

### Forty Per Cent Of Nation's Income Goes Out For Taxes; 3 Millions On Public Payrolls

(Manufacturers Record)  
Combined indebtedness of the Federal government and individual states is approaching the \$47,000,000,000 mark. State and local government debts are in excess of \$17,000,000,000 and the Federal debt, it is estimated, will reach \$30,000,000,000 in 1935. It is true that some of the Federal obligations are for capital supplied to various governmental lending agencies with a reasonable expectation that part at least will be redeemed. On the other hand some of the government loans are to be repaid through special levies, such as the processing tax in reality a sales tax on essential commodities.

Federal, state and local governments disbursed in 1932 in the form of salaries, wages and interest \$6,800,000,000 or about \$900,000,000 more than the total income of \$5,900,000,000 produced by all the manufacturing industries of the country, says the National Industrial Conference Board. These government expenditures in 1932 were \$340,000,000 greater than in 1929, while income produced by manufacturing was \$13,500,000,000 less than in 1929. Therefore, the mounting public debt and consequent increased carrying charges and increased expenditures, especially by the Federal government, necessitates the levying of additional tax burdens on the people. It is of vital concern, also, that in addition to the Federal government, there are 46 states, 3,074 counties, 16,568 municipalities and thousands of special districts that are levying taxes to meet the cost of government.

These government debts must be paid by all the people. They represent a first mortgage on the earnings and savings of everyone. To think that they can be paid off by property owners and the more wealthy population group is an illusion of the demagogue and the radical. Every wage earner, every renter, every person who buys anything has to pay his share of government debt.

As Senator Josiah W. Blye, (Democrat) of North Carolina said recently:

"I wish to heaven that we could once realize that every tax laid is a burden upon industry, upon agriculture and upon commerce. I would that we could get out of our minds that we can lay a tax on a rich man, or a big corporation, or a rich man, and run the government. The taxes are passed on and always will be. If I understand the laws of the

United States aright, they are intended to be passed on. They are described in the Constitutions as imposts and excises, and imposts and excises are, in contemplation of law, always to be passed on."

As the public becomes more conscious that government spending means government collecting from all the people, there is a rising tide of demand for greater economy in government affairs. There is a limit to the capacity of the people to pay. There is a limit to the earning capacity and resources of the United States. They can be mortgaged beyond hope of liquidation.

During the emergency of depression the use of public money to feed the hungry and to give employment was essential but when this purpose has been perverted to capital investment in government enterprises that compete with existing private business it is worse than waste of public funds. It tends to destroy private enterprise and curtail private employment. Part of the program for public expenditures includes hundreds of millions of dollars of taxpayers' money for the building of government owned and operated tax-free hydro-electric projects.

There is no shortage of power capacity in the United States. There is a surplus of power. Senator Metcalf of Rhode Island has pointed out that hydro-electric projects of the government will duplicate \$3,000,000,000 kilowatt hours of electric energy now generated by fuel plants which use 40,000,000 tons of coal annually. It is estimated that this would work 40,000 miners out of work in addition to railroad and other workers whose jobs, directly and indirectly, depend on the steam plants. On the one hand the government is curtailing production in private industry, sanctioning the provisions of NRA codes that limit the building of new plants. On the other hand, it is creating additional capacity. To do this it increases the public debt, increases the tax burden, increases competition with private business, impairs investment values and in the affected industries removes a source of taxable income.

Congress and all government officials must be made to realize the necessity for government economy points out David A. Weir of the National Association of Credit Men: We have been glibly talking so long in terms of billions of dollars that to many the expenditure of a few hundred million here and there by the government seems trivial.

He warns against the "spending complex" which has gained control in the talk of both national and local governments as they turn to new methods of raising money and further away from plans for saving money through the inculcation of business methods. Federal, state and local government employes have increased from 2,618,000 in 1922 to 3,150,000, a gain of more than 20 per cent against a population growth of about 14 per cent. Government payrolls have been expended to almost war-time proportions. Government agencies have been added by the dozen. Millions of people are now directly or indirectly dipping in the public till as though it could never be emptied.

### Recipients of Honorary Degrees



Gov. J.C.B. Ehringhaus, Dr. Herman Harrell Horne, Dr. Louis R. Wilson, and two other recipients of honorary degrees.

At the closing exercises of its 1933 commencement, held last evening in Kenan Memorial Stadium, the University of North Carolina conferred the honorary degree of doctor of laws on: Governor John C. B. Ehringhaus of North Carolina; Mrs. Jane McKimmon, state agent and assistant

director of Cooperative Extension Work in Agriculture and Home Economics for North Carolina; Dr. Herman Harrell Horne of New York University; and Dr. Louis Row Wilson, dean of the Graduate School of Library Science of the University of Chicago.

sored passage of the new invitation of the local dairymen. They were Mrs. L. J. P. Cutler, Mrs. Fleming Snipes, and Mrs. B. A. Dixon, representative of the local board of aldermen, also invited, did not attend. Fifteen members of the dairymen's association were present, including W. C. McIver, president, and J. H. Greenlee, secretary.

Report of Survey  
Mr. Greenlee gave a report of a survey recently made which shows that between fifty and sixty dairymen will be affected by the new milk ordinance. This represents a number of men selling milk within the Marion "milk area" extending one and one-half miles in every direction from the corporate limits of the city.

It was also shown in the survey that the majority of milk consumed in Marion comes from dairies located near Garden City and Stroudtown. An appreciable part of the milk, it was revealed is furnished by individuals living in Marion who have a cow but no dairy equipment.

Three members of the Marion Junior Woman's club, which sponsored the survey, were present.

John Floyd, state supervisor of sanitation for Western North Carolina, who was scheduled to speak at the meetings, was unable to meet with the dairymen sometime in the near future.

Commissioner's Sale  
Pursuant to an order of the Superior court, made in special proceedings, entitled, "F. T. Crane et al vs. M. H. Hall, et al," the undersigned commissioner will sell to the highest bidder at the court house in Shelby, N. C. on Friday, July 10, 1934, 12 o'clock M., or within legal hours, the following described real estate:

Situation, lying and being in No. 9 township, Cleveland county, N. C., adjoining lands of Mrs. Wm. Hoyle, Mrs. M. J. McElroy, Furman Gardner and others.

Beginning at a stake on the east side of Wm. Hoyle's road, running S. 32 W. 46 poles to a stake, R. W. Gardner's corner, thence N. 100 poles to a stake in the old field, thence S. 45 E. 33 poles to a pipe, thence N. 6 E. 8 poles to a white oak, thence E. 11 poles to a stake in the bottom, thence S. 88 E. 62 poles to a stake in the field, thence S. 20 E. 51 poles to the beginning, containing by estimation 72 acres, excepting however from the foregoing boundary that tract covered by L. M. Crain to M. J. McElroy, containing 25 acres, more or less, said deed being of record in book GGG page 354.

A new survey will be made and plats exhibited on day of sale, and same will first be divided and sold in two separate lots, then offered as a whole, and anyone interested may either confer with the clerk of the court, or Frank L. Hoyle, commissioner, or Elynn E. Weathers, attorney, and obtain necessary data from plats.

Terms of sale: One-third cash; balance in 12 months with interest from date of sale with privilege of purchasing with all cash on confirmation of sale. Deferred payment to be evidenced by a note, approved by the court.

This the 13th day of June, 1934.  
FRANK L. HOYLE, Commissioner.  
Elynn E. Weathers, Atty.

### Says Solons Must Sustain Interest In State Matters

Mr. Waynick Urges That Law Makers Have Constructive Interest In State Problems.

RALEIGH, June 11.—Interest of the 170 members of the N. C. general assembly should be "sustained" during the full two years for which they are elected and not permitted to lapse at the end of the 60-day, or the 145-day session, according to Capus M. Waynick, state reemployment director, Guilford senator, and the leader, with Dr. J. T. Burrus, also of High Point, as runner-up for the nomination for the senate again.

"The 1935 session of the general assembly should adopt a plan that would give the state the benefit of steady, constructive interest of legislators in problems of the state," said Senator Waynick. "Too many members of the general assembly overlook the fact that they are elected for two years of service in a body which is, in many important respects, very like the board of directors of a great, private business corporation. The legislator should not be content with serving during the actual session of the general assembly. He should be alert throughout his term of two years, studying the effect of the law he helped enact and watching, in the light of his special information, for ways and means of improving the law of the state."

"There should be some machinery to enlist and make effective that kind of sustained interest of the member of the assembly. One method employed by some states recently impresses me favorably. It is the establishment by statute of an "Interim" committee, directed to keep an eye on the operation of new laws and to make investigation of operations and needs in law, either as a committee or indirectly through other committee of selected members of the assembly. This is perpetuated a kind of structural set-up of the assembly for important public work after the adjournment of the session."

"This state has its budget commission which embodies part but not all of the idea. Such machinery as this ought to be of immense help in summoning to the problems of the state the benefits of a persistent, informed interest in them by the very men sworn to undertake the task. The general assembly should not adjourn and forget its obligations without even thinking of a report from it to the next assembly."

### Miss Lincy Roberts Feted On Birthday

Eighty-six Year-old Woman Also Receives Flowers On National Shut-in Day.

(Special to The Star)  
EARL, June 12.—The friends and relatives of Miss Lincy Roberts gave her a birthday dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N. R. McSwain on Sunday. Miss Roberts was 86 years old Sunday, she received many gifts including a huge bouquet of flowers from Patterson's florist, donated by the F.T.D. association.

Mrs. Frank Hause and children of Hamlet are spending this week with Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Hause.  
Mrs. Jerry Runyan and daughter, Miss Queen Runyan are at the bedside of Mr. Runyan at the Charlotte sanatorium where he underwent a serious operation Friday, his condition is said to be very serious.

Mrs. P. F. Nichols spent the week end at Charlotte and Concord with relatives.  
Rev. and Mrs. Lawrence McSwain and children of Harmony and the Rev. and Mrs. Virgil McSwain and children of Charlotte were the week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lawson McSwain.

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Hazel Jones of Ruffin, spent the week end here with home folks.  
Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Nichols and daughter Doris and Mrs. W. F. Bettis attended the funeral of Mrs. Tish Chapman at High Point Friday. Mrs. Chapman was a sister of the late W. P. Towery.

Miss Violet Austell spent last week with her sister Mrs. Hayne Patterson and Mr. Patterson, at Patterson Springs.  
Dorothy Jones returned home on Sunday after spending last week with her grandparents Mr. and Mrs. Bob Hulsey in the Zion community.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Nichols and daughter Doris visited Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Nichols at Lattimore Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. James Lee Ellis and little daughter Elise, of Jacksonville, Fla., are visiting Mr. Ellis' mother Mrs. J. L. Ellis.

F. L. Wilkins of Asheville, spent the week end here with his family Mr. and Mrs. Carl Hughes and family and Miss Azela Roberts of South Shelby were callers at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Wilkins Sunday.

Little Miss Sara Alice Wilkins is visiting her cousins, Elizabeth and Dorothy Holland of Shelby this week.

### Corn Makes Best Silage, Writes Robert W. Shoffner

Great Expectations



Since the dairymen have been interested in building silos, it is very important that they choose material for filling these silos. First, I would like to say something in regard to the kind of silo to build. For the past two years a trench silo has been recommended because it is very cheap to construct and it preserves the silage well as one built above the ground either the cement or clay silo. These are the ones mostly used throughout this section. We have five trench silos in the county which were built last year. All five of these dairymen report excellent results. These silos can be constructed at practically no cost at all and any dairyman that keeps five or more cows should dig a trench silo or more.

As to the kind of material to grow to fill these silos—that is, what to depend on local conditions to some extent. There are a variety of materials that can be grown for silage; but through a recent survey in the state, it was proven that corn made a better quality silage than any other material. Corn has been used considerably in the past and has proven to be very good. It probably yields more tons per acre than corn. Corn silage makes more juice and therefore the silage is little bit sharper tasting. A good mixture would be corn and corn-cobs, either corn alone or corn alone with one of the three materials will be satisfactory.

The variety of corn that has given very good results through this section is the Eureka which is a tall-growing variety. This corn can be planted as early as possible. The corn should be cut when the grains are denting and the shucks slightly yellow. This is usually about a week or ten days before the corn is ready to cut and into the shock. Corn should be cut before it is well matured in the head, should be firm.

Quantity of silage made will be determined by the number of animals to be fed. The average size Jersey or Guernsey cow will consume 30 to 35 pounds per day. On this basis from three to four tons should be provided for each mature cow for a feeding period of six months. The acreage required to produce the desired amount will depend upon the yield per acre. On the average, corn will produce about one ton of silage for each five bushels of corn yield.

A radish weighing nearly 50 pounds was grown recently at Mount Dora, Fla.

### Lincoln Democrats Elect J. A. Abernethy

LINCOLNTON, June 12.—Lincoln Democrats yesterday elected James A. Graham, native son, delivered county executive committee and heard Commissioner of Agriculture A. Graham, a native son, deliver the keynote address. The convention unanimously adopted resolutions endorsing Mr. Graham's administration; the administration of Gov. J. C. B. Ehringhaus and the service of Judge A. L. Quickle, party chairman here for the past two years.

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FRANK L. HOYLE, Commissioner.  
Elynn E. Weathers, Atty.

### Marion Dairymen Asking Protection In Milk Price War

Marion, June 10.—Willingness of the members of the McDowell county dairymen's association to abide by provisions of the new milk ordinance if they could be assured protection in selling against those dairymen who do not abide, was expressed at a meeting of the association Wednesday night.

Floyd Not Present  
John Floyd, state supervisor of sanitation for Western North Carolina, who was scheduled to speak at the meetings, was unable to meet with the dairymen sometime in the near future.

Three members of the Marion Junior Woman's club, which sponsored the survey, were present.

It was also shown in the survey that the majority of milk consumed in Marion comes from dairies located near Garden City and Stroudtown. An appreciable part of the milk, it was revealed is furnished by individuals living in Marion who have a cow but no dairy equipment.

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When claims are flying thick and fast, The wise old owl, in strange contrast, Says: "Let them boast and brag and shout. I'd rather have you try me out!"

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