

White Man Shoves Indians Off On Land Not Wanted, Oil Came And They Are Rich

Huge Fortunes Got To Indians Put Off On Undesired Land.

Oklahoma City.—The Osage and Quapaw Indian tribes enjoy untold riches because the white man put them on land he did not want.

When the reservations were marked off, nobody dreamed that some day the hills given to the Osages would be dotted with oil derricks and the prairies set aside for the Quapaws would yield zinc and lead as well as hay.

Richest People.
Today the Osages are the richest people on earth, the 2,229 "head-rights" or estates in the tribe exceeding \$100,000 each in value. Unlike the Quapaws the Osages hold their wealth in common.

The lead and zinc holdings of the Quapaws bring more than \$1,500,000 in royalties to 65 restricted members of the tribe, but marriage and inheritance have served to distribute the money generally among the other members.

Dime An Acre.
The Quapaws were a nomadic tribe when they were placed on their present reservation in 1837. The land was valued at a dime an acre by white men.

Under the treaty by which the tribe was given the reservation, the government, "in view of their wretched and impoverished condition," agreed to move the Quapaws to their new home and to furnish them livestock, farm implements, firearms and other equipment.

Nothing except hay was produced on the tribe's new lands. White men leased it, paying the Indians a pittance. The town of Quapaw sprang up and became the greatest hay shipping point in the world for a time. The Indians cared nothing for the hay, the land or much of anything else. They wanted to fish and hunt and be left alone.

In 1905, zinc ore was found while a water well was being drilled on the land of Felix ardene, a Quapaw Indian. The driller knew the metal in the cuttings from his drill denoted a rich strike, but he lacked the business sense to take advantage of the opportunity to win a great fortune.

Bystander Grabs Chance.
He quit work and drove to Baxter Springs, Kansas, where he spread the news. A bystander in one of the crowds the drilled drew slipped away and visited Dardene, leasing all his land and much surrounding it. He made a fortune.

It has meant something to be an Osage Indian with a large family born prior to 1907, when the tribal allotment of lands was made. Each Osage was given more than 700 acres that year. A man with a wife and five children had control of 5,000 acres of land, and received \$21,000 quarterly until the eldest child became of age.

Distinction of having the largest Osage family was held by Clement de Noyaa. He controlled eleven head rights, including his own, his wife's and those of their nine children. This family has received as much as \$40,000 in one quarterly payment.

NOTICE OF SALE OF LAND.
Under and by virtue of the authority conferred by deed of trust R. H. Ponder and wife, Mattie Ponder, to the First National Bank of Durham, trustee, dated April 1, 1928, and recorded in book 150, page 191, Cleveland county registry, the First National Bank, trustee, will on **May 10, 1929, at 12 o'clock M.**, at the court house door in Cleveland county, sell at public auction for cash to the highest bidder the following described property:

Beginning at a stake on the north edge of Carolina avenue southwest corner of lot No. 119 and runs thence with line of said lot north 22° west 160 feet to a stake; thence north 67° west 50 feet to a stake, northeast corner of lot 122; thence with a line on lot No. 122 south 22° east 160 feet to a stake in the north edge of Carolina avenue; thence with the north edge of Carolina avenue north 67° east 50 feet to the place of beginning. Some being lots Nos. 120 and 121 of the subdivision located on the Fallston road just east of the Shelby hospital, a plat of which subdivision is of record in the office of the register of deeds of Cleveland county. North Carolina in book of plats No. 1 at page 62, reference to which plat is hereby made for further identification and description of said two lots.

This sale is made on account of default in the payment of the indebtedness secured by the said deed of trust.

This the 8th day of April, 1929, **FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DURHAM, N. C., Trustee.**
W. S. Lockhart, Atty., Durham, N. C.

Try Star Wants Ads.

QUICK DIVORCES AT PARIS ENDED

Americans Must Present Real Legal Grounds For Divorces In Future.

Paris.—American couples dissatisfied with married life who had hoped the Paris courts would grow lenient again, appear doomed to disappointment, for the Minister of Justice, Lopus Bartheou, has again issued circular orders that the courts must closely examine all foreign suits.

Since the courts clamped down on American divorces, there have been a few granted, but they were cases in which one or the other of the disgruntled couple really provided a residence in France. Gone are the hectic days of several summers ago when it was necessary only to rent an apartment in Paris to qualify for a 10-day divorce.

The American divorce lawyers in Paris have given up hope. The courts now insist upon a legally established residence, which means at least six months of continuous residence at the address given. Furthermore, it must be proved to the court's satisfaction that the charge is such as would be admitted by a divorce court in the home state of the petitioning parties. Only then will the court allow the suit to be filed.

There are several promising cases in the offing, however, with rich plums to the lawyers who succeed in getting them. One is the Harriman divorce, which is much talked of in Paris. It is understood that William Averill Harriman and his wife, Kitty Lanier Harriman, have agreed to seek an uncontested divorce in the Paris court, and Mrs. Harriman is here at present to establish the necessary residence.

The case will be based on incompatibility of temperament. Harriman is expected later in the spring to come to Paris to fulfill requirements of the French law.

If the French courts tighten up as much for Americans as for French citizens, it will mean the end of all American divorces. A member of the French magistrature is now before the French courts with a divorce case which has trailed through the corridors of the palace for 26 years.

He was separated from his wife in 1903, but the wife has opposed a divorce on religious grounds. All the tricks of the trade and all the loopholes of the law have been used in an effort to find a way out, but without success.

SULTAN OF SULU LIKES AIRPLANES

Unique Filipino Potentate Now Has Become Ardent Devotee Of Aviation.

Washington.—The Sultan of Sulu one of the few Filipino potentates still ruling under the protection of the United States, has become air-minded.

According to advice reaching the war department the sultan was taken on his first airplane ride recently in an army machine and liked it.

A few years ago tribesmen in the Philippines were overcome with fear when the "giant birds" of the army soared overhead. They could not understand the roaring machines driven by army airmen on cross-country flights across the island and often the planes spread fear and consternation.

Then the Sultan of Sulu visited Manila. He was invited for a short flight. Capt. Donald Wilson piloted the sultan 5,000 feet above the city. The potentate's retinue, waited with quaking hearts until the sultan landed safely and grinning over his novel experience. In short, excited sentences he explained the sensations of flying to his aides. They immediately besieged the army flyers to be taken up.

The pilots obligingly consented and others in the sultan's staff learned of the joys of soaring through boundless spaces far above the earth. News of their flights spread and the President of Bon-toc expressed the desire for a short hop. Other members of the non-Christian tribes of the Philippine archipelago were flown and the news spread still further until the army air corps station in the islands was flooded with requests for flights in the "giant birds."

Mrs. Joan Mador of Wabash, Ind., has filed suit against Oscar Crabill and Arthur Colbelz, aviators, charging that both men paid an unexpected visit to her home when their plane crashed through the roof.

Belwood Lassies Are Undefeated In Three Years Of Basketball Play



The Belwood girls' basketball squad, which has a clean slate for three years play, is pictured above. Reading left to right, front row, the players are: Vangie Mull, r. g.; Elsie Lou Burns, j. c.; Ana Carpenter, l. g.; Leona Mull, r. f.; Mildred Peeler, l. f.; Vashie Peeler, c. g. Second row, second team, left to right: Lucile Warlick, c. g.; Charlotte Peeler, l. f.; Vertie Smith, r. f.; Monta Lula Richard, j. c.; Joyce Ledford, l. g.; Pauline Lackey, r. g. Third row, left to right: Anny Lackey, coach; Dewey Devine assistant coach; Rachel Bobbett, coach.

(Special To The Star.)
Belwood—For three years the lassies of the Belwood high school making up the high school basketball team have not met with defeat.

Their slogan of playing for the sport instead of victory seems to be a rather winning idea in view of their remarkable record.

In their three victorious seasons they have met every team in Cleveland county and some out-of-county teams, so without doubt they have an unchallenged claim to the county cage title for girls.

The scores of the games participated in by the girls this year follow:
Belwood 34; Casar 12.
Belwood 35; Casar 14.
Belwood 48; Grover 8.
Belwood 47; Waco 9.

A. V. WRAY & 6 SONS

SHELBY, N. C.

"SHELBY'S LEADING MERCHANTS." WHERE QUALITY IS HIGHER THAN PRICE.

This Solves the Problem of Children's Clothes

PUNJAB PRINTS
BEAUTIFUL WASH PRINTS

We have an enticing array of plain shades and fancy designs, printed in multi-colors. It is a very practical material and the colors are fast.

Per Yard **25c**

Large Absorbent Turkish Bath Towels Double Warp

Fast color borders add an attractive touch to these good quality Turkish towels. Any housewife would be proud of these exceptional values **25c**

WINDOW SHADES

A new stock of the best opaque water color shades. Complete with automatic roller, brackets and nails. **49c**

TWO CONVICTED FOR SAME CRIME

Case Unparalleled In Massachusetts Annals: Both Will Get New Trials.

Boston.—Two men stand convicted in the eyes of the Massachusetts courts of the same murder. The case is unparalleled in the criminal annals of the commonwealth.

Separate juries found Gangi Cero and later, Samuel Gallo, guilty in the first degree of the murder of Joseph Fantasia. These verdicts make a sentence of death mandatory.

That the two verdicts were not in harmony was indicated by Judge Luis Sherburne Cox, who presided at both trials. He pronounced them "inconsistent with the course of justice" and new trials were granted. It is expected that one jury will pass upon the evidence as it affects

both men. Gangi Cero's arrest after the killing of Fantasia was brought about by Lewis Smith, who became chief state witness at the Cero trial. Smith told of hearing the shot, of seeing a man running, and of seeing him throw away something as he fled. Cero contradicted Smith's testimony by protesting it was a case of mistaken identity. But the jury believed the witness and convicted Cero.

After the trial Smith reported that he was being asked to retract his testimony in part and sign an affidavit admitting mistaken identity. The police set a trap for those involved and Gallo was caught. He went to jail for contempt in conspiracy to thwart justice.

While Gallo and Cero were in the same jail the latter broken from his guards and stabbed Gallo. A group of surgeons happened to be in conference in a nearby hospital. Only their prompt arrival saved Gallo's life.

Then Cero told a new story. He had worked for Gallo, he said, and was walking with him on the day

of the killing. As they passed Fantasia, he asserted, Gallo fired. Gallo fled in one direction, Cero said, and he in another. He denied knowing Gallo's motive.

Cero had been placed in the death house and his execution was only a few hours distant when Philomena Romano, 22-year-old sister-in-law of Fantasia and former sweetheart of Gallo, went to Governor Fuller's office. She said she was with Fantasia when he was killed and that Gallo was the slayer. She repeated her tale to Judge Cox and Cero's sentence was stayed. Later, she repudiated her statement and went to jail for perjury. Still later, she confirmed her original statement and was held as a witness against Gallo.

Miss Romano also testified that Gallo had shot Fantasia. Under cross-examination she admitted telling the authorities that she had been home at the time of the killing and admitted she had been jailed on the perjury charge which was later dropped. The jury returned a verdict against Gallo.



GOOD NEWS!

The Most Outstanding Stylish **SILK FROCKS**

We Have Ever Shown

AT **\$15**

NEW FROCKS THAT CONVEY THE TRUE SPIRIT OF SPRING SMARTNESS

Printed silk frocks of Crepe-Chiffon and Georgette—Tiny all over patterns—large floral or conventional designs, make these chic frocks alluring. Ensembles, too, of plain or printed silks in a number of stunning models. In fact there are so many different types in either plain or printed silk frocks that every individual preference may be met.

—and just think you can buy these silk frocks at the moderate price of \$15 with the Aug. W. Smith Co.'s stamp of approval on them—as to style—workmanship—and quality.

Apparel Shop — Second Floor.

Rest Room For Ladies — Maid In Attendance —

Second Floor.

The Aug. W. Smith Co.

Spartanburg, S. C.

"ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW TO SHOW YOU."