief Eagan, Birmingham, charge forgery. Photograph, description and autograph in June issue American Bankers' Journal on file your banks. Answer our expense. W. J. Burns Detective Agency."

Immediately on receipt of these telegrams, Chief Jetton went to the First National Bank, got the June issue of the American Bankers' Journal and found therein the picture of Salisbury with his autograph, description and bertillion measurements, all of which tallied to the man who has been in Shelby for four weeks and just launched a wild scheme to promote the Cleveland Springs property.

"Warning: Old offender again active. Man of records come to light again. This time of Philadelphia, where he strips a local bank.

"George R. Salisbury, bank swindler of old, is on the warpath. On May 1 he approached a member at Philadelphia, Pa., and deposited a check of \$150 to his order on the Liberty National, Tulsa, Okla. Salisbury claimed to be from Tulsa. At his side was a local business man known to the bank. The latter declared Salisbury had taken office room with him. Salisbury almost immediately drew a \$100 check on his new account and received the cash. A cold reception awaited Salisbury's check at Tulsa.

He posed as an accountant and lecturer of religion and encouraged the respect and friendship of all with whom he came in contact. He is known as L. M. Hunter, John C. Huntington, A. C. Curtis, J. Colby Harrington, A. J. Howard, C. C. Clawson, etc. He was arrested at Fond-du-Lac, Wis., 1903; Terra Haute, Ind., 1908; Louisville, Ky., 1908; Harve-de-Grace, Md., 1910; Lynchburg, Va., 1912; Hamburg, Pa., 1913; McKeesport, Pa., 1913. His terms of punishment have been as many as his arrests. For the past fourteen years Salisbury has traveled extensively throughout the United States. He has usually represented himself as a capitalist and manufacturer. Banks have been the favorite pickings in his swindling endeavors. Members would do well to form a facial acquaintance with Salisbury. He is 39 years, 5 feet 10 inches, 170 pounds, has blue eyes, dark brown hair."

Then the bankers' journal gives the bertillion measurements of Salisbury which we do not understand.

First Baptist Church

Service at 11 a. m. and 8:15 p. m. Sunday School at 10 o'clock. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8:15 p. m.

At the morning service, Dr. H. E. Gurney, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, of Monroe will preach. The pastor goes to Monroe to preach in Dr. Gurney's pulpit at the morning service. He will return Sunday afternoon to preach at the evening service.

The pastor urges the congregation to be present at the morning hour to hear Dr. Gurney, who is one of the most distinguished preachers and Bible scholars in the Presbyterian Synod. All are urged to attend the services Sunday at both services. Good music and a cordial welcome to each and everyone.

LADIES

If you suffer with Nervous or Sick Headache try H. E. K., the liquid Headache Remedy with the Peppermint Taste. No bad effects. 10-25 and 50 cents bottle. 5c dose at Soda fountains. Ask your Druggist for H. E. K. adv.

Red Cross at Earl

The Red Cross auxiliary of Earl will meet this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Violet Austell at 3 o'clock. All members are urged to be present.

TURNIP SEED

Mammoth Globe, Flat Purple Top, Large White Globe, Long White Cow horn, Yellow Aberdeen, Ruta Baga, Seven Top and Norfolk White Globe. Our Turnip Seed are new. Get your Turnip Seed now, and get them from Kendall's Drug Store. adv.

TURNIP SEED

Full assortment at Kendall's Drug Store. adv.