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THE CLEVELAND STAR, SHELBY, N. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1917

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

LIST OF 183 TEACHERS HERE

ATTENDING THE INSTITUTE CONDUCTED BY PROF. J. H. HIGHSMITH AND MISS FULGHUM AT THE SHELBY PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDING.

There are 183 teachers enrolled at the teachers institute conducted at the Shelby Public School building by Prof. J. Henry Highsmith of the faculty of Wake Forest College and assisted by Miss Susie Fulghum of the faculty of the Goldsboro High School. Both teachers are members of the state board of examiners and institute directors and their work is most pleasing and helpful. The teachers enrolled are:

- Vila Aderholt, J. S. Allen, Ethel Armstrong, Julia Armstrong, Ethel Austell, Mildred Allen.
- E. E. Bingham, Lora Bingham, M. C. Baumgardner, Mrs. E. L. Dean, Mrs. Benna Bostic, Zulia Batchelor, Mrs. S. E. Beam, A. P. Baumgardner, Ethel Blain, Carroll Barber, Annie Beam, Charles Baumgardner.
- C. Addie Crotts, Anna L. Croft, Nora Cornwell, Elizabeth Cabanis, Bertie Champion, Alma Crawley, Catherine Carpenter, Blanche Cabanis, Vertie Covington, Dora Camp, Mary Cabanis, Olive Crabtree.
- J. G. H. Dellinger, Beulah Dedmon, S. L. Dellinger, Lila Dover, L. B. Dixon.
- E. Marion Elliott, Mrs. J. D. Eskridge, Sylvester Elliott, J. D. Eskridge, Alpha Elliott, Addie C. Elliott, Mrs. Frank Elam, Addie Elam, Nora Elliott, Eugenia Elliott, Eliza Elliott.
- Minnie Fortenberry, Laura Falls, Mrs. Kimmie Falls.
- G. Vesta Green, Mary Green, Willie Green, Bertie Green Ruth Green, Z. W. Green, A. V. Green, Lottie Grigg, Marie Green, Flossie Grigg, Ollie May Gold, Blanche Gold Bertha Goode Sue Green, Dora Grice, Nina Gold, Ellen Green, Clarence Gantt, Nora Grigg, Benna Green, Migg Gamble, Helen Gardner, Laura Gettys.
- L. W. Hamrick, Bessie Hoffman, Elaine Hamrick, Annie Hoover, Anne L. Hicks, Corene Hamrick, Prue Hesner, Lura Hunt, Viola Humphries, Ossie Harrell, Georgia Humphries, Pearl Hord, Kate Hord, J. W. P. Hill, Maggie Hord, Lee Holland, Lula Hayes, Marie Harrelson, Dovie Hopper, Ashery Harrelson, B. T. Harrelson, Boyd Harrelson, Mrs. J. C. Hoyle, Ruth Hord, Jennie Hord, Annie Humphries, Annie B. Harrell.
- J. Mabel Jetton, Pinkie Jones, Bertha Jones, Merle Jolley.
- Jennie L. Kerr, M. W. Livingston, Laurine Lattimore, Edna Lattimore, Claudia Lattimore, Lucy Lattimore, D. D. Lattimore, J. G. Lattimore, Boyt Lattimore, Grady Lovelace, Nell Ligon, H. M. Loy, L. H. Ledford, M. S. Leatherman, Margaret Lattimore, Mrs. Florence Lackey.
- Margaret McMurry, M. L. Morgan, Arnes McBrayer, Mrs. C. E. McLean, Bonnie Mauney, Cora Morris, J. G. Morris, Stough Miller, Beulah Moton, Irene McCraw, Evelyn Miller, Macy Moore.
- Lucile Nix, Mittie Newton, Patrick Nolan.
- Callie Philbeck, Annie L. Patterson, Hattie Philbeck, Sudie Putnam, Boyte Plonk, Lucille Poston, A. A. Parker.
- Lizzie Randall, Ural Rollins, Lillie Rollins, Caudace Robura, Minnie Rudasill, Mrs. Jessie Ramseur, Mrs. Claude Rhine, Mrs. Ethel Randall, J. D. Rowell, Eunice Roberts.
- Bessie Simonton, Florence Seism, Dora Spake, Mrs. L. W. Swope, Bertie Lee Suttle, Ava Smith, Katie Simmons, J. B. Smith, R. B. Sullivan, T. Margaret Tiddy.
- Etta Westmoreland, Loyd Williams, Lucy Williamson, Ada Wright, Grace Wright, Mrs. Gail Williamson, Lois Williamson, Belle Wilson, W. E. White, Selma Webb, Kate Whisnant, Isabel Wilson, Alma Wilson, Melvin White, Edith White, Minnie Wilson, Annie Wilson, P. M. Whisnant, Jennie Warlick.

Some Witness

The prosecuting attorney had encountered a somewhat difficult witness. Finally he asked the man if he was acquainted with any of the men on the jury.

"Yes, sir," announced the witness, "more than half of them."

"Are you willing to swear that you know more than half of them?" demanded the lawyer.

"Why if it comes to that, I'm willing to swear that I know more than all of them put together."—St. Louis Republic.

If your pea vines and hay are thick and heavy, better get a Walter A. Wood Mower. Farmers Hardware Co.

New fall hats, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00, Stetsons at \$4.00 at Evans & McBrayer's.

GOODBYE, BILL GREEN

Splendid Tribute Paid to the Memory of William F. Green, Known in Shelby as Frank, Son of Major S. J. Green.

Editorial Johnson City (Tenn.) Staff. Today, in the shadow of the home where he was born and frolicked in childhood, in the Old North State were laid away the remains of a big-hearted, big-brained citizen of Johnson City, William F. Green (better known in Shelby as Frank Green, son of Major S. J. Green), affectionately known by his multiplied thousands of friends as "Bill."

He located in Johnson City two or three years ago, about this season of the year, and so fast did he make friends, that in a remarkably short time he was regarded as an old inhabitant. He had a genius for the hotel business, was that type of manager who treated his patrons as his guests, treated them like he would be delighted to see them again. This he did with words and service, and his perennial good humor and wide store of information. The result was success in his particular line.

But Mr. Green was something besides a hotel manager. He was a citizen of Johnson City, and he was prouder of the fact than a Roman used to be in the golden age. He thought Johnson City, and he dreamed Johnson City, and he acted Johnson City—and as a result he became a strong part of Johnson City. Wherever and whenever there was anything up for the good of the community he was in the thickest of the fray, with his money and counsel. He had a great motto for his hotel, the word, "Think," blazoned in red, and he sent blotters from coast to coast, hundreds of thousands if not millions of them. Embodying the principle in his life—he profits most who serves best—he thought, and acted.

The Staff cannot say that Mr. Green had a great fondness for creeds, but he was gifted with honesty, honor, truthfulness, kindness, consideration and generosity. And so he embarked on the long journey, not like a gale slave, but without fear, with the simple faith of a child, like one who draws the drapery of his couch about him and lies down to pleasant dreams.

Good-bye, Bill Green!

CHERRYVILLE NEWS

Much Canning Going On—Cotton Mill Issues 100 Per Cent Stock Dividend. The Eagle:

The Cherryville Graded school opens next Monday, Sept. 3rd. Be on hand the opening day.

Mr. Wiley Carpenter a truck grower of near Crouse brought a load of nice tomatoes here last week and sold them out at 50c per bushel. He has a canning outfit and ordered 5,000 cans which he has filled but still has a surplus of vegetables which he is putting on the market.

Miss Beam Dead

Miss Roxana Beam died Aug. 25th, age 77 years, after a lingering illness. She was a consistent member of the Zion Baptist church. Joined the church when very young and has lived a Christian life ever since. She is survived by one brother and sister, J. B. Beam and Mrs. J. C. Pruett. Funeral conducted by Mr. J. T. S. Mauney and burial at Zion Sunday, Aug. 26th.

Save your hay. Cut it with a Walter A. Wood Mower. Farmers Hardware Co.

SOCIAL NEWS

Movie Party In Honor of York Visitor

Last Wednesday evening, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Fanning entertained most delightfully twenty-five of Shelby's younger social set at a movie party at the Grand Theatre to see "Kennedy Square," the happy event being in honor of her nephew, Mr. Robert Allison of York, S. C.

After the movies, all repaired to the lovely Fanning home on South Washington street, where a tempting buffet supper was greatly enjoyed.

Mr. J. L. Gaffney Weds Miss Ormand Of Albemarle

On last Sunday, Aug. 26th, Mr. J. L. Gaffney of this place and Miss Ethel Ormand of Albemarle, N. C., were quietly married at the home of the bride's parents in the presence of only a few of their most intimate friends.

Mr. Gaffney and his attractive bride came to Shelby immediately and are making their home with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Gaffney, the groom being engaged in the automobile business here with Mr. Chas. L. Eskridge.

Delightful Rook Party in Honor of Visitors

On last Monday evening at their lovely home on South Washington St., Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Jenkins entertained at a beautiful rook party in honor of their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Perry Jenkins and Miss Flossie Jenkins, all of Tarboro, and kinspeople of Mr. Jenkins.

The spacious porch was most invitingly decorated for the occasion, five tables of rook being played throughout the evening, at the close of which the hostess, assisted by her young daughters and Mrs. L. A. Gettys, served a tempting ice course and crystallized ginger.

Pretty Birthday Party

Miss Carolina Blanton, the bright young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Blanton, celebrated her eighth birthday Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock at her home on West Marion street.

A merry time was spent in various games dear to the heart of childhood by these fifteen little contemporaries, but the real party was in the dining room to which these little maids repaired later in the afternoon. The table was beautifully decorated in a color-note of pink, eight tiny pink tapers forming the center-piece. Delicious ice cream and cake was served.

Crowder-McMurry Re-Union

It is the desire of this writer to visit the good old county of Cleveland once more and see his kinfolks and friends. And as my charge is granting me a vacation to begin Sept. 1st, I take it upon myself to call a family reunion known as the Crowder-McMurry Re-Union to meet at Palm Tree church Wednesday, Sept. 5, 1917.

I hope to be there to meet my kinfolks and friends and to preach to them on the subject of Heaven. The preaching to be at eleven o'clock. As to the dinner, how and where served, I will leave that with a committee consisting of D. H. Crowder, S. R. McMurry and Mrs. Belle Edwards. Respectfully, E. N. CROWDER. Stoney Point, N. C., Aug. 28, 1917.

Farmers Fire Association

The annual meeting of the policyholders in the Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Association of Cleveland County was held in the Court House Saturday and according to the report, the fire losses totalled \$5,516, about the same as the year before. The rate remains the same—40c on the \$100 valuation. Officers elected as follows: J. S. Wray, president; O. M. Mull, vice president; W. R. Newton, secretary and treasurer; Joe E. Blanton, county agent. Directors are: H. S. Wood, O. N. Hamrick, T. H. Lowery, E. C. Borders, A. B. Jones, W. A. Lattimore, P. L. Peeler, A. T. Mull and George W. Peeler.

We have the goods. See us for builders' hardware. Farmers Hardware Co.

GERMANY MAY COLLAPSE SOON

ALLIES PREDICT A COLLAPSE OF THE GERMAN EMPIRE THIS FALL—PLAIN STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONDITIONS.

A special cable dispatch to the New York Sun from London under date of Saturday, August 25, says:

England and France believe Germany will be unable to endure another winter of war. The correspondent of The Sun, who was recently in France, has seen proof that the Entente Allies are magnificently equipped for winter operations and do not intend to allow the Germans any respite but to make the winter's hardships doubly severe for them by continuing the present campaign.

The desperate state that Germany has reached, not only in regard to continuing the war but also the reconstruction of her commerce and industries after the war was unwittingly exposed recently through the unintentional laxity of the censors. Anxious to prevent revelations of the political situation which junkerism and the military party were unwilling that the world should know, the censors tried to placate the radicals by letting other comments reach print which are vastly more important to the outside world than the details of German political bickerings.

The situation revealed is briefly this: When the Reichstag on July 19 adopted the resolution declaring for peace without indemnities and without annexation it spoke with the voice of the great majority of the nation crying for peace, suffering bitterly and dreading another winter of war with all its horrors, cold, hunger and nakedness. It spoke also for the army which is desperately tired of fighting and is constantly losing battles because of the belief of the soldiers that the enemy now, by means of superior machinery, is slaughtering Germans with comparative safety. The army is becoming dangerously infected with the feeling that it no longer has a fair chance because the fight has become one of German blood and muscle against the Allies' steel and iron.

Her Wealth Spent

Chancellor Michaelis knew that the Reichstag represented both the people and the army and he felt compelled to accept the principle of the peace resolution, but when the jingo learned what he had done they became violently angry and the Chancellor was told that he must recant because peace without annexations or indemnities spelled ruin for Germany.

It was pointed out that Germany had spent half of her national wealth in the war and had lost all claim to the good will of mankind and with it the markets of the world. Germany could not rehabilitate herself without huge indemnities; all supplies of manufacturers' materials were exhausted; there was neither money nor credit nor goods to exchange for new supplies.

The country's fiscal system was based, when the empire plunged into hostilities, on the plan to finance the war through loans and at the end of a short, sharp struggle, to exact immense indemnities or territories sufficient to pay the loans. This explains why Germany has paid practically all of her war costs up to this time from the proceeds of loans. It was expected that the war would last only a few months; then, following a complete victory, the indemnities would flow in and mere than discharge the loans while the colonies and trade of her crushed enemies would be seized and Germany would be enriched.

No other plan of finance was deemed necessary; none was provided. Consequently, when this failed and the six months lengthened into more than three years with costs far exceeding the highest figure that any one had ever imagined, Germany was unable to readjust her system.

Every day makes the situation more desperate and impresses more deeply upon the ruling hierarchy the absolute necessity of forcing a victory, no matter at what cost of human life, in order to exact the indemnities that might make economic rehabilitation possible.

Realizing fully this situation, the rulers of Germany compelled Chancellor Michaelis to repudiate his acceptance of the reichstag resolution. His action promptly caused such an explosion of popular wrath from the peace-hungry people that the chancellor had to hedge and promise that he would accept the reichstag platform. Now neither side is sure of his real intentions. Probably he himself is equally uncertain and is drifting, awaiting events, which daily are weighing more and more against him.

It is believed that Dr. Michaelis is a sane economist and personally would prefer peace soon so as to prevent a national collapse and utter stagnation after the war, but the mil-

itary class, with the desperation of a gambler who is losing steadily, is doubling the stake with every throw, hoping finally to break even.

The German jingoes are on the verge of a precipice; they do not dare to accept peace without heavy indemnities from the allies, they are unable to win victory which would insure the kind of peace they desire. A characteristic statement of this desperate situation appears in the Tageszeitung, an intense jingo paper, which denounces the Reichstag resolution, and says:

"Such a peace would spell ruin for Germany. Before the war German wealth was between eighty and a hundred billion dollars. Nearly half of this has actually been spent in the war. Without indemnities there is no hope of carrying on. In the first decade after the war, Germany would have to bear extra taxation of \$3,000,000,000, compared with \$825,000,000 before the war. How can a country in such a state of ruin as she will find herself, in view of the enormous higher costs of living, shoulder such a burden when even half of it would require the most supreme effort?"

"Have the Socialists who prate of peace at their meetings considered how the country is going to care for its sick and wounded and pick up the threads of its export and import trades unless it seizes the opportunity of peace and imposes indemnities sufficient to meet Germany's liabilities and to purchase from other nations the raw materials necessary to restore her manufactures and rebuild trade connections? Germany is not blind enough to accept fine phrases and a peace of good will instead of the material compensation that she must have."

COL. J. T. GARDNER of First N. C. Infantry



Under new orders, each company of infantry will be composed of 250 men. Col. Gardner takes his regiment with 16 units shortly to Camp Sevier at Greenville, S. C. Under his command will be 3,600 men. This makes the third time he has bid Shelby "goodbye" to serve the nation in a military capacity and during his career in the army only three Cleveland county men under his command have died.

Alexander Greenleaf Jackson, a pillar of the colored church, was entertaining at dinner the pastor and some of the prominent members after grace Alexander began to carve the chicken, and the pastor waxed facetious.

"Brudder Jackson," he asked, smilingly, "do the white folks around you keep chickens?"

Alexander pried loose the second wing. "No, sah," he responded, "dey does not; but dey suttingly tries hard ernuff."

The up-to-date quality store for men. Where all the good, wise folks buy is Evans E. McBrayer's. adv.

POPE'S PEACE IS REJECTED

PRESIDENT WILSON SAYS IT WOULD BE FOLLY TO TAKE WORD OF GERMAN KAISER TO GUARANTEE ANYTHING THAT IS TO ENDURE.

Washington, Aug. 25. — President Wilson's rejection of the Pope's peace proposals is regarded here as the high water mark of the war.

Furthermore, it is indicative of the virtual selection of the President by the allies as their spokesman before the world. The note comes as a climax to the remarkable series of state documents in which President Wilson has argued the cause of world democracy against autocracy in the high court of public opinion, and accepted more and more by the people of all the allied countries as expressing their ideals.

There appears to be no doubt that the United States was selected to make answer before the world, in advance of all the others. Whether the entente nations will send extensive replies is not known here. It is regarded as probable that they will in large measure adopt the President's reasoning for their own and send notes of endorsement.

The general tenor of the President's reply had been anticipated everywhere, but there was no inkling of the forceful terms he would employ to say that the world can have no faith in the autocratic government of Germany.

Students of diplomacy see in his denunciation of the military autocracy a fresh appeal to the war-ridden German people to throw off their military masters. Although this appeal probably will not be permitted to become known in Germany until the autocracy has attempted to mold the temper of the people for its reception by a denunciation through a government controlled press of what has been characterized as interference in the internal affairs of Germany, the hope is that it will fall on fertile soil.

Declined to Discuss Peace

That the President's response to the Pope's overtures would be a courteous but firm declination had been generally believed, so that in this respect at least his communication will cause no surprise.

The feature that is certain to fix public attention is the cold determination not even to permit the subject of peace negotiations to be broached so long as the evil and dominating forces of autocracy and militarism control the central powers.

For this reason the President was not to be led into any discussion of peace conditions detailed by Pope Benedict, though that field was made alluring by the Pontiff's adoption of some of the proposals laid down by President Wilson himself in early utterances. On the other hand there was no effort to evade responsibility or an expression of view as to the basis of sound and enduring peace, or the President's response in its concluding paragraphs restates the purposes of which America entered the great war.

Sounds Doom of Kaiser

As one official, commenting, expressed it, the President's response, reflecting as it does the views of the entente allies, sounds the doom of Hohenzollernism and military domination of peoples. That this can now be accomplished without the destruction of the German people is one of the striking expressions in the President's note, when he expressly disclaims any intent to seek punitive damages and the dismemberment of empires or even the punishment of the central powers after the war by gigantic economic combinations against them.

This shaft is aimed straight over the heads of the army-controlled German foreign office at the understanding and appreciation of the German people, already manifesting many signs of determination to assert their right to govern themselves by parliamentary methods.

Boys Return

William Crowder and Max Hamrick who have been working in an automobile plant in Toledo, Ohio returned this week. Mr. Crowder is drafted for army service but was the 549th man called and unless the district board is free in granting discharges, he will not be in the first call of 183 men.

Elmo Boyles has returned from Iowa where he has been engaged in the harvest fields.